

***National accounts  
of the Netherlands  
2011***



## Explanation of symbols

.	= data not available
*	= provisional figure
x	= publication prohibited (confidential figure)
–	= nil or less than half of unit concerned
–	= (between two figures) inclusive
0 (0,0)	= less than half of unit concerned
blank	= not applicable
>	= included in above figure
2011–2012	= 2011 to 2012 inclusive
2011/2012	= average of 2011 up to and including 2012
2011/'12	= crop year, financial year, school year etc. beginning in 2011 and ending in 2012
2009/'10–2011/'12	= crop year, financial year, etc. 2009/'10 to 2011/'12 inclusive

Due to rounding the total may not match the sum of the numbers.

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## **Foreword**

The Dutch economy seemed to be continuing its recovery at the beginning of 2011. First quarter growth rates were promising and unemployment was decreasing. However, further distrust with regard to the credit ratings of many European governments disrupted the upward trend. The resulting turmoil on the financial markets and among consumers slowed the economy down.

In many European economies this resulted in decreasing growth in the second half of the year. The Netherlands was hit hard compared with other European countries, and with negative growth in both the third and the fourth quarters the Dutch economy sank into recession. Because of the strong first quarter, overall economic growth in 2011 was still 1.0 percent. This growth was realised by an increase in exports and in investment. Government consumption on the other hand remained at the same level, while consumption by households fell.

Consumption by households was tempered in part by the mild winter weather compared with the previous year, pushing down natural gas consumption. The government deficit fell slightly in 2011, to 4.5 percent of the gross domestic product (GDP). As there is still a deficit, the government debt rose to 65.5 percent of GDP. Because of the strong trade surplus, the balance on the current account came to 49.8 billion euro, or 8.3 percent of GDP.

The national accounts are the official overview statistics of the Dutch economy. These statistics play a central role in economic and monetary policy-making and policy analysis and are indeed the basis of the economic predictions and analyses of the Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis.

National income, economic growth (GDP growth) and government deficit are important figures in the national accounts. The accounts also present figures on consumption, fixed capital formation, imports and exports, and employment. The national accounts include historical time series for the main macro-economic indicators, some going back as far as 1900. Just as last year's edition, this edition contains a supplement on the consequences of state interventions in financial institutions for government deficit and government debt.

G. van der Veen  
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Statistics Netherlands

The Hague/Heerlen, August 2012

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# **National accounts on the website of Statistics Netherlands**

## **Website**

Figures and publications of the national accounts are available on the internet. The website of Statistics Netherlands ([www.cbs.nl](http://www.cbs.nl)) gives access to theme pages from which the desired information can easily be found. The figures of the national accounts are published on StatLine, the electronic databank of Statistics Netherlands. Detailed supply and use tables and input-output tables are available on request.

## **Macroeconomic figures on StatLine**

As of June 2011 the StatLine tables under the theme Macroeconomics have partly been reorganized. At the same time a number of these tables have been revised. The new structure within the theme Macroeconomics and the revision of the tables make the data easier accessible. Furthermore, the new Dutch Standard industrial classification SBI 2008 has been implemented.

Under the theme Macroeconomics 24 StatLine tables are presented. Most of these tables give figures from the national accounts.

The four main tables under the theme Macroeconomics are given below with a short description of the kind of information which is given in the tables.

### **Approaches of domestic product (GDP)**

In the national accounts gross domestic product (GDP) is approached from three points of view: from the output, from the generation of income and from the final expenditure. Gross domestic product is a major macroeconomic variable. The volume change of gross domestic product is a measure for the economic growth of a country.

The table presents annual data about the production components, the final expenditure categories and the income components of gross domestic product.

### **Structure national net lending/borrowing**

This table presents annual figures about the structure of national net lending (+) or net borrowing (-), starting from the gross domestic product. National net lending (+) or net borrowing (-) is the difference between the assets of the Netherlands on the rest of the world and the liabilities of the Netherlands to the rest of the world.

### **Production and income by activity**

This table presents data about the macroeconomic production process. For the industries (economic activities) the output, intermediate consumption, value added and income components are given.

### **Output and income by economic sector**

This table presents data about the macroeconomic production process. For the economic sectors the output, intermediate consumption, value added and income components are given.

### **Other tables under the theme Macroeconomics**

Besides the mentioned tables other tables are presented as well: business survey manufacturing industry, consumer credit, environmental-economical figures, overdrafts on current accounts, producer confidence, regional accounts (five tables), savings, construction, social protection benefits and quarterly national accounts (two tables).

The tables with regional accounts give figures by region, COROP region, province and groups of provinces. Regional accounts are consistent with the national accounts.

The table with environmental-economical figures presents an overview of environmental and

economic key figures that illustrate the contribution to environmental issues (greenhouse effect, acidification, etc.), environmental expenditure (costs, taxes, etc.) and the economic position (value added, labour input, etc.) of sectors of industry.

Data covering longer periods (some back as far as 1900) can be found in the Dutch-language StatLine table 'Historie Nationale rekeningen' (Historical National accounts). The topics are, among other things, gross domestic product, wages and salaries, employers' social contributions, consumption of fixed capital, imports, exports, final consumption expenditure, capital formation and labour.

## Abbreviations and acronyms

AAW	General Disablement Benefits Act
ABW	National Assistance Act
AKW	General Family Allowance Act
ANW	Surviving Relatives Act
ANWB	Royal Dutch Touring Club
AOK	Disablement Insurance Fund
AOW	General Old Age Pensions Act
AWBZ	Exceptional Medical Health Act
AWW	General Widows and Orphans Act until 1996
BPM	Taxes on passenger cars and motorcycles
CBS	Statistics Netherlands
CG	Central government
CIF	Cost, insurance, freight
COFOG	International classification of the functions of government
COICOP	International classification of individual consumption by purpose
CPA	International classification of products by activity
CPB	Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis
CTG	National Health Tariff Authority
DNB	Dutch Central Bank
ECB	European Central Bank
EDP	Excessive Deficit Procedure
EEC	European Economic Community
EMU	Economic and Monetary Union
ESA	European System of Accounts
ESEW	Establishment Survey on Employment and wages
EU	European Union
FAOP	Fund Disabled Civil Servants
FISIM	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured
FOB	Free on board
GDP	Gross domestic product
GNI	Gross national income
ILO	International Labour Office
IMOC	Price index of net material consumption of general government
I/O	Input-output table
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IOAW	Provision Acts concerning elderly and partially disabled unemployed employees
IOAZ	Provision Acts concerning elderly and partially disabled formerly self-employed persons
LA	Labour accounts
LFS	Labour Force Survey
LG	Local government
MKZ	Foot-and-mouth disease
NA	National Accounts
NACE Rev.2	General Industrial Classification of Economic Activities within the European Communities
NAM	National Accounting Matrix
NAMEA	National Accounting Matrix including Environmental Accounts
NNGI	Net national generated income
NOC*NSF	Dutch Olympic Committee*Dutch Sports Federation
NPI	Non-profit institutions
NPISH	Non-profit institutions serving households
NS	Dutch Railways
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PIM	Perpetual inventory method
ROW	Rest of the world
R-U	Resources less uses
SAM	Social Accounting Matrix
SBI	Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities
SDR	Special drawing right
SESAME	System of Economic and Social Accounting Matrices and Extensions
SNA	System of National Accounts
SSB	Social statistical database
SSF	Social security funds
STER	Radio and television advertising authority

TW	Supplementary Payments Act
TSA	Tourism Satellite Accounts
UFO	Executive Fund of the Government
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UN	United Nations
UWV	Social Security Agency
VAT	Value added tax
VUT	Early Retirement Schemes Funds
Wajong	Act on Young Handicapped Disabled to Work
WAO	Disablement Insurance Act
WAZ	Disablement Insurance Act for Self-Employed
Whk	Reintegration to work fund
WIA	Act on Work and Income based on Work Capacity
WIR	Act on stimulating Investment
WKO	Child Day Care
Wmo	Social Support Act
WSW	Social Employment Act
WVG	Act for social assistance to disabled persons
WW	Unemployment Insurance Act
ZFW	Medical Health Fund Act
ZVW	Cure Insurance Act
ZW	Sickness Benefits Act

# **Main changes in the publication**

## **General changes**

In this publication figures are presented for the years 2005 to 2011. Time series are available on StatLine, the electronic database of Statistics Netherlands ([www.cbs.nl/statline](http://www.cbs.nl/statline)). In this publication price- and volume indices and constant price figures are cancelled, these can be found on StatLine. Only price- and volume changes are given here.

## **Changes in the chapter Macroeconomics**

Tables are cancelled which also appear elsewhere with a more detailed classification of industries. The following tables from the National accounts 2010 of the Netherlands are cancelled: M 5, M 6, M 7, M 8, M 10, M 13, M 14, M 15, M 16, M 17, M 19 and M 20. Table M 18 has been moved to the Final expenditure chapter. Table M 9 has been moved to table A 4.2 in the Labour chapter. Table M 11 has been cancelled as it was already in the Labour chapter. The numbering of the tables has been adapted.

## **New chapter supply, use and input-output tables**

The supply, use and input-output table are placed in a separate chapter.

## **New chapter Final expenditure**

This chapter replaces the chapter Supply, use and final expenditure. The tables broken down by productgroup are cancelled. These can still be found on StatLine. The non-financial balance sheets have been moved to the chapter Balance sheets.

The remaining tables have been rearranged: consumption first, then fixed capital formation, exports and imports. The numbering of the tables has been adapted.

## **Changes in the chapter Output, consumption and generation of income, industry**

The input-output table has been moved to the new chapter Supply, use and input-output tables. The table with the dual classification of operating surplus/mixed income (P 8.1) has been replaced by a table with the dual classification of gross value added (table P 11.1).

## **Changes in the chapter Labour**

The outline of the tables in the chapter Labour has been restructured. Statistics on the number of self-employed persons (table A 1.1.3) and the jobs of self-employed persons (table A 2.1.3) are published separately now. The tables on the number of employed persons by sex and the labour input of employees in full-time equivalent jobs are cancelled (the old tables A 1.2.1 and A 3.1.2). Statistics on labour input of employees in paid hours and in contractual hours are limited to the total results in table A 1.1 (thus not published by industry any more). The compensation of employees and the wages and salaries are published in tables P 5 and P 6 respectively, and no longer in the chapter Labour (the old tables A 4.1 and A 4.2). Compensation of employees per full-time equivalent job and per hour worked are still available in the chapter Labour (table A 4.1). There is also a new table A 4.3 on the structure of labour cost and the compensation of employees. Furthermore, in tables A 1.1 and A 3.2.3 percentage changes have been added to make the results more comprehensive. As a consequence of these changes, the numbering of the tables has been adapted.

## **Changes in the chapter Sector accounts: annual data**

Only the three most recent years are published from now on.

## **Changes in the chapter Sector accounts: sector data**

Interest has been broken down into actual interest payments/receipts and imputed bank services.

**Changes in the chapter Sector accounts: transaction matrices**

A transaction matrix of the actual interest payments/receipts has been added.

**Changes in the chapter Sector accounts: financial balance sheets**

The non-financial sector balance sheets have been added to this chapter. The numbering of the tables has been adapted.

**Changes in the chapter SAM-, Environmental-, TSA- and Regional accounts**

Tables SR 3, SR 5, MR 3 and MR 5 have been cancelled. The numbering of the tables has been adapted.

**Changes in the chapter Experimental data**

The tables with multi-factor productivity change are resumed in this publication. The numbering of the tables has been adapted.

**Appendix**

The appendix on the recording in the national accounts of the Dutch State interventions in the financial markets has been cancelled.

## Economic key figures

	Unit	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<b>Total economy</b>								
Domestic product (GDP)	mln euro	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Domestic product (GDP) (economic growth)	% volume changes	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	-3.7	1.6	1.0
Burden of taxation and social security contributions	% GDP	37.2	38.6	38.4	38.9	38.0	38.7	38.1
National saving (net)	mln euro	60 327	78 243	82 822	64 527	35 697	46 513	70 020
National net lending/ net borrowing	mln euro	36 671	46 856	46 901	25 979	15 649	26 607	47 777
Change in financial net worth	mln euro	37 146	47 414	48 371	26 639	17 356	27 296	46 591
<b>Milieu-indicatoren</b>								
Greenhouse effect (CO2-equivalents)	mln kg	241 348	236 307	236 820	236 793	232 454	244 118	.
Ozonelayer depletion (CFK12-equivalents)	1 000 kg	174	170	162	155	144	137	.
Acidification (AEQ)	mln kg	26.1	24.7	24.7	22.6	21.7	20.9	.
Net energy use	petajoules	3 633	3 543	3 609	3 594	3 499	3 713	.
<b>Income</b>								
National income (net)	mln euro	440 176	476 147	499 203	496 443	471 411	490 105	518 454
National income (net)	% real changes	0.1	6.0	2.7	-2.6	-5.0	2.2	4.2
Disposable national income (net)	mln euro	431 957	468 127	490 446	487 455	463 144	481 234	509 206
Disposable national income (net)	% real changes	0.0	6.2	2.7	-2.6	-4.9	2.2	4.3
National income(net) per capita	% real changes	-0.1	5.8	2.5	-3.0	-5.5	1.7	3.8
Disposable national income (net) per capita	% real changes	-0.3	6.0	2.5	-3.0	-5.4	1.6	3.8
Operating surplus/mixed income (net)	mln euro	124 334	133 509	143 214	146 867	126 603	135 621	144 102
<b>Population</b>								
Average population	X 1 000	16 317	16 346	16 382	16 446	16 530	16 615	16 691
Average number of households	X 1 000	7 119	7 169	7 217	7 277	7 349	7 430	7 492
<b>Labour</b>								
Number of employed persons	X 1 000	8 252	8 392	8 606	8 733	8 671	8 636	8 698
Employed labour force 15-64 yrs	X 1 000	6 973	7 097	7 309	7 501	7 469	7 391	7 392
Unemployed labour force 15-64 yrs	X 1 000	482	410	344	300	377	426	419
Jobs of employed persons	X 1 000 jobs	8 769	8 920	9 150	9 287	9 222	9 189	9 259
Labour input of employed persons	X 1 000 fte jobs	6 478	6 583	6 728	6 832	6 759	6 718	6 752
Labour input of employed persons	mln hours worked	11 496	11 679	11 950	12 155	11 999	11 928	12 019
Labour input of employees	X 1 000 fte jobs	5 682	5 773	5 905	6 013	5 940	5 892	5 909
Labour input of employees	mln hours worked	9 554	9 704	9 946	10 181	10 028	9 942	9 995
Labour productivity per hour worked	% volume changes	2.0	1.7	1.6	0.4	-2.0	2.4	0.4
Domestic product (gross) per full-time equivalent job	euro	79 254	82 065	84 981	87 009	84 805	87 630	89 151
Compensation of employees (labour costs)	mln euro	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
<b>Final expenditure</b>								
Final consumption expenditure	mln euro	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
Final consumption expenditure	% volume changes	0.8	2.9	2.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	-0.6
Households incl. NPISH	mln euro	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
Households incl. NPISH	% volume changes	1.0	-0.3	1.8	1.3	-2.1	0.3	-1.0
General government	mln euro	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
of which: Net material consumption	deflators: % changes	1.2	1.9	1.7	4.0	1.2	1.3	1.3
Public administration and services	deflators: % changes	1.5	1.8	1.9	3.9	0.9	1.4	1.6
Subsidized education	deflators: % changes	1.3	1.6	1.8	3.7	1.8	0.6	1.0
Consumer price index	% changes	1.7	1.1	1.6	2.5	1.2	1.3	2.3
Fixed capital formation (gross)	mln euro	97 016	106 373	114 340	121 849	108 774	102 031	106 690
Fixed capital formation (gross)	% volume changes	3.7	7.5	5.5	4.5	-12.0	-7.2	5.7
<b>Rest of the world</b>								
Exports of goods and services	mln euro	357 453	393 475	424 229	453 442	393 050	460 493	499 620
Exports of goods and services	% volume changes	6.0	7.3	6.4	2.0	-7.7	11.2	3.9
Imports of goods and services	mln euro	313 688	351 669	377 234	404 047	352 983	412 487	445 826
Imports of goods and services	% volume changes	5.4	8.8	5.6	2.3	-7.1	10.2	3.6
Net export	% GDP	8.5	7.7	8.2	8.3	7.0	8.2	8.9
Surplus of the nation on current transactions	mln euro	38 422	48 744	48 087	28 083	18 180	29 866	49 835
<b>General government</b>								
Taxes	mln euro	124 042	132 332	141 040	143 575	137 576	143 208	139 569
Subsidies	mln euro	6 200	6 149	7 127	7 191	8 891	9 196	8 497
Social contributions	mln euro	71 486	79 850	81 468	90 442	83 465	87 225	92 668
Social benefits in cash	mln euro	56 217	58 083	58 950	61 522	65 620	68 798	71 030
Social benefits in kind via market producers	mln euro	41 430	51 746	55 887	59 344	64 107	66 462	68 843
Social benefits in cash and in kind	% GDP	18.0	19.5	19.3	19.6	21.9	22.3	22.6
EDP-debt	% GDP	51.8	47.4	45.3	58.5	60.8	63.1	65.5
EDP-deficit	% GDP	-0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	-5.6	-5.1	-4.5
Saving (net)	mln euro	1 650	5 248	5 153	9 525	-20 030	-19 527	-20 731
Total revenues	% GDP	44.5	46.1	45.4	46.7	45.8	46.1	45.4
Total expenditure	% GDP	44.8	45.5	45.3	46.2	51.4	51.2	49.8
<b>Households incl NPISH</b>								
Social benefits in cash	mln euro	87 427	89 709	91 991	95 913	100 746	105 665	109 497
Saving (net)	mln euro	17 044	16 422	19 719	16 933	15 766	9 330	14 211
Disposable income (net)	mln euro	243 007	249 614	260 918	263 005	258 872	261 920	267 363
Real disposable income (excluding effect ZVW)	% volume changes	-0.3	3.9	2.7	-0.3	-1.1	-0.1	-0.2
Change in financial net worth	mln euro	-2 095	-6 975	-3 533	-5 303	2 032	-5 568	4 073
Mortgage loans financial transactions	mln euro	52 304	44 575	39 757	32 929	26 033	17 592	13 171
Mortgage loans closing balance sheet	1000 mln euro	497	541	581	614	640	657	670
<b>Corporations</b>								
Operating surplus (net)	mln euro	88 833	92 376	97 225	99 977	91 540	102 731	107 635
Saving (net)	mln euro	41 633	56 573	57 950	38 069	39 961	56 710	76 540
Net lending/ net borrowing	mln euro	41 371	51 073	51 381	28 562	46 120	59 405	71 951
<b>Market sector</b>								
Labour productivity per hour worked	% changes	3.3	2.7	2.5	0.3	-3.2	2.4	0.8
Wage income per labour year	% changes	1.5	2.6	3.3	3.3	2.2	1.7	2.1
Labour costs per unit product	% changes	-2.2	0.0	0.9	3.1	5.5	-1.6	0.9
Labour share in enterprise income	level, %	77.3	77.5	77.4	79.3	80.8	78.7	78.7

# 1. Macroeconomics

**TABLE M 1**  
The three approaches of domestic product

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>FROM THE OUTPUT</b>							
Output (basic prices)	962 007	1 021 783	1 085 522	1 149 443	1 096 415	1 141 512	1 187 629
Intermediate consumption (excl. deductible VAT) (-)	505 825	542 771	577 872	621 204	585 563	615 336	648 254
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>	<b>456 182</b>	<b>479 012</b>	<b>507 650</b>	<b>528 239</b>	<b>510 852</b>	<b>526 176</b>	<b>539 375</b>
Taxes less subsidies on products	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Taxes on products	60 693	65 217	68 385	69 296	63 324	66 481	64 953
Subsidies on products (-)	4 106	4 169	3 667	3 499	3 716	3 666	3 378
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	<b>513 407</b>	<b>540 216</b>	<b>571 773</b>	<b>594 481</b>	<b>573 235</b>	<b>588 740</b>	<b>601 973</b>
<b>FROM THE GENERATION OF INCOME</b>							
Compensation of employees	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
Wages and salaries	199 011	207 545	220 159	230 750	233 570	234 495	238 799
Employers' social contributions	55 552	57 380	60 150	63 966	64 918	65 939	67 810
Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	58 801	63 188	66 178	67 486	60 170	63 473	62 536
Taxes on production and imports	66 292	70 859	74 333	75 719	70 147	73 568	72 038
Subsidies (-)	7 491	7 671	8 155	8 233	9 977	10 095	9 502
Operating surplus / mixed income (gross)	200 043	212 103	225 286	232 279	214 577	224 833	232 828
Consumption of fixed capital	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	124 334	133 509	143 214	146 867	126 603	135 621	144 102
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	<b>513 407</b>	<b>540 216</b>	<b>571 773</b>	<b>594 481</b>	<b>573 235</b>	<b>588 740</b>	<b>601 973</b>
<b>FROM THE FINAL EXPENDITURE</b>							
Final consumption expenditure	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
General government	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
Households incl. NPI households	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
Fixed capital formation (gross)	97 016	106 373	114 340	121 849	108 774	102 031	106 690
Corporations, households and NPI households	80 132	88 536	95 354	101 314	87 234	80 694	86 452
General government	16 884	17 837	18 986	20 535	21 540	21 337	20 238
Changes in inventories 1)	598	1 720	2 467	7	- 3 283	3 828	2 221
Exports of goods and services	357 453	393 475	424 229	453 442	393 050	460 493	499 620
Goods	281 867	316 270	342 311	362 462	300 908	363 026	396 924
Services	75 586	77 205	81 918	90 980	92 142	97 467	102 696
Imports of goods and services (-)	313 688	351 669	377 234	404 047	352 983	412 487	445 826
Goods	241 157	274 775	298 650	319 259	264 680	318 764	348 131
Services	72 531	76 894	78 584	84 788	88 303	93 723	97 695
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	<b>513 407</b>	<b>540 216</b>	<b>571 773</b>	<b>594 481</b>	<b>573 235</b>	<b>588 740</b>	<b>601 973</b>

1) Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.



**TABLE M 2**  
**The main macroeconomic balancing of domestic product and national net lending or net borrowing**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
Net primary income from the rest of the world	2 478	14 525	9 502	- 12 626	- 13 850	- 9 423	5 207
Primary income from the rest of the world	143 260	180 125	225 889	198 213	158 456	193 360	191 112
Compensation of employees	1 011	988	962	941	1 045	1 099	1 084
Property income	140 958	177 615	223 899	196 230	156 325	191 362	189 023
Subsidies from the rest of the world (EU)	1 291	1 522	1 028	1 042	1 086	899	1 005
Primary income to the rest of the world (-)	140 782	165 600	216 387	210 839	172 306	202 783	185 905
Compensation of employees	2 143	2 261	4 818	5 979	5 855	5 427	6 185
Property income	136 222	160 631	208 450	201 639	164 377	195 151	177 083
Taxes on production and imports to the rest of the world	2 417	2 708	3 119	3 221	2 074	2 205	2 637
<b>National income (net, market prices)</b>	440 176	476 147	499 203	496 443	471 411	490 105	518 454
Net current transfers from the rest of the world	- 8 219	- 8 020	- 8 757	- 8 988	- 8 267	- 8 871	- 9 248
Current transfers from the rest of the world	7 092	7 700	7 485	7 874	8 757	9 375	8 748
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	843	981
Social contributions	1 019	1 061	1 120	1 248	1 379	1 529	1 707
Social benefits (in cash)	230	242	234	248	248	248	248
Other current transfers	4 213	4 542	4 593	4 818	6 506	6 755	5 812
Current transfers to the rest of the world (-)	15 311	15 720	16 242	16 862	17 024	18 246	17 996
Current taxes on income and wealth	210	228	312	341	233	689	244
Social contributions	272	276	281	282	284	284	284
Social benefits (in cash)	2 316	2 255	2 228	2 308	2 305	2 304	2 304
Other current transfers	12 513	12 961	13 421	13 931	14 202	14 969	15 164
<b>Disposable national income (net)</b>	431 957	468 127	490 446	487 455	463 144	481 234	509 206
Final consumption expenditure (-)	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves (surplus of the nation)	398	433	347	302	230	154	82
<b>National saving (net)</b>	60 327	78 243	82 822	64 527	35 697	46 513	70 020
Fixed capital formation (net) (-)	21 307	27 779	32 268	36 437	20 800	12 819	17 964
Changes in inventories (- 1)	598	1 720	2 467	7	- 3 283	3 828	2 221
<b>Surplus of the nation on current transactions</b>	38 422	48 744	48 087	28 083	18 180	29 866	49 835
Net exports	43 765	41 806	46 995	49 395	40 067	48 006	53 794
Goods	40 710	41 495	43 661	43 203	36 228	44 262	48 793
Services	3 055	311	3 334	6 192	3 839	3 744	5 001
Net primary income	2 478	14 525	9 502	- 12 626	- 13 850	- 9 423	5 207
Received	143 260	180 125	225 889	198 213	158 456	193 360	191 112
Paid (-)	140 782	165 600	216 387	210 839	172 306	202 783	185 905
Net current transfers	- 8 219	- 8 020	- 8 757	- 8 988	- 8 267	- 8 871	- 9 248
Received	7 092	7 700	7 485	7 874	8 757	9 375	8 748
Paid (-)	15 311	15 720	16 242	16 862	17 024	18 246	17 996
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves (surplus of the nation)	398	433	347	302	230	154	82
Net capital transfers from the rest of the world	- 1 751	- 1 888	- 1 186	- 2 104	- 2 531	- 3 259	- 2 058
Capital transfers from the rest of the world	1 630	1 792	2 711	2 401	2 331	2 436	2 076
Capital transfers to the rest of the world (-)	3 381	3 680	3 897	4 505	4 862	5 695	4 134
<b>National net lending (+) or net borrowing (-)</b>	36 671	46 856	46 901	25 979	15 649	26 607	47 777
Change in assets on the rest of the world	250 329	529 944	542 617	43 661	18 803	121 327	204 329
Change in liabilities to the rest of the world (-)	213 183	482 530	494 246	17 022	1 447	94 031	157 738
Statistical discrepancy	- 475	- 558	- 1 470	- 660	- 1 707	- 689	1 186

1) Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.

**TABLE M 3**  
**The main macroeconomic balancing by sectors**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Taxes less subsidies on products	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Value added (gross, basic prices)	456 182	479 012	507 650	528 239	510 852	526 176	539 375
Corporations	320 999	335 289	353 811	369 017	359 605	372 814	382 595
General government	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Households incl. NPI households	72 793	80 102	87 376	89 490	77 963	78 113	81 407
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
Corporations	352	91	- 331	266	1 665	- 254	640
Households	286	65	- 264	179	1 110	3	383
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
Corporations	44 877	46 146	47 937	49 838	50 882	50 969	50 562
General government	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Households incl. NPI households	17 960	18 972	19 884	20 482	21 354	21 989	21 492
Net primary income received	2 478	14 525	9 502	- 12 626	- 13 850	- 9 423	5 207
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Total divided by sector	59 065	75 573	74 220	53 171	45 758	53 392	66 782
Corporations	- 216 978	- 213 886	- 227 654	- 261 494	- 257 796	- 250 679	- 242 275
General government	7 539	14 600	14 118	17 778	7 031	7 872	6 310
Households incl. NPI households	268 504	274 859	287 756	296 887	296 523	296 199	302 747
<b>National income (net, market prices)</b>	440 176	476 147	499 203	496 443	471 411	490 105	518 454
Corporations	59 496	75 348	77 889	57 951	52 592	70 912	90 398
General government	57 057	64 745	66 330	72 418	64 577	66 867	65 011
Households incl. NPI households	323 623	336 054	354 984	366 074	354 242	352 326	363 045
Net current transfers received	- 8 219	- 8 020	- 8 757	- 8 988	- 8 267	- 8 871	- 9 248
Corporations	6 119	2 475	2 614	4 161	7 570	864	4 019
General government	66 278	75 945	82 695	89 920	79 533	80 671	82 415
Households incl. NPI households	- 80 616	- 86 440	- 94 066	- 103 069	- 95 370	- 90 406	- 95 682
<b>Disposable national income (net)</b>	431 957	468 127	490 446	487 455	463 144	481 234	509 206
Corporations	65 615	77 823	80 503	62 112	60 162	71 776	94 417
General government	123 335	140 690	149 025	162 338	144 110	147 538	147 426
Households incl. NPI households	243 007	249 614	260 918	263 005	258 872	261 920	267 363
Final consumption expenditure (-)	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
General government	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
Households incl. NPI households	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves (net)	398	433	347	302	230	154	82
Corporations	- 23 982	- 21 250	- 22 553	- 24 043	- 20 201	- 15 066	- 17 877
Households incl. NPI households	24 380	21 683	22 900	24 345	20 431	15 220	17 959
<b>National saving (net)</b>	60 327	78 243	82 822	64 527	35 697	46 513	70 020
Corporations	41 633	56 573	57 950	38 069	39 961	56 710	76 540
General government	1 650	5 248	5 153	9 525	- 20 030	- 19 527	- 20 731
Households incl. NPI households	17 044	16 422	19 719	16 933	15 766	9 330	14 211
Capital formation (net) (-)	21 905	29 499	34 735	36 444	17 517	16 647	20 185
Corporations	548	5 114	7 267	9 836	- 1 740	501	5 949
General government	4 044	4 386	4 745	5 456	5 815	5 113	3 585
Households incl. NPI households	17 313	19 999	22 723	21 152	13 442	11 033	10 651
Net capital transfers received	- 1 751	- 1 888	- 1 186	- 2 104	- 2 531	- 3 259	- 2 058
Corporations	1 210	918	1 465	1 683	4 470	3 442	1 872
General government	- 1 090	- 540	- 1 342	- 2 353	- 5 492	- 5 327	- 3 041
Households incl. NPI households	- 1 871	- 2 266	- 1 309	- 1 434	- 1 509	- 1 374	- 889
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporations	924	1 304	767	1 354	51	246	512
General government	- 2 035	- 2 470	- 1 863	- 1 187	657	- 423	- 747
Households incl. NPI households	1 111	1 166	1 096	- 167	- 708	177	235
<b>National net lending (+) or net borrowing (-)</b>	36 671	46 856	46 901	25 979	15 649	26 607	47 777
Corporations	41 371	51 073	51 381	28 562	46 120	59 405	71 951
General government	- 1 449	2 792	929	2 903	- 31 994	- 29 544	- 26 610
Households incl. NPI households	- 3 251	- 7 009	- 5 409	- 5 486	1 523	- 3 254	2 436
	<i>% GDP</i>						
<b>National income (net, market prices)</b>	85.7	88.1	87.3	83.5	82.2	83.2	86.1
Corporations	11.6	13.9	13.6	9.7	9.2	12.0	15.0
General government	11.1	12.0	11.6	12.2	11.3	11.4	10.8
Households incl. NPI households	63.0	62.2	62.1	61.6	61.8	59.8	60.3
<b>Disposable national income (net)</b>	84.1	86.7	85.8	82.0	80.8	81.7	84.6
Corporations	12.8	14.4	14.1	10.4	10.5	12.2	15.7
General government	24.0	26.0	26.1	27.3	25.1	25.1	24.5
Households incl. NPI households	47.3	46.2	45.6	44.2	45.2	44.5	44.4
<b>National saving (net)</b>	11.8	14.5	14.5	10.9	6.2	7.9	11.6
Corporations	8.1	10.5	10.1	6.4	7.0	9.6	12.7
General government	0.3	1.0	0.9	1.6	-3.5	-3.3	-3.4
Households incl. NPI households	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.8	2.8	1.6	2.4
<b>National net lending (+) or net borrowing (-)</b>	7.1	8.7	8.2	4.4	2.7	4.5	7.9
Corporations	8.1	9.5	9.0	4.8	8.0	10.1	12.0
General government	-0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	-5.6	-5.0	-4.4
Households incl. NPI households	-0.6	-1.3	-0.9	-0.9	0.3	-0.6	0.4

**TABLE M 4**  
**Domestic product and national income, alternative definitions**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
per capita (euro)	31 465	33 049	34 903	36 147	34 678	35 434	36 066
per full-time equivalent job (euro)	79 254	82 065	84 981	87 009	84 805	87 630	89 151
Compensation of employees	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	58 801	63 188	66 178	67 486	60 170	63 473	62 536
Operating surplus / mixed income (gross)	200 043	212 103	225 286	232 279	214 577	224 833	232 828
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
<b>Domestic product (net, market prices)</b>	437 698	461 622	489 701	509 069	485 261	499 528	513 247
Net primary income from the rest of the world	2 478	14 525	9 502	- 12 626	- 13 850	- 9 423	5 207
<b>National income (gross, market prices)</b>	515 885	554 741	581 275	581 855	559 385	579 317	607 180
net, market prices	440 176	476 147	499 203	496 443	471 411	490 105	518 454
per capita (euro)	26 977	29 129	30 473	30 186	28 519	29 498	31 062
Net current transfers from the rest of the world	- 8 219	- 8 020	- 8 757	- 8 988	- 8 267	- 8 871	- 9 248
<b>Disposable national income (gross, market prices)</b>	507 666	546 721	572 518	572 867	551 118	570 446	597 932
net, market prices	431 957	468 127	490 446	487 455	463 144	481 234	509 206
per capita (euro)	26 473	28 639	29 938	29 640	28 018	28 964	30 508
<i>% volume changes</i>							
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	- 3.7	1.6	1.0
per capita (euro)	1.8	3.2	3.7	1.4	- 4.2	1.1	0.5
per full-time equivalent job	2.1	1.7	1.7	0.3	- 2.6	2.2	0.5
net, market prices	2.1	3.6	4.2	1.8	- 4.6	1.9	1.1
<b>National income (gross, market prices)</b>	0.4	5.4	2.7	- 1.9	- 4.0	1.9	3.6
net, market prices	0.1	6.0	2.7	- 2.6	- 5.0	2.2	4.2
per capita	- 0.1	5.8	2.5	- 3.0	- 5.5	1.7	3.8
<b>Disposable national income (gross, market prices)</b>	0.2	5.5	2.7	- 2.0	- 3.9	1.9	3.6
net, market prices	0.0	6.2	2.7	- 2.6	- 4.9	2.2	4.3
per capita	- 0.3	6.0	2.5	- 3.0	- 5.4	1.6	3.8
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	2.4	1.8	1.8	2.1	0.1	1.1	1.2
net, market prices	2.7	1.8	1.8	2.2	- 0.1	1.1	1.6
<b>National income (gross, market prices)</b>	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.1	1.6	1.1
net, market prices	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	- 0.1	1.7	1.5
<b>Disposable national income (gross, market prices)</b>	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.1	1.6	1.1
net, market prices	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	- 0.1	1.7	1.5

**TABLE M 5**  
**Generation of income by sectors**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Taxes less subsidies on products	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Value added (gross, basic prices)	456 182	479 012	507 650	528 239	510 852	526 176	539 375
Corporations	320 999	335 289	353 811	369 017	359 605	372 814	382 595
General government	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Households incl. NPI households	72 793	80 102	87 376	89 490	77 963	78 113	81 407
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
Corporations	352	91	- 331	266	1 665	- 254	640
Households	286	65	- 264	179	1 110	3	383
Compensation of employees	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
Corporations	186 612	195 655	207 621	218 562	219 079	219 055	224 860
General government	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Households incl. NPI households	18 408	19 054	20 415	21 463	21 684	22 172	22 872
Other taxes on production and imports less subsidies (-)	58 801	63 188	66 178	67 486	60 170	63 473	62 536
Taxes on products	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Other taxes on production	2 214	2 140	1 460	1 689	562	658	961
Corporations	1 029	1 203	697	906	- 231	- 195	178
General government	- 25	- 71	- 61	- 51	- 179	- 212	- 176
Households incl. NPI households	1 210	1 008	824	834	972	1 065	959
<b>Operating surplus / mixed income (gross)</b>	200 043	212 103	225 286	232 279	214 577	224 833	232 828
Corporations	133 710	138 522	145 162	149 815	142 422	153 700	158 197
General government	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Households incl. NPI households	53 461	60 105	65 873	67 372	56 417	54 879	57 959
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
Corporations	44 877	46 146	47 937	49 838	50 882	50 969	50 562
General government	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Households incl. NPI households	17 960	18 972	19 884	20 482	21 354	21 989	21 492
<b>Operating surplus / mixed income (net)</b>	124 334	133 509	143 214	146 867	126 603	135 621	144 102
Net operating surplus of corporations	88 833	92 376	97 225	99 977	91 540	102 731	107 635
Net mixed income of households	35 501	41 133	45 989	46 890	35 063	32 890	36 467

**TABLE M 6**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>Disposable for final expenditure</b>	827 095	891 885	949 007	998 528	926 218	1 001 227	1 047 799
Domestic product (gross, market prices)	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Imports of goods and services	313 688	351 669	377 234	404 047	352 983	412 487	445 826
Goods	241 157	274 775	298 650	319 259	264 680	318 764	348 131
Services	72 531	76 894	78 584	84 788	88 303	93 723	97 695
<b>Total final expenditure</b>	827 095	891 885	949 007	998 528	926 218	1 001 227	1 047 799
National final expenditure	469 642	498 410	524 778	545 086	533 168	540 734	548 179
Final consumption expenditure	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
General government	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
Households incl. NPI households	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
Fixed capital formation (gross)	97 016	106 373	114 340	121 849	108 774	102 031	106 690
Corporations	80 132	88 536	95 354	101 314	87 234	80 694	86 452
General government	16 884	17 837	18 986	20 535	21 540	21 337	20 238
Changes in inventories 1)	598	1 720	2 467	7	- 3 283	3 828	2 221
Exports of goods and services	357 453	393 475	424 229	453 442	393 050	460 493	499 620
Goods	281 867	316 270	342 311	362 462	300 908	363 026	396 924
Services	75 586	77 205	81 918	90 980	92 142	97 467	102 696
<i>% volume changes</i>							
<b>Disposable for final expenditure</b>	3.3	5.5	4.6	2.0	- 5.0	4.9	2.1
Domestic product (gross, market prices)	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	- 3.7	1.6	1.0
Imports of goods and services	5.4	8.8	5.6	2.3	- 7.1	10.2	3.6
Goods	5.9	10.0	6.8	1.9	- 9.4	12.2	4.1
Services	3.7	4.8	1.3	4.0	1.8	3.9	2.0
<b>Total final expenditure</b>	3.3	5.5	4.6	2.0	- 5.0	4.9	2.1
National final expenditure	1.3	4.1	3.2	2.0	- 2.8	0.2	0.5
Final consumption expenditure	0.8	2.9	2.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	- 0.6
General government	0.5	9.5	3.5	2.8	5.0	0.7	0.1
Households incl. NPI households	1.0	- 0.3	1.8	1.3	- 2.1	0.3	- 1.0
Fixed capital formation (gross)	3.7	7.5	5.5	4.5	- 12.0	- 7.2	5.7
Corporations, households and NPI households	3.2	8.2	5.8	4.3	- 15.3	- 8.2	8.9
General government	6.0	4.1	4.2	5.4	4.4	- 2.9	- 6.0
Changes in inventories 1)							
Exports of goods and services	6.0	7.3	6.4	2.0	- 7.7	11.2	3.9
Goods	6.1	8.7	6.5	1.2	- 9.3	13.1	4.1
Services	5.5	1.9	5.8	5.5	- 1.4	5.0	3.3
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
<b>Disposable for final expenditure</b>	2.5	2.3	1.7	3.1	- 2.3	3.1	2.5
Domestic product (gross, market prices)	2.4	1.8	1.8	2.1	0.1	1.1	1.2
Imports of goods and services	2.7	3.0	1.5	4.7	- 6.0	6.1	4.3
Goods	3.2	3.5	1.7	4.9	- 8.5	7.3	4.9
Services	1.1	1.1	0.8	3.8	2.4	2.1	2.2
<b>Total final expenditure</b>	2.5	2.3	1.7	3.1	- 2.3	3.1	2.5
National final expenditure	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.8	0.6	1.2	0.8
Final consumption expenditure	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	0.6	1.2	1.6
General government	1.8	1.6	2.6	3.4	2.3	1.0	0.5
Households incl. NPI households	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.1	- 0.5	1.3	2.3
Fixed capital formation (gross)	1.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.0	- 1.1
Corporations, households and NPI households	1.3	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.7	0.8	- 1.6
General government	0.7	1.5	2.1	2.6	0.5	2.0	1.0
Changes in inventories 1)							
Exports of goods and services	3.4	2.6	1.3	4.8	- 6.0	5.3	4.4
Goods	3.7	3.2	1.6	4.6	- 8.4	6.7	5.1
Services	2.3	0.2	0.3	5.3	2.7	0.7	2.0

1) Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.

## 2. Supply-use tables and input-output tables

TABLE G 1.1  
Supply table 2011 at basic prices (mln euro), in accordance with NACE Rev. 2

2011*		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity and gas supply	Water supply and waste management	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food serving	Information and communication	Financial institutions	Renting, buying, selling real estate
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Products of agriculture	24 945	–	314	–	–	–	11	–	–	–	–	–
2	Products of forestry	174	–	10	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–
3	Products of fishing	154	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
4	Crude petroleum and natural gas	–	23 621	34	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
5	Other mining and quarrying products	–	1 170	201	–	3	77	156	–	–	–	–	–
6	Food products and beverages	353	–	60 407	–	465	–	142	–	–	–	–	–
7	Tobacco products	–	–	3 173	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
8	Textiles	–	–	2 750	–	–	–	113	–	–	–	–	–
9	Wearing apparel	–	–	609	–	–	–	523	–	–	–	–	–
10	Leather and leather products	–	–	415	–	–	–	10	–	–	–	–	–
11	Wood and wood products (excl. furniture)	–	–	2 625	–	–	8	83	–	–	–	–	–
12	Paper and paper products	–	–	6 105	–	–	–	332	–	6	6	–	–
13	Printed matter and recorded media	–	–	4 758	–	–	–	–	8	–	7 010	–	–
14	Petroleum products	–	–	46 671	–	–	–	2 722	–	–	–	–	–
15	Chemical products and man-made fibres	10	15	52 115	–	77	–	86	–	–	–	–	–
16	Rubber and plastic products	–	–	7 196	–	21	–	68	–	–	14	–	–
17	Glass and construction materials	–	4	6 018	–	13	37	61	–	–	–	–	–
18	Basic metals	–	14	8 234	–	151	11	1 404	–	–	–	–	–
19	Metal products	–	–	16 217	–	–	468	213	–	–	–	–	–
20	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	–	–	17 012	–	–	1	622	–	–	–	–	–
21	Office machinery and computers	–	–	1 015	–	–	–	8	–	–	–	–	–
22	Electrical machinery n.e.c.	–	–	3 880	–	–	105	15	–	–	–	–	–
23	Radio, television and communication apparatus	–	–	1 247	–	–	56	–	–	–	106	–	–
24	Medical, precision and optical instruments	–	–	9 734	–	–	–	7	–	–	–	–	–
25	Motor vehicles	–	–	9 414	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
26	Other transport equipment	–	–	5 727	–	–	80	–	437	–	–	–	–
27	Furniture and other manufactured goods	–	–	4 065	1	838	–	29	–	–	–	–	–
28	Electricity and gas	314	–	246	33 757	316	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
29	Water	–	–	–	21	1 653	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
30	Construction work	71	246	24	–	–	77 256	9	86	–	152	–	2 857
31	Repair of consumer goods (incl. motor vehicles)	–	–	31	–	–	–	9 836	79	–	–	–	–
32	Hotel and restaurant services	63	–	6	–	–	–	80	38	16 787	40	–	–
33	Transport services	2	–	9	–	–	20	14	33 225	–	–	16	–
34	Post and telecommunications services	–	–	3	76	–	–	30	4 527	–	17 675	–	–
35	Financial intermediation services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	–	–	70 399	240
36	Real estate services	–	–	623	–	2	15	608	203	867	81	1 974	58 027
37	Renting services of movables	29	8	316	236	8	7	1 500	155	54	21	–	–
38	Business services	263	342	10 052	1 461	56	261	3 461	1 228	244	19 645	7 312	30
39	Public administration, defence, social security	144	–	2 406	–	–	–	–	1 789	–	–	70	–
40	Education	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	1 230	–	–
41	Health and social work services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	37	–	–	–	–
42	Other services	2	–	86	–	9 090	–	112	6	433	4 468	–	–
43	Contract wages, finishing and trade services	2	22	12 558	1 209	39	113	8 288	–	–	112	–	–
44	Services n.e.c.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
45	Not imputed goods and services	215	36	542	707	84	45	858	390	19	464	834	4
46	Trade and transport margins	472	20	7 446	–	104	411	91 376	11 012	227	763	–	–
47	Supply at basic prices	27 213	25 498	304 294	37 468	12 920	78 971	122 780	53 232	18 631	51 787	80 605	61 158

Other specialised business services	Renting and other business support	Public administration and services	Education	Health and social work activities	Culture, sports and recreation	Other service activities	Activities of households as employers	Services n. e. c.	Domestic supply (columns 1–21)	Imports of goods (cif)	Imports of services	Supply at basic prices (columns 22–24)	Trade and transport margins	Taxes on products (excl. VAT)	Subsidies on products (-)	Supply at purchasers' prices
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
-	1 551	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	26 866	16 110	-	42 976	9 665	236	- 42	52 835
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187	299	-	486	66	4	- 15	541
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154	498	-	652	460	4	- 3	1 113
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 655	38 746	154	62 555	8	-	-	62 563
-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 648	5 769	-	7 417	1 412	5	-	8 834
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61 367	26 800	-	88 167	16 573	1 739	- 9	106 470
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 173	1 035	-	4 208	1 152	2 527	-	7 887
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 863	4 149	-	7 012	2 482	88	-	9 582
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 132	6 557	-	7 689	6 250	167	-	14 106
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	425	3 514	-	3 939	1 621	64	-	5 624
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 716	2 644	-	5 360	1 692	12	-	7 064
-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6 444	5 940	-	12 384	2 479	-	-	14 863
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 776	1 036	198	13 010	1 614	-	-	14 624
-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	49 400	27 806	-	77 206	4 061	7 885	-	89 152
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52 303	45 913	-	98 216	14 913	255	-	113 380
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 299	8 536	-	15 835	2 952	55	-	18 842
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 133	2 898	-	9 031	2 586	20	-	11 637
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 814	23 352	-	33 166	1 991	123	-	35 280
678	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 576	7 441	-	25 017	3 554	29	-	28 600
256	41	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 935	19 500	20	37 455	6 839	115	-	44 409
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 023	30 496	-	31 519	9 132	15	-	40 666
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 000	9 345	-	13 345	2 680	74	-	16 099
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 409	22 249	-	23 658	3 634	136	-	27 428
68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 809	16 598	-	26 407	4 794	72	-	31 273
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 414	17 821	-	27 235	4 621	1 940	-	33 796
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 244	4 299	396	10 939	881	123	- 14	11 929
-	-	-	-	-	-	214	-	-	5 147	4 968	-	10 115	4 708	60	-	14 883
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34 633	739	-	35 372	-	4 087	- 30	39 429
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 674	4	-	1 678	-	303	-	1 981
1 909	288	544	-	-	-	-	-	-	83 442	-	1 388	84 830	-	-	- 22	84 808
-	21	-	-	-	7	423	-	-	10 397	-	19	10 416	-	-	-	10 416
9	115	66	75	224	1 062	28	-	-	18 593	-	-	18 593	-	-	-	18 593
7	6 554	575	-	-	-	-	-	-	40 422	-	6 274	46 696	-	-	- 1 717	44 979
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22 311	-	3 032	25 343	-	-	-	25 343
-	114	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	70 770	-	12 982	83 752	-	1 015	-	84 767
673	71	414	86	95	34	175	-	-	63 948	-	-	63 948	-	-	- 36	63 912
13	8 375	4	-	-	-	3	-	-	10 729	-	1 085	11 814	-	-	-	11 814
58 013	29 127	1 858	3 717	72	650	314	-	-	138 106	353	39 963	178 422	16	1 935	- 900	179 473
-	-	61 131	189	-	-	-	-	-	65 729	54	-	65 783	-	-	-	65 783
-	538	390	30 285	586	-	-	-	-	33 033	-	-	33 033	-	-	-	33 033
853	-	220	313	71 422	-	-	-	-	72 845	-	-	72 845	-	-	- 122	72 723
131	459	2 017	526	-	9 520	9 290	2 394	-	38 534	194	812	39 540	122	255	- 464	39 453
-	-	-	-	-	-	93	-	-	22 436	3 983	5 570	31 989	-	-	-	31 989
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 544	15 544	-	-	-	15 544
201	50	1 536	28	47	172	13	-	1 320	7 565	-	1 900	9 465	-	-	-	9 465
149	332	-	-	208	-	30	-	-	112 550	-	408	112 958	- 112 958	-	-	-
62 960	47 636	68 851	35 220	72 654	11 445	10 592	2 394	1 320	1 187 629	359 646	89 745	1 637 020	-	23 343	- 3 378	1 656 985

**TABLE G 1.2**  
**Use table 2011 at purchaser' prices (mln euro), in accordance with NACE Rev. 2**

2011*		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity and gas supply	Water supply and waste management	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food serving	Information and communication	Financial institutions	Renting, buying, selling real estate	Other specialised business services	Renting and other business support
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Products of agriculture	5 156	19	18 496	132	67	108	126	66	398	22	36	121	7	288
2	Products of forestry	-	-	126	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Products of fishing	7	-	129	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-
4	Crude petroleum and natural gas	-	2 269	36 111	8 296	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Other mining and quarrying products	143	152	2 758	820	1	1 081	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
6	Food products and beverages	4 524	-	20 893	101	313	29	48	31	3 754	38	6	6	100	20
7	Tobacco products	-	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
8	Textiles	38	3	1 630	-	13	7	169	28	25	12	5	-	8	22
9	Wearing apparel	13	1	38	-	26	28	65	67	15	15	10	6	10	65
10	Leather and leather products	9	-	236	-	12	9	18	14	3	2	2	1	-	9
11	Wood and wood products (excl. furniture)	55	7	1 295	157	59	2 106	147	27	13	14	10	366	64	253
12	Paper en paper products	25	6	5 545	5	14	54	422	60	109	332	228	20	192	247
13	Printed matter and recorded media	17	2	1 151	33	71	52	1 655	152	80	1 449	651	40	1 343	246
14	Petroleum products	887	74	17 218	417	280	716	2 858	6 201	45	210	253	52	292	1 094
15	Chemical products and man-made fibres	913	20	30 152	154	155	783	332	-	4	239	11	14	367	131
16	Rubber and plastic products	147	13	4 184	63	67	1 696	868	213	10	42	29	96	227	142
17	Glass and construction materials	55	5	1 721	19	45	5 670	65	-	47	9	-	452	89	26
18	Basic metals	1	19	11 100	195	445	1 518	73	-	-	-	-	7	1	-
19	Metal products	35	66	9 884	23	161	4 832	1 080	1	6	15	9	7	720	60
20	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	735	150	5 632	279	233	1 399	674	404	35	69	53	135	279	392
21	Office machinery and computers	18	19	1 214	39	62	105	262	91	24	71	44	7	70	61
22	Electrical machinery n.e.c.	2	60	3 358	258	111	1 498	301	54	32	331	4	17	27	6
23	Radio, television and communication apparatus	1	-	1 246	11	-	464	67	3	-	567	2	-	20	-
24	Medical, precision and optical instruments	4	-	2 236	11	7	25	55	98	-	-	-	-	359	-
25	Motor vehicles	5	-	4 030	-	4	31	1 785	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
26	Other transport equipment	19	9	730	-	-	19	37	1 349	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Furniture and other manufactured goods	-	4	904	3	15	399	118	4	12	5	31	103	22	52
28	Electricity and gas	1 953	1 429	4 914	10 215	591	184	2 370	669	910	358	335	78	556	182
29	Water	122	3	173	27	106	-	101	46	7	12	13	13	9	25
30	Construction work	138	45	443	253	418	18 736	358	634	112	534	367	8 286	2 082	169
31	Repair of consumer goods (incl. motor vehicles)	113	11	239	47	188	355	1 343	1 049	14	47	195	42	210	1 146
32	Hotel and restaurant services	13	17	717	51	43	42	851	648	63	242	444	58	418	813
33	Transport services	139	235	1 243	12	155	241	2 820	6 145	159	211	136	27	368	2 803
34	Post and telecommunications services	204	32	671	69	85	275	1 883	1 153	122	3 869	1 700	423	668	281
35	Financial intermediation services	652	211	2 892	387	234	1 152	2 510	859	330	773	22 352	12 173	1 202	1 158
36	Real estate services	87	37	1 799	60	146	351	5 338	1 114	845	840	561	923	1 376	564
37	Renting services of movables	172	210	1 749	130	220	963	2 089	567	74	1 134	229	22	972	594
38	Business services	1 316	498	24 581	2 729	1 116	3 889	15 160	5 748	1 325	11 667	7 199	1 058	17 972	5 962
39	Public administration, defence, social security	45	7	170	41	27	114	212	75	42	38	568	11	123	56
40	Education	11	9	553	30	26	68	580	88	32	292	41	17	427	212
41	Health and social work services	368	5	236	17	16	61	208	91	7	73	170	8	143	42
42	Other services	359	21	827	71	2 343	499	409	244	400	2 257	93	76	919	411
43	Contract wages, finishing and trade services	42	111	10 673	1 180	119	129	4 911	146	2	332	308	85	166	25
44	Services n.e.c.	4	-	443	4	3	447	1 257	-	33	146	-	16	308	908
45	Not imputed goods and services	3	11	216	25	3	104	444	1 943	45	58	25	134	73	32
46	Non-deductible VAT	-	-	-	-	325	-	-	108	-	111	1 951	1 283	-	-
47	Total intermediate consumption	18 550	5 790	234 668	26 364	8 325	50 244	54 091	30 190	9 161	26 436	38 071	26 183	32 189	18 522
48	Other taxes on production	552	29	811	46	208	145	632	345	235	38	314	2 287	113	469
49	Other subsidies on production (-)	- 964	- 3	- 291	- 840	- 19	- 185	- 375	- 158	- 50	- 56	- 87	- 6	- 1 027	- 298
50	Wages and salaries	2 221	575	30 250	1 496	1 637	14 089	32 925	12 760	4 294	10 986	14 214	2 564	19 644	16 482
51	Employers' social contributions	713	172	8 386	431	504	4 006	7 682	3 167	925	3 057	5 000	766	5 244	4 256
52	Operating surplus (gross)	6 141	18 935	30 470	9 971	2 265	10 672	27 825	6 928	4 066	11 326	23 093	29 364	6 797	8 205
53	Total of rows 47-52	8 663	19 708	69 626	11 104	4 595	28 727	68 689	23 042	9 470	25 351	42 534	34 975	30 771	29 114
54	Sales of existing fixed assets														
55	Final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands														
56	Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world														
57	Use at purchaser' prices	27 213	25 498	304 294	37 468	12 920	78 971	122 780	53 232	18 631	51 787	80 605	61 158	62 960	47 636



Public administration and services	Education	Health and social work activities	Culture, sports and recreation	Other service activities	Activities of households as employers	Services n.e.c.	Total columns 1–21	Exports of goods (fob)	Exports of services	Final consumption expenditure of households	Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households	Social benefits in kind by the government	Government consumption of other non-market output	Fixed capital formation (gross)	Changes in inventories (incl. acquisitions less disposals of valuables)	Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	Paid minus imputed VAT	Total columns 22–32
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
242	24	249	88	56	–	250	25 951	20 050	–	6 187	–	–	–	142	505	–	–	52 835
12	–	–	–	–	–	1	144	279	–	118	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	541
4	–	16	–	–	–	–	182	532	–	399	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 113
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	46 676	15 340	213	–	–	–	–	565	– 231	–	–	62 563
150	15	–	–	–	–	–	5 161	3 158	–	47	–	–	–	–	468	–	–	8 834
207	59	1 081	700	25	–	670	32 605	44 438	–	29 094	–	–	–	–	333	–	–	106 470
–	–	–	–	–	–	4	117	3 571	–	4 185	–	–	–	–	14	–	–	7 887
45	8	153	10	18	–	2	2 196	3 950	–	3 156	–	–	–	300	– 20	–	–	9 582
141	–	105	11	2	–	3	621	5 123	–	8 337	–	–	–	14	11	–	–	14 106
6	–	25	2	8	–	4	360	2 902	–	2 308	–	–	–	–	54	–	–	5 624
32	21	25	8	110	–	47	4 816	940	–	1 056	–	–	–	258	– 6	–	–	7 064
196	127	520	32	33	–	9	8 176	5 186	–	1 481	–	–	–	–	20	–	–	14 863
614	610	476	152	49	–	51	8 894	1 441	51	3 903	–	294	–	–	41	–	–	14 624
653	102	32	78	75	–	–	31 537	46 271	–	9 698	–	–	–	–	1 646	–	–	89 152
96	151	2 593	22	253	–	12	36 402	66 297	–	5 520	–	5 359	–	–	– 198	–	–	113 380
48	33	279	18	35	–	15	8 225	8 447	–	1 481	–	–	–	460	229	–	–	18 842
60	29	79	35	67	–	–	8 473	2 131	–	839	–	–	–	185	9	–	–	11 637
11	38	–	–	7	–	–	13 415	22 008	–	1	–	–	–	–	– 144	–	–	35 280
391	119	31	16	39	–	72	17 567	7 949	–	1 092	–	–	–	1 894	98	–	–	28 600
660	26	52	16	16	–	23	11 262	21 810	–	1 979	–	30	–	9 252	76	–	–	44 409
123	80	109	29	20	–	–	2 448	33 889	–	374	–	18	–	4 033	– 96	–	–	40 666
121	65	27	23	5	–	27	6 327	8 483	–	711	–	–	–	533	45	–	–	16 099
69	–	18	–	13	–	25	2 506	21 948	–	2 496	–	–	–	634	– 156	–	–	27 428
83	55	1 115	–	–	–	33	4 081	22 515	96	1 602	–	1 498	–	1 832	– 351	–	–	31 273
40	–	–	–	–	–	–	5 901	13 199	–	4 422	–	–	–	10 146	128	–	–	33 796
768	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 931	4 995	397	1 841	–	9	–	2 048	– 292	–	–	11 929
57	62	78	26	63	–	34	1 992	3 230	–	6 854	–	1	–	2 735	71	–	–	14 883
943	501	1 009	443	283	–	–	27 923	835	–	10 527	–	32	–	112	–	–	–	39 429
42	17	53	12	12	–	–	793	–	–	1 188	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 981
4 343	596	630	252	82	–	–	38 478	–	2 095	530	–	745	–	42 960	–	–	–	84 808
93	48	60	78	31	–	–	5 309	–	–	5 107	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	10 416
592	116	548	141	123	–	–	5 940	–	–	12 608	–	45	–	–	–	–	–	18 593
345	58	283	85	83	–	3	15 551	–	19 364	9 527	–	537	–	–	–	–	–	44 979
715	206	662	269	114	–	–	13 401	–	3 208	8 734	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	25 343
1 162	213	733	248	409	–	–	49 650	–	14 080	20 907	–	–	1	129	–	–	–	84 767
629	140	1 029	166	452	–	–	16 457	–	–	43 806	–	2 518	–	1 131	–	–	–	63 912
81	53	161	302	139	–	–	9 861	–	976	977	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11 814
7 361	1 767	2 311	1 068	1 017	–	10	113 754	989	41 306	4 128	–	350	4 414	14 532	–	–	–	179 473
826	1 579	63	33	18	–	–	4 048	–	584	780	–	–	59 921	450	–	–	–	65 783
291	64	199	11	15	–	–	2 966	–	–	2 169	–	586	27 312	–	–	–	–	33 033
350	168	1 774	9	2	–	–	3 748	–	–	8 088	91	56 140	4 656	–	–	–	–	72 723
3 825	192	919	1 915	225	–	–	16 005	183	1 040	13 974	5 238	36	3 010	–	– 33	–	–	39 453
17	4	12	9	15	–	–	18 286	3 979	9 724	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	31 989
354	6	4	15	43	–	–	3 991	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11 553	–	15 544
–	2	47	7	48	–	–	3 220	23	–	807	–	–	–	5 415	–	–	–	9 465
3 116	708	1 812	237	231	–	25	9 907	–	–	22 545	–	645	–	9 536	–	– 1 023	–	41 610
29 914	8 062	19 372	6 566	4 236	–	1 320	648 254	396 091	93 134	265 583	5 329	68 843	99 314	109 296	2 221	11 553	– 1 023	1 698 595
324	200	244	60	33	–	–	7 085	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7 085
– 231	– 12	– 1 451	– 49	– 22	–	–	– 6 124	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	– 6 124
19 708	16 841	32 009	2 630	3 432	42	–	238 799	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	238 799
7 568	5 980	8 239	768	939	7	–	67 810	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	67 810
11 568	4 149	14 241	1 470	1 974	2 345	–	231 805	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 023	232 828
38 937	27 158	53 282	4 879	6 356	2 394	–	539 375	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 023	540 398
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	833	–	1 773	–	–	–	– 2 606	–	–	–	–
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	13 127	– 13 127	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11 553	–	–	–	–	– 11 553	–	–	–
68 851	35 220	72 654	11 445	10 592	2 394	1 320	1 187 629	396 924	106 261	265 782	5 329	68 843	99 314	106 690	2 221	–	–	2 238 993

**TABLE G 1.3**  
**Input-output table 2011 at basic prices (mln euro), in accordance with NACE Rev. 2**

2011*		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity and gas supply	Water supply and waste management	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food serving	Information and communication	Financial institutions	Renting, buying, selling real estate	Other specialised business services	Renting and other business support
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		1	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4 179	10	9 203	325	48	86	44	9	96	9	–	9
2	Mining and quarrying	13	312	3 560	5 830	12	295	14	1	–	–	–	–	16	4
3	Manufacturing	5 572	345	54 574	954	846	9 977	5 969	4 564	1 778	1 810	729	778	1 394	1 520
4	Electricity and gas supply	1 662	1 416	4 323	10 031	547	170	2 278	596	782	318	314	70	843	161
5	Water supply and waste management	455	13	1 356	107	2 531	376	242	214	28	51	32	35	52	42
6	Construction	130	50	694	251	422	17 529	343	659	104	538	353	6 573	1 547	42
7	Wholesale and retail trade	181	41	2 120	100	249	661	3 572	1 288	71	536	409	111	583	1 749
8	Transportation and storage	233	229	1 263	28	166	228	1 849	2 771	73	446	514	200	503	1 663
9	Accommodation and food serving	12	17	695	42	54	40	851	616	229	246	425	50	398	792
10	Information and communication	92	59	2 827	222	147	445	3 915	714	196	6 544	2 951	302	2 326	972
11	Financial institutions	571	210	2 624	344	223	1 000	2 705	772	415	1 156	11 778	12 119	1 705	1 355
12	Renting, buying, selling real estate	84	37	1 258	60	112	1 004	4 377	906	611	564	499	2 457	552	391
13	Other specialised business services	881	99	5 193	1 205	234	2 181	4 804	1 471	429	2 340	1 449	440	11 405	1 082
14	Renting and other business support	376	209	8 373	540	749	2 114	4 212	3 349	696	3 578	2 405	479	2 427	3 233
15	Public administration and services	59	22	426	60	81	146	446	259	100	181	641	55	431	181
16	Education	19	12	652	37	32	37	440	78	26	150	25	10	345	163
17	Health and social work activities	1	5	240	17	16	61	210	92	7	73	171	8	162	43
18	Culture, sports and recreation	3	–	139	7	8	27	196	47	138	1 343	34	3	276	240
19	Other service activities	60	6	359	21	24	214	218	24	165	97	87	39	194	102
20	Activities of households as employers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
21	Services n.e.c.	3	11	216	25	3	104	444	43	45	58	25	134	73	32
22	Total of rows 1–21	14 586	3 103	100 095	20 206	6 504	36 695	37 129	18 473	5 989	20 038	22 841	23 872	25 281	13 959
23	Imports of goods (cif)	1 770	2 198	106 565	4 847	765	7 470	4 296	1 893	1 675	1 058	162	282	833	677
24	Imports of services	455	336	9 120	939	253	1 660	10 331	7 692	340	4 576	12 813	429	5 473	2 837
25	Import duties	17	–	495	6	7	40	16	17	21	6	–	–	2	7
26	Other taxes on imports	12	–	229	3	3	13	19	256	152	9	– 3	– 1	11	6
27	Import subsidies (–)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
28	Non-deductible VAT	–	–	–	–	325	–	–	108	–	111	1 951	1 283	–	–
29	Taxes on domestic products	382	30	1 162	37	192	130	656	988	232	105	155	64	202	434
30	Subsidies on domestic products (–)	– 29	– 5	– 360	– 7	– 4	– 10	– 58	– 14	– 6	– 70	– 12	– 5	– 137	– 11
31	Trade and transport margins	1 357	128	17 362	333	280	4 246	1 702	777	758	603	164	257	524	613
32	Total of rows 22–31	18 550	5 790	234 668	26 364	8 325	50 244	54 091	30 190	9 161	26 436	38 071	26 183	32 189	18 522
33	Other taxes on production	552	29	811	46	208	145	632	345	235	38	314	2 287	113	469
34	Other subsidies on production (–)	– 964	– 3	– 291	– 840	– 19	– 185	– 375	– 158	– 50	– 56	– 87	– 6	– 1 027	– 298
35	Wages and salaries	2 221	575	30 250	1 496	1 637	14 089	32 925	12 760	4 294	10 986	14 214	2 564	19 644	16 482
36	Employers' social contributions	713	172	8 386	431	504	4 006	7 682	3 167	925	3 057	5 000	766	5 244	4 256
37	Operating surplus (gross)	6 141	18 935	30 470	9 971	2 265	10 672	27 825	6 928	4 066	11 326	23 093	29 364	6 797	8 205
38	Value added at basic prices (33–37)	8 663	19 708	69 626	11 104	4 595	28 727	68 689	23 042	9 470	25 351	42 534	34 975	30 771	29 114
39	Total	27 213	25 498	304 294	37 468	12 920	78 971	122 780	53 232	18 631	51 787	80 605	61 158	62 960	47 636

Public administration and services	Education	Health and social work activities	Culture, sports and recreation	Other service activities	Activities of households as employers	Services n.e.c.	Total columns 1–21	Exports of goods (fob)	Exports of services	Final consumption expenditure of households	Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households	Social benefits in kind by the government	Government consumption of other non-market output	Fixed capital formation (gross)	Changes in inventories (incl. acquisitions less disposals of valuables)	Trade and transport margins	Paid minus imputed VAT	Total
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
186	5	81	26	10	–	85	14 652	10 407	60	1 137	–	–	93	318	74	472	–	27 213
25	1	1	–	–	–	–	10 084	14 180	750	–	–	–	–	450	10	20	–	25 498
1 712	374	1 517	557	337	–	365	95 672	160 657	7 690	18 470	–	1 433	2 406	9 276	1 244	7 446	–	304 294
872	435	872	383	250	–	–	26 323	830	1 018	8 461	–	27	–	809	–	–	–	37 468
3 702	50	262	52	19	–	–	9 619	506	89	1 174	–	–	1 264	84	80	104	–	12 920
4 177	552	588	243	85	–	–	34 880	180	1 852	542	–	745	–	40 361	–	411	–	78 971
254	95	123	93	74	–	5	12 315	3 787	7 990	9 268	–	–	3	–1 985	26	91 376	–	122 780
776	162	562	62	92	–	3	11 823	6	21 657	5 652	–	699	1 789	594	–	11 012	–	53 232
552	103	512	139	119	–	–	5 892	–	1 896	10 541	–	48	–	27	–	227	–	18 631
1 626	719	870	917	214	–	45	26 103	1 184	6 830	11 785	804	136	420	3 791	–29	763	–	51 787
3 085	204	681	258	471	–	–	41 676	–	17 557	20 308	–	85	1	978	–	–	–	80 605
329	72	808	130	277	–	–	14 528	–	1 129	41 430	–	2 409	–	1 662	–	–	–	61 158
1 974	472	538	496	489	–	8	37 190	24	14 134	3 225	12	345	1 749	6 132	–	149	–	62 960
1 314	1 091	1 626	730	333	–	–	37 834	–	2 023	6 682	–	–	414	351	–	332	–	47 636
1 244	1 617	219	62	28	–	–	6 258	29	753	2 915	–	159	56 539	2 198	–	–	–	68 851
362	96	75	118	11	–	2	2 690	2	1 334	1 918	62	194	28 992	28	–	–	–	35 220
293	170	1 920	10	2	–	–	3 501	–	281	7 525	90	56 440	4 562	47	–	208	–	72 654
70	54	65	877	27	–	–	3 554	4	1 247	4 385	1 317	12	768	172	–14	–	–	11 445
161	49	609	75	310	–	–	2 814	70	257	3 651	3 110	23	499	140	–	30	–	10 592
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	52	2 342	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 394
–	2	47	7	48	–	–	1 320	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 320
22 714	6 323	11 976	5 235	3 196	–	513	398 728	191 866	88 599	161 415	5 395	62 755	99 499	65 433	1 389	112 550	–	1 187 629
1 667	471	3 142	285	271	–	224	140 551	173 428	1 443	23 859	–	2 057	–	17 499	809	–	–	359 646
1 616	185	310	449	236	–	–	60 050	–	11 944	12 861	–	5	–	4 477	–	408	–	89 745
11	2	15	2	–	–	2	668	1 125	14	245	–	–	–	47	23	–	–	2 122
10	2	8	25	2	–	25	781	99	132	2 147	–	–	–	1 288	–	–	–	4 447
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
3 116	708	1 812	237	231	–	25	9 907	–	1 287	21 258	–	645	–	9 536	–	–1 023	–	41 610
283	114	171	164	80	–	21	5 602	–	614	8 608	–	5	–	1 945	–	–	–	16 774
–89	–38	–9	–52	–1	–	–	–917	–32	–333	–1 591	–66	–225	–192	–22	–	–	–	–3 378
586	295	1 947	221	221	–	510	32 884	30 438	2 561	36 980	–	3 601	7	6 487	–	–112 958	–	–
29 914	8 062	19 372	6 566	4 236	–	1 320	648 254	396 924	106 261	265 782	5 329	68 843	99 314	106 690	2 221	–1 023	–	1 698 595
324	200	244	60	33	–	–	7 085	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7 085
–231	–12	–1 451	–49	–22	–	–	–6 124	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–6 124
19 708	16 841	32 009	2 630	3 432	42	–	238 799	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	238 799
7 568	5 980	8 239	768	939	7	–	67 810	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	67 810
11 568	4 149	14 241	1 470	1 974	2 345	–	231 805	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–1 023	–	232 828
38 937	27 158	53 282	4 879	6 356	2 394	–	539 375	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–1 023	–	540 398
68 851	35 220	72 654	11 445	10 592	2 394	1 320	1 187 629	396 924	106 261	265 782	5 329	68 843	99 314	106 690	2 221	–	–	2 238 993

### 3. Final expenditure

**TABLE B 1**  
Final consumption expenditure by type of goods and services

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, domestic</b>	249 491	254 263	263 960	270 069	262 900	268 405	272 685
Goods	114 588	120 004	124 592	129 595	124 796	126 744	127 092
Food, beverages and tobacco	33 611	35 129	36 582	38 742	39 231	39 934	40 629
Food	21 116	22 149	23 005	24 353	24 438	24 932	25 450
Potatoes, vegetables and fruits	3 866	4 242	4 440	4 654	4 584	4 892	4 874
Meat and meat products	5 250	5 423	5 491	5 625	5 693	5 664	5 766
Fish	892	980	1 012	1 033	1 097	1 127	1 211
Dairy products	3 645	3 735	3 862	4 327	4 268	4 290	4 385
Bread, rusks and bread products	2 459	2 515	2 714	2 955	3 010	3 104	3 160
Other food products	5 004	5 254	5 486	5 759	5 786	5 855	6 054
Confectionery, tobacco and beverages	12 495	12 980	13 577	14 389	14 793	15 002	15 179
Ice-cream	241	247	243	269	278	274	277
Sweets	3 212	3 297	3 526	3 785	3 811	3 863	3 860
Beverages	4 906	5 121	5 211	5 588	5 783	5 835	6 062
Tobacco	4 136	4 315	4 597	4 747	4 921	5 030	4 980
Durable consumer goods	46 923	49 554	52 074	52 693	48 859	49 425	49 175
Textiles and clothing	10 500	11 123	11 723	11 792	11 688	11 968	11 945
Leather goods and footwear	2 509	2 637	2 636	2 613	2 558	2 551	2 661
Home furnishing	7 121	7 611	7 781	7 729	7 282	7 101	6 926
Household appliances	5 620	6 090	6 694	6 755	6 173	6 097	5 969
Household articles	2 470	2 488	2 552	2 645	2 504	2 533	2 543
vehicles	9 554	10 022	10 416	10 482	9 287	10 037	9 936
Other durable consumer goods	9 149	9 583	10 272	10 677	9 367	9 138	9 195
Other goods	34 054	35 321	35 936	38 160	36 706	37 385	37 288
Motor fuel	9 258	9 908	10 246	11 025	9 874	10 522	11 414
Energy	9 895	10 998	10 901	12 209	12 498	12 453	11 646
Other goods	14 901	14 415	14 789	14 926	14 334	14 410	14 228
Services	134 903	134 259	139 368	140 474	138 104	141 661	145 593
Housing	41 140	42 194	43 405	44 663	46 319	47 960	49 360
Hotels and restaurants services	12 540	13 124	13 838	13 881	13 241	13 200	13 758
Recreational and cultural services	8 352	8 805	9 250	9 516	9 636	9 898	10 052
Transport and communication services	18 995	19 727	20 342	20 383	19 397	19 620	20 281
Medical services and welfare	13 461	7 416	6 942	7 314	7 429	7 791	8 242
Financial and business services	25 852	27 920	29 853	28 054	24 773	25 478	25 887
Other services	14 563	15 073	15 738	16 663	17 309	17 714	18 013
Final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands (-)	9 313	9 994	10 739	11 230	11 015	12 223	13 127
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	10 165	10 606	10 878	11 578	11 652	11 628	11 553
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, national</b>	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
<b>Individual final consumption of general government</b>	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957
Goods	4 184	5 823	6 389	6 235	7 095	7 340	7 647
Durable consumer goods	980	1 213	1 314	1 331	1 501	1 561	1 625
Home furnishing	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Household appliances	24	28	28	32	32	36	36
Other durable consumer goods	955	1 184	1 285	1 298	1 468	1 524	1 588
Other goods	3 204	4 610	5 075	4 904	5 594	5 779	6 022
Energy	18	20	20	25	27	27	29
Other goods	3 186	4 590	5 055	4 879	5 567	5 752	5 993
Services	64 483	74 019	79 147	84 312	90 220	93 052	95 310
Housing	2 554	2 868	3 049	3 118	3 137	3 289	3 396
Hotels and restaurants services	25	22	31	41	48	48	49
Recreational and cultural services	1 867	1 928	1 950	2 034	2 080	2 139	2 184
Transport and communication services	592	574	541	564	601	570	570
Medical services and welfare	36 897	45 332	48 783	52 488	56 679	58 764	60 796
Financial and business services	340	345	355	382	402	417	417
Other services	22 208	22 950	24 438	25 685	27 273	27 825	27 898
<b>Actual individual final consumption</b>	319 010	334 717	349 635	360 964	360 852	368 202	374 068
<b>Collective final consumption of general government</b>	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
<b>Final consumption expenditure</b>	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268

**TABLE B 2**  
**Final consumption expenditure by type of goods and services: volume changes**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	%						
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, domestic</b>	1.1	-0.2	2.0	1.1	-2.3	0.9	-0.6
Goods	0.4	2.9	2.6	1.3	-3.7	1.4	-2.1
Food, beverages and tobacco	-0.1	2.5	2.5	0.0	-1.6	1.0	-0.7
Food	0.4	2.7	2.0	-0.4	-0.9	1.8	0.1
Potatoes, vegetables and fruits	0.8	1.6	2.6	0.1	-1.5	1.3	-1.8
Meat and meat products	-0.4	1.7	1.3	-1.3	-1.3	0.8	-0.3
Fish	1.4	6.6	1.3	-2.8	5.1	1.7	3.6
Dairy products	-1.7	2.7	0.2	-2.3	-1.1	1.7	0.6
Bread, rusks and bread products	1.2	1.7	4.0	0.6	0.4	2.9	-1.9
Other food products	2.1	4.3	2.8	1.4	-1.8	2.5	2.1
Confectionery, tobacco and beverages	-1.1	2.3	3.4	0.6	-2.7	-0.4	-2.2
Ice-cream	-1.6	6.2	0.8	10.7	11.5	0.4	1.5
Sweets	0.7	3.5	7.0	1.1	-2.7	1.2	-0.8
Beverages	-1.4	1.9	0.4	2.2	0.9	0.8	0.1
Tobacco	-2.2	1.7	4.3	-2.1	-7.7	-3.0	-6.0
Durable consumer goods	1.2	6.2	5.2	1.7	-6.4	1.4	-0.8
Textiles and clothing	1.9	6.0	4.8	1.2	0.0	1.9	-1.2
Leather goods and footwear	2.1	4.1	-0.5	0.0	-2.5	-1.1	2.7
Home furnishing	-0.5	6.4	0.9	-3.4	-7.1	-2.6	-3.9
Household appliances	7.8	14.4	17.7	7.0	-2.6	2.0	1.0
Household articles	-2.8	0.4	-0.4	1.4	-6.8	1.3	-1.6
vehicles	-1.2	4.0	3.2	1.5	-10.8	8.9	0.0
Other durable consumer goods	1.0	5.4	6.1	3.4	-11.7	-3.4	-0.5
Other goods	-0.2	-1.4	-0.9	2.0	-2.2	1.8	-5.2
Motor fuel	-0.3	2.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	-5.1	-2.2
Energy	-1.7	-0.3	-4.7	7.1	-0.4	9.1	-10.8
Other goods	0.7	-4.3	1.1	-0.6	-5.5	0.3	-2.5
Services	1.7	-2.7	1.4	0.9	-1.0	0.4	0.7
Housing	1.5	0.4	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.1
Hotels and restaurants services	0.2	2.5	1.9	-3.6	-7.7	-2.8	1.6
Recreational and cultural services	0.8	4.7	3.7	0.5	-0.3	0.2	-1.1
Transport and communication services	4.0	4.1	3.6	0.7	-4.4	0.6	1.7
Medical services and welfare	2.9	-46.7	-8.4	3.1	0.8	2.2	4.7
Financial and business services	3.4	3.2	2.3	1.7	0.3	0.0	-0.7
Other services	-2.3	0.8	1.6	1.8	-0.2	-0.1	-0.8
Final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands (-)	-0.2	5.3	5.6	1.1	-2.6	9.1	4.5
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	-2.8	0.2	0.3	7.0	2.5	-3.7	-5.0
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, national</b>	1.0	-0.3	1.8	1.3	-2.1	0.3	-1.0
<b>Individual final consumption of general government</b>	1.8	14.2	3.9	3.0	4.9	2.0	2.3
Goods	5.7	36.4	8.4	-1.0	17.1	3.0	4.0
Durable consumer goods	0.1	21.3	4.9	0.2	11.7	1.3	2.7
Home furnishing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Household appliances	0.0	16.7	0.0	14.3	0.0	12.5	0.0
Other durable consumer goods	0.1	21.6	5.1	-0.2	12.0	1.0	2.8
Other goods	7.5	41.0	9.3	-1.3	18.6	3.5	4.4
Energy	-17.6	0.0	-5.0	5.0	16.0	11.1	-3.7
Other goods	7.6	41.2	9.4	-1.3	18.6	3.4	4.5
Services	1.5	12.7	3.6	3.3	4.0	1.9	2.2
Housing	-1.1	9.6	3.7	0.7	-1.8	3.3	1.7
Hotels and restaurants services	-13.8	-12.0	36.4	25.8	12.2	0.0	2.1
Recreational and cultural services	2.9	1.1	-1.1	0.3	-0.9	0.5	0.4
Transport and communication services	-1.4	-4.9	-3.8	2.2	2.8	-6.8	-2.6
Medical services and welfare	2.4	21.2	5.2	5.0	6.2	2.5	3.3
Financial and business services	0.9	-0.6	-0.3	3.4	1.3	1.2	-2.2
Other services	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.2
<b>Actual individual final consumption</b>	1.2	2.8	2.3	1.7	-0.3	0.8	-0.1
<b>Collective final consumption of general government</b>	-1.2	3.5	2.9	2.5	5.1	-1.1	-3.2
<b>Final consumption expenditure</b>	0.8	2.9	2.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	-0.6

**TABLE B 3**  
**Final consumption expenditure by type of goods and services: deflators**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, domestic</b>	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.2	-0.4	1.2	2.2
Goods	1.3	1.8	1.2	2.7	0.0	0.2	2.4
Food, beverages and tobacco	-0.4	1.9	1.6	5.9	2.9	0.8	2.5
Food	-1.0	2.1	1.8	6.3	1.3	0.2	2.0
Potatoes, vegetables and fruits	-2.0	8.0	2.0	4.7	0.0	5.3	1.5
Meat and meat products	1.1	1.6	0.0	3.8	2.6	-1.3	2.1
Fish	0.6	3.0	1.9	5.0	1.0	1.0	3.7
Dairy products	-2.5	-0.2	3.2	14.7	-0.3	-1.2	1.6
Bread, rusks and bread products	0.4	0.6	3.7	8.2	1.4	0.2	3.7
Other food products	-2.1	0.7	1.6	3.5	2.3	-1.3	1.3
Confectionery, tobacco and beverages	0.6	1.6	1.2	5.3	5.6	1.8	3.4
Ice-cream	-2.0	-3.5	-2.4	0.0	-7.3	-1.8	-0.4
Sweets	-1.7	-0.8	-0.1	6.1	3.5	0.1	0.8
Beverages	-1.4	2.5	1.3	4.9	2.5	0.1	3.8
Tobacco	5.2	2.6	2.1	5.5	12.3	5.3	5.3
Durable consumer goods	-1.0	-0.5	-0.1	-0.5	-1.0	-0.2	0.3
Textiles and clothing	-1.7	-0.1	0.6	-0.6	-0.9	0.5	1.1
Leather goods and footwear	-1.3	0.9	0.5	-0.9	0.4	0.8	1.5
Home furnishing	0.7	0.5	1.3	2.9	1.4	0.1	1.5
Household appliances	-5.9	-5.3	-6.6	-5.7	-6.2	-3.2	-3.1
Household articles	-0.3	0.3	3.0	2.2	1.6	-0.1	2.0
vehicles	1.2	0.9	0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.7	-1.0
Other durable consumer goods	-0.5	-0.6	1.0	0.6	-0.6	1.0	1.1
Other goods	6.4	5.1	2.7	4.1	-1.7	0.0	5.2
Motor fuel	9.8	4.7	3.0	7.1	-10.7	12.3	10.9
Energy	14.4	11.5	4.1	4.6	2.7	-8.7	4.9
Other goods	-0.2	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.3	1.3
Services	2.8	2.3	2.4	-0.1	-0.7	2.1	2.0
Housing	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.0	1.8
Hotels and restaurants services	1.8	2.1	3.4	4.1	3.4	2.5	2.6
Recreational and cultural services	1.1	0.7	1.3	2.3	1.6	2.5	2.6
Transport and communication services	0.1	-0.3	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	0.5	1.7
Medical services and welfare	1.2	3.3	2.1	2.2	0.8	2.6	1.0
Financial and business services	8.0	4.7	4.5	-7.6	-11.9	2.9	2.3
Other services	2.5	2.6	2.8	4.0	4.0	2.5	2.5
Final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands (-)	1.2	1.9	1.8	3.4	0.7	1.7	2.8
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	1.3	4.2	2.3	-0.5	-1.8	3.7	4.6
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPI households, national</b>	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.1	-0.5	1.3	2.3
<b>Individual final consumption of general government</b>	1.6	1.8	3.1	2.8	2.5	1.2	0.2
Goods	-2.4	2.0	1.2	-1.4	-2.8	0.4	0.1
Durable consumer goods	0.6	2.0	3.3	1.1	0.9	2.7	1.4
Home furnishing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Household appliances	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other durable consumer goods	0.6	2.0	3.3	1.2	1.0	2.8	1.4
Other goods	-3.3	2.0	0.7	-2.1	-3.8	-0.2	-0.2
Energy	28.6	11.1	5.3	19.0	-6.9	-10.0	11.5
Other goods	-3.5	2.0	0.7	-2.2	-3.8	-0.1	-0.2
Services	1.9	1.8	3.2	3.1	2.9	1.2	0.2
Housing	2.7	2.4	2.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.5
Hotels and restaurants services	0.0	0.0	3.3	5.1	4.3	0.0	0.0
Recreational and cultural services	2.3	2.1	2.3	4.0	3.2	2.3	1.7
Transport and communication services	2.2	2.0	-2.0	2.0	3.6	1.8	2.7
Medical services and welfare	1.1	1.3	2.3	2.5	1.6	1.1	0.1
Financial and business services	0.9	2.1	3.2	4.1	3.9	2.5	2.2
Other services	3.1	2.7	5.4	4.7	5.7	1.3	0.1
<b>Actual individual final consumption</b>	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.5	0.3	1.3	1.7
<b>Collective final consumption of general government</b>	2.1	1.3	1.9	4.2	2.1	0.9	1.0
<b>Final consumption expenditure</b>	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	0.6	1.2	1.6

**TABLE B 4**  
**Final consumption expenditure by object**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPISH</b>	250 343	254 875	264 099	270 417	263 537	267 810	271 111
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	25 985	27 227	28 308	30 068	30 292	30 833	31 548
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotica	6 992	7 212	7 530	7 865	8 130	8 297	8 264
Clothing and footwear	12 819	13 599	14 220	14 302	14 198	14 455	14 522
Housing, water and energy	53 893	56 242	57 481	59 965	61 558	63 010	63 608
Home furnishing and housekeeping	15 513	16 273	16 805	16 987	16 224	16 177	16 104
Health	12 733	5 742	6 178	7 297	7 079	7 236	7 275
Transport	28 289	30 014	31 218	32 844	30 626	32 179	33 290
Communication	11 366	11 634	11 748	11 375	10 888	10 809	10 967
Recreation and culture	26 653	27 973	29 649	30 091	28 690	28 907	28 911
Education	1 316	1 350	1 420	1 490	1 548	1 639	1 723
Restaurants and hotels	12 540	13 124	13 838	13 881	13 241	13 200	13 758
Social protection	3 810	3 761	3 058	2 764	2 715	2 946	3 245
Other	37 582	40 112	42 507	41 140	37 711	38 717	39 470
Non-resident in the Netherlands (-)	9 313	9 994	10 739	11 230	11 015	12 223	13 127
Resident in the rest of the world	10 165	10 606	10 878	11 578	11 652	11 628	11 553
<b>Individual final consumption of general government</b>	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957
Housing	1 686	2 026	2 148	2 159	2 135	2 213	2 311
Health	20 802	29 817	31 439	33 606	36 524	38 274	40 020
Recreation en culture	1 843	1 902	1 924	2 000	2 049	2 101	2 146
Education	22 515	23 261	24 733	26 015	27 965	28 482	28 557
Social protection	21 821	22 836	25 292	26 767	28 642	29 322	29 923
<b>Actual individual final consumption</b>	319 010	334 717	349 635	360 964	360 852	368 202	374 068
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	25 985	27 227	28 308	30 068	30 292	30 833	31 548
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotica	6 992	7 212	7 530	7 865	8 130	8 297	8 264
Clothing and footwear	12 819	13 599	14 220	14 302	14 198	14 455	14 522
Housing, water and energy	55 579	58 268	59 629	62 124	63 693	65 223	65 919
Home furnishing and housekeeping	15 513	16 273	16 805	16 987	16 224	16 177	16 104
Health	33 535	35 559	37 617	40 903	43 603	45 510	47 295
Transport	28 289	30 014	31 218	32 844	30 626	32 179	33 290
Communication	11 366	11 634	11 748	11 375	10 888	10 809	10 967
Recreation and culture	28 496	29 875	31 573	32 091	30 739	31 008	31 057
Education	23 831	24 611	26 153	27 505	29 513	30 121	30 280
Restaurants and hotels	12 540	13 124	13 838	13 881	13 241	13 200	13 758
Social protection	25 631	26 597	28 350	29 531	31 357	32 268	33 168
Other	37 582	40 112	42 507	41 140	37 711	38 717	39 470
Non-resident in the Netherlands (-)	9 313	9 994	10 739	11 230	11 015	12 223	13 127
Resident in the rest of the world	10 165	10 606	10 878	11 578	11 652	11 628	11 553
<b>Collective final consumption of general government</b>	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
<b>Final consumption expenditure</b>	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
	<i>% volume changes</i>						
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households incl. NPISH</b>	1.0	-0.3	1.8	1.3	-2.1	0.3	-1.0
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	0.3	2.7	2.5	0.1	-0.7	1.6	-0.1
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotica	-2.1	1.7	2.4	-0.3	-4.8	-1.5	-3.7
Clothing and footwear	2.0	5.9	3.9	1.2	-0.1	1.2	-0.7
Housing, water and energy	0.7	0.6	-0.3	1.9	0.4	2.8	-1.4
Home furnishing and housekeeping	-0.4	4.4	2.1	-1.0	-6.2	-0.9	-2.1
Health	4.3	-56.4	5.7	16.6	-2.9	2.2	0.2
Transport	-0.4	3.3	2.1	1.3	-3.8	1.0	-0.7
Communication	5.3	5.2	3.0	0.5	-2.1	-1.2	0.4
Recreation and culture	2.0	5.7	6.4	1.4	-4.9	0.1	-0.6
Education	-13.5	-0.2	3.1	3.4	1.9	4.8	2.7
Restaurants and hotels	0.2	2.5	1.9	-3.6	-7.7	-2.8	1.6
Social protection	0.3	-3.9	-20.6	-12.0	-3.1	0.6	9.5
Other	2.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	-1.0	0.4	-0.5
Non-resident in the Netherlands	-0.2	5.3	5.6	1.1	-2.6	9.1	4.5
Resident in the rest of the world	-2.8	0.2	0.3	7.0	2.5	-3.7	-5.0
<b>Individual final consumption of general government</b>	1.8	14.2	3.9	3.0	4.9	2.0	2.3
Housing	-0.3	17.3	3.9	-1.1	-3.5	1.3	2.7
Health	3.6	40.9	3.1	5.5	7.9	3.8	4.6
Recreation en culture	2.9	1.0	-1.2	0.0	-0.7	0.2	0.4
Education	0.3	0.6	1.0	0.5	1.8	0.5	0.1
Social protection	1.6	3.6	8.5	2.8	5.2	1.2	1.6
<b>Actual individual final consumption</b>	1.2	2.8	2.3	1.7	-0.3	0.8	-0.1
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	0.3	2.7	2.5	0.1	-0.7	1.6	-0.1
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotica	-2.1	1.7	2.4	-0.3	-4.8	-1.5	-3.7
Clothing and footwear	2.0	5.9	3.9	1.2	-0.1	1.2	-0.7
Housing, water and energy	0.7	1.1	-0.2	1.8	0.2	2.7	-1.3
Home furnishing and housekeeping	-0.4	4.4	2.1	-1.0	-6.2	-0.9	-2.1
Health	3.8	3.9	3.5	7.4	6.0	3.5	3.9
Transport	-0.4	3.3	2.1	1.3	-3.8	1.0	-0.7
Communication	5.3	5.2	3.0	0.5	-2.1	-1.2	0.4
Recreation and culture	2.1	5.4	5.9	1.3	-4.7	0.1	-0.5
Education	-0.6	0.5	1.1	0.7	1.8	0.8	0.3
Restaurants and hotels	0.2	2.5	1.9	-3.6	-7.7	-2.8	1.6
Social protection	1.4	2.5	4.4	1.2	4.4	1.1	2.3
Other	2.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	-1.0	0.4	-0.5
Non-resident in the Netherlands	-0.2	5.3	5.6	1.1	-2.6	9.1	4.5
Resident in the rest of the world	-2.8	0.2	0.3	7.0	2.5	-3.7	-5.0
<b>Collective final consumption of general government</b>	-1.2	3.5	2.9	2.5	5.1	-1.1	-3.2
<b>Final consumption expenditure</b>	0.8	2.9	2.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	-0.6

**TABLE B 5**  
**Fixed capital formation (gross) by type of capital good**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
Dwellings	31 145	34 233	36 637	37 539	32 851	28 662	29 197
Non-residential buildings	14 683	15 448	17 877	19 641	19 007	16 785	17 150
Civil engineering works	10 829	11 420	11 853	13 138	13 153	13 807	14 335
Transport equipment	10 116	11 388	11 828	12 670	9 718	9 729	10 991
passenger cars	6 899	7 412	8 158	7 675	5 415	6 061	7 159
other vehicles	1 898	2 179	2 322	2 887	1 845	1 571	2 039
trains and trams	432	392	307	420	576	468	350
ships	497	849	1 001	1 335	994	1 116	1 049
aircraft	390	556	40	353	888	513	394
Machinery and equipment	12 614	14 328	15 751	17 170	15 387	14 491	15 834
Computers	4 334	4 545	4 896	4 557	4 131	3 996	3 903
Other tangible fixed assets	5 656	5 985	6 904	7 463	6 163	5 842	6 208
Software	7 004	7 710	8 343	9 120	8 240	8 093	8 332
Other intangible fixed assets	948	1 623	478	1 265	711	1 381	1 893
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	340	312	425	363	371	347	310
Transfer costs of ground	1 501	1 576	1 720	1 265	1 391	1 447	1 143
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>99 170</b>	<b>108 568</b>	<b>116 712</b>	<b>124 191</b>	<b>111 123</b>	<b>104 580</b>	<b>109 296</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (-)	2 154	2 195	2 372	2 342	2 349	2 549	2 606
exports	805	871	955	801	685	777	833
final consumption expenditure	1 349	1 324	1 417	1 541	1 664	1 772	1 773
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>97 016</b>	<b>106 373</b>	<b>114 340</b>	<b>121 849</b>	<b>108 774</b>	<b>102 031</b>	<b>106 690</b>
<i>% volume changes</i>							
Dwellings	5.0	5.8	4.7	-0.2	-14.8	-13.2	6.5
Non-residential buildings	-1.8	2.1	13.2	6.0	-6.8	-13.6	2.2
Civil engineering works	8.2	2.7	0.3	6.0	0.3	1.5	0.8
Transport equipment	-1.8	11.3	2.5	7.8	-23.5	0.8	13.6
passenger cars	1.1	6.0	9.1	-3.5	-29.2	14.3	19.8
other vehicles	-7.3	14.6	4.0	21.4	-36.0	-15.3	27.9
trains and trams	-12.2	-9.5	-21.9	32.6	31.9	-19.1	-24.8
ships	0.2	67.4	15.4	31.3	-25.2	10.7	-8.4
aircraft	-11.8	40.5	-93.0	742.5	144.5	-45.9	-19.1
Machinery and equipment	3.9	12.8	8.6	6.7	-11.1	-7.0	8.8
Computers	13.2	16.4	14.8	4.0	-3.2	1.7	2.4
Other tangible fixed assets	2.7	4.4	13.3	5.5	-19.3	-6.2	4.3
Software	6.7	7.5	4.1	7.0	-9.4	-3.0	3.9
Other intangible fixed assets	1.4	68.5	-71.0	154.6	-44.7	92.1	34.5
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	-10.0	-11.2	31.7	-14.1	1.4	-7.0	-9.2
Transfer costs of ground	20.4	1.9	7.0	-28.5	10.9	2.4	-10.3
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>-11.7</b>	<b>-6.8</b>	<b>5.6</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets	12.0	0.7	7.7	-3.0	2.2	8.1	1.6
exports	27.2	4.7	7.3	-19.2	-9.5	12.4	4.4
final consumption expenditure	4.9	-1.7	7.9	8.0	8.3	6.4	0.4
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>-12.0</b>	<b>-7.2</b>	<b>5.7</b>
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
Dwellings	2.7	3.9	2.2	2.6	2.7	0.5	-4.4
Non-residential buildings	2.1	3.1	2.3	3.6	3.8	2.2	0.0
Civil engineering works	1.0	2.7	3.5	4.6	-0.2	3.4	3.0
Transport equipment	1.6	1.1	1.3	-0.6	0.2	-0.7	-0.6
passenger cars	1.5	1.3	0.9	-2.5	-0.3	-2.1	-1.4
other vehicles	1.2	0.1	2.4	2.4	-0.2	0.6	1.5
trains and trams	1.4	0.3	0.3	3.2	4.0	0.4	-0.6
ships	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.6	-0.5	1.5	2.6
aircraft	4.3	1.5	2.6	4.7	2.9	6.9	-5.1
Machinery and equipment	0.9	0.7	1.3	2.2	0.8	1.3	0.5
Computers	-10.8	-9.9	-6.2	-10.5	-6.3	-4.9	-4.6
Other tangible fixed assets	0.9	1.4	1.8	2.5	2.3	1.1	1.9
Software	1.9	2.4	3.9	2.1	-0.3	1.2	-0.9
Other intangible fixed assets	1.0	1.6	1.7	3.9	1.7	1.1	1.9
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	2.4	3.3	3.4	-0.5	0.8	0.6	-1.6
Transfer costs of ground	0.8	3.1	2.0	2.9	-0.9	1.5	-11.9
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>-1.1</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets	0.7	1.2	0.3	1.7	-1.9	0.4	0.6
exports	3.6	3.3	2.1	3.8	-5.5	0.9	2.7
final consumption expenditure	-1.0	-0.2	-0.8	0.7	-0.3	0.1	-0.3
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>-1.1</b>



**TABLE B 6**  
**Fixed capital formation of corporations and households incl. NPISH (gross) by type of capital good (on an owner basis)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
Dwellings	31 073	34 120	36 455	37 393	32 726	28 554	29 112
Non-residential buildings	10 694	11 028	13 025	14 497	13 730	11 869	12 413
Civil engineering works	2 251	2 809	2 892	3 125	2 626	2 830	4 113
Transport equipment	9 747	11 097	11 486	12 390	9 403	9 477	10 693
passenger cars	6 705	7 201	7 979	7 499	5 245	5 916	6 989
other vehicles	1 821	2 136	2 265	2 826	1 780	1 497	1 941
trains and trams	432	392	307	420	576	468	350
ships	431	813	896	1 293	976	1 103	1 033
aircraft	358	555	39	352	826	493	380
Machinery and equipment	11 718	13 238	14 778	16 187	14 347	13 545	14 893
Computers	3 066	3 127	3 530	3 069	2 604	2 458	2 419
Other tangible fixed assets	4 459	4 830	5 452	5 777	4 363	4 446	4 786
Software	6 198	6 679	7 301	8 129	7 245	7 079	7 278
Other intangible fixed assets	948	1 623	478	1 265	711	1 381	1 893
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	340	312	425	363	371	347	310
Transfer costs of ground	1 175	1 267	1 369	883	921	1 097	854
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>81 669</b>	<b>90 130</b>	<b>97 191</b>	<b>103 078</b>	<b>89 047</b>	<b>83 083</b>	<b>88 764</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net) (-)	1 537	1 594	1 837	1 764	1 813	2 389	2 312
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of corporations and households incl. NPISH</b>	<b>80 132</b>	<b>88 536</b>	<b>95 354</b>	<b>101 314</b>	<b>87 234</b>	<b>80 694</b>	<b>86 452</b>
<i>% volume changes</i>							
Dwellings	5.0	5.7	4.6	0.0	-14.8	-13.2	6.6
Non-residential buildings	-3.6	0.1	15.5	7.4	-8.7	-15.3	4.7
Civil engineering works	26.1	21.9	-0.2	3.3	-15.7	5.1	40.6
Transport equipment	-2.4	12.6	2.2	8.5	-24.3	1.5	13.5
passenger cars	0.9	6.0	9.8	-3.6	-29.8	15.2	19.8
other vehicles	-8.4	17.1	3.5	21.9	-36.9	-16.2	27.7
trains and trams	-12.2	-9.5	-21.9	32.6	31.9	-19.1	-24.8
ships	0.7	84.7	7.7	41.9	-24.2	11.4	-8.8
aircraft	-17.2	52.8	-93.2	761.5	128.1	-44.3	-18.7
Machinery and equipment	4.2	12.1	10.2	7.1	-12.1	-6.8	9.4
Computers	14.1	13.2	20.3	-2.7	-9.4	-1.5	3.1
Other tangible fixed assets	1.8	6.9	10.8	3.3	-26.1	0.7	5.6
Software	7.3	5.3	5.2	9.1	-10.6	-3.4	3.8
Other intangible fixed assets	1.4	68.5	-71.0	154.6	-44.7	92.1	34.5
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	-10.0	-11.2	31.7	-14.1	1.4	-7.0	-9.2
Transfer costs of ground	23.2	4.9	5.9	-37.4	4.4	17.2	-12.0
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>-15.0</b>	<b>-7.4</b>	<b>8.5</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net)	30.5	3.1	15.4	-4.8	6.3	31.9	-3.8
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of corporations and households incl. NPISH</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>-15.3</b>	<b>-8.2</b>	<b>8.9</b>
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
Dwellings	2.7	3.9	2.2	2.6	2.7	0.5	-4.4
Non-residential buildings	1.3	3.1	2.2	3.6	3.8	2.1	-0.1
Civil engineering works	1.2	2.4	3.2	4.6	-0.3	2.5	3.3
Transport equipment	1.9	1.1	1.3	-0.6	0.2	-0.7	-0.6
passenger cars	2.0	1.3	0.9	-2.5	-0.3	-2.1	-1.4
other vehicles	1.2	0.1	2.4	2.4	-0.2	0.4	1.6
trains and trams	1.4	0.3	0.3	3.2	4.0	0.4	-0.6
ships	1.9	2.1	2.3	1.7	-0.4	1.5	2.7
aircraft	4.7	1.5	2.6	4.8	2.9	7.2	-5.2
Machinery and equipment	0.9	0.8	1.3	2.2	0.8	1.3	0.5
Computers	-10.2	-9.9	-6.1	-10.7	-6.3	-4.2	-4.6
Other tangible fixed assets	0.4	1.3	1.8	2.6	2.2	1.2	1.9
Software	1.7	2.3	3.9	2.0	-0.3	1.2	-1.0
Other intangible fixed assets	1.0	1.6	1.7	3.9	1.7	1.1	1.9
Cultivated assets (e.g. trees and livestock)	2.4	3.3	3.4	-0.5	0.8	0.6	-1.6
Transfer costs of ground	0.5	2.8	2.0	3.0	-0.1	1.7	-11.5
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-1.5</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net)	0.6	0.6	-0.1	0.9	-3.4	-0.1	0.6
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of corporations and households incl. NPISH</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-1.6</b>

**TABLE B 7**  
**Fixed capital formation of general government (gross) by type of capital good (on an owner basis)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
Dwellings	72	113	182	146	125	108	85
Non-residential buildings	3 989	4 420	4 852	5 144	5 277	4 916	4 737
Civil engineering works	8 578	8 611	8 961	10 013	10 527	10 977	10 222
Transport equipment	369	291	342	280	315	252	298
passenger cars	194	211	179	176	170	145	170
other vehicles	77	43	57	61	65	74	98
ships	66	36	105	42	18	13	16
aircraft	32	1	1	1	62	20	14
Machinery and equipment	896	1 090	973	983	1 040	946	941
Computers	1 268	1 418	1 366	1 488	1 527	1 538	1 484
Other tangible fixed assets	1 197	1 155	1 452	1 686	1 800	1 396	1 422
Software	806	1 031	1 042	991	995	1 014	1 054
Other intangible fixed assets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Transfer costs of ground	326	309	351	382	470	350	289
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>17 501</b>	<b>18 438</b>	<b>19 521</b>	<b>21 113</b>	<b>22 076</b>	<b>21 497</b>	<b>20 532</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net) (–)	617	601	535	578	536	160	294
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of general government</b>	<b>16 884</b>	<b>17 837</b>	<b>18 986</b>	<b>20 535</b>	<b>21 540</b>	<b>21 337</b>	<b>20 238</b>
<i>% volume changes</i>							
Dwellings	16.4	54.2	59.3	–23.1	–17.8	–12.8	–20.4
Non-residential buildings	3.7	7.4	7.3	2.2	–1.2	–8.9	–3.8
Civil engineering works	4.3	–2.4	0.4	6.8	5.3	0.6	–9.5
Transport equipment	15.3	–22.0	16.5	–17.0	12.1	–20.3	19.0
passenger cars	7.4	7.2	–15.6	1.1	–3.4	–13.5	18.6
other vehicles	31.0	–44.2	30.2	3.5	6.6	9.2	32.4
ships	–3.0	–45.5	188.9	–59.0	–54.8	–27.8	23.1
aircraft	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Machinery and equipment	0.9	21.0	–10.7	0.0	5.3	–9.3	–0.2
Computers	10.9	24.1	2.8	21.2	9.6	7.2	1.2
Other tangible fixed assets	5.9	–4.9	23.6	13.7	4.0	–22.9	0.1
Software	2.4	24.4	–2.7	–7.8	0.6	0.3	4.5
Other intangible fixed assets							
Transfer costs of ground	11.1	–8.9	11.3	6.0	25.9	–26.4	–4.9
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>–4.6</b>	<b>–5.4</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net)	–17.2	–5.2	–12.6	3.6	–10.4	–72.2	82.5
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of general government</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>–2.9</b>	<b>–6.0</b>
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
Dwellings	1.4	1.8	1.1	4.3	4.2	–0.9	–1.2
Non-residential buildings	4.3	3.2	2.3	3.7	3.8	2.3	0.2
Civil engineering works	0.9	2.8	3.6	4.6	–0.1	3.7	2.9
Transport equipment	–5.9	1.0	0.9	–1.4	0.3	0.4	–0.7
passenger cars	–11.4	1.4	0.6	–2.8	0.0	–1.4	–1.2
other vehicles	1.3	0.0	1.8	3.4	0.0	4.2	0.0
ships	1.5	0.0	1.0	–2.3	–5.3	0.0	0.0
aircraft	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0
Machinery and equipment	1.7	0.6	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.3	–0.3
Computers	–12.2	–9.9	–6.2	–10.1	–6.4	–6.0	–4.6
Other tangible fixed assets	2.8	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.7	0.6	1.8
Software	3.6	2.8	3.9	3.1	–0.2	1.6	–0.6
Other intangible fixed assets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Transfer costs of ground	1.9	4.0	2.0	2.7	–2.3	1.2	–13.2
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (net)	0.8	2.7	1.9	4.3	3.5	7.4	0.7
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross) of general government</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.0</b>

**TABLE B 8**  
**Fixed capital formation (gross) by industry and sector (on an owner basis)**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 262	3 446	4 201	4 519	4 168	3 945	4 273
Industry (no construction), energy	11 901	13 494	14 203	15 324	14 433	14 168	15 546
Mining and quarrying	1 375	2 032	1 585	2 074	1 976	2 039	2 302
Manufacturing	7 594	8 065	8 861	9 447	8 551	7 262	7 752
Manufacture of food and beverages	1 780	1 577	1 797	1 904	1 640	1 511	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	104	91	120	149	78	76	.
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	863	681	737	724	517	452	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	382	363	459	503	458	462	.
Manufacture of chemicals	1 195	1 551	1 173	1 565	1 363	1 021	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	219	260	206	239	255	202	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	457	499	618	613	486	404	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	703	907	1 196	1 099	1 147	713	.
Manufacture of electronic products	608	635	533	590	514	472	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	137	163	238	271	237	176	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	394	482	728	600	759	745	.
Transport equipment	299	286	400	399	262	231	.
Other manufacturing and repair	453	570	656	791	835	797	.
Electricity and gas supply	1 233	1 876	2 299	1 827	1 934	2 730	3 082
Water supply and waste management	1 699	1 521	1 458	1 976	1 972	2 137	2 410
Construction	1 574	1 786	2 197	2 465	2 027	1 707	1 839
Construction buildings, development	524	527	663	760	510	396	.
Civil engineering	306	381	462	502	510	670	.
Specialised construction activities	744	878	1 072	1 203	1 007	641	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	11 662	12 480	13 111	15 658	12 689	12 329	12 314
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	870	958	994	982	597	624	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	2 648	2 744	3 173	3 525	2 797	2 265	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	2 139	2 132	2 451	2 604	1 764	1 856	.
Land transport	1 523	1 728	1 804	2 091	1 917	1 702	.
Water transport	532	961	989	1 564	1 060	901	.
Air transport	676	779	435	852	1 033	710	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	2 659	2 569	2 451	3 176	2 788	3 615	.
Accommodation and food serving	615	609	814	864	733	656	.
Information and communication	3 356	3 611	3 742	3 944	3 361	3 196	3 663
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	265	254	258	305	304	310	.
Telecommunications	2 462	2 666	2 555	2 632	2 302	1 983	.
IT- and information services	629	691	929	1 007	755	903	.
Financial institutions	4 979	5 853	5 162	5 815	4 934	4 893	6 208
Financial institutions, no insurance	2 994	3 632	2 740	3 130	1 985	3 480	.
Insurance and pension funding	1 533	1 722	1 882	2 143	2 382	819	.
Other financial services	452	499	540	542	567	594	.
Real estate activities	33 793	37 087	40 536	41 230	36 299	31 506	31 948
Business services	8 446	9 302	10 318	10 412	7 291	7 549	8 538
Management, technical consultancy	1 419	1 526	1 826	1 887	1 715	1 417	.
Research and development	154	174	263	361	362	343	.
Advertising, design and other services	383	428	532	559	353	288	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	5 946	6 594	6 984	6 888	4 060	4 962	.
Employment activities	146	176	214	222	207	114	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	85	92	106	73	63	54	.
Security and investigation	35	39	48	49	38	33	.
Facility management	164	148	188	208	213	183	.
Other business services	114	125	157	165	280	155	.
Government and care	18 905	20 136	21 813	23 340	24 633	23 995	23 610
Public administration and services	12 797	13 460	14 415	15 494	16 457	15 995	.
Education	2 049	2 483	2 817	3 174	3 168	2 676	.
Human health activities	1 620	1 681	1 835	1 871	2 002	2 124	.
Care and social work	2 439	2 512	2 746	2 801	3 006	3 200	.
Culture, recreation, other services	1 292	1 373	1 429	1 484	1 288	1 292	1 357
Culture, sports and recreation	640	682	741	708	716	725	.
Other service activities	652	691	688	776	572	567	.
Households with domestic personnel							
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>99170</b>	<b>108568</b>	<b>116712</b>	<b>124191</b>	<b>111 123</b>	<b>104 580</b>	<b>109 296</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (-)	2 154	2 195	2 372	2 342	2 349	2 549	2 606
exports	805	871	955	801	685	777	833
final consumption expenditure	1 349	1 324	1 417	1 541	1 664	1 772	1 773
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>97 016</b>	<b>106 373</b>	<b>114 340</b>	<b>121 849</b>	<b>108 774</b>	<b>102 031</b>	<b>106 690</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	43 669	46 385	50 841	55 690	48 734	46 760	49 303
Financial corporations	1 197	3 392	2 000	3 926	3 729	1 101	5 053
General government	16 884	17 837	18 986	20 535	21 540	21 337	20 238
Households	35 067	38 535	42 289	41 466	34 564	32 627	31 881
Non-profit institutions serving households	199	224	224	232	207	206	215

**TABLE B 9**  
**Fixed capital formation (gross) by industry and sector (on an owner basis): volume changes**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	%						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.5	3.1	19.3	4.7	-9.3	-6.6	8.7
Industry (no construction), energy	6.6	11.9	3.2	5.3	-6.6	-3.2	8.8
Mining and quarrying	13.2	44.4	-24.1	26.4	-4.9	0.7	10.6
Manufacturing	6.3	5.4	8.0	4.3	-10.4	-16.0	6.6
Manufacture of food and beverages	7.3	-12.4	11.4	3.8	-14.9	-8.4	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	-1.9	-13.5	29.7	21.7	-48.3	-7.7	.
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	12.4	-21.2	7.2	-4.1	-28.5	-14.3	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	35.0	-6.0	23.4	6.8	-9.7	0.9	.
Manufacture of chemicals	1.0	28.8	-25.8	30.0	-14.2	-26.2	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	-12.1	17.8	-21.9	12.6	5.4	-21.6	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	-0.6	9.2	23.2	-3.1	-21.9	-17.9	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	5.6	27.9	29.9	-10.1	3.2	-38.2	.
Manufacture of electronic products	10.3	2.8	-18.3	8.6	-12.5	-10.1	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	-0.7	17.5	43.6	12.6	-13.7	-27.0	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	6.2	21.6	49.0	-19.0	25.5	-2.5	.
Transport equipment	21.6	-4.7	38.1	-2.5	-34.6	-13.4	.
Other manufacturing and repair	-1.7	25.4	13.7	18.8	4.4	-5.3	.
Electricity and gas supply	-4.9	49.4	19.6	-22.1	4.3	39.6	11.6
Water supply and waste management	12.2	-12.1	-6.3	31.6	-0.5	6.3	10.9
Construction	6.5	12.2	21.4	10.7	-18.5	-16.2	7.5
Construction buildings, development	3.8	-1.0	23.9	12.7	-34.6	-21.8	.
Civil engineering	11.7	23.2	19.9	6.5	1.2	30.2	.
Specialised construction activities	6.4	16.9	20.5	11.2	-16.6	-36.9	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	4.3	5.9	3.2	17.4	-19.6	-3.9	-0.5
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	7.7	9.3	2.4	-1.3	-39.7	5.0	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	11.9	3.2	14.1	10.4	-21.0	-19.2	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	4.3	-1.5	13.0	4.9	-33.1	4.2	.
Land transport	-14.0	13.0	2.5	14.0	-9.7	-11.5	.
Water transport	3.4	77.1	0.5	55.3	-32.1	-15.8	.
Air transport	6.9	13.5	-45.8	89.7	18.5	-34.7	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	10.8	-5.1	-6.7	25.7	-12.1	27.3	.
Accommodation and food serving	-4.7	-1.6	31.5	3.3	-16.7	-11.5	.
Information and communication	15.4	7.4	2.4	4.7	-14.4	-5.3	14.7
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	3.8	-4.2	0.4	18.6	-1.3	3.6	.
Telecommunications	16.8	7.5	-5.8	0.9	-12.3	-14.7	.
IT- and information services	15.7	12.1	35.0	11.2	-23.5	19.9	.
Financial institutions	-7.0	17.2	-12.6	11.0	-16.0	-2.1	27.1
Financial institutions, no insurance	4.5	21.6	-24.9	12.7	-37.3	72.9	.
Insurance and pension funding	-25.7	10.2	7.3	11.3	9.3	-66.0	.
Other financial services	3.8	11.5	7.8	1.1	6.1	3.4	.
Real estate activities	5.3	5.7	7.0	-0.9	-14.2	-13.7	5.9
Business services	3.8	9.3	9.7	1.6	-30.0	4.5	13.8
Management, technical consultancy	8.3	7.9	18.7	3.7	-9.0	-17.8	.
Research and development	-12.3	14.3	51.1	36.9	-0.8	-5.2	.
Advertising, design and other services	4.3	11.5	23.1	4.1	-36.3	-18.1	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	3.2	9.6	4.7	-0.3	-41.0	24.2	.
Employment activities	5.7	20.5	20.5	2.3	-6.8	-46.9	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	10.3	8.2	13.0	-30.2	-13.7	-17.5	.
Security and investigation	6.1	11.4	20.5	0.0	-24.5	-5.3	.
Facility management	1.2	-10.4	25.0	10.1	1.9	-14.1	.
Other business services	0.9	9.6	24.8	3.8	66.7	-45.4	.
Government and care	1.1	5.0	6.4	4.5	4.5	-4.4	-2.1
Public administration and services	2.8	3.1	4.5	4.2	5.4	-5.2	.
Education	6.8	22.6	13.7	13.6	-0.5	-14.8	.
Human health activities	-6.2	2.7	8.0	0.1	5.0	4.6	.
Care and social work	-6.3	1.9	8.2	0.3	5.0	4.9	.
Culture, recreation, other services	11.6	7.0	4.0	3.7	-13.7	-0.2	5.4
Culture, sports and recreation	1.1	7.2	8.5	-3.9	0.6	0.8	.
Other service activities	24.3	6.9	-0.4	11.9	-26.7	-1.4	.
Households with domestic personnel							
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>-11.7</b>	<b>-6.8</b>	<b>5.6</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (-)	12.0	0.7	7.7	-3.0	2.2	8.1	1.6
exports	27.2	4.7	7.3	-19.2	-9.5	12.4	4.4
final consumption expenditure	4.9	-1.7	7.9	8.0	8.3	6.4	0.4
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>-12.0</b>	<b>-7.2</b>	<b>5.7</b>

**TABLE B 10**  
**Fixed capital formation (gross) by industry and sector (on an owner basis): deflators**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>deflators: % changes</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.7	1.7	1.4	-0.3
Industry (no construction), energy	0.7	1.3	2.0	2.4	0.8	1.4	0.9
Mining and quarrying	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.5	0.2	2.5	2.0
Manufacturing	0.6	0.8	1.7	2.2	1.0	1.1	0.2
Manufacture of food and beverages	1.3	1.2	2.3	2.0	1.2	0.6	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	2.0	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.3	5.6	.
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	-0.1	0.1	1.0	2.4	-0.2	2.0	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	1.1	1.1	2.5	2.7	0.9	0.0	.
Manufacture of chemicals	1.0	0.8	1.9	2.6	1.5	1.5	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0.9	0.8	1.5	3.0	1.2	1.0	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	-0.7	0.0	0.5	2.3	1.5	1.3	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	0.3	0.9	1.5	2.2	1.1	0.6	.
Manufacture of electronic products	1.0	1.6	2.7	1.9	-0.4	2.2	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	-0.7	1.2	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.7	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	-0.5	0.6	1.4	1.7	0.8	0.7	.
Transport equipment	0.3	0.4	1.3	2.3	0.4	1.8	.
Other manufacturing and repair	-0.7	0.4	1.2	1.5	1.1	0.8	.
Electricity and gas supply	1.2	1.8	2.5	2.1	1.5	1.1	1.2
Water supply and waste management	0.7	1.9	2.3	3.0	0.3	2.0	1.6
Construction	0.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.2
Construction buildings, development	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.6	-0.8	.
Civil engineering	0.0	1.1	1.1	2.0	0.4	0.9	.
Specialised construction activities	0.0	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.9	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	0.6	1.1	1.8	1.7	0.8	1.2	0.4
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	-0.1	0.7	1.3	0.1	0.8	-0.5	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	-0.2	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.2	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	0.4	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.0	.
Land transport	0.7	0.4	1.8	1.7	1.5	0.3	.
Water transport	1.5	2.0	2.4	1.8	-0.2	0.9	.
Air transport	3.2	1.6	3.1	3.3	2.3	5.2	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	0.7	1.8	2.3	3.1	-0.1	1.9	.
Accommodation and food serving	0.5	0.7	1.6	2.7	1.8	1.1	.
Information and communication	-0.9	0.2	1.2	0.7	-0.5	0.4	-0.1
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	-1.9	0.0	1.2	-0.3	1.0	-1.6	.
Telecommunications	-0.2	0.8	1.8	2.1	-0.2	1.0	.
IT- and information services	-3.2	-2.0	-0.4	-2.5	-1.9	-0.2	.
Financial institutions	-0.5	0.3	1.0	1.5	1.1	1.3	-0.2
Financial institutions, no insurance	-1.0	-0.3	0.4	1.4	1.1	1.4	.
Insurance and pension funding	0.9	1.9	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.2	.
Other financial services	-2.0	-1.0	0.4	-0.7	-1.4	1.4	.
Real estate activities	2.6	3.8	2.2	2.6	2.7	0.6	-4.2
Business services	1.1	0.8	1.1	-0.7	0.0	-0.9	-0.7
Management, technical consultancy	-1.2	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	-0.2	0.5	.
Research and development	-1.9	-1.1	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	.
Advertising, design and other services	-1.0	0.2	0.9	0.9	-0.8	-0.3	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	2.0	1.2	1.2	-1.1	-0.2	-1.6	.
Employment activities	-1.4	0.0	0.9	1.4	0.0	3.6	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	-1.2	0.0	1.9	-1.4	0.0	3.8	.
Security and investigation	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	2.7	-8.3	.
Facility management	0.0	0.7	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	.
Other business services	-0.9	0.0	0.6	1.2	1.8	1.3	.
Government and care	0.5	1.4	1.9	2.4	1.0	1.9	0.5
Public administration and services	0.9	2.0	2.5	3.2	0.7	2.5	.
Education	-2.4	-1.2	-0.2	-0.8	0.3	-0.9	.
Human health activities	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.4	.
Care and social work	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.7	2.2	1.5	.
Culture, recreation, other services	-1.1	-0.7	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	-0.4
Culture, sports and recreation	-1.2	-0.6	0.1	-0.6	0.6	0.4	.
Other service activities	-1.1	-0.9	0.0	0.8	0.5	0.5	.
Households with domestic personnel							
<b>Fixed capital formation from production and imports</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>-1.1</b>
Sales of existing fixed assets (-)	0.7	1.2	0.3	1.7	-1.9	0.4	0.6
exports	3.6	3.3	2.1	3.8	-5.5	0.9	2.7
final consumption expenditure	-1.0	-0.2	-0.8	0.7	-0.3	0.1	-0.3
<b>Fixed capital formation (gross)</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>-1.1</b>

**TABLE B 11**  
**Exports of goods and services by origin**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>EXPORTS OF GOODS</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	12 033	12 909	13 547	13 232	12 713	13 937	13 683
Mining and quarrying	8 320	10 698	10 303	15 158	10 916	12 176	14 318
Manufacturing	126 914	139 419	150 950	154 843	123 961	149 201	169 786
Manufacture of food and beverages	25 722	27 106	30 068	31 552	29 742	32 494	36 270
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	2 211	2 422	2 428	2 182	1 944	2 090	2 404
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	4 264	4 407	4 571	3 981	3 560	3 910	3 871
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	16 243	18 780	18 962	24 600	15 635	21 806	26 802
Manufacture of chemicals	28 239	31 702	33 644	32 834	25 829	33 372	37 657
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	3 677	3 852	4 330	3 976	3 745	3 784	4 083
Manufacture of plastic and building material	5 288	5 726	6 133	5 913	5 298	5 707	6 197
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	9 493	10 857	12 677	12 319	9 082	11 155	12 148
Manufacture of electronic products	4 451	4 734	4 499	4 540	3 977	4 544	4 849
Manufacture of electric equipment	2 105	2 394	2 876	2 840	2 307	2 413	2 709
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	9 867	11 160	12 261	11 627	9 645	12 681	15 092
Transport equipment	9 153	9 844	11 417	11 418	6 515	8 267	10 436
Other manufacturing and repair	6 201	6 435	7 084	7 061	6 682	6 978	7 268
Electricity and gas supply	416	521	460	957	956	961	830
Water supply and waste management	242	247	294	364	300	377	548
Construction	181	193	217	225	204	200	202
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	1 887	2 062	2 478	2 737	2 305	2 833	3 115
Information and communication	1 516	1 298	1 381	1 330	1 194	1 303	1 281
Financial and insurance activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business activities	48	22	22	26	21	23	26
General government, education, health and social work activities	661	460	122	158	146	207	32
Other service activities	82	83	98	68	77	82	78
Re-exports	128 762	147 487	161 484	172 563	147 430	180 949	192 192
<b>Exports of goods, from production and imports which have crossed the frontier</b>	<b>281 062</b>	<b>315 399</b>	<b>341 356</b>	<b>361 661</b>	<b>300 223</b>	<b>362 249</b>	<b>396 091</b>
Exports of existing fixed assets	805	871	955	801	685	777	833
<b>Exports of goods</b>	<b>281 867</b>	<b>316 270</b>	<b>342 311</b>	<b>362 462</b>	<b>300 908</b>	<b>363 026</b>	<b>396 924</b>
<b>EXPORTS OF SERVICES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	5	5	5	5	6	9	10
Mining and quarrying	664	664	677	710	681	751	750
Manufacturing	5 481	5 506	5 601	5 888	5 677	6 120	6 487
Electricity and gas supply	709	752	752	807	781	838	832
Water supply and waste management	7	55	48	50	53	52	59
Construction	1 759	1 588	1 625	1 966	1 886	1 794	1 849
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	26 165	26 593	27 957	29 947	26 274	27 161	28 862
Information and communication	4 964	5 362	6 009	6 148	5 938	6 163	6 314
Financial and insurance activities	9 622	9 036	9 262	13 875	16 880	17 923	17 322
Real estate activities	6	6	5	5	4	4	4
Business activities	12 969	13 849	14 478	15 429	14 744	15 103	15 837
General government, education, health and social work activities	1 392	1 463	1 616	1 797	1 763	1 889	1 938
Other service activities	811	821	815	844	906	892	953
Re-exports	4 087	4 394	5 311	5 490	8 351	9 819	11 917
<b>Exports of services, excluding final consumption non-residents</b>	<b>68 641</b>	<b>70 094</b>	<b>74 161</b>	<b>82 961</b>	<b>83 944</b>	<b>88 518</b>	<b>93 134</b>
Final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands	9 313	9 994	10 739	11 230	11 015	12 223	13 127
Cif/fob-adjustment	-2 368	-2 883	-2 982	-3 211	-2 817	-3 274	-3 565
<b>Exports of services</b>	<b>75 586</b>	<b>77 205</b>	<b>81 918</b>	<b>90 980</b>	<b>92 142</b>	<b>97 467</b>	<b>102 696</b>
<b>Exports of goods and services</b>	<b>357 453</b>	<b>393 475</b>	<b>424 229</b>	<b>453 442</b>	<b>393 050</b>	<b>460 493</b>	<b>499 620</b>

**TABLE B 12**  
**Exports of goods and services by origin, volumes and deflators**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>% volume changes</i>							
Exports of goods	6.1	8.7	6.5	1.2	-9.3	13.1	4.1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.3	2.2	1.2	-1.0	3.7	-1.0	-3.5
Mining and quarrying	-9.5	-1.7	2.6	12.4	-8.0	8.7	-6.3
Manufacturing	0.2	5.0	5.0	-3.6	-9.8	9.8	3.8
Manufacture of food and beverages	2.4	3.1	3.5	-0.9	-0.0	4.3	3.8
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	-7.8	7.6	-1.3	-11.1	-10.9	6.2	11.7
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	-2.4	2.9	0.3	-13.8	-7.2	7.7	-4.9
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	-1.0	1.0	-1.3	5.6	-8.0	5.0	-3.6
Manufacture of chemicals	2.2	5.6	3.6	-8.0	-4.5	9.7	-1.8
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	-4.4	4.8	10.9	-12.8	-1.9	-2.0	2.9
Manufacture of plastic and building material	1.9	5.8	4.5	-6.1	-9.4	6.3	4.1
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	0.0	5.6	12.8	-2.8	-18.4	16.7	3.1
Manufacture of electronic products	0.8	8.8	-4.3	1.9	-13.5	12.7	5.7
Manufacture of electric equipment	-4.9	10.2	17.8	-2.1	-16.5	3.3	9.2
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	-1.6	11.9	7.8	-6.9	-18.3	30.1	18.1
Transport equipment	-2.2	6.5	13.7	-3.2	-41.8	26.0	25.1
Other manufacturing and repair	-0.6	2.8	10.0	-2.4	-5.8	3.1	3.1
Re-exports	13.2	14.3	9.0	5.1	-10.2	17.7	5.9
Exports of services	5.5	1.9	5.8	5.4	-1.4	5.0	3.3
<b>Exports of goods and services</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>-7.7</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>3.9</b>
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
Exports of goods	3.7	3.2	1.6	4.6	-8.4	6.7	5.1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.3	5.0	3.7	-1.3	-7.3	10.7	1.8
Mining and quarrying	28.5	30.8	-6.1	30.9	-21.7	2.6	25.5
Manufacturing	6.8	4.6	3.1	6.4	-11.2	9.6	9.6
Manufacture of food and beverages	0.1	2.2	7.2	5.9	-5.7	4.7	7.5
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.1	-0.1	1.3	3.0
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	0.2	0.5	3.4	1.1	-3.6	2.0	4.1
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	37.0	14.5	2.3	22.9	-30.9	32.8	27.5
Manufacture of chemicals	9.4	6.3	2.5	6.1	-17.6	17.8	15.0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0.5	0.0	1.3	5.3	-4.0	3.1	4.8
Manufacture of plastic and building material	3.2	2.3	2.5	2.7	-1.1	1.3	4.3
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	6.7	8.3	3.5	-0.1	-9.7	5.2	5.6
Manufacture of electronic products	0.5	-2.2	-0.7	-1.0	1.3	1.3	0.9
Manufacture of electric equipment	1.0	3.2	2.0	0.9	-2.7	1.3	2.8
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	1.9	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.0	0.8
Transport equipment	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.3	-1.9	0.7	0.9
Other manufacturing and repair	2.8	1.0	0.1	2.1	0.4	1.3	1.1
Re-exports	-0.3	0.2	0.5	1.7	-4.9	4.3	0.3
Exports of services	2.3	0.2	0.3	5.3	2.7	0.7	2.0
<b>Exports of goods and services</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>-6.0</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>4.4</b>

**TABLE B 13**  
**Imports of goods and services by type of expenditure**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>IMPORTS OF GOODS</b>							
Intermediate consumption	96 371	110 027	118 511	128 713	102 377	121 191	140 551
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 285	1 393	1 501	1 724	1 673	1 625	1 770
Mining and quarrying	1 489	1 955	1 846	2 107	2 009	2 074	2 198
Manufacturing	70 316	80 153	87 379	94 477	71 669	90 019	106 565
Manufacture of food and beverages	10 841	11 418	13 311	15 051	13 463	14 925	17 841
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	1 258	1 290	1 296	1 123	954	1 106	1 182
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	3 475	3 547	3 872	3 683	3 120	3 304	3 506
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	17 673	21 064	22 052	28 126	18 598	26 289	33 101
Manufacture of chemicals	12 593	14 948	15 976	15 632	11 995	16 164	18 710
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	1 224	1 389	1 496	1 417	1 158	1 477	1 693
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2 744	3 042	3 247	3 169	2 637	2 955	3 283
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	5 698	7 153	8 420	8 705	6 141	7 799	8 929
Manufacture of electronic products	2 192	2 264	1 957	1 949	1 781	2 025	2 008
Manufacture of electric equipment	1 217	1 516	1 738	1 743	1 458	1 606	1 799
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	4 324	4 846	5 252	5 057	4 199	5 101	5 879
Transport equipment	4 138	4 502	5 302	5 344	3 096	3 916	5 073
Other manufacturing and repair	2 939	3 174	3 460	3 478	3 069	3 352	3 561
Electricity and gas supply	3 178	4 265	4 292	5 999	4 205	4 230	4 847
Water supply and waste management	477	529	559	598	534	603	765
Construction	5 900	6 465	7 275	7 657	7 101	6 837	7 470
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	6 008	7 201	7 277	7 553	6 386	6 996	7 864
Information and communication	1 246	1 234	1 237	1 124	1 017	1 073	1 058
Financial and insurance activities	150	169	179	166	156	153	162
Real estate activities	237	252	266	262	260	268	282
Business activities	1 376	1 501	1 572	1 566	1 505	1 463	1 510
General government, education, health and social work activities	4 016	4 209	4 388	4 758	5 173	5 119	5 280
Other service activities	693	701	740	722	689	731	780
Final expenditure	144 786	164 748	180 139	190 546	162 303	197 573	207 580
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	21 315	22 545	23 601	24 215	23 270	24 499	25 302
Final consumption of general government	1 145	1 737	2 077	2 076	2 287	2 178	2 057
Fixed capital formation	15 068	17 242	18 540	19 311	16 160	15 896	17 499
Exports (= re-exports)	115 016	131 994	144 376	154 895	132 053	162 842	173 428
Changes in inventories	- 14	704	1 224	467	- 2 248	2 810	809
Cif/fob-adjustment and reclassification	- 7 744	- 9 474	- 9 679	- 10 418	- 9 219	- 10 652	- 11 515
<b>Imports of goods</b>	<b>241 157</b>	<b>274 775</b>	<b>298 650</b>	<b>319 259</b>	<b>264 680</b>	<b>318 764</b>	<b>348 131</b>
<b>IMPORTS OF SERVICES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	47 752	49 483	50 693	54 526	56 937	59 255	60 050
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	364	373	366	390	430	454	455
Mining and quarrying	317	299	297	320	319	339	336
Manufacturing	7 758	8 011	8 131	8 168	7 958	8 556	9 120
Electricity and gas supply	841	829	830	866	887	948	939
Water supply and waste management	188	195	206	214	220	237	253
Construction	1 253	1 286	1 351	1 470	1 576	1 599	1 660
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	14 814	15 788	16 725	17 237	16 081	17 365	18 363
Information and communication	3 939	4 098	4 087	4 055	4 096	4 342	4 576
Financial and insurance activities	8 708	8 783	8 712	11 541	14 692	14 303	12 813
Real estate activities	344	326	326	351	375	407	429
Business activities	7 031	7 219	7 334	7 486	7 526	7 856	8 310
General government, education, health and social work activities	1 632	1 686	1 747	1 848	2 143	2 196	2 111
Other service activities	563	590	581	580	634	653	685
Final expenditure	24 779	27 411	27 891	30 262	31 366	34 468	37 645
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	1 139	1 241	1 266	1 349	1 247	1 281	1 335
Final consumption of general government	7	8	4	4	4	4	5
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	10 165	10 606	10 878	11 578	11 652	11 628	11 553
Fixed capital formation	3 700	4 221	3 356	4 245	3 370	3 988	4 477
Exports (= re-exports)	4 087	4 394	5 311	5 490	8 351	9 819	11 917
Trade and transport margins	305	350	379	389	340	370	408
Cif/fob-reclassification	5 376	6 591	6 697	7 207	6 402	7 378	7 950
<b>Imports of services</b>	<b>72 531</b>	<b>76 894</b>	<b>78 584</b>	<b>84 788</b>	<b>88 303</b>	<b>93 723</b>	<b>97 695</b>
<b>Imports of goods and services</b>	<b>313 688</b>	<b>351 669</b>	<b>377 234</b>	<b>404 047</b>	<b>352 983</b>	<b>412 487</b>	<b>445 826</b>



**TABLE B 14**  
**Imports of goods and services by type of expenditure: volume changes**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	%						
<b>IMPORTS OF GOODS</b>							
Intermediate consumption	0.8	5.3	3.7	-1.5	-6.8	4.7	2.2
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.6	6.1	-3.1	3.8	6.4	-4.0	1.0
Mining and quarrying	-3.3	3.1	-0.5	-8.5	23.0	15.1	-9.1
Manufacturing	1.2	4.4	3.9	-2.5	-8.4	7.7	2.3
Manufacture of food and beverages	5.0	2.7	0.6	-0.4	-0.3	2.3	3.3
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	2.7	2.0	0.0	-15.3	-14.6	11.8	-1.2
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	-0.3	-0.8	3.6	-5.6	-11.2	2.2	-0.6
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	1.1	-1.2	0.9	2.5	-1.9	4.0	-2.3
Manufacture of chemicals	1.6	7.3	4.5	-9.1	-5.7	12.9	-1.5
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	-2.0	12.0	9.4	-8.7	-5.6	11.6	4.1
Manufacture of plastic and building material	9.1	5.3	3.3	-6.4	-10.4	5.4	2.5
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	-3.0	11.1	8.5	-2.5	-19.8	10.4	5.3
Manufacture of electronic products	6.0	1.0	-10.3	1.6	-6.6	10.6	-0.5
Manufacture of electric equipment	1.5	11.9	12.8	1.6	-15.1	-0.6	4.4
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	-1.3	11.7	7.0	-5.2	-16.8	18.0	13.2
Transport equipment	-6.0	7.4	15.5	-0.5	-41.4	23.8	26.9
Other manufacturing and repair	2.5	7.1	7.8	-0.3	-9.7	4.7	3.2
Electricity and gas supply	-0.8	7.2	2.0	5.0	-14.8	-7.6	-3.0
Water supply and waste management	-2.5	7.8	2.5	5.5	-5.9	3.0	15.4
Construction	3.5	6.1	8.1	3.0	-5.4	-8.4	4.6
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	-2.5	14.8	-0.2	-2.6	-6.0	2.8	4.5
Information and communication	-8.0	-2.9	-0.3	-5.3	-5.4	3.8	-0.8
Financial and insurance activities	6.0	13.3	8.3	-6.7	-3.0	-5.1	2.6
Real estate activities	-0.4	3.4	5.2	-3.8	-0.4	4.2	0.7
Business activities	-0.6	11.3	2.9	-1.2	-0.4	-4.5	1.2
General government, education, health and social work activities	0.6	5.6	7.0	7.2	10.4	-4.3	2.7
Other service activities	3.4	2.2	3.9	-3.0	0.4	4.4	4.8
Final expenditure	9.3	13.2	8.9	4.1	-11.2	17.0	5.3
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	-1.1	4.0	3.3	0.0	-3.1	2.9	-0.6
Final consumption of general government	18.5	48.9	21.2	1.7	16.1	-11.3	2.4
Fixed capital formation	1.8	15.6	7.7	4.5	-16.8	-2.9	9.6
Exports (= re-exports)	12.9	13.9	8.9	5.1	-10.2	17.7	6.1
Changes in inventories							
Cif/fob-adjustment and reclassification	9.7	18.1	0.4	2.6	-3.3	7.7	3.1
<b>Imports of goods</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>-9.4</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>4.1</b>
<b>IMPORTS OF SERVICES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	4.8	3.6	2.3	3.1	-1.7	2.6	-0.2
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2.7	1.9	-2.7	0.8	-0.3	2.1	-2.4
Mining and quarrying	-8.4	-8.8	-2.3	5.1	-2.2	6.6	-4.1
Manufacturing	-0.4	1.4	-0.4	-2.6	-4.1	6.6	5.1
Electricity and gas supply	3.2	-3.6	-1.8	1.0	0.2	5.9	-3.2
Water supply and waste management	-0.5	1.1	-1.0	1.9	1.4	6.8	5.1
Construction	5.6	0.4	3.3	5.1	3.2	-0.3	1.9
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	2.4	4.0	4.0	-0.5	-6.3	6.2	3.9
Information and communication	8.4	3.5	-0.3	-2.2	0.5	4.2	3.7
Financial and insurance activities	13.6	10.6	6.5	21.9	2.6	-4.2	-11.6
Real estate activities	11.7	-8.4	-1.8	4.3	2.3	6.1	3.9
Business activities	3.7	0.5	-0.4	-1.2	-2.0	3.4	4.4
General government, education, health and social work activities	6.1	0.5	2.1	1.3	10.8	0.2	-5.4
Other service activities	5.7	1.6	-4.2	-3.4	9.0	1.7	1.8
Final expenditure	1.5	7.1	-0.4	5.7	8.0	6.4	5.8
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	4.8	2.5	2.3	-1.7	-6.5	1.0	-1.6
Final consumption of general government	0.0	14.3	-50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	-2.8	0.2	0.3	7.0	2.5	-3.7	-5.0
Fixed capital formation	15.1	11.4	-23.6	22.7	-19.9	16.9	12.2
Exports (= re-exports)	-9.4	6.6	18.7	-1.4	60.3	16.2	19.3
Trade and transport margins	7.9	12.5	5.7	-2.6	-6.7	8.2	4.3
Cif/fob-reclassification	11.0	18.4	-0.1	2.6	-2.9	7.4	2.7
<b>Imports of services</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>
<b>Imports of goods and services</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>-7.1</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>

**TABLE B 15**  
**Imports of goods and services by type of expenditure: deflators**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
<b>IMPORTS OF GOODS</b>							
Intermediate consumption	9.1	8.4	3.9	10.3	-14.7	13.1	13.5
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.5	2.1	11.2	10.7	-8.8	1.2	7.8
Mining and quarrying	25.7	27.4	-5.1	24.7	-22.5	-10.3	16.6
Manufacturing	10.8	9.2	4.9	10.9	-17.1	16.6	15.7
Manufacture of food and beverages	-4.0	2.5	15.9	13.6	-10.3	8.4	15.8
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	1.6	0.5	0.5	2.3	-0.5	3.7	8.1
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	0.3	2.9	5.4	0.8	-4.6	3.6	6.7
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	-1.2	25.6	5.3	-31.0	45.2	80.8	-11.6
Manufacture of chemicals	18.0	10.6	2.3	7.7	-18.7	19.4	17.5
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	1.5	1.3	-1.5	3.7	-13.5	14.3	10.1
Manufacture of plastic and building material	5.6	5.3	3.3	4.2	-7.2	6.3	8.4
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	6.4	13.0	8.5	6.0	-12.0	15.0	8.7
Manufacture of electronic products	0.5	2.2	-3.6	-2.0	-2.2	2.8	-0.3
Manufacture of electric equipment	4.4	11.3	1.6	-1.3	-1.5	10.8	7.3
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	1.5	0.4	1.3	1.6	-0.2	2.9	1.8
Transport equipment	0.3	1.3	1.9	1.3	-1.1	2.2	2.1
Other manufacturing and repair	0.1	0.8	1.1	0.9	-2.3	4.4	2.9
Electricity and gas supply	25.5	25.2	-1.3	33.1	-17.7	8.9	18.1
Water supply and waste management	3.9	2.9	3.1	1.4	-5.2	9.6	9.9
Construction	2.1	3.3	4.1	2.1	-2.0	5.1	4.4
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	3.3	4.4	1.2	6.6	-10.1	6.6	7.5
Information and communication	-0.2	2.0	0.6	-4.0	-4.3	1.6	-0.6
Financial and insurance activities	-5.7	-0.6	-2.2	-0.6	-3.1	3.4	3.2
Real estate activities	1.7	2.9	0.4	2.3	-0.4	-1.1	4.4
Business activities	-2.3	-2.0	1.7	0.8	-3.5	1.8	2.0
General government, education, health and social work activities	-0.5	-0.7	-2.6	1.1	-1.5	3.4	0.4
Other service activities	-1.4	-1.0	1.6	0.6	-5.0	1.7	1.8
Final expenditure	-0.5	0.6	0.4	1.6	-4.1	4.0	-0.2
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	-1.1	1.7	1.3	2.6	-0.9	2.3	3.9
Final consumption of general government	-4.9	1.9	-1.4	-1.8	-5.1	7.4	-7.8
Fixed capital formation	-2.1	-1.0	-0.2	-0.3	0.6	1.3	0.5
Exports (= re-exports)	0.1	0.8	0.4	2.1	-5.1	4.8	0.4
Changes in inventories							
Cif/fob-adjustment and reclassification	3.2	3.6	1.7	4.9	-8.5	7.3	4.9
<b>Imports of goods</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>-8.5</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>4.9</b>
<b>IMPORTS OF SERVICES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	0.9	-0.0	0.1	4.4	6.3	1.5	1.6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-3.4	0.5	0.8	5.7	10.5	3.4	2.7
Mining and quarrying	0.6	3.5	1.7	2.6	1.9	-0.3	3.4
Manufacturing	1.1	1.8	1.9	3.2	1.6	0.9	1.5
Electricity and gas supply	1.4	2.2	2.0	3.3	2.2	1.0	2.3
Water supply and waste management	0.5	2.6	6.7	1.9	1.4	0.9	1.6
Construction	1.6	2.2	1.7	3.5	3.9	1.7	1.8
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	4.9	2.5	1.8	3.6	-0.4	1.7	1.8
Information and communication	-1.1	0.6	0.0	1.4	0.5	1.8	1.6
Financial and insurance activities	-5.1	-8.8	-6.9	8.6	24.1	1.6	1.3
Real estate activities	2.7	3.5	1.9	3.2	4.5	2.3	1.4
Business activities	1.6	2.2	2.0	3.3	2.5	1.0	1.4
General government, education, health and social work activities	-0.1	2.8	1.5	4.5	4.7	2.3	1.6
Other service activities	2.0	3.1	2.8	3.4	0.3	1.2	3.0
Final expenditure	1.6	3.3	2.2	2.6	-4.0	3.3	3.2
Final consumption of households in the domestic market	-0.8	6.3	-0.3	8.4	-1.1	1.7	6.0
Final consumption of general government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world	1.3	4.2	2.3	-0.5	-1.8	3.7	4.6
Fixed capital formation	1.5	2.5	4.1	3.1	-0.9	1.3	0.1
Exports (= re-exports)	0.7	0.9	1.8	4.9	-5.1	1.2	1.8
Trade and transport margins	2.0	2.0	2.4	5.4	-6.3	0.5	5.7
Cif/fob-reclassification	3.2	3.6	1.7	4.9	-8.5	7.3	4.9
<b>Imports of services</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.2</b>
<b>Imports of goods and services</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>-6.0</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>4.3</b>

## 4. Output, intermediate consumption and generation of income

**TABLE P 1**  
**Output (basic prices) by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	22 301	24 266	25 368	26 274	24 568	26 646	27 213
Industry (no construction), energy	284 760	311 066	333 596	360 045	309 058	346 028	380 180
Mining and quarrying	17 241	21 089	20 716	27 128	20 993	22 769	25 498
Manufacturing	230 088	247 579	268 667	283 031	237 987	272 407	304 294
Manufacture of food and beverages	48 287	50 266	55 769	59 679	56 289	60 218	66 861
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	3 768	3 849	4 072	3 868	3 495	3 872	4 131
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	13 815	14 292	15 142	14 729	13 133	13 492	14 070
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	24 446	27 568	29 677	37 088	26 495	34 963	43 641
Manufacture of chemicals	39 824	44 145	46 719	47 212	37 746	48 442	54 386
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	5 811	5 975	6 358	6 187	5 949	6 230	6 762
Manufacture of plastic and building material	12 270	13 336	14 343	14 694	12 894	12 978	13 949
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	22 611	24 812	27 891	28 974	23 049	26 240	28 253
Manufacture of electronic products	11 916	12 059	11 736	12 070	11 059	12 230	12 897
Manufacture of electric equipment	3 505	4 071	4 650	4 796	3 940	3 973	4 197
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	15 704	17 472	19 103	18 904	16 190	19 126	21 624
Transport equipment	12 205	12 884	15 228	16 100	10 103	12 288	14 939
Other manufacturing and repair	15 926	16 850	17 979	18 730	17 645	18 355	18 584
Electricity and gas supply	27 334	31 874	33 271	38 076	38 227	38 543	37 468
Water supply and waste management	10 097	10 524	10 942	11 810	11 851	12 309	12 920
Construction	68 720	73 719	80 454	86 687	83 713	75 696	78 971
Construction buildings, development	30 116	32 414	35 685	38 145	36 049	31 153	32 118
Civil engineering	10 426	11 276	11 676	12 612	13 162	12 365	12 978
Specialised construction activities	28 178	30 029	33 093	35 930	34 502	32 178	33 875
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	167 508	176 554	188 413	194 919	181 103	187 891	194 643
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	13 924	14 470	15 116	15 718	14 559	15 481	16 215
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	61 417	65 697	72 015	74 739	68 140	73 821	78 084
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	27 885	29 238	30 317	30 531	30 397	29 501	28 481
Land transport	18 065	19 252	20 397	21 219	20 094	20 505	21 277
Water transport	6 250	5 625	6 173	6 593	5 507	5 208	5 372
Air transport	8 358	9 072	9 145	9 732	7 841	8 413	8 894
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	14 939	15 735	16 743	17 814	16 645	16 991	17 689
Accommodation and food serving	16 670	17 465	18 507	18 573	17 920	17 971	18 631
Information and communication	47 428	49 741	53 162	53 919	51 452	51 442	51 787
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	12 669	13 201	13 930	14 030	13 513	13 614	13 388
Telecommunications	19 543	19 616	20 249	19 460	18 509	18 463	18 748
IT- and information services	15 216	16 924	18 983	20 429	19 430	19 365	19 651
Financial institutions	63 684	62 856	61 648	64 875	77 364	82 883	80 605
Financial institutions, no insurance	37 922	34 902	33 445	39 414	52 081	57 689	55 269
Insurance and pension funding	19 773	21 262	21 024	18 655	18 819	18 645	18 626
Other financial services	5 989	6 692	7 179	6 806	6 464	6 549	6 710
Real estate activities	53 223	55 209	57 249	58 853	59 130	59 955	61 158
Business services	94 625	101 976	110 551	117 832	112 827	109 957	110 596
Management, technical consultancy	41 155	44 108	47 272	50 623	49 252	47 080	46 180
Research and development	3 809	3 983	4 028	3 907	3 637	3 670	3 701
Advertising, design and other services	12 783	13 176	13 638	14 295	13 394	13 129	13 079
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	8 211	8 594	9 267	9 881	9 712	9 545	9 693
Employment activities	13 063	15 650	18 740	20 453	18 210	17 639	18 569
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	5 218	5 419	5 822	6 000	5 882	6 234	6 695
Security and investigation	1 346	1 462	1 529	1 635	1 618	1 579	1 608
Facility management	5 782	6 167	6 577	7 025	7 140	7 193	7 193
Other business services	3 258	3 417	3 678	4 013	3 982	3 888	3 876
Government and care	137 717	143 511	151 109	161 142	172 027	175 554	176 725
Public administration and services	56 453	59 049	61 638	65 677	70 418	70 614	68 851
Education	27 801	28 736	30 595	32 297	34 073	34 855	35 220
Human health activities	29 522	30 672	32 781	35 160	37 796	39 520	41 172
Care and social work	23 941	25 054	26 095	28 008	29 740	30 565	31 482
Culture, recreation, other services	20 827	21 680	22 720	23 582	23 899	24 171	24 431
Culture, sports and recreation	9 901	10 423	10 941	11 272	11 350	11 449	11 445
Other service activities	8 958	9 224	9 690	10 145	10 300	10 414	10 592
Households with domestic personnel	1 968	2 033	2 089	2 165	2 249	2 308	2 394
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>960 793</b>	<b>1 020 578</b>	<b>1 084 270</b>	<b>1 148 128</b>	<b>1 095 141</b>	<b>1 140 223</b>	<b>1 186 309</b>
Goods and services n.e.c.	1 214	1 205	1 252	1 315	1 274	1 289	1 320
<b>Output (basic prices)</b>	<b>962 007</b>	<b>1 021 783</b>	<b>1 085 522</b>	<b>1 149 443</b>	<b>1 096 415</b>	<b>1 141 512</b>	<b>1 187 629</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	671 509	720 081	772 665	821 339	751 950	787 135	832 710
Financial corporations	62 067	61 117	59 672	63 004	75 923	81 526	79 286
General government	98 800	102 645	107 424	113 736	120 672	122 128	120 980
Households	124 335	132 384	140 047	145 386	141 748	144 468	148 254
Non-profit institutions serving households	5 296	5 556	5 714	5 978	6 122	6 255	6 399

**TABLE P 2**  
**Intermediate consumption by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	13 475	14 458	15 630	17 437	16 670	17 349	18 550
Industry (no construction), energy	199 947	220 303	237 316	256 999	216 218	247 026	275 147
Mining and quarrying	4 709	5 183	5 079	5 587	5 437	5 730	5 790
Manufacturing	168 683	184 836	201 251	215 331	177 962	207 321	234 668
Manufacture of food and beverages	36 350	38 115	42 663	46 763	42 743	46 687	52 574
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	2 671	2 729	2 864	2 702	2 395	2 640	2 856
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	8 905	9 371	9 884	9 625	8 487	8 812	9 308
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	21 116	25 201	27 222	34 038	24 250	32 712	40 875
Manufacture of chemicals	30 161	33 811	35 887	36 798	30 413	37 911	42 647
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	4 661	4 904	5 248	4 880	4 453	4 902	5 439
Manufacture of plastic and building material	8 318	9 099	9 754	10 106	8 258	8 663	9 536
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	15 160	17 056	19 329	20 662	16 173	19 097	20 792
Manufacture of electronic products	9 998	10 371	9 966	10 341	9 473	10 288	10 796
Manufacture of electric equipment	2 499	2 967	3 397	3 483	2 892	3 075	3 328
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	10 833	12 016	13 113	13 031	11 086	12 757	14 336
Transport equipment	9 276	9 878	11 862	12 508	7 892	9 637	11 736
Other manufacturing and repair	8 735	9 318	10 062	10 394	9 447	10 140	10 445
Electricity and gas supply	20 401	23 859	24 255	28 631	25 332	26 158	26 364
Water supply and waste management	6 154	6 425	6 731	7 450	7 487	7 817	8 325
Construction	43 456	46 789	51 540	55 731	53 035	47 711	50 244
Construction buildings, development	21 225	22 780	25 378	27 380	25 509	21 839	22 759
Civil engineering	7 227	7 855	8 187	8 840	9 244	8 585	9 059
Specialised construction activities	15 004	16 154	17 975	19 511	18 282	17 287	18 426
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	76 960	81 910	87 380	92 908	86 844	89 887	93 442
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	7 069	7 340	7 707	8 158	7 657	7 981	8 335
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	25 705	27 888	30 279	32 085	30 262	31 804	32 945
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	11 417	12 141	12 717	13 256	12 969	12 904	12 811
Land transport	8 083	8 764	9 212	9 926	9 081	9 515	10 099
Water transport	4 269	3 726	4 208	4 587	3 994	3 907	4 088
Air transport	6 467	7 143	7 449	8 365	7 236	7 926	8 887
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	5 750	6 196	6 641	7 174	6 770	6 952	7 116
Accommodation and food serving	8 200	8 712	9 167	9 357	8 875	8 898	9 161
Information and communication	24 056	25 259	26 962	27 543	26 430	26 109	26 436
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	7 334	7 650	8 098	8 174	7 751	7 632	7 528
Telecommunications	10 150	10 317	10 826	10 679	10 262	10 188	10 361
IT- and information services	6 572	7 292	8 038	8 690	8 417	8 289	8 547
Financial institutions	28 591	30 441	31 634	34 817	39 342	39 460	38 071
Financial institutions, no insurance	17 764	18 852	19 516	22 698	27 578	27 507	25 912
Insurance and pension funding	9 036	9 758	10 222	10 053	9 768	9 937	10 141
Other financial services	1 791	1 831	1 896	2 066	1 996	2 016	2 018
Real estate activities	20 011	18 187	16 019	16 419	25 969	27 550	26 183
Business services	44 596	47 043	49 683	53 032	51 076	50 332	50 711
Management, technical consultancy	19 878	21 163	22 384	24 039	23 471	22 638	22 370
Research and development	1 824	1 896	1 929	1 843	1 756	1 781	1 802
Advertising, design and other services	8 066	8 263	8 398	8 715	8 225	8 038	8 017
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	3 669	3 743	3 993	4 568	4 624	4 652	4 801
Employment activities	2 382	2 702	3 090	3 414	3 093	3 051	3 182
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	4 255	4 423	4 694	4 882	4 440	4 724	5 018
Security and investigation	311	350	365	402	401	389	396
Facility management	2 154	2 340	2 514	2 691	2 656	2 704	2 749
Other business services	2 057	2 163	2 316	2 478	2 410	2 355	2 376
Government and care	44 072	47 148	49 885	53 974	57 924	57 818	57 348
Public administration and services	23 913	25 886	27 042	29 461	32 388	31 561	29 914
Education	6 081	6 514	7 126	7 448	7 667	7 803	8 062
Human health activities	8 108	8 456	9 068	9 884	10 464	10 853	11 426
Care and social work	5 970	6 292	6 649	7 181	7 405	7 601	7 946
Culture, recreation, other services	9 447	10 028	10 571	11 029	10 781	10 805	10 802
Culture, sports and recreation	5 697	6 111	6 426	6 640	6 540	6 572	6 566
Other service activities	3 750	3 917	4 145	4 389	4 241	4 233	4 236
Households with domestic personnel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>504 611</b>	<b>541 566</b>	<b>576 620</b>	<b>619 889</b>	<b>584 289</b>	<b>614 047</b>	<b>646 934</b>
Goods and services n.e.c.	1 214	1 205	1 252	1 315	1 274	1 289	1 320
<b>Intermediate consumption (excluding deductible VAT)</b>	<b>505 825</b>	<b>542 771</b>	<b>577 872</b>	<b>621 204</b>	<b>585 563</b>	<b>615 336</b>	<b>648 254</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	384 347	415 869	447 461	481 467	429 021	456 662	491 342
Financial corporations	28 230	30 040	31 065	33 859	39 247	39 185	38 059
General government	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Households	53 766	54 521	55 070	58 443	66 519	69 206	69 838
Non-profit institutions serving households	3 072	3 317	3 315	3 431	3 388	3 404	3 408

**TABLE P 3**  
**Other taxes on production by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	452	450	441	452	556	565	552
Industry (no construction), energy	797	761	892	1 061	1 090	1 118	1 094
Mining and quarrying	25	24	23	25	25	29	29
Manufacturing	550	512	640	806	819	830	811
Manufacture of food and beverages	148	145	268	363	298	300	286
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	19	14	18	18	16	18	18
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	34	24	26	55	71	66	60
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	115	110	116	116	125	125	115
Manufacture of chemicals	85	80	67	82	94	99	96
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	10	10	11	14	19	21	21
Manufacture of plastic and building material	33	26	26	36	42	40	41
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	38	34	36	39	45	50	52
Manufacture of electronic products	15	17	18	22	30	28	28
Manufacture of electric equipment	3	4	4	4	6	8	10
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	19	19	20	21	25	24	26
Transport equipment	7	9	9	11	19	22	28
Other manufacturing and repair	24	20	21	25	29	29	30
Electricity and gas supply	38	38	40	42	44	48	46
Water supply and waste management	184	187	189	188	202	211	208
Construction	128	133	133	131	151	147	145
Construction buildings, development	38	38	39	39	42	39	38
Civil engineering	18	19	18	18	23	25	24
Specialised construction activities	72	76	76	74	86	83	83
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	990	1 042	1 086	1 137	1 162	1 224	1 212
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	199	203	206	209	201	211	209
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	217	218	230	250	276	300	297
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	100	104	103	112	128	130	126
Land transport	145	164	171	180	197	217	220
Water transport	4	4	4	4	5	6	6
Air transport	58	67	69	66	56	59	57
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	49	52	58	60	61	60	62
Accommodation and food serving	218	230	245	256	238	241	235
Information and communication	28	25	30	32	33	37	38
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	8	6	8	8	10	13	13
Telecommunications	6	6	8	8	7	8	9
IT- and information services	14	13	14	16	16	16	16
Financial institutions	241	271	288	289	296	300	314
Financial institutions, no insurance	241	271	288	289	296	300	314
Insurance and pension funding	85	92	96	93	98	98	99
Other financial services	18	19	20	23	25	27	36
Real estate activities	1 775	1 765	1 844	1 994	2 146	2 243	2 287
Business services	445	461	487	537	574	617	582
Management, technical consultancy	74	78	79	81	86	88	86
Research and development	14	14	16	15	15	13	12
Advertising, design and other services	16	16	15	16	18	16	15
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	291	299	321	361	376	423	394
Employment activities	27	29	31	31	36	36	36
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Security and investigation	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Facility management	14	15	15	15	17	17	14
Other business services	6	7	7	15	21	20	21
Government and care	662	648	657	696	725	744	768
Public administration and services	255	256	258	283	293	309	324
Education	176	177	181	182	191	192	200
Human health activities	145	136	139	144	155	156	158
Care and social work	86	79	79	87	86	87	86
Culture, recreation, other services	81	86	90	94	90	92	93
Culture, sports and recreation	52	57	60	61	58	58	60
Other service activities	29	29	30	33	32	34	33
Households with domestic personnel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Other taxes on production</b>	<b>5 599</b>	<b>5 642</b>	<b>5 948</b>	<b>6 423</b>	<b>6 823</b>	<b>7 087</b>	<b>7 085</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	2 975	3 084	3 337	3 671	3 859	4 023	3 959
Financial corporations	385	292	328	325	330	337	351
General government	559	562	569	594	611	641	674
Households	1 673	1 687	1 697	1 816	2 003	2 064	2 077
Non-profit institutions serving households	7	17	17	17	20	22	24

**TABLE P 4**  
**Other subsidies on production by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	308	582	734	829	822	783	964
Industry (no construction), energy	529	624	758	646	1 414	1 260	1 153
Mining and quarrying	–	–	1	1	1	3	3
Manufacturing	333	299	238	239	722	442	291
Manufacture of food and beverages	90	84	63	62	78	82	70
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	2	1	2	2	7	5	3
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	8	3	3	3	15	14	5
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	4	3	3	3	4	4	3
Manufacture of chemicals	16	13	11	11	46	19	13
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	6	5	5	6	9	11	9
Manufacture of plastic and building material	12	12	12	12	22	15	13
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	24	25	25	25	232	96	37
Manufacture of electronic products	18	13	13	13	25	17	14
Manufacture of electric equipment	7	4	3	3	16	8	6
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	56	42	41	42	89	66	50
Transport equipment	35	29	27	27	118	65	33
Other manufacturing and repair	55	65	30	30	61	40	35
Electricity and gas supply	186	317	511	398	675	797	840
Water supply and waste management	10	8	8	8	16	18	19
Construction	205	161	163	163	212	244	185
Construction buildings, development	90	71	72	72	95	114	78
Civil engineering	41	33	33	33	43	48	38
Specialised construction activities	74	57	58	58	74	82	69
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	592	514	519	527	663	725	583
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	44	36	37	38	47	51	40
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	225	206	215	217	284	309	233
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	118	95	93	95	118	130	102
Land transport	27	19	19	20	28	33	24
Water transport	85	84	81	83	91	101	101
Air transport	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	30	25	25	26	37	38	33
Accommodation and food serving	63	49	49	48	58	63	50
Information and communication	60	46	47	47	59	66	56
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	17	14	15	14	17	20	15
Telecommunications	5	3	3	3	4	6	6
IT- and information services	38	29	29	30	38	40	35
Financial institutions	89	81	82	81	99	109	87
Financial institutions, no insurance	89	81	82	81	99	109	87
Insurance and pension funding	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other financial services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Real estate activities	5	5	5	5	10	6	6
Business services	732	750	789	841	1 195	1 356	1 325
Management, technical consultancy	52	43	43	41	47	53	42
Research and development	298	374	406	451	710	848	896
Advertising, design and other services	75	62	65	70	89	88	89
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	9	10	10	9	11	11	9
Employment activities	172	149	154	154	192	209	150
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	21	16	16	17	25	26	23
Security and investigation	6	5	5	5	6	7	6
Facility management	53	52	47	44	56	59	49
Other business services	46	39	43	50	59	55	61
Government and care	794	678	1 330	1 531	1 708	1 792	1 694
Public administration and services	230	222	232	239	233	246	231
Education	40	32	33	20	15	16	12
Human health activities	149	123	762	946	1 060	1 098	1 107
Care and social work	375	301	303	326	400	432	344
Culture, recreation, other services	71	61	61	64	79	88	71
Culture, sports and recreation	49	41	41	42	52	59	49
Other service activities	22	20	20	22	27	29	22
Households with domestic personnel	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>Other subsidies on production</b>	<b>3 385</b>	<b>3 502</b>	<b>4 488</b>	<b>4 734</b>	<b>6 261</b>	<b>6 429</b>	<b>6 124</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	2 229	2 092	2 886	3 009	4 339	4 446	4 045
Financial corporations	102	81	82	81	81	109	87
General government	584	633	630	645	790	853	850
Households	470	696	890	999	1 051	1 021	1 142
Non-profit institutions serving households	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

**TABLE P 5.1**  
**Dual classification of compensation of employees, 2011\***

	sectors	Total economy	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households
industries		S 1	S 11	S 12	S 13	S 14	S 15
NACE Rev. 2	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		2 934	1 116		58	1 760	
Industry (no construction), energy		43 451	38 642		3 668	1 141	
Mining and quarrying		747	747				
Manufacturing		38 636	34 521		2 991	1 124	
Manufacture of food and beverages		6 138	5 658			480	
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts		663	626			37	
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing		2 896	2 759			137	
Manufacture of coke and petroleum		476	476				
Manufacture of chemicals		3 516	3 512			4	
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals		952	951			1	
Manufacture of plastic and building material		2 871	2 836			35	
Manufacture of basic metals and -products		5 053	4 903			150	
Manufacture of electronic products		2 859	2 834			25	
Manufacture of electric equipment		785	773			12	
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.		4 304	4 224			80	
Transport equipment		2 054	2 017			37	
Other manufacturing and repair		6 069	2 952		2 991	126	
Electricity and gas supply		1 927	1 926			1	
Water supply and waste management		2 141	1 448		677	16	
Construction		18 095	16 213			1 882	
Construction buildings, development		5 409	4 931			478	
Civil engineering		3 325	3 030			295	
Specialised construction activities		9 361	8 252			1 109	
Trade, transport, hotels, catering		61 753	54 481		255	7 017	
Sale and repair of motor vehicles		4 753	3 856			897	
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)		22 907	22 088			819	
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)		12 947	10 526			2 421	
Land transport		7 524	6 778			746	
Water transport		802	689			113	
Air transport		2 080	2 080				
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.		5 521	5 158		255	108	
Accommodation and food serving		5 219	3 306			1 913	
Information and communication		14 043	13 357			426	260
Publishing, movie, radio and tv		2 764	2 375			129	260
Telecommunications		2 189	2 176			13	
IT- and information services		9 090	8 806			284	
Financial institutions		19 214	1 214	17 476		524	
Financial institutions, no insurance		11 766	1 214	10 551		1	
Insurance and pension funding		4 188		4 188			
Other financial services		3 260		2 737		523	
Real estate activities		3 330	3 213			117	
Business services		45 626	40 725	31	1 068	3 802	
Management, technical consultancy		19 591	17 551	3		2 037	
Research and development		2 540	1 640		892	8	
Advertising, design and other services		2 757	2 394			363	
Renting and leasing of tangible goods		1 201	1 066	28		107	
Employment activities		12 876	12 168		176	532	
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.		912	868			44	
Security and investigation		1 208	1 177			31	
Facility management		3 475	2 852			623	
Other business services		1 066	1 009			57	
Government and care		90 345	34 653		52 871	2 377	444
Public administration and services		27 276			27 276		
Education		22 821	397		21 974	450	
Human health activities		19 206	16 757		565	1 884	
Care and social work		21 042	17 499		3 056	43	444
Culture, recreation, other services		7 818	3 735	4	957	1 089	2 033
Culture, sports and recreation		3 398	1 792		643	498	465
Other service activities		4 371	1 943	4	314	542	1 568
Households with domestic personnel		49				49	
Other service activities							
<b>Compensation of employees</b>		<b>306 609</b>	<b>207 349</b>	<b>17 511</b>	<b>58 877</b>	<b>20 135</b>	<b>2 737</b>

**TABLE P 5**  
**Compensation of employees by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2 523	2 573	2 695	2 763	2 818	2 859	2 934
Industry (no construction), energy	38 957	39 857	41 301	43 113	42 652	42 635	43 451
Mining and quarrying	574	577	603	636	648	671	747
Manufacturing	35 117	35 965	37 248	38 839	38 192	38 013	38 636
Manufacture of food and beverages	5 466	5 597	5 775	5 873	5 945	6 097	6 138
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	671	671	692	698	659	651	663
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	3 247	3 265	3 333	3 383	3 175	3 024	2 896
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	456	455	473	540	544	464	476
Manufacture of chemicals	3 194	3 315	3 360	3 439	3 239	3 363	3 516
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	894	912	957	955	915	959	952
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2 688	2 769	2 858	2 982	2 906	2 833	2 871
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	4 633	4 734	5 045	5 356	5 091	4 975	5 053
Manufacture of electronic products	2 436	2 492	2 519	2 702	2 705	2 832	2 859
Manufacture of electric equipment	791	815	853	893	794	737	785
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	3 364	3 496	3 725	3 996	4 066	3 962	4 304
Transport equipment	1 745	1 771	1 819	1 961	2 009	1 988	2 054
Other manufacturing and repair	5 532	5 673	5 839	6 061	6 144	6 128	6 069
Electricity and gas supply	1 454	1 478	1 554	1 665	1 725	1 801	1 927
Water supply and waste management	1 812	1 837	1 896	1 973	2 087	2 150	2 141
Construction	16 360	16 856	17 637	18 569	18 542	18 086	18 095
Construction buildings, development	5 332	5 523	5 807	6 045	5 832	5 497	5 409
Civil engineering	2 583	2 686	2 785	2 955	3 103	3 195	3 325
Specialised construction activities	8 445	8 647	9 045	9 569	9 607	9 394	9 361
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	51 746	53 639	56 559	59 321	59 471	59 959	61 753
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	4 089	4 207	4 360	4 591	4 593	4 552	4 753
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	18 390	19 291	20 521	21 791	22 010	22 272	22 907
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	10 990	11 382	11 969	12 472	12 393	12 598	12 947
Land transport	6 541	6 691	7 129	7 424	7 284	7 388	7 524
Water transport	614	628	674	726	770	785	802
Air transport	1 899	1 939	2 013	2 105	2 162	2 005	2 080
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	4 977	5 073	5 287	5 428	5 402	5 371	5 521
Accommodation and food serving	4 246	4 428	4 606	4 784	4 857	4 988	5 219
Information and communication	11 416	12 150	13 062	13 919	14 053	13 709	14 043
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	2 679	2 765	2 874	2 983	2 910	2 761	2 764
Telecommunications	2 234	2 298	2 372	2 336	2 289	2 180	2 189
IT- and information services	6 503	7 087	7 816	8 600	8 854	8 768	9 090
Financial institutions	16 585	17 605	18 854	18 880	18 794	18 863	19 214
Financial institutions, no insurance	10 462	10 822	11 762	11 497	11 539	11 483	11 766
Insurance and pension funding	3 291	3 732	3 821	3 902	3 869	4 079	4 188
Other financial services	2 832	3 051	3 271	3 481	3 386	3 301	3 260
Real estate activities	2 915	3 032	3 190	3 377	3 442	3 318	3 330
Business services	35 782	38 835	42 683	45 836	44 921	43 952	45 626
Management, technical consultancy	16 087	17 099	18 345	19 851	20 190	19 309	19 591
Research and development	1 891	1 991	2 148	2 279	2 472	2 374	2 540
Advertising, design and other services	2 316	2 389	2 491	2 653	2 638	2 741	2 757
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	917	964	1 029	1 113	1 087	1 110	1 201
Employment activities	9 486	11 016	12 958	13 800	12 304	12 093	12 876
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	642	661	688	732	699	695	912
Security and investigation	947	1 016	1 076	1 179	1 213	1 210	1 208
Facility management	2 666	2 824	3 007	3 219	3 307	3 370	3 475
Other business services	830	875	941	1 010	1 011	1 050	1 066
Government and care	71 790	73 699	77 303	81 595	86 141	89 186	90 345
Public administration and services	23 389	23 611	24 522	25 554	26 929	27 668	27 276
Education	18 476	18 843	19 852	20 999	22 304	22 798	22 821
Human health activities	14 385	14 987	15 871	16 821	17 822	18 358	19 206
Care and social work	15 540	16 258	17 058	18 221	19 086	20 362	21 042
Culture, recreation, other services	6 489	6 679	7 025	7 343	7 654	7 867	7 818
Culture, sports and recreation	2 847	2 955	3 098	3 249	3 362	3 387	3 398
Other service activities	3 605	3 686	3 888	4 054	4 250	4 432	4 371
Households with domestic personnel	37	38	39	40	42	48	49
<b>Compensation of employees</b>	<b>254 563</b>	<b>264 925</b>	<b>280 309</b>	<b>294 716</b>	<b>298 488</b>	<b>300 434</b>	<b>306 609</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	170 995	179 049	190 018	201 020	201 913	201 695	207 349
Financial corporations	15 617	16 606	17 603	17 542	17 166	17 360	17 511
General government	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Households	16 397	17 043	18 250	19 156	19 198	19 573	20 135
Non-profit institutions serving households	2 011	2 011	2 165	2 307	2 486	2 599	2 737



**TABLE P 6**  
**Wages and salaries by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 935	1 987	2 087	2 138	2 153	2 177	2 221
Industry (no construction), energy	30 765	31 413	32 598	33 857	33 499	33 422	33 958
Mining and quarrying	445	449	469	490	501	520	575
Manufacturing	27 802	28 410	29 465	30 559	30 049	29 858	30 250
Manufacture of food and beverages	4 203	4 293	4 429	4 451	4 507	4 621	4 623
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	525	523	540	539	514	507	514
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	2 605	2 612	2 669	2 677	2 524	2 404	2 294
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	352	354	370	423	434	368	377
Manufacture of chemicals	2 479	2 562	2 601	2 643	2 496	2 586	2 690
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	695	707	744	740	740	773	765
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2 148	2 213	2 288	2 371	2 323	2 262	2 283
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	3 701	3 784	4 032	4 261	3 996	3 924	3 966
Manufacture of electronic products	1 960	1 992	2 018	2 151	2 135	2 237	2 254
Manufacture of electric equipment	628	646	677	708	641	596	633
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	2 684	2 785	2 976	3 193	3 274	3 183	3 446
Transport equipment	1 397	1 411	1 452	1 565	1 613	1 593	1 640
Other manufacturing and repair	4 425	4 528	4 669	4 837	4 852	4 804	4 765
Electricity and gas supply	1 138	1 151	1 211	1 298	1 343	1 404	1 496
Water supply and waste management	1 380	1 403	1 453	1 510	1 606	1 640	1 637
Construction	12 715	13 082	13 753	14 447	14 522	14 129	14 089
Construction buildings, development	4 057	4 202	4 442	4 607	4 483	4 221	4 138
Civil engineering	1 965	2 038	2 127	2 256	2 384	2 446	2 538
Specialised construction activities	6 693	6 842	7 184	7 584	7 655	7 462	7 413
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	42 053	43 562	46 091	48 129	48 445	48 649	49 979
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	3 342	3 430	3 555	3 732	3 714	3 670	3 814
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	14 947	15 669	16 716	17 728	17 982	18 138	18 599
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	8 897	9 224	9 742	10 093	10 134	10 260	10 512
Land transport	5 376	5 477	5 853	6 042	5 927	5 971	6 067
Water transport	496	507	546	585	628	637	649
Air transport	1 428	1 455	1 519	1 578	1 637	1 508	1 562
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	4 050	4 119	4 316	4 401	4 396	4 361	4 482
Accommodation and food serving	3 517	3 681	3 844	3 970	4 027	4 104	4 294
Information and communication	9 077	9 665	10 428	11 074	11 046	10 750	10 986
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	2 111	2 182	2 272	2 347	2 267	2 150	2 144
Telecommunications	1 708	1 753	1 814	1 744	1 721	1 635	1 637
IT- and information services	5 258	5 730	6 342	6 983	7 058	6 965	7 205
Financial institutions	12 712	13 531	14 515	14 331	14 227	14 028	14 214
Financial institutions, no insurance	8 035	8 344	9 076	8 712	8 698	8 449	8 614
Insurance and pension funding	2 482	2 825	2 898	2 919	2 899	3 039	3 102
Other financial services	2 195	2 362	2 541	2 700	2 630	2 540	2 498
Real estate activities	2 261	2 350	2 483	2 623	2 675	2 566	2 564
Business services	28 459	30 901	34 087	36 521	35 793	34 909	36 126
Management, technical consultancy	12 745	13 532	14 563	15 756	16 055	15 305	15 482
Research and development	1 486	1 566	1 695	1 798	1 921	1 856	1 979
Advertising, design and other services	1 837	1 895	1 985	2 102	2 103	2 178	2 183
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	732	768	825	887	871	885	955
Employment activities	7 589	8 848	10 440	11 082	9 868	9 658	10 255
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	496	509	529	562	536	533	696
Security and investigation	764	819	872	951	976	968	963
Facility management	2 140	2 259	2 416	2 568	2 645	2 680	2 756
Other business services	670	705	762	815	818	846	857
Government and care	53 933	55 819	58 587	61 873	65 218	67 707	68 558
Public administration and services	16 429	16 789	17 412	18 195	19 098	20 023	19 708
Education	13 546	14 043	14 764	15 676	16 663	16 855	16 841
Human health activities	11 541	12 000	12 729	13 490	14 253	14 664	15 325
Care and social work	12 417	12 987	13 682	14 512	15 204	16 165	16 684
Culture, recreation, other services	5 101	5 235	5 530	5 757	5 992	6 158	6 104
Culture, sports and recreation	2 236	2 314	2 440	2 542	2 617	2 630	2 630
Other service activities	2 832	2 888	3 056	3 180	3 338	3 487	3 432
Households with domestic personnel	33	33	34	35	37	41	42
<b>Wages and salaries</b>	<b>199 011</b>	<b>207 545</b>	<b>220 159</b>	<b>230 750</b>	<b>233 570</b>	<b>234 495</b>	<b>238 799</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	136 487	142 742	152 081	160 085	160 853	160 200	164 265
Financial corporations	11 975	12 778	13 581	13 552	13 225	13 207	13 187
General government	35 899	36 882	38 230	40 061	42 267	43 534	43 299
Households	13 073	13 566	14 561	15 234	15 267	15 514	15 916
Non-profit institutions serving households	1 577	1 577	1 706	1 818	1 958	2 040	2 132

**TABLE P 7**  
**Employers' social contributions by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	588	586	608	625	665	682	713
Industry (no construction), energy	8 192	8 444	8 703	9 256	9 153	9 213	9 493
Mining and quarrying	129	128	134	146	147	151	172
Manufacturing	7 315	7 555	7 783	8 280	8 143	8 155	8 386
Manufacture of food and beverages	1 263	1 304	1 346	1 422	1 438	1 476	1 515
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	146	148	152	159	145	144	149
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	642	653	664	706	651	620	602
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	104	101	103	117	110	96	99
Manufacture of chemicals	715	753	759	796	743	777	826
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	199	205	213	215	175	186	187
Manufacture of plastic and building material	540	556	570	611	583	571	588
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	932	950	1 013	1 095	1 095	1 051	1 087
Manufacture of electronic products	476	500	501	551	570	595	605
Manufacture of electric equipment	163	169	176	185	153	141	152
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	680	711	749	803	792	779	858
Transport equipment	348	360	367	396	396	395	414
Other manufacturing and repair	1 107	1 145	1 170	1 224	1 292	1 324	1 304
Electricity and gas supply	316	327	343	367	382	397	431
Water supply and waste management	432	434	443	463	481	510	504
Construction	3 645	3 774	3 884	4 122	4 020	3 957	4 006
Construction buildings, development	1 275	1 321	1 365	1 438	1 349	1 276	1 271
Civil engineering	618	648	658	699	719	749	787
Specialised construction activities	1 752	1 805	1 861	1 985	1 952	1 932	1 948
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	9 693	10 077	10 468	11 192	11 026	11 310	11 774
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	747	777	805	859	879	882	939
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	3 443	3 622	3 805	4 063	4 028	4 134	4 308
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	2 093	2 158	2 227	2 379	2 259	2 338	2 435
Land transport	1 165	1 214	1 276	1 382	1 357	1 417	1 457
Water transport	118	121	128	141	142	148	153
Air transport	471	484	494	527	525	497	518
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	927	954	971	1 027	1 006	1 010	1 039
Accommodation and food serving	729	747	762	814	830	884	925
Information and communication	2 339	2 485	2 634	2 845	3 007	2 959	3 057
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	568	583	602	636	643	611	620
Telecommunications	526	545	558	592	568	545	552
IT- and information services	1 245	1 357	1 474	1 617	1 796	1 803	1 885
Financial institutions	3 873	4 074	4 339	4 549	4 567	4 835	5 000
Financial institutions, no insurance	2 427	2 478	2 686	2 785	2 841	3 034	3 152
Insurance and pension funding	809	907	923	983	970	1 040	1 086
Other financial services	637	689	730	781	756	761	762
Real estate activities	654	682	707	754	767	752	766
Business services	7 323	7 934	8 596	9 315	9 128	9 043	9 500
Management, technical consultancy	3 342	3 567	3 782	4 095	4 135	4 004	4 109
Research and development	405	425	453	481	551	518	561
Advertising, design and other services	479	494	506	551	535	563	574
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	185	196	204	226	216	225	246
Employment activities	1 897	2 168	2 518	2 718	2 436	2 435	2 621
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	146	152	159	170	163	162	216
Security and investigation	183	197	204	228	237	242	245
Facility management	526	565	591	651	662	690	719
Other business services	160	170	179	195	193	204	209
Government and care	17 857	17 880	18 716	19 722	20 923	21 479	21 787
Public administration and services	6 960	6 822	7 110	7 359	7 831	7 645	7 568
Education	4 930	4 800	5 088	5 323	5 641	5 943	5 980
Human health activities	2 844	2 987	3 142	3 331	3 569	3 694	3 881
Care and social work	3 123	3 271	3 376	3 709	3 882	4 197	4 358
Culture, recreation, other services	1 388	1 444	1 495	1 586	1 662	1 709	1 714
Culture, sports and recreation	611	641	658	707	745	757	768
Other service activities	773	798	832	874	912	945	939
Households with domestic personnel	4	5	5	5	5	7	7
<b>Employers' social contributions</b>	<b>55 552</b>	<b>57 380</b>	<b>60 150</b>	<b>63 966</b>	<b>64 918</b>	<b>65 939</b>	<b>67 810</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	34 508	36 307	37 937	40 935	41 060	41 495	43 084
Financial corporations	3 642	3 828	4 022	3 990	3 941	4 153	4 324
General government	13 644	13 334	14 043	14 630	15 458	15 673	15 578
Households	3 324	3 477	3 689	3 922	3 931	4 059	4 219
Non-profit institutions serving households	434	434	459	489	528	559	605

**TABLE P 8**  
**Operating surplus / mixed income (gross) by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	6 159	7 367	7 336	6 451	5 346	6 656	6 141
Industry (no construction), energy	45 588	50 769	54 845	59 518	50 512	56 509	61 641
Mining and quarrying	11 933	15 305	15 012	20 881	14 884	16 342	18 935
Manufacturing	26 071	26 565	29 766	28 294	21 736	26 685	30 470
Manufacture of food and beverages	6 413	6 493	7 126	6 742	7 381	7 216	7 933
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	409	436	500	452	432	568	597
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	1 637	1 635	1 902	1 669	1 415	1 604	1 811
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	2 763	1 805	1 869	2 397	1 580	1 666	2 178
Manufacture of chemicals	6 400	6 952	7 416	6 904	4 046	7 088	8 140
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	252	154	147	344	571	359	359
Manufacture of plastic and building material	1 243	1 454	1 717	1 582	1 710	1 457	1 514
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	2 804	3 013	3 506	2 942	1 972	2 214	2 393
Manufacture of electronic products	- 515	- 808	- 754	- 982	- 1 124	- 901	- 772
Manufacture of electric equipment	219	289	399	419	264	161	80
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	1 544	1 983	2 286	1 898	1 102	2 449	3 008
Transport equipment	1 212	1 255	1 565	1 647	301	706	1 154
Other manufacturing and repair	1 690	1 904	2 087	2 280	2 086	2 098	2 075
Electricity and gas supply	5 627	6 816	7 933	8 136	11 801	11 333	9 971
Water supply and waste management	1 957	2 083	2 134	2 207	2 091	2 149	2 265
Construction	8 981	10 102	11 307	12 419	12 197	9 996	10 672
Construction buildings, development	3 611	4 144	4 533	4 753	4 761	3 892	3 990
Civil engineering	639	749	719	832	835	608	608
Specialised construction activities	4 731	5 209	6 055	6 834	6 601	5 496	6 074
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	38 404	40 477	43 907	42 080	34 289	37 546	38 819
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	2 611	2 756	2 880	2 798	2 155	2 788	2 958
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	17 330	18 506	21 200	20 830	15 876	19 754	22 168
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	5 496	5 706	5 621	4 786	5 025	3 999	2 699
Land transport	3 323	3 652	3 904	3 709	3 560	3 418	3 458
Water transport	1 448	1 351	1 368	1 359	829	611	577
Air transport	- 66	- 77	- 386	- 804	- 1 613	- 1 577	- 2 130
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	4 193	4 439	4 782	5 178	4 449	4 646	5 023
Accommodation and food serving	4 069	4 144	4 538	4 224	4 008	3 907	4 066
Information and communication	11 988	12 353	13 155	12 472	10 995	11 653	11 326
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	2 665	2 794	2 965	2 879	2 859	3 228	3 098
Telecommunications	7 158	6 998	7 046	6 440	5 955	6 093	6 195
IT- and information services	2 165	2 561	3 144	3 153	2 181	2 332	2 033
Financial institutions	18 356	14 620	10 954	10 970	19 031	24 369	23 093
Financial institutions, no insurance	9 647	5 149	2 077	5 127	12 890	18 633	17 499
Insurance and pension funding	7 361	7 680	6 885	4 607	5 084	4 531	4 198
Other financial services	1 348	1 791	1 992	1 236	1 057	1 205	1 396
Real estate activities	28 527	32 230	36 201	37 068	27 583	26 850	29 364
Business services	14 534	16 387	18 487	19 268	17 451	16 412	15 002
Management, technical consultancy	5 168	5 811	6 507	6 693	5 552	5 098	4 175
Research and development	378	456	341	221	104	350	243
Advertising, design and other services	2 460	2 570	2 799	2 981	2 602	2 422	2 379
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	3 343	3 598	3 934	3 848	3 636	3 371	3 306
Employment activities	1 340	2 052	2 815	3 362	2 969	2 668	2 625
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	340	349	454	401	765	838	785
Security and investigation	93	100	92	58	8	- 14	9
Facility management	1 001	1 040	1 088	1 144	1 216	1 161	1 006
Other business services	411	411	457	560	599	518	474
Government and care	21 987	22 694	24 594	26 408	28 945	29 598	29 958
Public administration and services	9 126	9 518	10 048	10 618	11 041	11 322	11 568
Education	3 108	3 234	3 469	3 688	3 926	4 078	4 149
Human health activities	7 033	7 216	8 465	9 257	10 415	11 251	11 489
Care and social work	2 720	2 726	2 612	2 845	3 563	2 947	2 752
Culture, recreation, other services	4 881	4 948	5 095	5 180	5 453	5 495	5 789
Culture, sports and recreation	1 354	1 341	1 398	1 364	1 442	1 491	1 470
Other service activities	1 596	1 612	1 647	1 691	1 804	1 744	1 974
Households with domestic personnel	1 931	1 995	2 050	2 125	2 207	2 260	2 345
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>199 405</b>	<b>211 947</b>	<b>225 881</b>	<b>231 834</b>	<b>211 802</b>	<b>225 084</b>	<b>231 805</b>
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
<b>Operating surplus / mixed income (gross)</b>	<b>200 043</b>	<b>212 103</b>	<b>225 286</b>	<b>232 279</b>	<b>214 577</b>	<b>224 833</b>	<b>232 828</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	115 773	124 262	134 404	138 456	123 161	128 947	134 745
Financial corporations	17 937	14 260	10 758	11 359	19 261	24 753	23 452
General government	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Households	53 255	59 894	65 656	67 149	56 189	54 649	57 729
Non-profit institutions serving households	206	211	217	223	228	230	230

**TABLE P 9**  
**Operating surplus / mixed income (net) by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 141	4 286	4 131	3 120	1 935	3 167	2 621
Industry (no construction), energy	32 684	37 572	41 232	45 398	36 190	42 000	46 978
Mining and quarrying	10 712	14 017	13 657	19 449	13 410	14 805	17 341
Manufacturing	17 785	18 103	21 041	19 253	12 590	17 515	21 331
Manufacture of food and beverages	4 777	4 820	5 405	4 957	5 554	5 372	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	228	256	318	265	243	382	.
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	746	746	1 002	753	599	847	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	2 394	1 428	1 477	1 989	1 139	1 208	.
Manufacture of chemicals	5 101	5 619	6 033	5 472	2 669	5 699	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	- 13	- 102	- 102	91	254	48	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	747	921	1 171	1 022	1 117	860	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	1 931	2 123	2 576	1 966	987	1 229	.
Manufacture of electronic products	- 1 226	- 1 520	- 1 488	- 1 741	- 1 856	- 1 630	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	35	101	202	205	51	- 39	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	1 123	1 544	1 823	1 418	606	1 925	.
Transport equipment	857	891	1 187	1 255	- 69	321	.
Other manufacturing and repair	1 085	1 276	1 437	1 601	1 296	1 296	.
Electricity and gas supply	3 506	4 676	5 731	5 875	9 508	8 993	7 559
Water supply and waste management	681	776	803	821	682	687	747
Construction	7 407	8 498	9 642	10 642	10 440	8 247	8 939
Construction buildings, development	3 122	3 669	4 034	4 203	4 318	3 444	.
Civil engineering	328	414	373	484	407	74	.
Specialised construction activities	3 957	4 415	5 235	5 955	5 715	4 729	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	27 575	29 406	32 429	30 066	21 945	25 034	26 246
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	1 805	1 942	2 048	1 962	1 342	2 027	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	14 564	15 691	18 283	17 780	12 747	16 639	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	3 428	3 576	3 409	2 477	2 679	1 668	.
Land transport	1 877	2 219	2 452	2 207	2 015	1 873	.
Water transport	815	693	672	605	32	- 216	.
Air transport	- 817	- 825	- 1 143	- 1 583	- 2 431	- 2 433	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	2 454	2 601	2 831	3 095	2 284	2 307	.
Accommodation and food serving	3 449	3 509	3 877	3 523	3 277	3 169	.
Information and communication	8 207	8 525	9 211	8 364	6 811	7 422	7 081
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	2 408	2 545	2 718	2 594	2 496	2 830	.
Telecommunications	4 139	3 955	3 949	3 288	2 849	3 006	.
IT- and information services	1 660	2 025	2 544	2 482	1 466	1 586	.
Financial institutions	13 819	10 050	6 323	6 297	14 398	20 003	19 023
Financial institutions, no insurance	6 506	1 990	- 1 098	1 919	9 812	15 774	.
Insurance and pension funding	6 399	6 716	5 903	3 637	4 043	3 560	.
Other financial services	914	1 344	1 518	741	543	669	.
Real estate activities	11 009	13 497	16 524	16 796	6 103	4 492	7 640
Business services	8 008	9 591	11 236	11 694	9 968	9 385	8 147
Management, technical consultancy	3 735	4 379	4 995	5 096	3 916	3 381	.
Research and development	142	224	106	- 25	- 162	63	.
Advertising, design and other services	2 055	2 159	2 361	2 516	2 250	2 086	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	- 582	- 569	- 547	- 796	- 809	- 643	.
Employment activities	1 226	1 881	2 632	3 174	2 753	2 511	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	262	270	369	311	683	773	.
Security and investigation	57	62	52	16	- 31	- 55	.
Facility management	825	896	939	978	1 008	945	.
Other business services	288	289	329	424	360	324	.
Government and care	8 056	8 106	9 168	10 086	11 855	11 954	11 909
Public administration and services	-	-	-	-	-	-	.
Education	777	779	851	891	939	979	.
Human health activities	6 048	6 172	7 348	8 081	9 190	9 962	.
Care and social work	1 231	1 155	969	1 114	1 726	1 013	.
Culture, recreation, other services	3 790	3 822	3 913	3 959	4 183	4 168	4 495
Culture, sports and recreation	782	752	785	740	795	799	.
Other service activities	1 077	1 075	1 078	1 094	1 181	1 109	.
Households with domestic personnel	1 931	1 995	2 050	2 125	2 207	2 260	.
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>123 696</b>	<b>133 353</b>	<b>143 809</b>	<b>146 422</b>	<b>123 828</b>	<b>135 872</b>	<b>143 079</b>
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
<b>Operating surplus / mixed income (net)</b>	<b>124 334</b>	<b>133 509</b>	<b>143 214</b>	<b>146 867</b>	<b>126 603</b>	<b>135 621</b>	<b>144 102</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	75 505	82 763	91 203	93 466	77 136	82 576	88 496
Financial corporations	13 328	9 613	6 022	6 511	14 404	20 155	19 139
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	35 501	41 133	45 989	46 890	35 063	32 890	36 467
Non-profit institutions serving households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**TABLE P 10**  
**Consumption of fixed capital by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 018	3 081	3 205	3 331	3 411	3 489	3 520
Industry (no construction), energy	12 904	13 197	13 613	14 120	14 322	14 509	14 663
Mining and quarrying	1 221	1 288	1 355	1 432	1 474	1 537	1 594
Manufacturing	8 286	8 462	8 725	9 041	9 146	9 170	9 139
Manufacture of food and beverages	1 636	1 673	1 721	1 785	1 827	1 844	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	181	180	182	187	189	186	.
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	891	889	900	916	816	757	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	369	377	392	408	441	458	.
Manufacture of chemicals	1 299	1 333	1 383	1 432	1 377	1 389	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	265	256	249	253	317	311	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	496	533	546	560	593	597	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	873	890	930	976	985	985	.
Manufacture of electronic products	711	712	734	759	732	729	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	184	188	197	214	213	200	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	421	439	463	480	496	524	.
Transport equipment	355	364	378	392	370	385	.
Other manufacturing and repair	605	628	650	679	790	805	.
Electricity and gas supply	2 121	2 140	2 202	2 261	2 293	2 340	2 412
Water supply and waste management	1 276	1 307	1 331	1 386	1 409	1 462	1 518
Construction	1 574	1 604	1 665	1 777	1 757	1 749	1 733
Construction buildings, development	489	475	499	550	443	448	.
Civil engineering	311	335	346	348	428	534	.
Specialised construction activities	774	794	820	879	886	767	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	10 829	11 071	11 478	12 014	12 344	12 512	12 573
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	806	814	832	836	813	761	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	2 766	2 815	2 917	3 050	3 129	3 115	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	2 068	2 130	2 212	2 309	2 346	2 331	.
Land transport	1 446	1 433	1 452	1 502	1 545	1 545	.
Water transport	633	658	696	754	797	827	.
Air transport	751	748	757	779	818	856	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	1 739	1 838	1 951	2 083	2 165	2 339	.
Accommodation and food serving	620	635	661	701	731	738	.
Information and communication	3 781	3 828	3 944	4 108	4 184	4 231	4 245
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	257	249	247	285	363	398	.
Telecommunications	3 019	3 043	3 097	3 152	3 106	3 087	.
IT- and information services	505	536	600	671	715	746	.
Financial institutions	4 537	4 570	4 631	4 673	4 633	4 366	4 070
Financial institutions, no insurance	3 141	3 159	3 175	3 208	3 078	2 859	.
Insurance and pension funding	962	964	982	970	1 041	971	.
Other financial services	434	447	474	495	514	536	.
Real estate activities	17 518	18 733	19 677	20 272	21 480	22 358	21 724
Business services	6 526	6 796	7 251	7 574	7 483	7 027	6 855
Management, technical consultancy	1 433	1 432	1 512	1 597	1 636	1 717	.
Research and development	236	232	235	246	266	287	.
Advertising, design and other services	405	411	438	465	352	336	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	3 925	4 167	4 481	4 644	4 445	4 014	.
Employment activities	114	171	183	188	216	157	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	78	79	85	90	82	65	.
Security and investigation	36	38	40	42	39	41	.
Facility management	176	144	149	166	208	216	.
Other business services	123	122	128	136	239	194	.
Government and care	13 931	14 588	15 426	16 322	17 090	17 644	18 049
Public administration and services	9 126	9 518	10 048	10 618	11 041	11 322	.
Education	2 331	2 455	2 618	2 797	2 987	3 099	.
Human health activities	985	1 044	1 117	1 176	1 225	1 289	.
Care and social work	1 489	1 571	1 643	1 731	1 837	1 934	.
Culture, recreation, other services	1 091	1 126	1 182	1 221	1 270	1 327	1 294
Culture, sports and recreation	572	589	613	624	647	692	.
Other service activities	519	537	569	597	623	635	.
Households with domestic personnel	-	-	-	-	-	-	.
<b>Consumption of fixed capital</b>	<b>75 709</b>	<b>78 594</b>	<b>82 072</b>	<b>85 412</b>	<b>87 974</b>	<b>89 212</b>	<b>88 726</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	40 268	41 499	43 201	44 990	46 025	46 371	46 249
Financial corporations	4 609	4 647	4 736	4 848	4 857	4 598	4 313
General government	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Households	17 754	18 761	19 667	20 259	21 126	21 759	21 262
Non-profit institutions serving households	206	211	217	223	228	230	230

**TABLE P 11.1**  
**Dual classification of value added (gross, basic prices), 2011\***

	sectors	Total economy	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households
industries		S 1	S 11	S 12	S 13	S 14	S 15
NACE Rev. 2		<i>mln euro</i>					
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		8 663	2 118	–	67	6 478	–
Industry (no construction), energy		105 033	98 003	–	4 412	2 618	–
Mining and quarrying		19 708	19 708	–	–	–	–
Manufacturing		69 626	63 999	–	3 092	2 535	–
Manufacture of food and beverages		14 287	13 444	–	–	843	–
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts		1 275	1 155	–	–	120	–
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing		4 762	4 422	–	–	340	–
Manufacture of coke and petroleum		2 766	2 766	–	–	–	–
Manufacture of chemicals		11 739	11 731	–	–	8	–
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals		1 323	1 322	–	–	1	–
Manufacture of plastic and building material		4 413	4 319	–	–	94	–
Manufacture of basic metals and -products		7 461	7 068	–	–	393	–
Manufacture of electronic products		2 101	2 032	–	–	69	–
Manufacture of electric equipment		869	839	–	–	30	–
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.		7 288	7 064	–	–	224	–
Transport equipment		3 203	3 122	–	–	81	–
Other manufacturing and repair		8 139	4 715	–	3 092	332	–
Electricity and gas supply		11 104	11 099	–	–	5	–
Water supply and waste management		4 595	3 197	–	1 320	78	–
Construction		28 727	23 164	–	–	5 563	–
Construction buildings, development		9 359	7 440	–	–	1 919	–
Civil engineering		3 919	3 430	–	–	489	–
Specialised construction activities		15 449	12 294	–	–	3 155	–
Trade, transport, hotels, catering		101 201	80 750	–	1 389	19 062	–
Sale and repair of motor vehicles		7 880	6 641	–	–	1 239	–
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)		45 139	39 794	–	–	5 345	–
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)		15 670	10 558	–	–	5 112	–
Land transport		11 178	9 551	–	–	1 627	–
Water transport		1 284	742	–	–	542	–
Air transport		7	7	–	–	–	–
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.		10 573	8 886	–	1 389	298	–
Accommodation and food serving		9 470	4 571	–	–	4 899	–
Information and communication		25 351	23 591	–	–	1 391	369
Publishing, movie, radio and tv		5 860	4 990	–	–	501	369
Telecommunications		8 387	8 313	–	–	74	–
IT- and information services		11 104	10 288	–	–	816	–
Financial institutions		42 534	699	41 109	–	726	–
Financial institutions, no insurance		29 357	699	28 656	–	2	–
Insurance and pension funding		8 485	–	8 485	–	–	–
Other financial services		4 692	–	3 968	–	724	–
Real estate activities		34 975	16 955	–	–	18 020	–
Business services		59 885	48 914	97	741	10 133	–
Management, technical consultancy		23 810	18 467	– 2	–	5 345	–
Research and development		1 899	1 317	–	561	21	–
Advertising, design and other services		5 062	3 600	–	–	1 462	–
Renting and leasing of tangible goods		4 892	4 408	99	–	385	–
Employment activities		15 387	14 339	–	180	868	–
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.		1 677	1 523	–	–	154	–
Security and investigation		1 212	1 179	–	–	33	–
Facility management		4 446	2 832	–	–	1 614	–
Other business services		1 500	1 249	–	–	251	–
Government and care		119 377	41 575	–	67 742	9 622	438
Public administration and services		38 937	–	–	38 937	–	–
Education		27 158	875	–	25 121	1 162	–
Human health activities		29 746	21 689	–	596	7 461	–
Care and social work		23 536	19 011	–	3 088	999	438
Culture, recreation, other services		13 629	5 599	21	1 022	4 803	2 184
Culture, sports and recreation		4 879	2 804	–	694	859	522
Other service activities		6 356	2 795	21	328	1 550	1 662
Households with domestic personnel		2 394	–	–	–	2 394	–
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>		<b>539 375</b>	<b>341 368</b>	<b>41 227</b>	<b>75 373</b>	<b>78 416</b>	<b>2 991</b>

**TABLE P 11**  
**Value added (gross, basic prices) by industry and sector**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	8 826	9 808	9 738	8 837	7 898	9 297	8 663
Industry (no construction), energy	84 813	90 763	96 280	103 046	92 840	99 002	105 033
Mining and quarrying	12 532	15 906	15 637	21 541	15 556	17 039	19 708
Manufacturing	61 405	62 743	67 416	67 700	60 025	65 086	69 626
Manufacture of food and beverages	11 937	12 151	13 106	12 916	13 546	13 531	14 287
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	1 097	1 120	1 208	1 166	1 100	1 232	1 275
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	4 910	4 921	5 258	5 104	4 646	4 680	4 762
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	3 330	2 367	2 455	3 050	2 245	2 251	2 766
Manufacture of chemicals	9 663	10 334	10 832	10 414	7 333	10 531	11 739
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	1 150	1 071	1 110	1 307	1 496	1 328	1 323
Manufacture of plastic and building material	3 952	4 237	4 589	4 588	4 636	4 315	4 413
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	7 451	7 756	8 562	8 312	6 876	7 143	7 461
Manufacture of electronic products	1 918	1 688	1 770	1 729	1 586	1 942	2 101
Manufacture of electric equipment	1 006	1 104	1 253	1 313	1 048	899	869
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	4 871	5 456	5 990	5 873	5 104	6 369	7 288
Transport equipment	2 929	3 006	3 366	3 592	2 211	2 651	3 203
Other manufacturing and repair	7 191	7 532	7 917	8 336	8 198	8 215	8 139
Electricity and gas supply	6 933	8 015	9 016	9 445	12 895	12 385	11 104
Water supply and waste management	3 943	4 099	4 211	4 360	4 364	4 492	4 595
Construction	25 264	26 930	28 914	30 956	30 678	27 985	28 727
Construction buildings, development	8 891	9 634	10 307	10 765	10 540	9 314	9 359
Civil engineering	3 199	3 421	3 489	3 772	3 918	3 780	3 919
Specialised construction activities	13 174	13 875	15 118	16 419	16 220	14 891	15 449
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	90 548	94 644	101 033	102 011	94 259	98 004	101 201
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	6 855	7 130	7 409	7 560	6 902	7 500	7 880
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	35 712	37 809	41 736	42 654	37 878	42 017	45 139
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	16 468	17 097	17 600	17 275	17 428	16 597	15 670
Land transport	9 982	10 488	11 185	11 293	11 013	10 990	11 178
Water transport	1 981	1 899	1 965	2 006	1 513	1 301	1 284
Air transport	1 891	1 929	1 696	1 367	605	487	7
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	9 189	9 539	10 102	10 640	9 875	10 039	10 573
Accommodation and food serving	8 470	8 753	9 340	9 216	9 045	9 073	9 470
Information and communication	23 372	24 482	26 200	26 376	25 022	25 333	25 351
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	5 335	5 551	5 832	5 856	5 762	5 982	5 860
Telecommunications	9 393	9 299	9 423	8 781	8 247	8 275	8 387
IT- and information services	8 644	9 632	10 945	11 739	11 013	11 076	11 104
Financial institutions	35 093	32 415	30 014	30 058	38 022	43 423	42 534
Financial institutions, no insurance	20 158	16 050	13 929	16 716	24 503	30 182	29 357
Insurance and pension funding	10 737	11 504	10 802	8 602	9 051	8 708	8 485
Other financial services	4 198	4 861	5 283	4 740	4 468	4 533	4 692
Real estate activities	33 212	37 022	41 230	42 434	33 161	32 405	34 975
Business services	50 029	54 933	60 868	64 800	61 751	59 625	59 885
Management, technical consultancy	21 277	22 945	24 888	26 584	25 781	24 442	23 810
Research and development	1 985	2 087	2 099	2 064	1 881	1 889	1 899
Advertising, design and other services	4 717	4 913	5 240	5 580	5 169	5 091	5 062
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	4 542	4 851	5 274	5 313	5 088	4 893	4 892
Employment activities	10 681	12 948	15 650	17 039	15 117	14 588	15 387
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	963	996	1 128	1 118	1 442	1 510	1 677
Security and investigation	1 035	1 112	1 164	1 233	1 217	1 190	1 212
Facility management	3 628	3 827	4 063	4 334	4 484	4 489	4 446
Other business services	1 201	1 254	1 362	1 535	1 572	1 533	1 500
Government and care	93 645	96 363	101 224	107 168	114 103	117 736	119 377
Public administration and services	32 540	33 163	34 596	36 216	38 030	39 053	38 937
Education	21 720	22 222	23 469	24 849	26 406	27 052	27 158
Human health activities	21 414	22 216	23 713	25 276	27 332	28 667	29 746
Care and social work	17 971	18 762	19 446	20 827	22 335	22 964	23 536
Culture, recreation, other services	11 380	11 652	12 149	12 553	13 118	13 366	13 629
Culture, sports and recreation	4 204	4 312	4 515	4 632	4 810	4 877	4 879
Other service activities	5 208	5 307	5 545	5 756	6 059	6 181	6 356
Households with domestic personnel	1 968	2 033	2 089	2 165	2 249	2 308	2 394
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>	<b>456 182</b>	<b>479 012</b>	<b>507 650</b>	<b>528 239</b>	<b>510 852</b>	<b>526 176</b>	<b>539 375</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	287 162	304 212	325 204	339 872	322 929	330 473	341 368
Financial corporations	33 837	31 077	28 607	29 145	36 676	42 341	41 227
General government	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Households	70 569	77 863	84 977	86 943	75 229	75 262	78 416
Non-profit institutions serving households	2 224	2 239	2 399	2 547	2 734	2 851	2 991

**TABLE P 12**  
**Value added (gross, basic prices) by industry and sector: volume changes**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	%						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.5	-0.9	3.9	2.2	4.5	-1.1	1.6
Industry (no construction), energy	0.3	2.0	3.9	0.7	-7.0	7.5	0.3
Mining and quarrying	-17.7	-2.6	-0.2	8.1	-5.2	12.9	-7.6
Manufacturing	2.1	3.5	5.9	-1.5	-9.2	6.9	3.5
Manufacture of food and beverages	3.9	2.1	3.0	-1.9	0.9	0.7	1.0
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	0.6	2.6	7.1	-2.7	-10.5	14.5	4.5
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	2.4	1.6	2.6	-1.8	-7.9	2.3	1.3
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	1.0	-3.8	8.5	7.7	-4.5	-10.3	1.4
Manufacture of chemicals	0.7	5.8	3.6	-6.2	-4.9	12.4	-2.8
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0.2	6.7	14.6	-12.0	4.7	0.0	7.8
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2.7	6.8	5.2	-1.2	-12.8	0.4	4.8
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	3.0	3.2	8.7	0.2	-15.4	13.0	4.3
Manufacture of electronic products	9.8	-1.1	6.0	0.6	-13.4	23.5	7.0
Manufacture of electric equipment	-1.7	10.2	13.2	2.0	-18.7	-0.9	3.8
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	0.6	8.5	8.2	-4.2	-18.0	25.2	14.9
Transport equipment	-0.3	1.2	12.9	1.4	-35.7	24.0	22.7
Other manufacturing and repair	1.7	3.0	5.8	2.8	-6.7	0.1	-0.4
Electricity and gas supply	18.0	-2.5	-2.1	3.6	1.2	5.8	-6.1
Water supply and waste management	-1.5	1.9	1.1	2.7	0.9	1.9	1.8
Construction	3.2	2.4	5.6	3.2	-5.5	-11.1	4.5
Construction buildings, development	1.5	3.5	6.4	2.3	-7.6	-13.3	3.9
Civil engineering	7.5	3.3	-2.7	2.1	6.3	-10.3	1.5
Specialised construction activities	3.3	1.4	7.1	4.1	-6.8	-9.8	5.6
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	4.0	5.9	5.5	0.5	-6.8	3.5	2.8
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	-2.9	4.3	2.8	0.9	-9.4	5.8	4.5
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	7.6	9.1	7.4	1.0	-8.0	6.6	4.0
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	1.5	5.7	5.1	0.6	-2.7	0.5	-0.4
Land transport	1.8	4.3	4.6	-0.3	-4.8	1.6	1.7
Water transport	7.9	2.5	15.6	5.9	-13.8	-2.2	0.6
Air transport	12.3	0.5	2.1	3.1	-9.4	7.9	11.1
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	2.6	2.1	3.5	1.5	-7.0	3.4	2.7
Accommodation and food serving	1.1	2.7	2.3	-4.2	-7.3	-2.1	3.3
Information and communication	4.2	5.8	6.2	2.5	-3.9	0.3	0.3
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	-1.6	2.5	2.7	-1.4	-5.9	-0.1	-4.5
Telecommunications	5.1	4.5	6.2	1.3	-2.7	1.5	0.0
IT- and information services	7.2	9.2	8.2	5.5	-3.8	-0.3	3.2
Financial institutions	3.1	5.4	4.4	6.5	-1.1	1.6	-1.4
Financial institutions, no insurance	5.2	2.4	10.5	12.9	0.4	3.0	-1.3
Insurance and pension funding	0.1	8.6	-5.9	-3.3	-1.8	-3.6	-3.4
Other financial services	-0.3	11.1	8.7	9.6	-4.8	4.1	1.7
Real estate activities	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	-0.3	2.5	2.1
Business services	3.9	6.5	6.4	4.1	-6.7	-2.5	-0.1
Management, technical consultancy	1.5	4.5	3.1	4.3	-2.9	-3.0	-2.6
Research and development	1.4	3.8	-0.8	-2.2	-11.2	0.6	0.5
Advertising, design and other services	3.7	1.3	3.3	3.7	-9.6	-3.0	-2.1
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	0.8	1.1	6.4	5.1	-5.3	-1.8	-0.4
Employment activities	13.0	16.6	15.6	4.2	-13.5	-3.2	4.5
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	-1.0	0.5	5.3	2.2	-4.7	6.7	9.7
Security and investigation	6.7	9.2	2.2	5.4	-3.6	-3.4	1.3
Facility management	1.3	5.9	3.4	3.4	-0.7	-0.2	-1.5
Other business services	0.3	3.2	8.0	9.0	-3.9	-4.3	-1.8
Government and care	0.6	0.9	1.6	2.9	3.7	2.4	1.3
Public administration and services	-0.7	0.2	1.3	1.2	3.4	2.8	-1.0
Education	-0.1	-0.4	0.4	1.7	0.5	1.2	0.5
Human health activities	2.9	1.2	3.4	5.2	6.1	4.3	4.1
Care and social work	1.3	3.4	1.5	4.2	5.0	0.9	2.8
Culture, recreation, other services	1.5	2.0	2.4	0.4	-1.0	-1.1	-0.4
Culture, sports and recreation	2.2	4.8	2.7	-0.1	-1.5	-2.1	-2.0
Other service activities	1.4	0.5	3.0	0.8	-1.2	-0.8	0.5
Households with domestic personnel	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.4
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>-3.3</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	3.0	4.0	4.8	1.8	-4.8	2.1	1.7
Financial corporations	0.9	5.3	4.7	8.4	-0.6	2.6	-2.1
General government	-0.6	-0.1	0.8	1.2	1.8	2.0	-0.2
Households	1.2	2.7	3.2	1.6	-2.5	0.4	2.1
Non-profit institutions serving households	-0.1	0.6	4.2	4.4	1.2	1.1	2.4



**TABLE P 13**  
**Value added (gross, basic prices) by industry and sector: deflators**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>deflators: % changes</i>							
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2.3	12.1	-4.4	-11.2	-14.4	19.0	-8.3
Industry (no construction), energy	5.7	4.9	2.1	6.2	-3.1	-0.8	5.7
Mining and quarrying	35.1	30.4	-1.5	27.4	-23.9	-3.0	25.1
Manufacturing	2.1	-1.2	1.5	1.9	-2.3	1.4	3.3
Manufacture of food and beverages	-1.0	-0.3	4.8	0.5	4.0	-0.8	4.5
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	-0.2	-0.4	0.8	-0.8	5.5	-2.1	-0.9
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	-1.8	-1.4	4.1	-1.1	-1.1	-1.5	0.4
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	37.2	-26.1	-4.4	15.4	-22.9	11.8	21.2
Manufacture of chemicals	2.6	1.1	1.1	2.5	-26.0	27.8	14.7
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	-10.4	-12.7	-9.5	33.8	9.3	-11.2	-7.5
Manufacture of plastic and building material	-2.7	0.4	2.9	1.2	15.8	-7.3	-2.5
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	5.3	0.9	1.6	-3.1	-2.2	-8.1	0.1
Manufacture of electronic products	2.2	-11.0	-1.1	-2.9	5.9	-0.8	1.1
Manufacture of electric equipment	-3.6	-0.5	0.2	2.7	-1.9	-13.6	-6.8
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	2.7	3.2	1.5	2.4	5.9	-0.3	-0.4
Transport equipment	-1.4	1.4	-0.8	5.3	-4.2	-3.3	-1.6
Other manufacturing and repair	1.8	1.7	-0.6	2.4	5.4	0.1	-0.5
Electricity and gas supply	1.9	18.6	14.9	1.1	35.0	-9.3	-4.6
Water supply and waste management	-1.8	2.0	1.6	0.8	-0.8	1.0	0.5
Construction	1.5	4.1	1.7	3.7	4.8	2.6	-1.8
Construction buildings, development	3.2	4.7	0.6	2.1	5.9	2.0	-3.2
Civil engineering	-1.0	3.5	4.8	5.9	-2.3	7.5	2.2
Specialised construction activities	1.0	3.9	1.8	4.3	6.0	1.8	-1.8
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	-1.0	-1.3	1.2	0.5	-0.8	0.4	0.4
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	2.0	-0.3	1.1	1.1	0.8	2.7	0.5
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	-2.0	-3.0	2.8	1.2	-3.4	4.1	3.3
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	-2.2	-1.8	-2.0	-2.5	3.6	-5.3	-5.2
Land transport	-0.6	0.7	2.0	1.2	2.5	-1.8	0.0
Water transport	0.4	-6.5	-10.5	-3.6	-12.5	-12.0	-1.9
Air transport	-14.0	1.5	-13.9	-21.8	-51.1	-25.4	-98.7
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	3.2	1.7	2.4	3.8	-0.2	-1.7	2.6
Accommodation and food serving	1.3	0.6	4.3	3.0	5.9	2.5	1.1
Information and communication	-0.5	-1.0	0.8	-1.8	-1.3	0.9	-0.3
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	0.3	1.5	2.3	1.8	4.5	3.9	2.6
Telecommunications	-3.2	-5.3	-4.6	-8.1	-3.5	-1.1	1.4
IT- and information services	2.2	2.1	5.0	1.6	-2.5	0.9	-2.9
Financial institutions	5.7	-12.3	-11.3	-6.0	27.9	12.4	-0.6
Financial institutions, no insurance	0.7	-22.3	-21.5	6.3	46.1	19.5	-1.4
Insurance and pension funding	19.8	-1.3	-0.2	-17.7	7.1	-0.1	0.8
Other financial services	-0.7	4.3	0.0	-18.1	-1.0	-2.5	1.8
Real estate activities	3.6	11.4	11.0	2.5	-21.6	-4.6	5.7
Business services	2.3	3.1	4.1	2.3	2.1	-1.0	0.5
Management, technical consultancy	4.2	3.2	5.2	2.4	-0.1	-2.2	0.0
Research and development	0.8	1.3	1.4	0.6	2.7	-0.2	0.0
Advertising, design and other services	-0.3	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.5	1.6	1.6
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	3.9	5.7	2.2	-4.1	1.2	-2.0	0.3
Employment activities	1.0	3.9	4.5	4.5	2.6	-0.3	1.0
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	3.1	2.9	7.5	-3.0	35.4	-1.8	1.2
Security and investigation	1.4	-1.6	2.4	0.5	2.4	1.2	0.6
Facility management	-1.8	-0.4	2.7	3.2	4.2	0.3	0.6
Other business services	0.3	1.2	0.6	3.4	6.6	1.9	-0.3
Government and care	2.0	2.0	3.4	2.9	2.7	0.7	0.1
Public administration and services	2.4	1.7	3.0	3.4	1.6	-0.1	0.7
Education	3.2	2.7	5.2	4.1	5.7	1.3	-0.1
Human health activities	-0.3	2.5	3.3	1.4	1.9	0.5	-0.3
Care and social work	2.8	1.0	2.1	2.7	2.1	1.9	-0.3
Culture, recreation, other services	0.7	0.4	1.8	3.0	5.6	3.1	2.4
Culture, sports and recreation	0.3	-2.1	2.0	2.7	5.4	3.6	2.1
Other service activities	0.6	1.4	1.5	3.0	6.6	2.8	2.4
Households with domestic personnel	2.0	3.2	2.6	3.2	3.4	2.5	3.3
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.7	-0.2	0.3	1.6
Financial corporations	6.1	-12.8	-12.1	-6.0	26.6	12.5	-0.6
General government	2.5	2.1	3.6	3.6	3.3	0.7	0.4
Households	2.4	7.4	5.8	0.7	-11.3	-0.4	2.1
Non-profit institutions serving households	0.9	0.0	2.8	1.7	6.1	3.2	2.5

**TABLE P 14**  
**Value added (gross, basic prices) by industry and sector: % GDP**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	% GDP						
<b>INDUSTRIES</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.4
Industry (no construction), energy	16.5	16.8	16.8	17.3	16.2	16.8	17.4
Mining and quarrying	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.6	2.7	2.9	3.3
Manufacturing							
Manufacture of food and beverages	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.4
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
Manufacture of chemicals	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.8	2.0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
Manufacture of plastic and building material	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2
Manufacture of electronic products	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Manufacture of electric equipment	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.2
Transport equipment	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5
Other manufacturing and repair	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Electricity and gas supply	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.1	1.8
Water supply and waste management	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Construction	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.8	4.8
Construction buildings, development	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6
Civil engineering	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7
Specialised construction activities	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.6
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	17.6	17.5	17.7	17.2	16.4	16.6	16.8
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	7.0	7.0	7.3	7.2	6.6	7.1	7.5
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.6
Land transport	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Water transport	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Air transport	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8
Accommodation and food serving	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6
Information and communication	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Telecommunications	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
IT- and information services	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8
Financial institutions	6.8	6.0	5.2	5.1	6.6	7.4	7.1
Financial institutions, no insurance	3.9	3.0	2.4	2.8	4.3	5.1	4.9
Insurance and pension funding	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4
Other financial services	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Real estate activities	6.5	6.9	7.2	7.1	5.8	5.5	5.8
Business services	9.7	10.2	10.6	10.9	10.8	10.1	9.9
Management, technical consultancy	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.0
Research and development	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Advertising, design and other services	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
Employment activities	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.6
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Security and investigation	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Facility management	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7
Other business services	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Government and care	18.2	17.8	17.7	18.0	19.9	20.0	19.8
Public administration and services	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.6	6.6	6.5
Education	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.5
Human health activities	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.8	4.9	4.9
Care and social work	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.9
Culture, recreation, other services	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3
Culture, sports and recreation	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Other service activities	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1
Households with domestic personnel	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices)</b>	<b>88.9</b>	<b>88.7</b>	<b>88.8</b>	<b>88.9</b>	<b>89.1</b>	<b>89.4</b>	<b>89.6</b>
Taxes less subsidies on products	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.1	10.4	10.7	10.2
Difference imputed and paid VAT	0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.2
<b>Domestic product (gross, market prices)</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	55.9	56.3	56.9	57.2	56.3	56.1	56.7
Financial corporations	6.6	5.8	5.0	4.9	6.4	7.2	6.8
General government	12.2	11.8	11.6	11.7	12.8	12.8	12.5
Households	13.7	14.4	14.9	14.6	13.1	12.8	13.0
Non-profit institutions serving households	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5

## 5. Labour

TABLE A 1.1  
Key figures labour market

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 persons</i>							
Number of employed persons	8 251	8 392	8 606	8 733	8 671	8 636	8 698
Number of employees	7 105	7 227	7 424	7 553	7 488	7 444	7 484
Number of self-employed persons	1 147	1 165	1 182	1 181	1 183	1 193	1 215
<i>1 000 jobs</i>							
Jobs of employed persons	8 769	8 920	9 150	9 287	9 222	9 189	9 259
Jobs of employees	7 497	7 626	7 837	7 972	7 905	7 861	7 904
Jobs of self-employed persons	1 272	1 294	1 313	1 315	1 317	1 328	1 355
<i>1 000 full-time equivalent jobs</i>							
Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	6 478	6 583	6 728	6 832	6 759	6 718	6 752
Labour input of employees, in full-time equivalent jobs	5 683	5 773	5 905	6 013	5 940	5 892	5 909
Labour input of self-employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	795	810	823	819	820	827	843
<i>mln hours</i>							
Labour input of employed persons, in hours worked	11 496	11 679	11 950	12 155	11 999	11 928	12 019
Labour input of employees, in hours worked	9 554	9 704	9 946	10 181	10 028	9 942	9 995
Labour input of self-employed persons, in hours worked	1 942	1 975	2 005	1 974	1 971	1 987	2 024
Labour input of employees, in hours paid	9 895	10 054	10 264	10 461	10 363	10 238	10 270
Labour input of employees, in contractual hours	9 775	9 932	10 138	10 326	10 243	10 101	10 132
<i>1 000 euro</i>							
Compensation of employees per full-time equivalent job	44.8	45.9	47.5	49.0	50.3	51.0	51.9
Wages and salaries per full-time equivalent job	35.0	36.0	37.3	38.4	39.3	39.8	40.4
<i>euro</i>							
Compensation of employees per hour worked	26.6	27.3	28.2	28.9	29.8	30.2	30.7
Wages and salaries per hour worked	20.8	21.4	22.1	22.7	23.3	23.6	23.9
<i>% changes</i>							
Compensation of employees per full-time equivalent job	1.7	2.4	3.4	3.3	2.5	1.5	1.8
Wages and salaries per full-time equivalent job	2.0	2.7	3.7	2.9	2.5	1.2	1.5
Compensation of employees per hour worked	1.7	2.5	3.2	2.7	2.8	1.5	1.5
Wages and salaries per hour worked	2.0	2.7	3.5	2.4	2.8	1.3	1.3

**TABLE A 1.1.1**  
**Number of employed persons by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 persons</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	245	240	237	233	228	226	225
Mining and quarrying	8	7	7	7	8	8	8
Manufacturing	883	879	884	892	869	843	836
Manufacture of food and beverages	140	139	137	137	138	137	136
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	23	22	22	22	21	20	20
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	89	88	88	87	82	76	73
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Manufacture of chemicals	52	52	51	50	48	48	48
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	16	16	16	16	16	16	15
Manufacture of plastic and building material	65	64	65	65	62	59	59
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	117	116	119	121	113	110	110
Manufacture of electronic products	49	49	48	49	48	48	48
Manufacture of electric equipment	18	18	19	19	17	15	16
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	74	75	78	80	79	74	77
Transport equipment	42	41	42	43	43	41	41
Other manufacturing and repair	192	193	194	196	196	192	189
Electricity and gas supply	24	24	24	25	25	26	27
Water supply and waste management	37	37	37	37	38	38	38
Construction	482	491	497	506	497	485	476
Construction buildings, development	152	155	157	159	153	147	143
Civil engineering	58	59	59	60	61	62	63
Specialised construction activities	273	277	281	288	283	276	271
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 065	2 086	2 154	2 162	2 137	2 137	2 171
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	140	141	143	145	140	139	142
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	480	490	504	519	514	509	513
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	741	748	775	772	766	772	787
Land transport	202	202	209	209	202	201	201
Water transport	24	23	24	24	24	24	25
Air transport	32	32	32	33	32	29	30
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	145	144	146	147	147	143	146
Accommodation and food serving	300	306	320	315	312	318	328
Information and communication	243	253	263	271	264	255	260
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	70	71	71	70	67	64	64
Telecommunications	43	42	41	39	37	34	34
IT- and information services	130	140	151	162	161	158	163
Financial institutions	278	287	288	281	278	269	264
Financial institutions, no insurance	156	157	159	153	154	143	140
Insurance and pension funding	55	61	60	59	59	61	61
Other financial services	68	69	69	68	66	65	64
Real estate activities	72	73	76	78	79	75	73
Business services	1 255	1 335	1 417	1 457	1 406	1 346	1 365
Management, technical consultancy	396	413	431	455	456	424	421
Research and development	32	33	34	36	36	35	36
Advertising, design and other services	122	124	126	125	124	121	121
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	30	31	31	31	30	30	31
Employment activities	409	464	518	525	476	455	473
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	26	26	26	26	25	24	24
Security and investigation	29	30	31	40	41	40	39
Facility management	170	174	177	177	177	177	178
Other business services	40	42	43	41	41	41	41
Government and care	2 090	2 107	2 140	2 181	2 231	2 311	2 337
Public administration and services	494	486	485	484	496	510	499
Education	455	456	468	478	484	486	485
Human health activities	448	456	466	478	490	503	522
Care and social work	693	708	720	741	761	812	831
Culture, recreation, other services	569	572	581	602	610	618	617
Culture, sports and recreation	130	131	134	145	149	150	151
Other service activities	163	165	170	179	183	188	186
Households with domestic personnel	275	277	277	278	278	279	280
<b>Number of employed persons</b>	<b>8 251</b>	<b>8 392</b>	<b>8 606</b>	<b>8 733</b>	<b>8 671</b>	<b>8 636</b>	<b>8 698</b>

**TABLE A 1.1.2**  
**Number of employees by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 persons</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	107	108	109	105	102	101	100
Mining and quarrying	8	7	7	7	7	7	8
Manufacturing	839	835	839	848	822	798	791
Manufacture of food and beverages	134	133	131	132	133	132	131
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	19	19	19	18	17	16	16
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	79	77	78	76	70	65	61
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Manufacture of chemicals	52	52	51	50	48	48	48
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	16	16	16	15	16	16	15
Manufacture of plastic and building material	63	62	63	63	60	57	57
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	111	111	113	115	107	104	103
Manufacture of electronic products	48	48	47	48	46	47	46
Manufacture of electric equipment	18	18	18	18	16	15	16
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	72	73	75	77	77	72	74
Transport equipment	40	39	40	42	41	40	39
Other manufacturing and repair	182	182	183	186	186	181	178
Electricity and gas supply	24	24	24	25	25	26	27
Water supply and waste management	37	36	37	37	38	38	38
Construction	388	389	394	396	387	373	365
Construction buildings, development	119	119	120	120	115	107	104
Civil engineering	54	54	55	56	56	58	58
Specialised construction activities	216	215	219	221	216	208	203
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1 800	1 820	1 878	1 913	1 897	1 888	1 919
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	119	119	121	123	120	118	121
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	436	444	457	470	466	459	463
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	630	637	660	674	673	675	689
Land transport	185	185	191	193	187	186	185
Water transport	14	14	14	15	15	16	16
Air transport	32	32	32	33	32	29	29
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	140	138	140	140	140	137	139
Accommodation and food serving	244	250	261	266	264	268	278
Information and communication	217	224	234	241	236	226	229
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	60	61	61	61	59	56	56
Telecommunications	41	40	39	37	35	32	32
IT- and information services	115	123	133	142	142	138	141
Financial institutions	268	277	278	274	270	261	256
Financial institutions, no insurance	156	157	159	153	154	143	140
Insurance and pension funding	55	61	60	59	59	61	61
Other financial services	57	59	59	61	58	57	56
Real estate activities	65	66	68	70	71	66	65
Business services	1 111	1 187	1 264	1 297	1 243	1 192	1 205
Management, technical consultancy	329	342	357	375	376	348	342
Research and development	31	32	33	34	35	34	35
Advertising, design and other services	85	87	88	89	88	87	86
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	25	26	26	27	26	25	27
Employment activities	406	460	514	521	471	450	468
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	24	24	23	24	23	22	22
Security and investigation	28	29	31	33	33	32	32
Facility management	153	157	160	161	160	160	161
Other business services	30	31	32	34	33	34	33
Government and care	2 017	2 030	2 062	2 102	2 150	2 226	2 244
Public administration and services	494	486	485	484	496	510	499
Education	438	439	450	461	467	468	465
Human health activities	396	401	410	420	431	441	453
Care and social work	690	704	716	737	757	807	826
Culture, recreation, other services	224	224	231	237	239	241	237
Culture, sports and recreation	97	98	101	104	105	104	104
Other service activities	125	124	128	131	132	135	131
Households with domestic personnel	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>Number of employees</b>	<b>7 105</b>	<b>7 227</b>	<b>7 424</b>	<b>7 553</b>	<b>7 488</b>	<b>7 444</b>	<b>7 484</b>

**TABLE A 1.1.3**  
**Number of self-employed persons by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 persons</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	137	133	128	128	125	126	125
Mining and quarrying	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacturing	44	44	45	44	47	46	45
Manufacture of food and beverages	7	6	6	5	5	5	5
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	10	10	10	11	12	12	12
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of chemicals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Manufacture of electronic products	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manufacture of electric equipment	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	2	2	2	2	3	3	2
Transport equipment	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
Other manufacturing and repair	10	11	11	10	11	11	11
Electricity and gas supply	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water supply and waste management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Construction	94	102	103	110	110	111	111
Construction buildings, development	33	36	36	39	39	39	39
Civil engineering	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Specialised construction activities	57	62	63	67	67	68	68
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	265	267	276	249	240	248	252
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	22	22	22	21	20	21	21
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	45	46	47	50	48	49	50
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	110	111	115	98	94	97	98
Land transport	16	17	17	16	15	16	16
Water transport	10	9	10	9	8	9	9
Air transport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	6	6	6	7	7	7	7
Accommodation and food serving	56	56	58	48	48	50	50
Information and communication	26	28	29	31	28	29	32
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	10	10	10	8	8	8	9
Telecommunications	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
IT- and information services	15	17	18	20	19	20	21
Financial institutions	11	10	10	7	8	8	8
Financial institutions, no insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Insurance and pension funding	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other financial services	11	10	10	7	8	7	8
Real estate activities	7	8	8	8	9	8	8
Business services	144	148	154	160	163	155	161
Management, technical consultancy	68	70	74	80	80	76	79
Research and development	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Advertising, design and other services	37	37	38	36	36	34	36
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Employment activities	4	4	4	4	5	4	5
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Security and investigation	1	1	1	7	8	7	8
Facility management	17	17	17	17	18	17	18
Other business services	10	11	11	7	8	7	8
Government and care	73	77	78	79	81	85	93
Public administration and services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	17	18	18	16	18	18	20
Human health activities	52	55	56	58	59	62	68
Care and social work	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Culture, recreation, other services	345	348	351	365	371	377	380
Culture, sports and recreation	33	33	34	40	44	46	47
Other service activities	38	40	42	49	51	54	55
Households with domestic personnel	273	275	275	276	276	277	278
<b>Number of self-employed persons</b>	<b>1 147</b>	<b>1 165</b>	<b>1 182</b>	<b>1 181</b>	<b>1 183</b>	<b>1 193</b>	<b>1 215</b>

**TABLE A 2.1.1**  
**Jobs of employed persons by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>1000 jobs</i>						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	266	262	258	253	248	247	245
Mining and quarrying	8	7	7	8	8	8	8
Manufacturing	900	896	901	909	885	860	852
Manufacture of food and beverages	144	142	140	140	141	140	139
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	23	23	23	23	22	21	21
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	92	90	91	90	85	79	76
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Manufacture of chemicals	52	52	51	51	48	48	49
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	16	16	16	16	16	16	15
Manufacture of plastic and building material	66	66	66	66	63	60	60
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	119	119	122	124	116	112	112
Manufacture of electronic products	50	50	49	50	48	49	48
Manufacture of electric equipment	18	19	19	19	17	16	17
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	76	76	79	81	81	76	78
Transport equipment	42	42	42	44	43	42	41
Other manufacturing and repair	195	196	197	199	200	195	192
Electricity and gas supply	25	24	25	26	25	26	27
Water supply and waste management	38	37	38	38	39	39	38
Construction	495	505	511	521	511	499	490
Construction buildings, development	157	160	162	164	159	152	148
Civil engineering	59	60	60	61	62	63	64
Specialised construction activities	280	285	289	295	290	284	279
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 184	2 207	2 278	2 287	2 260	2 260	2 297
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	146	147	150	151	146	145	148
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	500	510	525	541	535	530	535
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	777	784	812	809	803	809	824
Land transport	215	215	222	222	215	214	214
Water transport	28	27	28	28	28	28	29
Air transport	33	33	33	34	33	30	30
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	154	153	155	155	156	152	154
Accommodation and food serving	331	338	353	348	345	351	363
Information and communication	262	273	284	294	286	276	282
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	80	81	81	80	77	73	74
Telecommunications	44	44	43	41	38	35	35
IT- and information services	138	149	160	173	171	168	174
Financial institutions	288	297	298	290	287	277	273
Financial institutions, no insurance	160	162	164	158	158	148	144
Insurance and pension funding	55	61	60	60	59	61	61
Other financial services	72	74	74	73	70	69	68
Real estate activities	77	78	81	83	85	80	78
Business services	1 371	1 457	1 547	1 589	1 534	1 470	1 491
Management, technical consultancy	427	445	465	491	491	458	455
Research and development	33	34	35	37	38	36	38
Advertising, design and other services	137	138	141	140	138	135	135
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	33	33	34	33	33	32	33
Employment activities	444	502	561	570	516	493	513
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	27	27	27	27	26	25	25
Security and investigation	32	32	34	43	44	43	43
Facility management	195	200	203	204	204	203	205
Other business services	44	45	47	44	44	44	44
Government and care	2 241	2 258	2 295	2 338	2 392	2 477	2 506
Public administration and services	525	516	516	515	527	542	530
Education	500	502	515	524	532	534	533
Human health activities	482	491	501	514	527	542	562
Care and social work	734	749	762	785	805	859	880
Culture, recreation, other services	614	618	628	652	662	671	670
Culture, sports and recreation	159	160	164	177	182	184	185
Other service activities	179	181	187	197	201	207	204
Households with domestic personnel	276	277	278	278	279	280	281
<b>Jobs of employed persons</b>	<b>8 769</b>	<b>8 920</b>	<b>9 150</b>	<b>9 287</b>	<b>9 222</b>	<b>9 189</b>	<b>9 259</b>

**TABLE A 2.1.2**  
**Jobs of employees by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>1000 jobs</i>						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	115	115	116	112	110	108	107
Mining and quarrying	8	7	7	7	7	7	8
Manufacturing	851	847	851	860	834	809	802
Manufacture of food and beverages	137	135	133	135	136	135	134
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	19	19	19	18	17	16	16
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	81	79	80	78	72	66	63
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Manufacture of chemicals	52	52	51	50	48	48	49
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	16	16	16	16	16	16	15
Manufacture of plastic and building material	64	63	64	64	61	58	57
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	113	112	115	117	108	105	105
Manufacture of electronic products	49	49	48	48	47	47	47
Manufacture of electric equipment	18	18	18	19	17	15	16
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	73	74	76	78	78	73	75
Transport equipment	40	40	40	42	41	40	39
Other manufacturing and repair	184	184	185	188	187	183	180
Electricity and gas supply	25	24	25	26	25	26	27
Water supply and waste management	38	37	37	38	39	39	38
Construction	394	395	400	402	393	379	371
Construction buildings, development	121	121	122	122	116	109	105
Civil engineering	54	55	55	56	57	58	59
Specialised construction activities	219	219	222	224	219	212	207
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1 890	1 911	1 972	2 009	1 992	1 984	2 017
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	123	124	125	127	124	122	125
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	449	457	471	484	480	473	477
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	657	664	688	703	701	704	718
Land transport	197	196	203	204	198	197	197
Water transport	14	14	15	15	16	16	16
Air transport	33	32	33	33	33	30	30
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	147	145	147	147	148	144	146
Accommodation and food serving	271	278	290	296	293	298	309
Information and communication	228	236	245	253	247	237	240
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	68	69	69	69	67	63	63
Telecommunications	42	41	40	38	36	32	32
IT- and information services	118	126	136	145	145	141	145
Financial institutions	276	285	286	281	278	269	264
Financial institutions, no insurance	160	162	164	158	158	148	144
Insurance and pension funding	55	61	60	60	59	61	61
Other financial services	60	62	62	64	60	60	59
Real estate activities	68	69	71	73	74	69	68
Business services	1 196	1 278	1 360	1 396	1 337	1 282	1 297
Management, technical consultancy	342	356	372	390	391	362	356
Research and development	32	33	34	35	36	34	36
Advertising, design and other services	92	93	95	96	95	94	92
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	26	27	27	28	27	27	28
Employment activities	440	498	556	564	510	488	507
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	25	25	24	25	23	23	23
Security and investigation	31	31	33	35	35	35	34
Facility management	177	181	185	186	185	185	186
Other business services	32	33	34	35	35	36	35
Government and care	2 153	2 166	2 201	2 244	2 295	2 376	2 394
Public administration and services	525	516	516	515	527	542	530
Education	477	478	491	503	509	510	507
Human health activities	421	427	436	446	458	469	482
Care and social work	730	745	758	780	801	854	874
Culture, recreation, other services	256	256	264	271	273	276	272
Culture, sports and recreation	117	118	122	126	127	126	126
Other service activities	137	136	140	143	144	147	143
Households with domestic personnel	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
<b>Jobs of employees</b>	<b>7 497</b>	<b>7 626</b>	<b>7 837</b>	<b>7 972</b>	<b>7 905</b>	<b>7 861</b>	<b>7 904</b>



**TABLE A 2.1.3**  
**Jobs of self-employed persons by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1000 jobs</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	152	147	142	141	139	139	138
Mining and quarrying	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacturing	49	49	49	49	52	51	50
Manufacture of food and beverages	7	7	7	5	5	5	5
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	11	11	11	12	13	13	13
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of chemicals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacture of plastic and building material	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Manufacture of electronic products	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manufacture of electric equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Transport equipment	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Other manufacturing and repair	11	12	12	11	12	12	12
Electricity and gas supply	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water supply and waste management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Construction	101	110	111	119	119	120	120
Construction buildings, development	36	40	40	42	42	43	43
Civil engineering	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Specialised construction activities	61	66	67	71	71	72	72
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	294	296	306	277	267	277	280
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	24	24	24	23	22	23	23
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	52	53	54	58	55	57	58
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	120	120	124	106	102	105	107
Land transport	18	19	19	17	16	17	17
Water transport	14	13	14	13	12	13	13
Air transport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	7	7	8	8	8	8	8
Accommodation and food serving	60	60	63	52	52	53	54
Information and communication	34	37	39	41	38	39	43
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	12	12	12	11	10	10	11
Telecommunications	2	2	2	3	2	2	3
IT- and information services	20	23	24	28	26	27	29
Financial institutions	13	12	12	9	9	9	9
Financial institutions, no insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Insurance and pension funding	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other financial services	12	12	12	8	9	9	9
Real estate activities	9	10	10	11	11	11	10
Business services	175	180	186	194	197	187	195
Management, technical consultancy	85	88	93	100	100	95	99
Research and development	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Advertising, design and other services	44	45	46	44	44	41	43
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	6	6	6	5	6	5	5
Employment activities	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Security and investigation	1	1	1	8	9	9	9
Facility management	18	19	18	18	19	18	19
Other business services	12	12	13	8	9	8	9
Government and care	88	92	94	94	97	101	112
Public administration and services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Education	23	23	24	21	23	24	26
Human health activities	61	64	65	68	69	72	80
Care and social work	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Culture, recreation, other services	358	361	364	381	389	395	398
Culture, sports and recreation	42	42	42	51	55	58	59
Other service activities	42	45	47	54	57	60	61
Households with domestic personnel	273	275	275	276	276	277	278
<b>Jobs of self-employed persons</b>	<b>1 272</b>	<b>1 294</b>	<b>1 313</b>	<b>1 315</b>	<b>1 317</b>	<b>1 328</b>	<b>1 355</b>

**TABLE A 2.2**  
**Jobs by sex and industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 jobs</i>							
<b>Jobs of employed persons by sex:</b>							
<b>men</b>	4 773	4 872	4 986	5 035	4 954	4 903	4 928
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	188	185	182	179	175	174	173
Mining and quarrying	7	6	6	6	6	6	7
Manufacturing	707	699	702	704	684	662	656
Electricity and gas supply	20	19	19	20	19	20	21
Water supply and waste management	30	30	30	30	31	31	30
Construction	443	449	454	461	453	442	434
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1 284	1 300	1 341	1 341	1 323	1 327	1 349
Information and communication	188	196	205	212	206	200	205
Financial institutions	161	166	166	160	159	155	152
Real estate activities	44	45	46	47	47	45	44
Business services	782	836	887	913	877	846	866
Government and care	771	789	794	797	805	824	820
Culture, recreation, other services	149	152	155	165	169	172	170
<b>Jobs of employed persons by sex:</b>							
<b>women</b>	3 996	4 048	4 163	4 252	4 268	4 286	4 331
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	79	77	76	75	73	72	72
Mining and quarrying	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manufacturing	193	197	199	204	202	198	196
Electricity and gas supply	5	5	5	6	6	7	7
Water supply and waste management	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Construction	52	56	57	60	58	57	56
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	901	906	938	946	937	934	949
Information and communication	75	77	79	82	80	76	77
Financial institutions	127	131	132	130	128	123	120
Real estate activities	33	34	35	37	38	35	34
Business services	589	621	659	676	657	624	625
Government and care	1 470	1 469	1 501	1 542	1 586	1 653	1 685
Culture, recreation, other services	465	466	473	486	493	499	500
<b>Jobs of employees by sex:</b>							
<b>men</b>	4 116	4 201	4 305	4 353	4 273	4 217	4 227
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	76	76	78	75	73	72	72
Mining and quarrying	7	6	6	6	6	6	7
Manufacturing	674	666	669	672	649	628	622
Electricity and gas supply	20	19	19	20	19	20	21
Water supply and waste management	30	29	30	30	31	31	30
Construction	357	355	359	360	352	339	332
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1 095	1 110	1 144	1 162	1 150	1 148	1 167
Information and communication	161	167	174	180	177	170	172
Financial institutions	152	157	157	154	152	148	146
Real estate activities	37	37	38	39	38	37	37
Business services	667	718	765	786	748	723	739
Government and care	729	745	748	752	759	775	767
Culture, recreation, other services	111	114	117	119	119	120	117
<b>Jobs of employees by sex:</b>							
<b>women</b>	3 381	3 425	3 532	3 619	3 632	3 644	3 677
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	39	39	39	37	37	36	36
Mining and quarrying	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manufacturing	177	181	183	188	185	181	180
Electricity and gas supply	5	5	5	6	6	7	7
Water supply and waste management	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Construction	37	40	41	42	41	40	39
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	795	800	828	848	843	836	850
Information and communication	67	69	71	73	71	67	67
Financial institutions	123	128	129	128	126	120	118
Real estate activities	30	31	32	34	35	32	31
Business services	529	560	595	609	589	559	558
Government and care	1 424	1 421	1 452	1 492	1 536	1 600	1 627
Culture, recreation, other services	145	143	147	152	154	156	154

**TABEL A 2.3**  
**Jobs of employees by sex and by type of employment, 2011\***

NACE Rev. 2	Total			Full-time		Part-time	
	total	men	women	men	women	men	women
	<i>1 000 jobs</i>						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	107	72	36	42	8	30	27
Mining and quarrying	8	7	1	6	1	1	1
Manufacturing	802	622	180	532	68	90	112
Manufacture of food and beverages	134	88	46	75	15	13	31
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	16	10	6	8	2	1	4
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	63	50	13	41	5	8	8
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	5	1	4	0	1	0
Manufacture of chemicals	49	39	9	37	5	2	5
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	15	9	6	8	2	1	4
Manufacture of plastic and building material	57	48	10	44	4	4	6
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	105	93	12	82	4	11	8
Manufacture of electronic products	47	36	11	33	5	3	6
Manufacture of electric equipment	16	13	3	11	1	2	2
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	75	66	10	58	4	8	6
Transport equipment	39	34	5	30	2	4	3
Other manufacturing and repair	180	131	50	101	19	30	30
Electricity and gas supply	27	21	7	17	3	3	4
Water supply and waste management	38	30	8	27	3	3	5
Construction	371	332	39	305	17	26	22
Construction buildings, development	105	93	12	85	5	8	7
Civil engineering	59	54	5	50	3	3	2
Specialised construction activities	207	185	22	170	10	15	12
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 017	1 167	850	767	197	400	652
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	125	103	22	79	7	23	16
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	477	334	144	281	60	53	84
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	718	280	437	131	84	150	354
Land transport	197	166	30	130	9	36	21
Water transport	16	13	3	12	1	2	2
Air transport	30	17	13	13	4	4	9
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	146	103	43	71	11	32	32
Accommodation and food serving	309	152	157	52	21	100	136
Information and communication	240	172	67	130	27	43	41
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	63	36	27	20	9	16	18
Telecommunications	32	22	11	18	4	4	6
IT- and information services	145	115	30	92	13	23	17
Financial institutions	264	146	118	121	46	25	72
Financial institutions, no insurance	144	79	65	68	27	11	38
Insurance and pension funding	61	35	26	28	10	7	16
Other financial services	59	33	26	25	9	7	17
Real estate activities	68	37	31	27	11	10	20
Business services	1 297	739	558	385	136	354	422
Management, technical consultancy	356	213	143	159	55	53	88
Research and development	36	22	14	17	6	5	8
Advertising, design and other services	92	49	43	27	13	22	31
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	28	20	8	15	3	5	5
Employment activities	507	313	195	98	36	215	159
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	23	7	16	4	7	2	10
Security and investigation	34	26	8	15	3	11	5
Facility management	186	70	116	36	10	34	106
Other business services	35	20	15	13	5	7	10
Government and care	2 394	767	1 627	525	316	241	1 311
Public administration and services	530	331	199	274	80	57	119
Education	507	205	302	123	81	82	221
Human health activities	482	120	363	79	81	41	282
Care and social work	874	111	763	49	74	62	689
Culture, recreation, other services	272	117	154	59	35	59	120
Culture, sports and recreation	126	61	65	25	12	36	52
Other service activities	143	56	87	33	22	22	65
Households with domestic personnel	3	0	3	0	0	0	2
<b>Jobs of employees</b>	<b>7 904</b>	<b>4 227</b>	<b>3 677</b>	<b>2 942</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>1 285</b>	<b>2 809</b>

**TABLE A 3.1**  
**Labour input of employed persons by industry, in full-time equivalent jobs**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 full-time equivalent jobs</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	196	192	189	185	183	180	178
Mining and quarrying	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Manufacturing	804	800	803	808	787	764	757
Manufacture of food and beverages	120	119	117	117	117	117	115
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	19	19	19	19	18	17	17
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	80	79	79	78	73	68	65
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	6	6	6	6	6	5	5
Manufacture of chemicals	50	49	48	48	46	46	46
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	15	15	15	14	14	14	13
Manufacture of plastic and building material	60	60	60	60	58	55	55
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	109	108	110	112	105	102	102
Manufacture of electronic products	46	46	45	46	45	45	45
Manufacture of electric equipment	17	17	17	18	16	14	15
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	70	71	73	74	74	70	72
Transport equipment	39	39	39	40	40	38	38
Other manufacturing and repair	173	174	175	177	176	172	169
Electricity and gas supply	23	23	23	24	23	25	25
Water supply and waste management	35	34	35	35	36	36	36
Construction	456	463	469	475	467	456	448
Construction buildings, development	142	145	146	147	142	136	132
Civil engineering	56	57	58	59	60	61	61
Specialised construction activities	258	261	265	269	265	259	254
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1 566	1 584	1 628	1 628	1 596	1 588	1 612
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	120	120	122	122	119	118	121
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	424	432	443	456	452	448	452
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	486	494	510	502	488	486	495
Land transport	177	177	182	184	178	178	177
Water transport	20	19	20	20	20	20	21
Air transport	29	29	29	30	29	26	26
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	118	118	119	118	116	113	115
Accommodation and food serving	193	196	203	197	195	198	205
Information and communication	220	229	237	245	238	228	233
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	61	62	62	61	58	54	55
Telecommunications	39	38	37	35	32	30	30
IT- and information services	120	129	138	149	147	144	148
Financial institutions	246	254	255	248	246	238	234
Financial institutions, no insurance	141	142	145	139	140	131	128
Insurance and pension funding	50	55	55	54	53	55	55
Other financial services	54	56	55	55	53	52	51
Real estate activities	62	63	64	66	67	63	62
Business services	929	986	1 047	1 086	1 042	1 010	1 023
Management, technical consultancy	338	352	365	385	385	361	358
Research and development	28	29	30	31	32	31	32
Advertising, design and other services	90	92	93	93	92	91	91
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	25	26	26	26	26	26	27
Employment activities	268	304	343	355	311	307	320
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	21	21	21	21	20	19	20
Security and investigation	26	27	28	34	35	34	33
Facility management	100	103	105	107	107	107	108
Other business services	33	34	35	33	33	34	34
Government and care	1 634	1 647	1 663	1 702	1 738	1 788	1 803
Public administration and services	457	450	449	449	460	474	464
Education	366	367	373	386	390	390	389
Human health activities	356	364	370	380	391	399	413
Care and social work	455	466	471	487	498	525	537
Culture, recreation, other services	298	302	308	323	330	335	333
Culture, sports and recreation	99	100	102	110	113	115	115
Other service activities	125	127	131	138	141	144	142
Households with domestic personnel	75	75	75	75	75	76	76
<b>Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs</b>	<b>6 478</b>	<b>6 583</b>	<b>6 728</b>	<b>6 832</b>	<b>6 759</b>	<b>6 718</b>	<b>6 752</b>

**TABLE A 3.2.1**  
**Labour input of employed persons by industry, in hours worked**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln hours</i>						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	468	457	448	445	441	434	429
Mining and quarrying	12	12	12	12	12	12	13
Manufacturing	1 377	1 371	1 380	1 388	1 330	1 313	1 307
Manufacture of food and beverages	211	208	206	204	206	206	204
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	34	33	33	33	31	31	31
Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	138	136	136	136	126	119	114
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	9	9	9	10	9	9	8
Manufacture of chemicals	83	83	81	80	75	77	77
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	24	24	24	23	23	24	22
Manufacture of plastic and building material	105	104	105	106	101	96	96
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	188	187	192	194	170	174	177
Manufacture of electronic products	78	78	78	79	76	78	77
Manufacture of electric equipment	30	30	30	31	27	25	27
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	123	124	128	132	129	123	127
Transport equipment	68	66	66	68	63	64	64
Other manufacturing and repair	285	288	291	293	293	287	282
Electricity and gas supply	39	38	39	40	40	42	43
Water supply and waste management	64	63	63	64	67	67	66
Construction	799	814	828	843	829	807	799
Construction buildings, development	246	251	255	258	250	238	235
Civil engineering	94	96	97	100	100	102	103
Specialised construction activities	459	467	476	486	478	467	461
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 920	2 950	3 034	3 018	2 955	2 945	2 991
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	222	223	226	225	219	219	223
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	771	784	806	833	822	818	826
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	887	900	931	904	880	874	890
Land transport	365	365	375	380	365	366	367
Water transport	41	39	41	40	40	41	42
Air transport	50	50	51	51	50	45	45
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	202	200	202	202	198	193	197
Accommodation and food serving	383	389	403	382	380	390	402
Information and communication	392	408	424	440	429	414	423
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	106	108	108	105	101	95	96
Telecommunications	66	66	64	61	57	53	53
IT- and information services	219	234	252	275	271	266	274
Financial institutions	413	428	431	422	420	406	399
Financial institutions, no insurance	229	233	236	228	231	216	211
Insurance and pension funding	85	96	96	96	95	98	97
Other financial services	98	100	99	98	95	92	91
Real estate activities	106	107	110	114	115	108	106
Business services	1 715	1 815	1 924	2 012	1 924	1 880	1 910
Management, technical consultancy	613	636	662	702	703	656	652
Research and development	48	49	51	53	55	52	54
Advertising, design and other services	172	174	178	177	174	171	172
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	49	49	50	50	49	48	51
Employment activities	503	569	638	670	581	590	615
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	36	37	36	36	35	34	34
Security and investigation	46	47	50	63	65	64	64
Facility management	186	190	194	199	200	203	205
Other business services	62	63	66	61	62	63	63
Government and care	2 647	2 666	2 695	2 764	2 836	2 890	2 921
Public administration and services	732	716	715	719	741	764	750
Education	602	606	615	639	645	640	639
Human health activities	594	608	619	636	658	672	699
Care and social work	719	736	746	770	792	815	833
Culture, recreation, other services	544	550	562	591	601	611	610
Culture, sports and recreation	185	186	190	205	212	216	218
Other service activities	223	227	236	250	256	262	258
Households with domestic personnel	136	136	137	136	133	134	134
<b>Labour input of employed persons, in hours worked</b>	<b>11 496</b>	<b>11 679</b>	<b>11 950</b>	<b>12 155</b>	<b>11 999</b>	<b>11 928</b>	<b>12 019</b>

**TABLE A 3.2.2**  
**Labour input in hours worked**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln hours</i>						
<b>Labour input of employed persons, in hours worked</b>	11 496	11 679	11 950	12 155	11 999	11 928	12 019
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	468	457	448	445	441	434	429
Mining and quarrying	12	12	12	12	12	12	13
Manufacturing	1 377	1 371	1 380	1 388	1 330	1 313	1 307
Electricity and gas supply	39	38	39	40	40	42	43
Water supply and waste management	64	63	63	64	67	67	66
Construction	799	814	828	843	829	807	799
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 920	2 950	3 034	3 018	2 955	2 945	2 991
Information and communication	392	408	424	440	429	414	423
Financial institutions	413	428	431	422	420	406	399
Real estate activities	106	107	110	114	115	108	106
Business services	1 715	1 815	1 924	2 012	1 924	1 880	1 910
Government and care	2 647	2 666	2 695	2 764	2 836	2 890	2 921
Culture, recreation, other services	544	550	562	591	601	611	610
<b>Labour input of employees, in hours worked</b>	9 554	9 704	9 946	10 181	10 028	9 942	9 995
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	132	133	135	133	134	131	131
Mining and quarrying	12	12	12	12	12	12	13
Manufacturing	1 289	1 283	1 291	1 301	1 238	1 222	1 217
Electricity and gas supply	39	38	39	40	40	42	43
Water supply and waste management	64	62	63	64	67	67	66
Construction	599	596	607	615	600	576	568
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2 345	2 370	2 435	2 487	2 443	2 416	2 455
Information and communication	343	354	368	380	373	357	361
Financial institutions	397	413	416	411	408	394	387
Real estate activities	93	94	96	99	99	93	92
Business services	1 452	1 545	1 644	1 718	1 624	1 594	1 613
Government and care	2 509	2 522	2 548	2 620	2 687	2 734	2 750
Culture, recreation, other services	282	283	292	301	303	305	299
<b>Labour input of self-employed persons, in hours worked</b>	1 942	1 975	2 005	1 974	1 971	1 987	2 024
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	336	325	313	312	307	303	298
Mining and quarrying	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manufacturing	88	88	89	87	93	91	90
Electricity and gas supply	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water supply and waste management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Construction	200	218	221	228	229	231	231
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	576	579	599	530	512	530	537
Information and communication	50	54	56	60	55	57	62
Financial institutions	16	15	15	11	12	12	12
Real estate activities	13	14	14	15	16	15	14
Business services	263	270	280	294	300	286	298
Government and care	138	145	147	145	148	156	172
Culture, recreation, other services	262	267	270	290	298	307	311

**TABLE A 3.2.3**  
**Labour input in hours worked, changes**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>% changes</i>						
<b>Labour input of employed persons, in hours worked</b>	0.1	1.6	2.3	1.7	-1.3	-0.6	0.8
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-1.2	-2.2	-2.1	-0.5	-0.8	-1.7	-1.1
Mining and quarrying	-16.5	-3.0	-0.9	1.7	1.0	-1.5	7.1
Manufacturing	-2.4	-0.4	0.6	0.6	-4.2	-1.3	-0.4
Electricity and gas supply	-0.7	-2.4	2.5	3.8	-1.7	5.6	3.5
Water supply and waste management	3.6	-2.1	1.2	1.4	4.0	-0.2	-1.1
Construction	0.4	1.9	1.7	1.9	-1.7	-2.7	-1.0
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	-1.0	1.0	2.9	-0.5	-2.1	-0.3	1.6
Information and communication	3.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	-2.7	-3.4	2.3
Financial institutions	0.1	3.8	0.6	-2.1	-0.4	-3.4	-1.6
Real estate activities	1.2	1.1	2.3	3.4	1.3	-5.9	-2.5
Business services	3.3	5.8	6.0	4.6	-4.4	-2.3	1.6
Government and care	0.0	0.7	1.1	2.6	2.6	1.9	1.1
Culture, recreation, other services	1.2	1.2	2.3	5.1	1.7	1.7	-0.2
<b>Labour input of employees, in hours worked</b>	-0.3	1.6	2.5	2.4	-1.5	-0.9	0.5
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.1	0.7	1.4	-1.3	1.1	-2.5	-0.2
Mining and quarrying	-16.6	-3.2	-0.9	0.8	1.0	-1.5	7.3
Manufacturing	-2.6	-0.5	0.6	0.8	-4.9	-1.3	-0.4
Electricity and gas supply	-0.7	-2.4	2.5	3.8	-1.7	5.6	3.5
Water supply and waste management	3.6	-2.2	1.2	1.5	4.0	-0.2	-1.1
Construction	-1.1	-0.5	2.0	1.2	-2.4	-4.1	-1.3
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	-1.3	1.1	2.7	2.2	-1.8	-1.1	1.6
Information and communication	2.5	3.3	3.9	3.4	-1.9	-4.4	1.3
Financial institutions	0.2	4.1	0.7	-1.1	-0.7	-3.4	-1.7
Real estate activities	0.9	0.5	2.3	3.1	0.7	-6.1	-1.7
Business services	2.9	6.4	6.4	4.5	-5.5	-1.8	1.2
Government and care	-0.2	0.5	1.1	2.8	2.6	1.8	0.6
Culture, recreation, other services	0.1	0.7	3.0	3.0	0.7	0.7	-1.8
<b>Labour input of self-employed persons, in hours worked</b>	1.7	1.7	1.5	-1.5	-0.2	0.8	1.9
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-1.6	-3.4	-3.6	-0.2	-1.7	-1.4	-1.5
Mining and quarrying	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Manufacturing	0.7	0.1	0.9	-1.9	6.3	-1.8	-1.4
Electricity and gas supply	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Water supply and waste management	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Construction	5.3	9.0	1.0	3.6	0.1	1.0	-0.2
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	0.2	0.6	3.4	-11.4	-3.5	3.4	1.3
Information and communication	6.1	8.2	4.0	7.3	-7.5	3.4	8.4
Financial institutions	-1.8	-3.7	-0.5	-27.5	9.2	-4.7	3.5
Real estate activities	3.3	5.4	2.6	6.0	5.1	-4.7	-7.2
Business services	5.4	2.7	3.6	4.9	2.1	-4.7	4.1
Government and care	3.4	4.9	1.7	-1.5	2.4	4.9	10.5
Culture, recreation, other services	2.3	1.7	1.4	7.4	2.7	2.8	1.4

**TABLE A 4.1**  
**Compensation of employees per full-time equivalent job and hour worked**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>1 000 euro</i>							
<b>Compensation of employees per full-time equivalent job</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	44.8	45.9	47.5	49.0	50.3	51.0	51.9
Mining and quarrying	32.9	33.3	34.4	36.0	36.9	38.2	39.4
Manufacturing	80.5	83.6	88.1	92.8	94.1	98.1	101.8
Electricity and gas supply	45.8	47.1	48.6	50.3	51.0	52.4	53.7
Water supply and waste management	62.4	65.1	66.9	69.2	73.6	73.1	75.6
Construction	52.0	53.8	55.0	56.9	58.0	59.8	60.1
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	43.8	45.2	46.7	49.1	50.2	50.6	51.7
Information and communication	38.5	39.4	40.5	41.8	42.7	43.5	44.1
Financial institutions	57.3	59.0	61.2	63.5	65.6	67.2	68.0
Real estate activities	69.4	71.3	75.9	77.7	78.0	80.8	83.8
Business services	51.8	53.4	55.0	56.6	57.3	58.2	59.5
Government and care	43.8	44.6	46.0	47.7	49.1	49.4	50.9
Culture, recreation, other services	45.6	46.5	48.3	49.8	51.5	51.9	52.3
	38.3	39.2	40.0	40.9	42.2	43.1	43.7
<i>euro</i>							
<b>Compensation of employees per hour worked</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	26.6	27.3	28.2	28.9	29.8	30.2	30.7
Mining and quarrying	19.1	19.4	20.0	20.8	21.0	21.8	22.4
Manufacturing	46.9	48.7	51.4	53.7	54.2	57.0	59.0
Electricity and gas supply	27.2	28.0	28.8	29.8	30.9	31.1	31.7
Water supply and waste management	37.4	38.9	39.9	41.2	43.4	43.0	44.4
Construction	28.4	29.4	30.0	30.7	31.3	32.3	32.5
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	27.3	28.3	29.0	30.2	30.9	31.4	31.8
Information and communication	22.1	22.6	23.2	23.9	24.3	24.8	25.2
Financial institutions	33.3	34.3	35.5	36.6	37.7	38.4	38.9
Real estate activities	41.8	42.6	45.4	45.9	46.1	47.8	49.6
Business services	31.3	32.4	33.3	34.2	34.7	35.6	36.3
Government and care	24.6	25.1	26.0	26.7	27.7	27.6	28.3
Culture, recreation, other services	28.6	29.2	30.3	31.1	32.1	32.6	32.9
	23.1	23.6	24.1	24.4	25.3	25.8	26.1
<i>1 000 euro</i>							
<b>Wages and salaries per full-time equivalent job</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	35.0	36.0	37.3	38.4	39.3	39.8	40.4
Mining and quarrying	25.2	25.7	26.6	27.9	28.2	29.1	29.8
Manufacturing	62.4	65.1	68.5	71.6	72.7	76.0	78.4
Electricity and gas supply	36.2	37.2	38.5	39.6	40.2	41.1	42.0
Water supply and waste management	48.9	50.7	52.1	54.0	57.3	56.9	58.7
Construction	39.6	41.1	42.2	43.5	44.6	45.6	46.0
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	34.0	35.1	36.4	38.2	39.3	39.5	40.3
Information and communication	31.3	32.0	33.0	33.9	34.7	35.3	35.7
Financial institutions	45.6	46.9	48.9	50.6	51.6	52.7	53.2
Real estate activities	53.2	54.8	58.5	59.0	59.1	60.1	62.0
Business services	40.2	41.4	42.8	44.0	44.5	45.0	45.8
Government and care	34.8	35.5	36.8	38.0	39.1	39.3	40.3
Culture, recreation, other services	34.2	35.2	36.6	37.8	39.0	39.4	39.7
	30.1	30.7	31.5	32.1	33.1	33.7	34.1
<i>euro</i>							
<b>Wages and salaries per hour worked</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	20.8	21.4	22.1	22.7	23.3	23.6	23.9
Mining and quarrying	14.7	15.0	15.5	16.1	16.0	16.6	17.0
Manufacturing	36.4	37.9	40.0	41.4	41.9	44.1	45.5
Electricity and gas supply	21.6	22.1	22.8	23.5	24.3	24.4	24.9
Water supply and waste management	29.3	30.3	31.1	32.1	33.8	33.5	34.5
Construction	21.6	22.5	23.0	23.5	24.1	24.6	24.8
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	21.2	22.0	22.6	23.5	24.2	24.5	24.8
Information and communication	17.9	18.4	18.9	19.4	19.8	20.1	20.4
Financial institutions	26.5	27.3	28.3	29.1	29.6	30.1	30.4
Real estate activities	32.0	32.8	34.9	34.9	34.9	35.6	36.7
Business services	24.3	25.1	25.9	26.6	26.9	27.5	28.0
Government and care	19.6	20.0	20.7	21.3	22.0	21.9	22.4
Culture, recreation, other services	21.5	22.1	23.0	23.6	24.3	24.8	24.9
	18.1	18.5	18.9	19.1	19.8	20.2	20.4



**TABLE A 4.2**  
**Labour share in enterprise income by industry and sector 1)**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	%						
<b>Labour share in enterprise income</b>	76.6	75.8	75.4	75.8	79.9	78.6	77.7
<b>Industry</b>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	113.6	93.3	95.3	113.5	142.3	114.4	126.4
Mining and quarrying	5.1	4.0	4.3	3.2	4.7	4.4	4.2
Manufacturing	69.5	69.7	67.0	70.0	79.1	72.0	67.8
Electricity and gas supply	29.3	24.0	21.3	22.1	15.4	16.7	20.3
Water supply and waste management	72.8	70.5	70.4	70.7	75.5	75.9	74.3
Construction	84.1	82.6	80.3	79.9	80.8	87.5	85.7
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	76.0	75.2	74.1	76.1	83.6	81.2	80.7
Information and communication	64.4	65.3	65.2	69.7	74.8	72.6	75.0
Financial institutions	56.1	65.4	76.9	76.4	57.8	49.6	51.4
Real estate activities	23.0	20.2	17.8	18.5	40.0	47.1	33.5
Business services	92.9	90.8	89.4	90.0	93.2	93.6	96.7
Government and care	93.3	93.6	92.9	92.5	91.3	91.7	92.2
Culture, recreation, other services	111.3	112.6	112.9	117.0	117.6	119.9	118.2
<b>Sector</b>							
Corporations	67.7	67.9	68.1	68.6	70.5	68.1	67.6
General government	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Households incl. NPI households	90.1	83.9	80.4	80.7	98.8	105.7	101.3

1) The labour share in enterprise income is the compensation for employees including the imputed compensation for the selfemployed and the family workers (the number of full-time equivalents of selfemployed and family workers multiplied by the average compensation for employees) as its share in the total of compensation of employees and net operating surplus/mixed income.

**TABLE A 4.3**  
**Structure of labour costs**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
Wages and salaries	199 011	207 545	220 159	230 750	233 570	234 495	238 799
Employers' social contributions	55 552	57 380	60 150	63 966	64 918	65 939	67 810
Actual employers' social contributions	44 846	47 823	50 392	53 897	54 756	55 776	57 927
Employers' contributions to pension schemes	23 398	23 092	24 447	25 425	26 408	26 169	27 608
Cure Insurance Act (ZVW) 1)	5 444	9 832	10 134	11 788	11 475	11 752	13 068
Act on Work and Income based on Work Capacity (WIA, Whk) 2)	8 813	9 088	9 918	10 574	11 129	11 569	10 379
Disablement Insurance Fund (AOK)	2 154	1 280	669	278	276	125	–
Unemployment Insurance Act (WW, WKO)	3 726	3 973	4 722	5 378	4 996	5 635	6 303
Executive Fund of the Government (UFO)	458	515	482	454	472	526	569
Employers' other private social insurance contributions	853	43	20	–	–	–	–
Imputed social contributions	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Compensation of employees	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
Labour costs subsidies (-)	2 471	2 232	2 239	2 305	3 361	3 378	2 864
<b>Labour costs</b>	<b>252 092</b>	<b>262 693</b>	<b>278 070</b>	<b>292 411</b>	<b>295 127</b>	<b>297 056</b>	<b>303 745</b>

1) Until 2005 'Medical Health Fund Act (ZFW)'.  
 2) Until 2005 'Disablement Insurance Act (WAO)'.

**TABLE A 4.4**  
**Labour productivity by industry per full-time equivalent job 1)**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>1 000 euro</i>						
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices) per full-time equivalent job</b>	70	73	75	77	76	78	80
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	45	51	51	48	43	52	49
Mining and quarrying	1 745	2 287	2 265	3 101	2 227	2 457	2 654
Manufacturing	76	78	84	84	76	85	92
Electricity and gas supply	298	353	388	393	550	503	436
Water supply and waste management	113	120	122	126	121	125	129
Construction	55	58	62	65	66	61	64
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	58	60	62	63	59	62	63
Information and communication	106	107	110	108	105	111	109
Financial institutions	143	128	118	121	155	182	182
Real estate activities	537	591	645	644	498	513	566
Business services	54	56	58	60	59	59	59
Government and care	57	59	61	63	66	66	66
Culture, recreation, other services	38	39	39	39	40	40	41
	<i>% volume changes</i>						
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices) per full-time equivalent job</b>	2.1	1.7	1.7	0.5	-2.3	2.5	0.7
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.6	0.8	5.6	4.3	5.8	0.6	2.6
Mining and quarrying	-1.5	0.5	0.6	7.5	-5.7	13.7	-13.7
Manufacturing	4.7	4.1	5.5	-2.1	-6.8	10.1	4.5
Electricity and gas supply	17.4	0.0	-4.3	0.1	3.8	0.7	-9.2
Water supply and waste management	-0.2	4.0	0.3	2.1	-2.8	1.9	2.8
Construction	3.3	0.9	4.3	1.8	-3.7	-8.9	6.4
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	5.0	4.8	2.7	0.5	-4.9	4.0	1.3
Information and communication	1.4	1.8	2.5	-0.6	-1.1	4.4	-1.7
Financial institutions	2.8	2.1	3.9	9.6	-0.4	4.9	0.3
Real estate activities	-1.0	-1.2	-1.8	-2.5	-1.4	8.0	4.4
Business services	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4	-2.8	0.7	-1.3
Government and care	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.5	1.6	-0.5	0.5
Culture, recreation, other services	0.6	0.9	0.1	-4.2	-3.1	-2.6	0.0

1) Labour productivity measured as the gross value added basic prices per full-time equivalent job.

**TABLE A 4.5**  
**Labour productivity by industry per hour worked 1)**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>euro</i>						
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices) per hour worked</b>	40	41	42	43	43	44	45
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	19	21	22	20	18	21	20
Mining and quarrying	1 014	1 326	1 316	1 782	1 274	1 417	1 530
Manufacturing	45	46	49	49	45	50	53
Electricity and gas supply	178	211	232	234	325	295	256
Water supply and waste management	62	65	66	68	65	67	70
Construction	32	33	35	37	37	35	36
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	31	32	33	34	32	33	34
Information and communication	60	60	62	60	58	61	60
Financial institutions	85	76	70	71	90	107	106
Real estate activities	313	345	375	373	288	299	331
Business services	29	30	32	32	32	32	31
Government and care	35	36	38	39	40	41	41
Culture, recreation, other services	21	21	22	21	22	22	22
	<i>% volume changes</i>						
<b>Value added (gross, basic prices) per hour worked</b>	2.0	1.7	1.6	0.4	-2.0	2.4	0.4
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.7	1.4	6.2	2.7	5.4	0.6	2.7
Mining and quarrying	-1.4	0.3	0.8	6.3	-6.1	14.6	-13.7
Manufacturing	4.7	3.9	5.2	-2.1	-5.2	8.3	4.0
Electricity and gas supply	18.8	-0.2	-4.5	-0.2	2.9	0.3	-9.2
Water supply and waste management	-5.0	4.1	-0.2	1.3	-2.9	2.1	2.9
Construction	2.7	0.5	3.8	1.3	-3.8	-8.7	5.5
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	5.0	4.9	2.6	1.0	-4.9	3.9	1.3
Information and communication	1.2	1.8	2.2	-1.3	-1.2	3.9	-1.9
Financial institutions	2.9	1.5	3.8	8.8	-0.6	5.2	0.2
Real estate activities	-1.0	-1.0	-2.0	-2.9	-1.6	8.9	4.7
Business services	0.6	0.7	0.3	-0.5	-2.4	-0.2	-1.7
Government and care	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.5	0.2
Culture, recreation, other services	0.4	0.9	0.1	-4.5	-2.6	-2.8	-0.3

1) Labour productivity measured as the gross value added basic prices per hour worked.

## 6. Sector accounts

### 6.1 Annual data

TABLE S 1/2.1  
Sector accounts 2009

	Non-financial corporations S 11	Financial corporations S 12	General government S 13	Households S 14	NPI households S 15	Not sectorized S 1N	Total economy S 1	Rest of the world S 2
<i>mln euro</i>								
0. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS								
R Imports of goods and services								352 983
U Exports of goods and services								393 050
1. PRODUCTION ACCOUNT								
R Output (basic prices)	751 950	75 923	120 672	141 748	6 122		1 096 415	
Taxes on products (excl. VAT)						23 238	23 238	
Imputed VAT						42 861	42 861	
Subsidies on products (-)						- 3 716	- 3 716	
U Intermediate consumption (excl. deductible VAT)	429 021	39 247	47 388	66 519	3 388		585 563	
Value added (gross) 1)	322 929	36 676	73 284	75 229	2 734	62 383	573 235	
2.1 INCOME ACCOUNT (GENERATION OF INCOME)								
R Value added (gross) 1)	322 929	36 676	73 284	75 229	2 734	62 383	573 235	
Difference imputed and paid VAT	1 665			1 110		- 2 775		
U Compensation of employees	201 913	17 166	57 725	19 198	2 486		298 488	1 045
Taxes on production and imports							70 147	
Taxes on products (excl. VAT)						23 238	23 238	
Paid VAT						40 086	40 086	
Other taxes on production	3 859	330	611	2 003	20		6 823	
Subsidies (-)							9 977	
Subsidies on products						3 716	3 716	
Other subsidies on production	4 339	81	790	1 051	-		6 261	
Consumption of fixed capital	46 025	4 857	15 738	21 126	228		87 974	
Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	77 136	14 404	-	35 063	-	-	126 603	
2.2 INCOME ACCOUNT (PRIMARY DISTRIBUTION)								
R Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	77 136	14 404	-	35 063	-	-	126 603	
Compensation of employees				293 678			293 678	5 855
Taxes on production and imports			68 073				68 073	2 074
Subsidies (-)			8 891				8 891	1 086
Property income	32 477	190 600	18 275	44 715	661		286 728	164 377
U Property income	59 866	202 159	12 880	19 842	33		294 780	156 325
Primary income/national income (net)	49 747	2 845	64 577	353 614	628	-	471 411	
2.3 INCOME ACCOUNT (SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION)								
R Primary income/national income (net)	49 747	2 845	64 577	353 614	628	-	471 411	
Current taxes on income and wealth			67 686				67 686	233
Social contributions	5 149	51 761	83 465	422	52		140 849	284
Social benefits (in cash)				100 746			100 746	2 305
Other current transfers	2 647	15 305	100 376	21 853	6 336		146 517	14 202
U Current taxes on income and wealth	8 427	3 425		55 443	-		67 295	624
Social contributions				139 754			139 754	1 379
Social benefits (in cash)	5 149	31 560	65 620	422	52		102 803	248
Other current transfers	3 426	15 305	106 374	26 352	2 756		154 213	6 506
Disposable income (net)	40 541	19 621	144 110	254 664	4 208		463 144	
2.4 INCOME ACCOUNT (USE OF INCOME)								
R Disposable income (net)	40 541	19 621	144 110	254 664	4 208		463 144	
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves		- 20 201		20 431			230	- 230
U Final consumption expenditure			164 140	258 471	5 066		427 677	
Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	40 541	- 580	- 20 030	16 624	- 858		35 697	- 18 180
3.1 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL TRANSFERS)								
R Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	40 541	- 580	- 20 030	16 624	- 858		35 697	- 18 180
Capital transfers	2 339	5 345	10 326	8 197	531		26 738	4 862
U Capital transfers	2 992	222	15 818	10 237	-		29 269	2 331
Net saving and capital transfers	39 888	4 543	- 25 522	14 584	- 327		33 166	- 15 649
3.2 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL ACCUMULATION)								
R Net saving and capital transfers	39 888	4 543	- 25 522	14 584	- 327		33 166	- 15 649
Consumption of fixed capital	46 025	4 857	15 738	21 126	228		87 974	
U Capital formation (gross)	45 410	3 732	21 553	34 583	213		105 491	
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 140	191	657	- 712	4		-	
Net lending / net borrowing	40 643	5 477	- 31 994	1 839	- 316		15 649	- 15 649
4. FINANCIAL ACCOUNT 2)								
A Change in assets	53 830	63 556	- 20 981	42 359			138 764	- 191 658
L Change in liabilities	11 989	58 079	11 013	40 327			121 408	- 174 302
Changes in financial net worth	41 841	5 477	- 31 994	2 032			17 356	- 17 356
Net lending / net borrowing	40 643	5 477	- 31 994	1 523			15 649	- 15 649
Statistical discrepancy	1 198	-	-	509			1 707	- 1 707

1) For the sectors this concerns gross value added at basic prices. For the total economy this concerns gross domestic product at market prices.

2) The financial account of the sector non-profit institutions serving households has been combined with the financial account of the sector households.

**TABLE S 1/2.1 (continued)**  
**Sector accounts 2010\***

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households	NPI households	Not sectorized	Total economy	Rest of the world
	S 11	S 12	S 13	S 14	S 15	S 1N	S 1	S 2
<i>mln euro</i>								
<b>0. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS</b>								
R	Imports of goods and services							412 487
U	Exports of goods and services							460 493
<b>1. PRODUCTION ACCOUNT</b>								
R	Output (basic prices)	787 135	81 526	122 128	144 468	6 255	1 141 512	
	Taxes on products (excl. VAT)					23 827	23 827	
	Imputed VAT					42 403	42 403	
	Subsidies on products (-)					- 3 666	- 3 666	
U	Intermediate consumption (excl. deductible VAT)	456 662	39 185	46 879	69 206	3 404	615 336	
	Value added (gross) 1)	330 473	42 341	75 249	75 262	2 851	588 740	
<b>2.1 INCOME ACCOUNT (GENERATION OF INCOME)</b>								
R	Value added (gross) 1)	330 473	42 341	75 249	75 262	2 851	588 740	
	Difference imputed and paid VAT	- 254			3		251	
U	Compensation of employees	201 695	17 360	59 207	19 573	2 599	300 434	1 099
	Taxes on production and imports						73 568	
	Taxes on products (excl. VAT)						23 827	
	Paid VAT						42 654	
	Other taxes on production	4 023	337	641	2 064	22	7 087	
	Subsidies (-)						10 095	
	Subsidies on products						3 666	
	Other subsidies on production	4 446	109	853	1 021	-	6 429	
	Consumption of fixed capital	46 371	4 598	16 254	21 759	230	89 212	
	Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	82 576	20 155	-	32 890	-	135 621	
<b>2.2 INCOME ACCOUNT (PRIMARY DISTRIBUTION)</b>								
R	Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	82 576	20 155	-	32 890	-	135 621	
	Compensation of employees				296 106		296 106	5 427
	Taxes on production and imports			71 363			71 363	2 205
	Subsidies (-)			9 196			9 196	899
	Property income	49 188	200 586	16 491	39 624	408	306 297	195 151
U	Property income	70 891	210 702	11 791	16 688	14	310 086	191 362
	Primary income/national income (net)	60 873	10 039	66 867	351 932	394	490 105	
<b>2.3 INCOME ACCOUNT (SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION)</b>								
R	Primary income/national income (net)	60 873	10 039	66 867	351 932	394	490 105	
	Current taxes on income and wealth			70 128			70 128	689
	Social contributions	5 235	48 260	87 225	439	55	141 214	284
	Social benefits (in cash)				105 665		105 665	2 304
	Other current transfers	2 565	15 410	103 537	22 604	6 474	150 590	14 969
U	Current taxes on income and wealth	10 350	3 036		56 588	-	69 974	843
	Social contributions				139 969		139 969	1 529
	Social benefits (in cash)	5 235	33 194	68 798	439	55	107 721	248
	Other current transfers	3 381	15 410	111 421	25 518	3 074	158 804	6 755
	Disposable income (net)	49 707	22 069	147 538	258 126	3 794	481 234	
<b>2.4 INCOME ACCOUNT (USE OF INCOME)</b>								
R	Disposable income (net)	49 707	22 069	147 538	258 126	3 794	481 234	
	Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves		- 15 066		15 220		154	- 154
U	Final consumption expenditure			167 065	262 655	5 155	434 875	
	Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	49 707	7 003	- 19 527	10 691	- 1 361	46 513	- 29 866
<b>3.1 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL TRANSFERS)</b>								
R	Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	49 707	7 003	- 19 527	10 691	- 1 361	46 513	- 29 866
	Capital transfers	2 459	1 365	17 090	8 209	589	29 712	5 695
U	Capital transfers	239	143	22 417	10 172	-	32 971	2 436
	Net saving and capital transfers	51 927	8 225	- 24 854	8 728	- 772	43 254	- 26 607
<b>3.2 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL ACCUMULATION)</b>								
R	Net saving and capital transfers	51 927	8 225	- 24 854	8 728	- 772	43 254	- 26 607
	Consumption of fixed capital	46 371	4 598	16 254	21 759	230	89 212	-
U	Capital formation (gross)	50 366	1 104	21 367	32 808	214	105 859	-
	Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	451	- 205	- 423	173	4	-	-
	Net lending / net borrowing	47 481	11 924	- 29 544	- 2 494	- 760	26 607	- 26 607
<b>4. FINANCIAL ACCOUNT 2)</b>								
A	Change in assets	63 105	- 310 560	- 5 741	23 708		- 229 488	- 237 711
L	Change in liabilities	12 621	- 322 484	23 803	29 276		- 256 784	- 210 415
	Changes in financial net worth	50 484	11 924	- 29 544	- 5 568		27 296	- 27 296
	Net lending / net borrowing	47 481	11 924	- 29 544	- 3 254		26 607	- 26 607
	Statistical discrepancy	3 003	-	-	- 2 314		689	- 689

1) For the sectors this concerns gross value added at basic prices. For the total economy this concerns gross domestic product at market prices.

2) The financial account of the sector non-profit institutions serving households has been combined with the financial account of the sector households.

**TABLE S 1/2.1 (end)**  
**Sector accounts 2011\***

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households	NPI households	Not sectorized	Total economy	Rest of the world
	S 11	S 12	S 13	S 14	S 15	S 1N	S 1	S 2
<i>mln euro</i>								
<b>0. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS</b>								
R Imports of goods and services								445 826
U Exports of goods and services								499 620
<b>1. PRODUCTION ACCOUNT</b>								
R Output (basic prices)	832 710	79 286	120 980	148 254	6 399		1 187 629	
Taxes on products (excl. VAT)						23 343	23 343	
Imputed VAT						42 633	42 633	
Subsidies on products (-)						- 3 378	- 3 378	
U Intermediate consumption (excl. deductible VAT)	491 342	38 059	45 607	69 838	3 408		648 254	
Value added (gross) 1)	341 368	41 227	75 373	78 416	2 991	62 598	601 973	
<b>2.1 INCOME ACCOUNT (GENERATION OF INCOME)</b>								
R Value added (gross) 1)	341 368	41 227	75 373	78 416	2 991	62 598	601 973	
Difference imputed and paid VAT	640			383		- 1 023		
U Compensation of employees	207 349	17 511	58 877	20 135	2 737		306 609	1 084
Taxes on production and imports							72 038	
Taxes on products (excl. VAT)						23 343	23 343	
Paid VAT						41 610	41 610	
Other taxes on production	3 959	351	674	2 077	24		7 085	
Subsidies (-)							9 502	
Subsidies on products						3 378	3 378	
Other subsidies on production	4 045	87	850	1 142	-		6 124	
Consumption of fixed capital	46 249	4 313	16 672	21 262	230		88 726	
Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	88 496	19 139	-	36 467	-	-	144 102	
<b>2.2 INCOME ACCOUNT (PRIMARY DISTRIBUTION)</b>								
R Operating surplus / mixed income (net)	88 496	19 139	-	36 467	-	-	144 102	
Compensation of employees				301 508			301 508	6 185
Taxes on production and imports			69 401				69 401	2 637
Subsidies (-)			8 497				8 497	1 005
Property income	55 249	203 406	16 433	44 347	450		319 885	177 083
U Property income	67 339	208 553	12 326	19 712	15		307 945	189 023
Primary income/national income (net)	76 406	13 992	65 011	362 610	435	-	518 454	
<b>2.3 INCOME ACCOUNT (SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION)</b>								
R Primary income/national income (net)	76 406	13 992	65 011	362 610	435	-	518 454	
Current taxes on income and wealth			68 630				68 630	244
Social contributions	5 197	52 720	92 668	427	56		151 068	284
Social benefits (in cash)				109 497			109 497	2 304
Other current transfers	2 506	15 074	100 763	21 555	6 225		146 123	15 164
U Current taxes on income and wealth	9 715	2 955		55 223	-		67 893	981
Social contributions				149 645			149 645	1 707
Social benefits (in cash)	5 197	34 843	71 030	427	56		111 553	248
Other current transfers	3 694	15 074	108 616	24 867	3 224		155 475	5 812
Disposable income (net)	65 503	28 914	147 426	263 927	3 436		509 206	
<b>2.4 INCOME ACCOUNT (USE OF INCOME)</b>								
R Disposable income (net)	65 503	28 914	147 426	263 927	3 436		509 206	
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves		- 17 877		17 959			82	- 82
U Final consumption expenditure			168 157	265 782	5 329		439 268	
Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	65 503	11 037	- 20 731	16 104	- 1 893		70 020	- 49 835
<b>3.1 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL TRANSFERS)</b>								
R Saving (net) / surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	65 503	11 037	- 20 731	16 104	- 1 893		70 020	- 49 835
Capital transfers	1 992	65	9 938	8 128	603		20 726	4 134
U Capital transfers	100	85	12 979	9 620	-		22 784	2 076
Net saving and capital transfers	67 395	11 017	- 23 772	14 612	- 1 290		67 962	- 47 777
<b>3.2 CAPITAL ACCOUNT (CAPITAL ACCUMULATION)</b>								
R Net saving and capital transfers	67 395	11 017	- 23 772	14 612	- 1 290		67 962	- 47 777
Consumption of fixed capital	46 249	4 313	16 672	21 262	230		88 726	-
U Capital formation (gross)	51 457	5 054	20 257	31 931	212		108 911	-
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	591	- 79	- 747	231	4		-	-
Net lending / net borrowing	61 596	10 355	- 26 610	3 712	- 1 276		47 777	- 47 777
<b>4. FINANCIAL ACCOUNT 2)</b>								
A Change in assets	53 349	- 209 615	- 5 705	27 175			- 134 796	- 339 545
L Change in liabilities	- 5 424	- 219 970	20 905	23 102			- 181 387	- 292 954
Changes in financial net worth	58 773	10 355	- 26 610	4 073			46 591	- 46 591
Net lending / net borrowing	61 596	10 355	- 26 610	2 436			47 777	- 47 777
Statistical discrepancy	- 2 823	-	-	1 637			- 1 186	1 186

1) For the sectors this concerns gross value added at basic prices. For the total economy this concerns gross domestic product at market prices.

2) The financial account of the sector non-profit institutions serving households has been combined with the financial account of the sector households.

## 6.2 Sector data

TABLE S 1.2  
Transactions of the total economy

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	962 007	1 021 783	1 085 522	1 149 443	1 096 415	1 141 512	1 187 629
Output of imputed bank services	22 621	19 147	16 295	19 401	32 503	36 791	36 253
Other market output	826 729	885 017	945 567	999 429	925 819	965 215	1 011 876
Own-account capital formation	5 134	5 340	5 757	6 083	5 904	6 064	6 273
Output for own final consumption	22 921	23 977	25 054	25 986	27 090	27 684	28 584
Other non-market output	84 602	88 302	92 849	98 544	105 099	105 758	104 643
Taxes less subsidies on production	56 587	61 048	64 718	65 797	59 608	62 815	61 575
Difference imputed and paid VAT	638	156	- 595	445	2 775	- 251	1 023
Compensation of employees	253 431	263 652	276 453	289 678	293 678	296 106	301 508
Wages and salaries	198 121	206 548	216 842	226 408	229 450	230 867	234 673
Employers' social contributions	55 310	57 104	59 611	63 270	64 228	65 239	66 835
Taxes on production and imports	63 875	68 151	71 214	72 498	68 073	71 363	69 401
On products	58 276	62 509	65 386	66 216	61 275	64 303	62 322
Other on production	5 599	5 642	5 828	6 282	6 798	7 060	7 079
Subsidies (-)	6 200	6 149	7 127	7 191	8 891	9 196	8 497
On products	3 135	3 250	3 396	3 313	3 461	3 549	3 541
Other on production	3 065	2 899	3 731	3 878	5 430	5 647	5 146
Property income	265 310	324 794	402 213	390 237	286 728	306 297	319 885
Interest	114 854	148 649	186 642	208 901	142 353	122 071	134 157
Imputed bank services	- 11 924	- 3 785	4 471	4 173	- 22 288	- 25 429	- 22 417
Actual interest payments/receipts	126 778	152 434	182 171	204 728	164 641	147 500	156 574
Dividends	110 743	130 644	163 477	149 936	120 331	146 713	124 241
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	1 322	1 217	1 416	1 492	1 509	1 620	1 681
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	4 621	8 830	13 667	- 10 192	- 8 480	8 089	27 635
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	28 868	28 904	30 952	30 277	23 940	20 119	23 139
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 902	6 550	6 059	9 823	7 075	7 685	9 032
Current taxes on income and wealth	58 457	62 370	67 944	69 281	67 686	70 128	68 630
Current taxes on income	52 640	57 389	62 463	63 418	61 489	63 581	61 929
Current taxes on wealth	5 817	4 981	5 481	5 863	6 197	6 547	6 701
Social contributions	128 764	134 739	139 056	150 936	140 849	141 214	151 068
Social security contributions	66 477	75 610	77 063	86 264	79 188	83 109	88 798
Contributions to pension schemes	50 110	49 530	52 215	54 603	51 499	47 942	52 387
Other private social insurance contributions	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Social benefits (in cash)	87 427	89 709	91 991	95 913	100 746	105 665	109 497
Social security benefits	38 780	38 754	39 067	40 131	42 558	44 655	45 815
Social assistance benefits	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
Pension benefits	25 289	27 406	28 829	29 728	30 466	32 044	33 678
Other private social insurance benefits	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Other current transfers	129 220	123 629	129 776	134 637	146 517	150 590	146 123
Non-life insurance premiums	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Non-life insurance claims	19 281	15 032	14 868	15 307	15 737	15 828	15 477
Other current transfers n.e.c.	92 505	95 422	101 901	105 892	116 918	120 806	117 041
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	398	433	347	302	230	154	82
Capital transfers	16 164	16 300	17 931	20 748	26 738	29 712	20 726
Investment grants	6 806	7 133	7 423	8 420	8 477	9 700	9 271
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Other capital transfers	7 622	7 327	8 572	10 494	16 412	18 262	9 882
Imputed capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	35
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>2 016 078</b>	<b>2 160 615</b>	<b>2 339 443</b>	<b>2 432 724</b>	<b>2 281 152</b>	<b>2 366 109</b>	<b>2 428 650</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	736	522	- 208	283	- 1 451	- 1 390	- 1 853
Transferable deposits	23 731	49 995	25 012	- 38 248	50 520	47 122	44 693
Savings deposits (in euro's)	13 016	11 022	17 832	19 761	17 839	11 059	14 528
Other deposits	49 593	117 856	161 763	- 27 286	- 60 298	- 14 786	130 401
Bills and short term bonds	- 4 913	513	12 634	77 437	2 545	2 057	12 581
Long terms bonds	91 140	87 906	171 639	74 802	114 662	42 147	- 2 306
Short term loans	50 196	63 073	120 415	64 685	- 63 631	- 61 609	46 093
Long term loans	128 998	57 376	224 654	30 061	- 44 240	97 211	- 21 176
Shares and other equities	44 997	209 427	166 870	88 770	243 499	23 398	93 405
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	32 310	25 523	24 390	26 461	20 953	13 143	15 983
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	24 008	21 279	22 607	24 081	20 233	15 099	17 912
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	8 302	4 244	1 783	2 380	720	- 1 956	- 1 929
Other Insurance technical reserves	4 039	- 7 207	- 2 300	4 476	- 165	404	2 725
Other accounts receivable and payable	30 949	23 694	14 943	2 225	45 308	- 6 974	39 317
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>464 792</b>	<b>639 700</b>	<b>937 644</b>	<b>323 427</b>	<b>325 541</b>	<b>151 782</b>	<b>374 391</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Domestic product (gross, market prices)	513 407	540 216	571 773	594 481	573 235	588 740	601 973
Operating surplus (net)	124 334	133 509	143 214	146 867	126 603	135 621	144 102
Mixed income (gross)	35 501	41 133	45 989	46 890	35 063	32 890	36 467
National income (net)	440 176	476 147	499 203	496 443	471 411	490 105	518 454
National disposable income (net)	431 957	468 127	490 446	487 455	463 144	481 234	509 206
National saving (net)	60 327	78 243	82 822	64 527	35 697	46 513	70 020
Net saving and capital transfers	58 576	76 355	81 636	62 423	33 166	43 254	67 962
Net lending/net borrowing	36 671	46 856	46 901	25 979	15 649	26 607	47 777
Statistical discrepancy	475	558	1 470	660	1 707	689	- 1 186
Change in financial net worth	37 146	47 414	48 371	26 639	17 356	27 296	46 591

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	505 825	542 771	577 872	621 204	585 563	615 336	648 254
Compensation of employees	254 563	264 925	280 309	294 716	298 488	300 434	306 609
Wages and salaries	199 011	207 545	220 159	230 750	233 570	234 495	238 799
Employers' social contributions	55 552	57 380	60 150	63 966	64 918	65 939	67 810
Taxes on production and imports	66 292	70 859	74 333	75 719	70 147	73 568	72 038
On products	60 693	65 217	68 385	69 296	63 324	66 481	64 953
Other on production	5 599	5 642	5 948	6 423	6 823	7 087	7 085
Subsidies (-)	7 491	7 671	8 155	8 233	9 977	10 095	9 502
On products	4 106	4 169	3 667	3 499	3 716	3 666	3 378
Other on production	3 385	3 502	4 488	4 734	6 261	6 429	6 124
Property income	260 574	307 810	386 764	395 646	294 780	310 086	307 945
Interest	120 171	160 338	197 572	220 762	154 952	137 725	144 924
Imputed bank services	- 11 088	- 3 637	4 317	5 435	- 21 336	- 23 512	- 19 023
Actual interest payments/receipts	131 259	163 975	193 255	215 327	176 288	161 237	163 947
Dividends	113 487	81 561	117 755	121 774	97 079	124 015	89 505
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	1 912	1 764	1 760	1 856	1 874	2 002	2 062
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 9 030	28 470	32 391	10 864	9 568	18 248	38 995
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	29 132	29 127	31 227	30 567	24 232	20 411	23 427
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 902	6 550	6 059	9 823	7 075	7 685	9 032
Current taxes on income and wealth	57 037	60 743	66 718	68 062	67 295	69 974	67 893
Current taxes on income	51 220	55 762	61 237	62 199	61 098	63 440	61 277
Current taxes on wealth	5 817	4 981	5 481	5 863	6 197	6 534	6 616
Social contributions	128 017	133 954	138 217	149 970	139 754	139 969	149 645
Social security contributions	66 171	75 266	76 710	85 828	78 695	82 542	88 125
Contributions to pension schemes	49 669	49 089	51 729	54 073	50 897	47 264	51 637
Other private social insurance contributions	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Social benefits (in cash)	89 513	91 722	93 985	97 973	102 803	107 721	111 553
Social security benefits	40 027	39 893	40 228	41 359	43 783	45 879	47 039
Social assistance benefits	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
Pension benefits	26 128	28 280	29 662	30 560	31 298	32 876	34 510
Other private social insurance benefits	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Other current transfers	137 520	132 048	138 604	143 750	154 213	158 804	155 475
Non-life insurance premiums	19 281	15 032	14 868	15 307	15 737	15 828	15 477
Non-life insurance claims	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Other current transfers n.e.c.	100 805	103 841	110 729	115 005	124 614	129 020	126 393
Final consumption expenditure	372 028	390 317	407 971	423 230	427 677	434 875	439 268
Capital transfers	17 915	18 188	19 117	22 852	29 269	32 971	22 784
Investment grants	6 830	7 180	7 515	8 513	8 547	9 725	9 251
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Other capital transfers	9 349	9 168	9 666	12 505	18 873	21 496	11 960
Imputed capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	35
Capital formation (gross)	97 614	108 093	116 807	121 856	105 491	105 859	108 911
Gross fixed capital formation	97 016	106 373	114 340	121 849	108 774	102 031	106 690
Consumption of fixed capital	75 709	78 594	82 072	85 412	87 974	89 212	88 726
Net fixed capital formation	21 307	27 779	32 268	36 437	20 800	12 819	17 964
Changes in inventories	509	1 597	2 456	- 136	- 3 388	3 432	2 106
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	89	123	11	143	105	396	115
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>1 979 407</b>	<b>2 113 759</b>	<b>2 292 542</b>	<b>2 406 745</b>	<b>2 265 503</b>	<b>2 339 502</b>	<b>2 380 873</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	- 940	- 793	- 222	- 129	- 92	- 17	- 218
Currency	1 342	3 727	4 292	4 445	1 643	2 509	2 063
Transferable deposits	31 068	88 399	35 458	- 30 054	22 321	6 305	- 5 643
Savings deposits (in euro's)	13 016	11 022	17 832	19 761	17 839	11 059	14 528
Other deposits	57 442	74 164	150 469	- 31 011	- 71 533	- 34 285	76 844
Bills and short term bonds	1 598	- 61	1 335	- 906	1 777	- 918	- 2 656
Long terms bonds	55 955	53 692	112 839	48 286	86 278	- 2 877	- 405
Financial derivatives	- 519	3 373	13 955	11 383	- 28 216	8 203	5 395
Short term loans	39 239	87 293	83 517	48 353	16 396	41 080	220 663
Long term loans	115 622	117 424	326 962	106 699	- 44 911	90 445	5 818
Shares and other equities	113 523	220 357	199 215	151 561	294 249	50 179	95 408
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	32 552	25 684	24 731	26 763	21 670	13 097	16 414
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	24 406	21 712	22 954	24 383	20 463	15 253	17 994
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	8 146	3 972	1 777	2 380	1 207	- 2 156	- 1 580
Other insurance technical reserves	4 039	- 7 207	- 2 300	4 476	- 119	404	2 725
Other accounts receivable and payable	38 001	10 040	17 932	- 9 561	25 595	- 6 106	- 9 954
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>501 938</b>	<b>687 114</b>	<b>986 015</b>	<b>350 066</b>	<b>342 897</b>	<b>179 078</b>	<b>420 982</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross domestic product (% volume changes)	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	-3.7	1.6	1.0
Idem per capita (euro)	31 465	33 049	34 903	36 147	34 678	35 434	36 066
Labour input of employed pers. (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	6478.0	6582.8	6728.3	6832.4	6759.5	6718.4	6752.3
Taxes and social security contributions (% GDP)	37.2	38.6	38.4	38.9	38.0	38.7	38.1
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	72.5	72.3	71.4	71.2	74.6	73.9	73.0
Idem (% volume changes)	0.8	2.9	2.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	-0.6
Capital formation (% GDP)	19.0	20.0	20.4	20.5	18.4	18.0	18.1
Idem (% volume changes)	3.4	8.6	6.1	2.7	-14.2	-0.9	5.1
Average population (x 1000)	16 317	16 346	16 382	16 446	16 530	16 615	16 691

**TABLE S 11**  
**Transactions of the sector non-financial corporations**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	671 509	720 081	772 665	821 339	751 950	787 135	832 710
Market output	669 501	718 029	770 426	819 014	749 500	784 577	830 043
Own-account capital formation	2 008	2 052	2 239	2 325	2 450	2 558	2 667
Difference imputed and paid VAT	352	91	- 331	266	1 665	- 254	640
Property income	39 631	45 631	55 275	52 344	32 477	49 188	55 249
Interest	11 737	14 737	16 050	17 021	12 045	12 508	14 552
Imputed bank services	1 574	1 518	2 165	2 306	539	1 181	1 535
Actual interest payments/receipts	10 163	13 219	13 885	14 715	11 506	11 327	13 017
Dividends	34 674	23 640	32 716	33 163	16 326	25 954	27 863
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 6 796	7 237	6 492	2 143	4 090	10 709	12 817
Income from land and subsoil assets	16	17	17	17	16	17	17
Social contributions	4 936	4 597	4 643	5 142	5 149	5 235	5 197
Imputed social contributions	4 936	4 597	4 643	5 142	5 149	5 235	5 197
Other current transfers	3 550	2 606	2 437	2 417	2 647	2 565	2 506
Non-life insurance claims	2 649	1 881	2 007	2 417	2 647	2 565	2 506
Other current transfers n.e.c.	901	725	430	-	-	-	-
Capital transfers	1 242	955	1 535	1 938	2 339	2 459	1 992
Investment grants	1 479	1 427	1 431	1 652	1 431	1 490	1 680
Other capital transfers	- 237	- 472	104	286	908	969	312
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>721 220</b>	<b>773 961</b>	<b>836 224</b>	<b>883 446</b>	<b>796 227</b>	<b>846 328</b>	<b>898 294</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	- 15	66	- 194	93	- 87	629	- 301
Long terms bonds	- 4 556	- 2 753	- 349	- 237	5 728	8 802	- 3 565
Short term loans	- 4 950	23 648	- 1 501	- 8 321	- 2 860	5 574	2 865
Long term loans	30 269	1 283	17 966	20 403	10 140	- 6 738	1 885
Shares and other equities	42 446	4 947	12 315	8 918	6 729	22 685	9 727
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 2 848	9 452	318	2 635	- 5 638	- 6 549	- 6 515
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>60 346</b>	<b>36 643</b>	<b>28 555</b>	<b>23 491</b>	<b>14 012</b>	<b>24 403</b>	<b>4 096</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	287 162	304 212	325 204	339 872	322 929	330 473	341 368
Operating surplus (net)	75 505	82 763	91 203	93 466	77 136	82 576	88 496
Primary income (net)	50 015	60 462	68 557	64 017	49 747	60 873	76 406
Disposable income (net)	37 350	47 233	53 902	48 328	40 541	49 707	65 503
Saving (net)	37 350	47 233	53 902	48 328	40 541	49 707	65 503
Net saving and capital transfers	38 436	48 020	55 333	49 582	39 888	51 927	67 395
Net lending/net borrowing	33 572	40 532	44 289	37 437	40 643	47 481	61 596
Statistical discrepancy	- 681	524	- 406	477	1 198	3 003	- 2 823
Change in financial net worth	32 891	41 056	43 883	37 914	41 841	50 484	58 773



	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	384 347	415 869	447 461	481 467	429 021	456 662	491 342
Other taxes on production	2 975	3 084	3 337	3 671	3 859	4 023	3 959
Other subsidies on production (-)	2 229	2 092	2 886	3 009	4 339	4 446	4 045
Compensation of employees	170 995	179 049	190 018	201 020	201 913	201 695	207 349
Wages and salaries	136 487	142 742	152 081	160 085	160 853	160 200	164 265
Employers' social contributions	34 508	36 307	37 937	40 935	41 060	41 495	43 084
Property income	65 121	67 932	77 921	81 793	59 866	70 891	67 339
Interest	17 849	21 012	24 740	27 487	20 136	18 942	20 091
Imputed bank services	- 3 969	- 2 762	- 1 977	- 2 219	- 4 006	- 4 291	- 4 178
Actual interest payments/receipts	21 818	23 774	26 717	29 706	24 142	23 233	24 269
Dividends	43 690	33 775	42 846	42 454	29 809	35 841	29 728
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	1 147	984	1 187	1 286	1 287	1 358	1 428
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 2 199	5 855	3 345	1 000	1 811	7 340	7 347
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 634	6 306	5 803	9 566	6 823	7 410	8 745
Current taxes on income and wealth	12 084	12 598	13 779	14 957	8 427	10 350	9 715
Current taxes on income	12 084	12 598	13 779	14 957	8 427	10 350	9 715
Social benefits (in cash)	4 936	4 597	4 643	5 142	5 149	5 235	5 197
Unfunded employee social benefits	4 936	4 597	4 643	5 142	5 149	5 235	5 197
Other current transfers	4 131	3 237	3 313	3 149	3 426	3 381	3 694
Non-life insurance premiums	2 649	1 881	2 007	2 417	2 647	2 565	2 506
Other current transfers n.e.c.	1 482	1 356	1 306	732	779	816	1 188
Capital transfers	156	168	104	684	2 992	239	100
Investment grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other capital transfers	156	168	104	684	2 992	239	100
Capital formation (gross)	44 222	47 864	53 200	55 745	45 410	50 366	51 457
Gross fixed capital formation	43 669	46 385	50 841	55 690	48 734	46 760	49 303
Consumption of fixed capital	40 268	41 499	43 201	44 990	46 025	46 371	46 249
Net fixed capital formation	3 401	4 886	7 640	10 700	2 709	389	3 054
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	553	1 479	2 359	55	- 3 324	3 606	2 154
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	910	1 123	1 045	1 390	- 140	451	591
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>687 648</b>	<b>733 429</b>	<b>791 935</b>	<b>846 009</b>	<b>755 584</b>	<b>798 847</b>	<b>836 698</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	58	-	151	119	- 40	- 46	- 471
Transferable deposits	2 088	9 392	- 4 445	- 2 467	17 372	5 464	- 7 972
Other deposits	908	21 497	19 152	12 201	- 4 932	- 2 421	2 696
Bills and short term bonds	1 409	- 14	- 210	134	437	- 230	269
Long terms bonds	- 573	- 428	2 090	- 3 800	219	- 808	179
Financial derivatives	- 171	- 26	106	- 2 585	2 372	- 911	374
Short term loans	17 724	- 1 785	11 737	- 280	74	16 704	10 416
Long term loans	7 920	6 467	3 658	14 456	13 199	- 13 415	- 6 027
Shares and other equities	57 218	31 052	23 214	36 984	32 760	61 202	47 215
Other Insurance technical reserves	705	206	- 132	1 246	274	- 184	568
Other accounts receivable and payable	5 951	11 338	17 117	5 397	- 5 882	9 532	15 622
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>93 237</b>	<b>77 699</b>	<b>72 438</b>	<b>61 405</b>	<b>55 853</b>	<b>74 887</b>	<b>62 869</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	55.9	56.3	56.9	57.2	56.3	56.1	56.7
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	3924.8	4003.6	4105.3	4207.4	4121.6	4077.1	4100.0
Compensation of employees (% value added)	59.5	58.9	58.4	59.1	62.5	61.0	60.7
Entrepreneurial income (mln euro)	92 653	101 076	115 935	108 757	82 654	105 412	114 909
Capital formation (% GDP)	8.6	8.9	9.3	9.4	7.9	8.6	8.5

**TABLE S 12**  
**Transactions of the sector financial corporations**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	62 067	61 117	59 672	63 004	75 923	81 526	79 286
Output of imputed bank services	22 621	19 147	16 295	19 401	32 503	36 791	36 253
Other market output	38 547	41 054	42 381	42 442	42 551	43 894	42 135
Own-account capital formation	899	916	996	1 161	869	841	898
Property income	160 363	208 308	267 322	253 167	190 600	200 586	203 406
Interest	88 351	116 407	148 553	168 287	114 890	96 396	104 886
Imputed bank services	- 15 962	- 9 725	- 4 609	- 5 666	- 23 312	- 27 004	- 25 204
Actual interest payments/receipts	104 313	126 132	153 162	173 953	138 202	123 400	130 090
Dividends	60 425	90 167	111 458	97 084	88 145	106 619	83 524
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	167	138	136	131	135	191	178
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	11 417	1 593	7 175	- 12 335	- 12 570	- 2 620	14 818
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	3	-	-	-	-	-
Social contributions	51 857	49 846	52 513	54 881	51 761	48 260	52 720
Contributions to pension schemes	50 110	49 530	52 215	54 603	51 499	47 942	52 387
Other private social insurance contributions	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	276	274	278	278	262	318	333
Other current transfers	19 110	14 841	14 404	14 827	15 305	15 410	15 074
Non-life insurance premiums	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Non-life insurance claims	1 668	1 666	1 397	1 389	1 443	1 454	1 469
Other current transfers n.e.c.	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	- 23 982	- 21 250	- 22 553	- 24 043	- 20 201	- 15 066	- 17 877
Capital transfers	361	189	93	1 370	5 345	1 365	65
Investment grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other capital transfers	361	189	93	1 370	5 345	1 365	65
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>269 776</b>	<b>313 051</b>	<b>371 451</b>	<b>363 206</b>	<b>318 733</b>	<b>332 081</b>	<b>332 674</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	798	536	- 203	289	- 1 363	- 1 315	- 1 887
Transferable deposits	23 731	49 995	25 012	- 38 248	50 520	47 122	44 693
Savings deposits (in euro's)	13 016	11 022	17 832	19 761	17 839	11 059	14 528
Other deposits	49 593	117 856	161 763	- 27 286	- 60 298	- 14 786	130 401
Bills and short term bonds	- 5 142	4 558	10 059	10 196	28 802	5 765	22 723
Long terms bonds	90 735	96 256	177 620	67 552	95 114	2 779	- 23 909
Short term loans	50 124	38 537	114 410	66 382	- 63 779	- 64 561	39 075
Long term loans	43 367	10 219	164 376	- 36 032	- 98 606	85 250	- 38 565
Shares and other equities	2 551	204 480	154 555	79 852	236 770	713	83 678
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	32 310	25 523	24 390	26 461	20 953	13 143	15 983
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	24 008	21 279	22 607	24 081	20 233	15 099	17 912
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	8 302	4 244	1 783	2 380	720	- 1 956	- 1 929
Other Insurance technical reserves	4 039	- 7 207	- 2 300	4 476	- 165	404	2 725
Other accounts receivable and payable	34 469	8 541	12 871	- 3 426	34 389	- 11 347	36 824
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>339 591</b>	<b>560 316</b>	<b>860 385</b>	<b>169 977</b>	<b>260 176</b>	<b>74 226</b>	<b>326 269</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	33 837	31 077	28 607	29 145	36 676	42 341	41 227
Operating surplus (net)	13 328	9 613	6 022	6 511	14 404	20 155	19 139
Primary income (net)	9 481	14 886	9 332	- 6 066	2 845	10 039	13 992
Disposable income (net)	28 265	30 590	26 601	13 784	19 621	22 069	28 914
Saving (net)	4 283	9 340	4 048	- 10 259	- 580	7 003	11 037
Net saving and capital transfers	4 407	9 471	4 082	- 9 830	4 543	8 225	11 017
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	7 799	10 541	7 092	- 8 875	5 477	11 924	10 355

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	28 230	30 040	31 065	33 859	39 247	39 185	38 059
Other taxes on production	385	292	328	325	330	337	351
Other subsidies on production (-)	102	81	82	81	81	109	87
Compensation of employees	15 617	16 606	17 603	17 542	17 166	17 360	17 511
Wages and salaries	11 975	12 778	13 581	13 552	13 225	13 207	13 187
Employers' social contributions	3 642	3 828	4 022	3 990	3 941	4 153	4 324
Property income	164 210	203 035	264 012	265 744	202 159	210 702	208 553
Interest	72 077	103 472	128 794	145 957	102 863	91 171	93 665
Imputed bank services	3 490	6 280	9 260	10 406	986	2 305	4 095
Actual interest payments/receipts	68 587	97 192	119 534	135 551	101 877	88 866	89 570
Dividends	69 797	47 786	74 909	79 320	67 270	88 174	59 777
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	8	8	8	8	8	8	4
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 6 831	22 615	29 046	9 864	7 757	10 908	31 648
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	29 132	29 127	31 227	30 567	24 232	20 411	23 427
Income from land and subsoil assets	27	27	28	28	29	30	32
Current taxes on income and wealth	5 206	5 546	5 084	4 193	3 425	3 036	2 955
Current taxes on income	5 206	5 546	5 084	4 193	3 425	3 036	2 955
Social benefits (in cash)	27 875	28 596	29 960	30 838	31 560	33 194	34 843
Pension benefits	26 128	28 280	29 662	30 560	31 298	32 876	34 510
Other private social insurance benefits	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	276	274	278	278	262	318	333
Other current transfers	19 102	14 841	14 604	14 827	15 305	15 410	15 074
Non-life insurance premiums	1 668	1 666	1 397	1 389	1 443	1 454	1 469
Non-life insurance claims	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Other current transfers n.e.c.	-	-	200	-	-	-	-
Capital transfers	237	58	59	941	222	143	85
Other capital transfers	211	29	5	903	190	110	50
Imputed capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	35
Capital formation (gross)	1 203	3 396	2 004	3 929	3 732	1 104	5 054
Gross fixed capital formation	1 197	3 392	2 000	3 926	3 729	1 101	5 053
Consumption of fixed capital	4 609	4 647	4 736	4 848	4 857	4 598	4 313
Net fixed capital formation	- 3 412	- 1 255	- 2 736	- 922	- 1 128	- 3 497	740
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	6	4	4	3	3	3	1
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	14	181	- 278	- 36	191	- 205	- 79
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>261 977</b>	<b>302 510</b>	<b>364 359</b>	<b>372 081</b>	<b>313 256</b>	<b>320 157</b>	<b>322 319</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	- 940	- 793	- 222	- 129	- 92	- 17	- 218
Currency	248	184	- 169	448	- 496	- 184	1 128
Transferable deposits	24 117	76 063	35 694	- 26 066	2 266	2 787	- 398
Other deposits	52 468	57 153	124 892	- 43 050	- 62 665	- 29 784	74 042
Bills and short term bonds	168	- 83	1 055	- 1 107	1 841	- 750	- 3 340
Long terms bonds	52 565	53 439	108 505	49 279	64 530	2 095	4 991
Financial derivatives	- 264	3 546	13 951	14 133	- 30 678	8 543	4 600
Short term loans	20 109	88 719	66 913	8 275	44 629	28 768	210 745
Long term loans	105 415	111 159	321 817	81 401	- 64 113	105 407	3 947
Shares and other equities	62 892	196 586	188 900	80 095	283 774	- 9 679	66 557
Other Insurance technical reserves	520	102	4	2 050	- 320	79	1 869
Other accounts receivable and payable	30 092	- 15 218	6 137	- 4 227	26 977	- 21 115	- 27 299
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>347 390</b>	<b>570 857</b>	<b>867 477</b>	<b>161 102</b>	<b>265 653</b>	<b>86 150</b>	<b>336 624</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	6.6	5.8	5.0	4.9	6.4	7.2	6.8
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	224.9	233.1	231.8	226.2	220.4	210.7	209.0
Compensation of employees (% value added)	46.2	53.4	61.5	60.2	46.8	41.0	42.5
Received property income (% total financial assets)	46.2	36.5	30.8	157.1	71.7	232.8	60.4
Paid property income (% total liabilities)	48.4	36.2	30.7	156.3	77.7	283.9	63.9

**TABLE S 121/2**  
**Transactions of the sector monetary financial institutions**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	25 209	22 999	21 565	25 590	30 042	33 308	34 527
Output of imputed bank services	19 543	16 976	15 234	18 606	23 989	27 235	28 537
Other market output	5 116	5 442	5 743	6 204	5 563	5 622	5 487
Own-account capital formation	550	581	588	780	490	451	503
Property income	46 123	66 186	81 269	73 769	45 298	39 733	47 354
Interest	42 495	60 326	76 614	83 346	45 937	36 701	42 659
Imputed bank services	- 13 548	- 8 163	- 4 089	- 5 619	- 16 138	- 18 833	- 18 830
Actual interest payments/receipts	56 043	68 489	80 703	88 965	62 075	55 534	61 489
Dividends	1 264	2 014	2 032	2 217	1 481	2 320	2 600
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	2 364	3 846	2 623	- 11 794	- 2 120	712	2 095
Social contributions	186	186	196	188	173	209	247
Imputed social contributions	186	186	196	188	173	209	247
Other current transfers	240	240	244	249	254	259	260
Non-life insurance claims	240	240	244	249	254	259	260
Capital transfers	12	32	- 2	- 1	2 175	1 031	-
Other capital transfers	12	32	- 2	- 1	2 175	1 031	-
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>71 770</b>	<b>89 643</b>	<b>103 272</b>	<b>99 795</b>	<b>77 942</b>	<b>74 540</b>	<b>82 388</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	798	536	- 203	289	- 1 363	- 1 315	- 1 887
Transferable deposits	23 731	49 995	25 012	- 38 248	50 520	47 122	44 693
Savings deposits (in euro's)	13 016	11 022	17 832	19 761	17 839	11 059	14 528
Other deposits	49 593	117 856	161 763	- 27 286	- 60 298	- 14 786	130 401
Bills and short term bonds	- 5 365	1 067	8 707	13 438	30 572	5 868	22 841
Long terms bonds	56 998	30 444	27 577	- 15 907	47 608	33 836	11 006
Short term loans	2 285	- 14 500	56 814	19 736	- 49 838	- 35 232	811
Long term loans	4 644	- 113	36 295	- 8 744	- 3 484	30 625	- 2 463
Shares and other equities	2 741	- 1 096	12 514	10 881	8 714	- 2 686	- 636
Other accounts receivable and payable	22 099	- 3 743	11 101	1 481	7 956	- 45 984	9 643
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>170 540</b>	<b>191 468</b>	<b>357 412</b>	<b>- 24 599</b>	<b>48 226</b>	<b>28 507</b>	<b>228 937</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	16 977	13 402	11 451	15 537	17 465	21 319	22 507
Operating surplus (net)	6 746	3 002	263	4 647	7 017	11 042	12 434
Primary income (net)	4 082	2 213	641	- 9 739	463	6 476	8 497
Disposable income (net)	2 332	886	- 281	- 10 304	412	5 918	7 955
Saving (net)	2 332	886	- 281	- 10 304	412	5 918	7 955
Net saving and capital transfers	2 133	889	- 288	- 10 488	2 697	6 924	7 955
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	2 621	1 621	- 153	- 10 270	3 256	7 403	8 463

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	8 232	9 597	10 114	10 053	12 577	11 989	12 020
Other taxes on production	204	119	128	116	107	99	107
Compensation of employees	8 069	8 293	9 027	8 698	8 307	8 334	8 355
Wages and salaries	6 145	6 344	6 906	6 727	6 376	6 286	6 219
Employers' social contributions	1 924	1 949	2 121	1 971	1 931	2 048	2 136
Property income	48 787	66 975	80 891	88 155	51 852	44 299	51 291
Interest	43 834	62 029	75 927	81 750	49 860	42 289	50 477
Imputed bank services	4 962	7 311	9 923	11 799	3 860	4 844	6 515
Actual interest payments/receipts	38 872	54 718	66 004	69 951	46 000	37 445	43 962
Dividends	4 030	4 318	3 832	6 115	1 767	1 902	661
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	923	628	1 132	290	225	108	149
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 750	1 327	722	565	51	558	542
Current taxes on income	1 750	1 327	722	565	51	558	542
Social benefits (in cash)	186	186	196	188	173	209	247
Unfunded employee social benefits	186	186	196	188	173	209	247
Other current transfers	240	240	444	249	254	259	260
Non-life insurance premiums	240	240	244	249	254	259	260
Other current transfers n.e.c.	–	–	200	–	–	–	–
Capital transfers	211	29	5	183	- 110	25	–
Other capital transfers	211	29	5	183	- 110	25	–
Capital formation (gross)	1 434	1 105	1 832	1 732	1 329	1 212	1 006
Gross fixed capital formation	1 428	1 101	1 828	1 729	1 326	1 209	1 005
Consumption of fixed capital	1 958	1 988	2 033	2 076	2 034	1 844	1 611
Net fixed capital formation	- 530	- 887	- 205	- 347	- 708	- 635	- 606
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	6	4	4	3	3	3	1
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	36	151	66	126	146	153	97
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>69 149</b>	<b>88 022</b>	<b>103 425</b>	<b>110 065</b>	<b>74 686</b>	<b>67 137</b>	<b>73 925</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	- 940	- 793	- 222	- 129	- 92	- 17	- 218
Currency	246	180	- 147	447	- 510	- 302	1 128
Transferable deposits	20 218	76 540	33 036	- 33 336	- 11 212	- 6 796	- 2 514
Other deposits	16 957	33 671	91 491	- 30 135	- 51 571	- 17 761	76 276
Bills and short term bonds	739	- 2 399	1 110	- 5 082	1 223	- 4 213	- 4 380
Long terms bonds	10 890	24 153	103 945	63 761	49 596	2 855	- 26 569
Financial derivatives	1 195	2 215	1 598	8 233	1 089	9 961	8 903
Short term loans	25 105	29 498	49 965	- 12 114	21 909	- 148	157 262
Long term loans	63 276	48 013	32 721	2 475	14 435	63 920	30 881
Shares and other equities	9 634	9 455	40 428	- 24 487	3 884	2 056	5 858
Other accounts receivable and payable	25 841	- 27 444	3 334	- 4 502	22 731	- 13 645	- 9 227
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>173 161</b>	<b>193 089</b>	<b>357 259</b>	<b>- 34 869</b>	<b>51 482</b>	<b>35 910</b>	<b>237 400</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	3.3	2.5	2.0	2.6	3.0	3.6	3.7
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	109.0	109.1	111.0	112.0	106.5	100.9	99.6
Compensation of employees (% value added)	47.5	61.9	78.8	56.0	47.6	39.1	37.1

**TABLE S 125**  
**Transactions of the sector insurance corporations and pension funds**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	19 773	21 263	21 024	18 655	18 819	18 645	18 626
Market output	19 564	21 078	20 743	18 373	18 527	18 354	18 330
Own-account capital formation	209	185	281	282	292	291	296
Property income	30 159	31 699	32 641	33 039	26 249	22 654	25 432
Interest	20 035	21 428	22 320	22 026	19 142	17 127	18 692
Imputed bank services	219	221	298	320	32	159	221
Actual interest payments/receipts	19 816	21 207	22 022	21 706	19 110	16 968	18 471
Dividends	10 058	10 242	10 295	10 986	7 080	5 500	6 728
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	63	26	26	27	27	27	12
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	3	-	-	-	-	-
Social contributions	51 647	49 637	52 296	54 671	51 566	48 009	52 453
Contributions to pension schemes	50 110	49 530	52 215	54 603	51 499	47 942	52 387
Other private social insurance contributions	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	66	65	61	68	67	67	66
Other current transfers	18 848	14 581	14 147	14 566	15 039	15 140	14 805
Non-life insurance premiums	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Non-life insurance claims	1 406	1 406	1 140	1 128	1 177	1 184	1 200
Other current transfers n.e.c.	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	-23 982	-21 250	-22 553	-24 043	-20 201	-15 066	-17 877
Capital transfers	330	116	64	1 338	3 132	293	25
Investment grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other capital transfers	330	116	64	1 338	3 132	293	25
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>96 775</b>	<b>96 046</b>	<b>97 619</b>	<b>98 226</b>	<b>94 604</b>	<b>89 675</b>	<b>93 464</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Long terms bonds	-	-	-	-	649	143	489
Short term loans	5 200	22 899	- 15 063	36 447	- 6 248	- 17 738	- 281
Long term loans	220	- 310	3 167	- 2 751	- 2 127	1 310	10
Shares and other equities	- 64	2 135	- 5 029	5 500	1 806	1 843	- 1
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	32 310	25 523	24 390	26 461	20 953	13 143	15 983
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	24 008	21 279	22 607	24 081	20 233	15 099	17 912
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	8 302	4 244	1 783	2 380	720	- 1 956	- 1 929
Other insurance technical reserves	4 039	- 7 207	- 2 300	4 476	- 165	404	2 725
Other accounts receivable and payable	9 607	3 358	6 585	- 3 358	- 7 010	3 908	11 538
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>51 312</b>	<b>46 398</b>	<b>11 750</b>	<b>66 775</b>	<b>7 858</b>	<b>3 013</b>	<b>30 463</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	10 737	11 506	10 801	8 602	9 051	8 709	8 485
Operating surplus (net)	6 399	6 718	5 902	3 637	4 043	3 561	3 390
Primary income (net)	4 946	4 761	1 896	1 568	2 503	2 498	2 943
Disposable income (net)	27 468	24 305	23 505	25 029	22 198	17 143	20 411
Saving (net)	3 486	3 055	952	986	1 997	2 077	2 534
Net saving and capital transfers	3 790	3 142	962	2 286	5 097	2 337	2 474
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	5 919	3 951	3 312	2 794	4 436	8 295	3 399

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	9 036	9 757	10 223	10 053	9 768	9 936	10 141
Other taxes on production	85	93	96	93	98	98	99
Compensation of employees	3 291	3 731	3 821	3 902	3 869	4 079	4 188
Wages and salaries	2 482	2 824	2 898	2 919	2 899	3 039	3 102
Employers' social contributions	809	907	923	983	970	1 040	1 086
Property income	31 612	33 656	36 647	35 108	27 789	23 717	25 879
Interest	732	1 233	1 652	1 796	945	1 109	914
Imputed bank services	- 73	- 81	- 13	- 112	- 249	- 184	- 115
Actual interest payments/receipts	805	1 314	1 665	1 908	1 194	1 293	1 029
Dividends	1 691	2 757	3 322	2 742	2 596	2 204	1 544
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	45	527	434	- 9	4	- 20	- 20
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	29 132	29 127	31 227	30 567	24 232	20 411	23 427
Income from land and subsoil assets	12	12	12	12	12	13	14
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 468	1 706	944	582	506	421	409
Current taxes on income	1 468	1 706	944	582	506	421	409
Social benefits (in cash)	27 665	28 387	29 743	30 628	31 365	32 943	34 576
Pension benefits	26 128	28 280	29 662	30 560	31 298	32 876	34 510
Other private social insurance benefits	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	66	65	61	68	67	67	66
Other current transfers	18 840	14 581	14 147	14 566	15 039	15 140	14 805
Non-life insurance premiums	1 406	1 406	1 140	1 128	1 177	1 184	1 200
Non-life insurance claims	17 434	13 175	13 007	13 438	13 862	13 956	13 605
Other current transfers n.e.c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	85
Other capital transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Imputed capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	35
Capital formation (gross)	- 1 174	156	- 1 039	577	1 628	- 2 607	202
Gross fixed capital formation	- 1 174	156	- 1 039	577	1 628	- 2 607	202
Consumption of fixed capital	962	964	982	970	1 041	971	808
Net fixed capital formation	- 2 136	- 808	- 2 021	- 393	587	- 3 578	- 606
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	7	- 1	- 329	- 115	74	- 2 380	- 319
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>90 856</b>	<b>92 095</b>	<b>94 307</b>	<b>95 432</b>	<b>90 168</b>	<b>81 380</b>	<b>90 065</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	1 711	674	1 096	6 599	- 7 650	1 630	3 032
Other deposits	1 603	11 210	1 898	- 1 078	- 1 943	- 3 105	- 4 369
Bills and short term bonds	- 261	2 343	0	3 886	195	- 37	753
Long terms bonds	33 882	34 118	13 375	- 3 513	- 71 110	4 258	16 014
Financial derivatives	- 1 318	2 022	- 7 564	16 379	- 20 454	- 254	- 3 606
Short term loans	3 225	3 098	1 590	22 552	- 10 285	15 127	267
Long term loans	- 4 612	- 3 937	- 2 269	- 3 804	- 656	4 929	3 038
Shares and other equities	21 707	- 5 583	2 291	28 830	126 762	- 10 331	20 198
Other Insurance technical reserves	520	102	4	2 050	- 320	79	1 869
Other accounts receivable and payable	774	6 302	4 641	- 2 332	- 2 245	- 988	- 3 334
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>57 231</b>	<b>50 349</b>	<b>15 062</b>	<b>69 569</b>	<b>12 294</b>	<b>11 308</b>	<b>33 862</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	50.1	55.2	54.8	50.2	49.6	49.6	49.9
Compensation of employees (% value added)	30.7	32.4	35.4	45.4	42.7	46.8	49.4
Social contributions (% GDP)	10.1	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.2	8.7
Social benefits (% GDP)	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.7

**TABLE S 123/4**  
**Transactions of the sector other financial institutions**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	17 085	16 855	17 083	18 759	27 062	29 573	26 133
Output of imputed bank services	3 078	2 171	1 061	795	8 514	9 556	7 716
Other market output	13 867	14 534	15 895	17 865	18 461	19 918	18 318
Own-account capital formation	140	150	127	99	87	99	99
Property income	84 081	110 423	153 412	146 359	119 053	138 199	130 620
Interest	25 821	34 653	49 619	62 915	49 811	42 568	43 535
Imputed bank services	- 2 633	- 1 783	- 818	- 367	- 7 206	- 8 330	- 6 595
Actual interest payments/receipts	28 454	36 436	50 437	63 282	57 017	50 898	50 130
Dividends	49 103	77 911	99 131	83 881	79 584	98 799	74 196
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	104	112	110	104	108	164	166
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	9 053	- 2 253	4 552	- 541	- 10 450	- 3 332	12 723
Social contributions	24	23	21	22	22	42	20
Imputed social contributions	24	23	21	22	22	42	20
Other current transfers	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Non-life insurance claims	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Capital transfers	19	41	31	33	38	41	40
Other capital transfers	19	41	31	33	38	41	40
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>101 231</b>	<b>127 362</b>	<b>170 560</b>	<b>165 185</b>	<b>146 187</b>	<b>167 866</b>	<b>156 822</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	223	3 491	1 352	- 3 242	- 1 770	- 103	- 118
Long terms bonds	33 737	65 812	150 043	83 459	46 857	- 31 200	- 35 404
Short term loans	42 639	30 138	72 659	10 199	- 7 693	- 11 591	38 545
Long term loans	38 503	10 642	124 914	- 24 537	- 92 995	53 315	- 36 112
Shares and other equities	- 126	203 441	147 070	63 471	226 250	1 556	84 315
Other accounts receivable and payable	2 763	8 926	- 4 815	- 1 549	33 443	30 729	15 643
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>117 739</b>	<b>322 450</b>	<b>491 223</b>	<b>127 801</b>	<b>204 092</b>	<b>42 706</b>	<b>66 869</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	6 123	6 169	6 355	5 006	10 160	12 313	10 235
Operating surplus (net)	183	- 107	- 143	- 1 773	3 344	5 552	3 315
Primary income (net)	453	7 912	6 795	2 105	- 121	1 065	2 552
Disposable income (net)	- 1 535	5 399	3 377	- 941	- 2 989	- 992	548
Saving (net)	- 1 535	5 399	3 377	- 941	- 2 989	- 992	548
Net saving and capital transfers	- 1 516	5 440	3 408	- 1 628	- 3 251	- 1 036	588
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	- 741	4 969	3 933	- 1 399	- 2 215	- 3 774	- 1 507



	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	10 962	10 686	10 728	13 753	16 902	17 260	15 898
Other taxes on production	96	80	104	116	125	140	145
Other subsidies on production (-)	102	81	82	81	81	109	87
Compensation of employees	4 257	4 582	4 755	4 942	4 990	4 947	4 968
Wages and salaries	3 348	3 610	3 777	3 906	3 950	3 882	3 866
Employers' social contributions	909	972	978	1 036	1 040	1 065	1 102
Property income	83 811	102 404	146 474	142 481	122 518	142 686	131 383
Interest	27 511	40 210	51 215	62 411	52 058	47 773	42 274
Imputed bank services	- 1 399	- 950	- 650	- 1 281	- 2 625	- 2 355	- 2 305
Actual interest payments/receipts	28 910	41 160	51 865	63 692	54 683	50 128	44 579
Dividends	64 076	40 711	67 755	70 463	62 907	84 068	57 572
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	8	8	8	8	8	8	-
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 7 799	21 460	27 480	9 583	7 528	10 820	31 519
Income from land and subsoil assets	15	15	16	16	17	17	18
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 988	2 513	3 418	3 046	2 868	2 057	2 004
Current taxes on income	1 988	2 513	3 418	3 046	2 868	2 057	2 004
Social benefits (in cash)	24	23	21	22	22	42	20
Unfunded employee social benefits	24	23	21	22	22	42	20
Other current transfers	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Non-life insurance premiums	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Other current transfers n.e.c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital transfers	-	-	-	720	300	85	-
Other capital transfers	-	-	-	720	300	85	-
Capital formation (gross)	943	2 135	1 211	1 620	775	2 499	3 846
Gross fixed capital formation	943	2 135	1 211	1 620	775	2 499	3 846
Consumption of fixed capital	1 689	1 695	1 721	1 802	1 782	1 783	1 894
Net fixed capital formation	- 746	440	- 510	- 182	- 1 007	716	1 952
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 29	31	- 15	- 47	- 29	2 022	143
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>101 972</b>	<b>122 393</b>	<b>166 627</b>	<b>166 584</b>	<b>148 402</b>	<b>171 640</b>	<b>158 329</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	2	4	- 22	1	14	118	-
Transferable deposits	2 188	- 1 151	1 562	671	21 128	7 953	- 916
Other deposits	33 908	12 272	31 503	- 11 837	- 9 151	- 8 918	2 135
Bills and short term bonds	- 310	- 27	- 55	89	423	3 500	287
Long terms bonds	7 793	- 4 832	- 8 815	- 10 969	86 044	- 5 018	15 546
Financial derivatives	- 141	- 691	19 917	- 10 479	- 11 313	- 1 164	- 697
Short term loans	- 8 221	56 123	15 358	- 2 163	33 005	13 789	53 216
Long term loans	46 751	67 083	291 365	82 730	- 77 892	36 558	- 29 972
Shares and other equities	31 551	192 714	146 181	75 752	153 128	- 1 404	40 501
Other accounts receivable and payable	3 477	5 924	- 1 838	2 607	6 491	- 6 482	- 14 738
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>116 998</b>	<b>327 419</b>	<b>495 156</b>	<b>126 402</b>	<b>201 877</b>	<b>38 932</b>	<b>65 362</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.8	2.1	1.7
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	65.8	68.8	66.0	64.0	64.3	60.2	59.5
Compensation of employees (% value added)	69.5	74.3	74.8	98.7	49.1	40.2	48.5

**TABLE S 13.1**  
**Transactions of the sector general government (consolidated)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	98 800	102 645	107 424	113 736	120 672	122 128	120 980
Market output	17 256	17 556	18 017	18 837	19 170	19 997	20 096
Own-account capital formation	1 289	1 393	1 422	1 430	1 469	1 528	1 570
Other non-market output	80 255	83 696	87 985	93 469	100 033	100 603	99 314
Taxes on production and imports	63 875	68 151	71 214	72 498	68 073	71 363	69 401
On products	58 276	62 509	65 386	66 216	61 275	64 303	62 322
Other on production	5 599	5 642	5 828	6 282	6 798	7 060	7 079
Subsidies (-)	6 200	6 149	7 127	7 191	8 891	9 196	8 497
On products	3 135	3 250	3 396	3 313	3 461	3 549	3 351
Other on production	3 065	2 899	3 731	3 878	5 430	5 647	5 146
Property income	11 507	14 639	14 829	20 317	17 837	16 172	16 019
Interest	2 720	3 029	3 260	3 643	4 239	3 381	3 138
Imputed bank services	106	125	186	201	58	78	89
Actual interest payments/receipts	2 614	2 904	3 074	3 442	4 181	3 303	3 049
Dividends	3 656	4 837	5 279	6 619	6 277	4 867	3 612
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	270	246	251	252	266	265	265
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 861	6 527	6 039	9 803	7 055	7 659	9 004
Current taxes on income and wealth	58 457	62 370	67 944	69 281	67 686	70 128	68 630
Current taxes on income	52 640	57 389	62 463	63 418	61 489	63 581	61 929
Current taxes on wealth	5 817	4 981	5 481	5 863	6 197	6 547	6 701
Social contributions	71 486	79 850	81 468	90 442	83 465	87 225	92 668
Social security contributions	66 477	75 610	77 063	86 264	79 188	83 109	88 798
Imputed social contributions	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	2 139	2 160	2 136	2 205	2 281	2 344	2 270
Non-life insurance claims	292	294	299	308	303	308	310
Other current transfers n.e.c.	1 847	1 866	1 837	1 897	1 978	2 036	1 960
Capital transfers	1 923	2 068	2 112	2 029	2 017	2 059	1 814
Investment grants	96	92	71	65	65	65	66
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Other capital transfers	117	165	159	168	135	277	210
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>301 987</b>	<b>325 734</b>	<b>340 000</b>	<b>363 317</b>	<b>353 140</b>	<b>362 223</b>	<b>363 285</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	- 64	- 12	- 7	- 8	- 94	- 70	38
Bills and short term bonds	244	- 4 111	2 769	67 148	- 26 170	- 4 337	- 9 874
Long terms bonds	4 854	- 5 582	- 5 581	7 480	13 512	30 372	25 272
Short term loans	1 684	- 1 240	6 014	1 880	- 1 553	1 952	5 780
Long term loans	1 589	2	35	11 739	18 042	- 4 186	1 221
Other accounts receivable and payable 1)	- 986	5 479	1 641	- 2 172	1 574	4 604	- 974
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>7 321</b>	<b>- 5 464</b>	<b>4 871</b>	<b>86 067</b>	<b>5 311</b>	<b>28 335</b>	<b>21 463</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	57 057	64 745	66 330	72 418	64 577	66 867	65 011
Disposable income (net)	123 335	140 690	149 025	162 338	144 110	147 538	147 426
Saving (net)	1 650	5 248	5 153	9 525	- 20 030	- 19 527	- 20 731
Net saving and capital transfers	560	4 708	3 811	7 172	- 25 522	- 24 854	- 23 772
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	- 1 449	2 792	929	2 903	- 31 994	- 29 544	- 26 610

1) Other accounts receivable and payable are not consolidated.

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Other taxes on production	559	562	569	594	611	641	674
Other subsidies on production (-)	584	633	630	645	790	853	850
Compensation of employees	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Wages and salaries	35 899	36 882	38 230	40 061	42 267	43 534	43 299
Employers' social contributions	13 644	13 334	14 043	14 630	15 458	15 673	15 578
Property income	12 125	11 896	12 586	13 206	12 442	11 472	11 912
Interest	12 103	11 893	12 583	13 202	12 438	11 462	11 901
Imputed bank services	- 539	- 347	- 183	- 255	- 971	- 993	- 952
Actual interest payments/receipts	12 642	12 240	12 766	13 457	13 409	12 455	12 853
Income from land and subsoil assets	22	3	3	4	4	10	11
Social benefits (in cash)	56 217	58 083	58 950	61 522	65 620	68 798	71 030
Social security benefits	40 027	39 893	40 228	41 359	43 783	45 879	47 039
Social assistance benefits	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
Unfunded employee social benefits	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	9 587	10 352	9 903	10 486	8 279	10 228	10 123
Non-life insurance premiums	292	294	299	308	303	308	310
Other current transfers n.e.c.	9 295	10 058	9 604	10 178	7 976	9 920	9 813
Final consumption expenditure	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
Collective consumption	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
Individual consumption	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957
Social transfers of individual non-market products	27 237	28 096	29 649	31 203	33 208	33 930	34 114
Social security benefits in kind							
via market producers	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social assistance benefits in kind							
via market producers	5 025	5 628	7 995	8 981	9 771	10 048	10 137
Capital transfers	3 013	2 608	3 454	4 382	7 509	7 386	4 855
Investment grants	1 717	1 659	1 868	2 125	1 871	1 914	2 062
Other capital transfers	1 296	949	1 586	2 257	5 638	5 472	2 793
Capital formation (gross)	16 916	17 862	18 996	20 548	21 553	21 367	20 257
Gross fixed capital formation	16 884	17 837	18 986	20 535	21 540	21 337	20 238
Consumption of fixed capital	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Net fixed capital formation	4 012	4 361	4 735	5 443	5 802	5 083	3 566
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	32	25	10	13	13	30	19
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 2 035	- 2 470	- 1 863	- 1 187	657	- 423	- 747
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>303 436</b>	<b>322 942</b>	<b>339 071</b>	<b>360 414</b>	<b>385 134</b>	<b>391 767</b>	<b>389 895</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	1 534	1 179	1 242	- 13	2 305	- 1 473	77
Other deposits	4 529	- 5 022	5 528	98	- 4 118	- 2 017	88
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	411	84	- 508	-	413
Long terms bonds	- 17	9	- 21	- 1	23 097	- 1 547	- 1 915
Financial derivatives	- 90	- 127	- 119	- 170	80	574	399
Short term loans	672	280	1 022	34 374	- 33 711	- 282	- 10
Long term loans	1 894	- 430	1 662	10 843	6 128	- 1 048	1 245
Shares and other equities	- 877	- 4 906	- 2 439	37 191	- 24 995	- 781	- 6 324
Other accounts receivable and payable 3)	- 1 773	6 345	- 1 486	6 564	5 039	5 365	880
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>5 872</b>	<b>- 2 672</b>	<b>5 800</b>	<b>88 970</b>	<b>- 26 683</b>	<b>- 1 209</b>	<b>- 5 147</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	12.2	11.8	11.6	11.7	12.8	12.8	12.5
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	1047.6	1044.5	1058.7	1058.4	1080.7	1095.1	1082.2
Taxes and social security contributions (% GDP)	37.1	38.5	38.1	38.7	37.8	38.4	37.9
Social benefits in cash and in kind (% GDP) 1)	18.0	19.5	19.3	19.6	21.9	22.3	22.6
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	23.7	25.1	25.2	25.7	28.6	28.4	27.9
Idem (% volume changes)	0.5	9.5	3.5	2.8	5.0	0.7	0.1
Collective consumption (% GDP)	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.5	11.7	11.3	10.8
Individual consumption (% GDP)	13.4	14.8	15.0	15.2	17.0	17.1	17.1
Capital formation (% GDP)	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.4
Total revenues (mln euro) 2)	228 516	248 820	259 772	277 684	262 788	271 669	273 318
Total revenues (% GDP)	44.5	46.1	45.4	46.7	45.8	46.1	45.4
Total expenditure (mln euro) 2)	229 965	246 028	258 843	274 781	294 782	301 213	299 928
Total expenditure (% GDP)	44.8	45.5	45.3	46.2	51.4	51.2	49.8
Net lending/net borrowing (% GDP)	- 0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	- 5.6	- 5.0	- 4.4
EDP-debt (% GDP)	51.8	47.4	45.3	58.5	60.8	63.1	65.5
EDP-deficit (% GDP)	- 0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	- 5.6	- 5.1	- 4.5

1) Unfunded employee social benefits excluded.

2) Revenues and expenditures of general government are defined in table D 13.2.

3) Other accounts receivable and payable are not consolidated.

**TABLE S 13.2**  
**Transactions of the sector general government (not consolidated)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	98 800	102 645	107 424	113 736	120 672	122 128	120 980
Market output	17 256	17 556	18 017	18 837	19 170	19 997	20 096
Own-account capital formation	1 289	1 393	1 422	1 430	1 469	1 528	1 570
Other non-market output	80 255	83 696	87 985	93 469	100 033	100 603	99 314
Taxes on production and imports	63 875	68 151	71 214	72 498	68 073	71 363	69 401
On products	58 276	62 509	65 386	66 216	61 275	64 303	62 322
on production	5 599	5 642	5 828	6 282	6 798	7 060	7 079
Subsidies (-)	6 200	6 149	7 127	7 191	8 891	9 196	8 497
On products	3 135	3 250	3 396	3 313	3 461	3 549	3 351
Other on production	3 065	2 899	3 731	3 878	5 430	5 647	5 146
Property income	11 835	15 275	15 605	21 382	18 275	16 491	16 433
Interest	3 048	3 665	4 036	4 708	4 677	3 700	3 552
Imputed bank services	106	125	186	201	58	78	89
Actual interest payments/receipts	2 942	3 540	3 850	4 507	4 619	3 622	3 463
Dividends	3 656	4 837	5 279	6 619	6 277	4 867	3 612
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	270	246	251	252	266	265	265
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 861	6 527	6 039	9 803	7 055	7 659	9 004
Current taxes on income and wealth	58 457	62 370	67 944	69 281	67 686	70 128	68 630
Current taxes on income	52 640	57 389	62 463	63 418	61 489	63 581	61 929
Current taxes on wealth	5 817	4 981	5 481	5 863	6 197	6 547	6 701
Social contributions	71 486	79 850	81 468	90 442	83 465	87 225	92 668
Social security contributions	66 477	75 610	77 063	86 264	79 188	83 109	88 798
Imputed social contributions	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	78 931	81 295	87 268	91 696	100 376	103 537	100 763
Non-life insurance claims	292	294	299	308	303	308	310
Other current transfers n.e.c.	78 639	81 001	86 969	91 388	100 073	103 229	100 453
Capital transfers	7 764	8 047	8 160	8 733	10 326	17 090	9 938
Investment grants	5 209	5 613	5 718	6 453	6 741	7 876	7 255
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Other capital transfers	845	623	560	484	1 768	7 497	1 145
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>384 948</b>	<b>411 484</b>	<b>431 956</b>	<b>460 577</b>	<b>459 982</b>	<b>478 766</b>	<b>470 316</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	- 62	- 14	- 5	- 6	- 88	- 75	34
Bills and short term bonds	244	- 4 111	2 769	67 148	- 26 170	- 4 337	- 9 841
Long terms bonds	4 961	- 5 597	- 5 632	7 487	13 820	30 566	25 168
Short term loans	2 359	- 1 225	9 507	7 669	3 922	- 2 262	5 366
Long term loans	1 693	- 123	- 168	11 600	17 955	- 4 693	1 152
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 986	5 479	1 641	- 2 172	1 574	4 604	- 974
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>8 209</b>	<b>- 5 591</b>	<b>8 112</b>	<b>91 726</b>	<b>11 013</b>	<b>23 803</b>	<b>20 905</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	57 057	64 745	66 330	72 418	64 577	66 867	65 011
Disposable income (net)	123 335	140 690	149 025	162 338	144 110	147 538	147 426
Saving (net)	1 650	5 248	5 153	9 525	- 20 030	- 19 527	- 20 731
Net saving and capital transfers	560	4 708	3 811	7 172	- 25 522	- 24 854	- 23 772
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	- 1 449	2 792	929	2 903	- 31 994	- 29 544	- 26 610

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Other taxes on production	559	562	569	594	611	641	674
Other subsidies on production (-)	584	633	630	645	790	853	850
Compensation of employees	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Wages and salaries	35 899	36 882	38 230	40 061	42 267	43 534	43 299
Employers' social contributions	13 644	13 334	14 043	14 630	15 458	15 673	15 578
Property income	12 453	12 532	13 362	14 271	12 880	11 791	12 326
Interest	12 431	12 529	13 359	14 267	12 876	11 781	12 315
Imputed bank services	- 539	- 347	- 183	- 255	- 971	- 993	- 952
Actual interest payments/receipts	12 970	12 876	13 542	14 522	13 847	12 774	13 267
Income from land and subsoil assets	22	3	3	4	4	10	11
Social benefits (in cash)	56 217	58 083	58 950	61 522	65 620	68 798	71 030
Social security benefits	40 027	39 893	40 228	41 359	43 783	45 879	47 039
Social assistance benefits	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
Unfunded employee social benefits	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	86 379	89 487	95 035	99 977	106 374	111 421	108 616
Non-life insurance premiums	292	294	299	308	303	308	310
Other current transfers n.e.c.	86 087	89 193	94 736	99 669	106 071	111 113	108 306
Final consumption expenditure	121 685	135 442	143 872	152 813	164 140	167 065	168 157
Collective consumption	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
Individual consumption	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957
Social transfers of individual non-market products	27 237	28 096	29 649	31 203	33 208	33 930	34 114
Social security benefits in kind							
via market producers	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social assistance benefits in kind							
via market producers	5 025	5 628	7 995	8 981	9 771	10 048	10 137
Capital transfers	8 854	8 587	9 502	11 086	15 818	22 417	12 979
Investment grants	6 830	7 180	7 515	8 513	8 547	9 725	9 251
Other capital transfers	2 024	1 407	1 987	2 573	7 271	12 692	3 728
Capital formation (gross)	16 916	17 862	18 996	20 548	21 553	21 367	20 257
Gross fixed capital formation	16 884	17 837	18 986	20 535	21 540	21 337	20 238
Consumption of fixed capital	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Net fixed capital formation	4 012	4 361	4 735	5 443	5 802	5 083	3 566
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	32	25	10	13	13	30	19
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 2 035	- 2 470	- 1 863	- 1 187	657	- 423	- 747
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>386 397</b>	<b>408 692</b>	<b>431 027</b>	<b>457 674</b>	<b>491 976</b>	<b>508 310</b>	<b>496 926</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	2	- 2	2	2	6	- 5	- 4
Transferable deposits	1 534	1 179	1 242	- 13	2 305	- 1 473	77
Other deposits	4 529	- 5 022	5 528	98	- 4 118	- 2 017	88
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	411	84	- 508	-	446
Long terms bonds	90	- 6	- 72	6	23 405	- 1 353	- 2 019
Financial derivatives	- 90	- 127	- 119	- 170	80	574	399
Short term loans	1 347	295	4 515	40 163	- 28 236	- 4 496	- 424
Long term loans	1 998	- 555	1 459	10 704	6 041	- 1 555	1 176
Shares and other equities	- 877	- 4 906	- 2 439	37 191	- 24 995	- 781	- 6 324
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 1 773	6 345	- 1 486	6 564	5 039	5 365	880
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>6 760</b>	<b>- 2 799</b>	<b>9 041</b>	<b>94 629</b>	<b>- 20 981</b>	<b>- 5 741</b>	<b>- 5 705</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	12.2	11.8	11.6	11.7	12.8	12.8	12.5
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	1047.6	1044.5	1058.7	1058.4	1080.7	1095.1	1082.2
Taxes and social security contributions (% GDP)	37.1	38.5	38.1	38.7	37.8	38.4	37.9
Social benefits in cash and in kind (% GDP) 1)	18.0	19.5	19.3	19.6	21.9	22.3	22.6
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	23.7	25.1	25.2	25.7	28.6	28.4	27.9
Final consumption expenditure (% volume changes)	0.5	9.5	3.5	2.8	5.0	0.7	0.1
Collective consumption (% GDP)	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.5	11.7	11.3	10.8
Individual consumption (% GDP)	13.4	14.8	15.0	15.2	17.0	17.1	17.1
Capital formation (% GDP)	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.4
Net lending/net borrowing (% GDP)	- 0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	- 5.6	- 5.0	- 4.4
EDP-debt (% GDP)	51.8	47.4	45.3	58.5	60.8	63.1	65.5
EDP-deficit (% GDP)	- 0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	- 5.6	- 5.1	- 4.5

1) Excluding unfunded employee social benefits.

**TABLE S 1311**  
**Transactions of the sector central government**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	31 866	33 216	34 969	36 892	39 046	39 254	38 656
Market output	5 038	4 932	4 887	5 427	5 550	6 320	6 283
Own-account capital formation	568	597	624	670	699	753	789
Other non-market output	26 260	27 687	29 458	30 795	32 797	32 181	31 584
Taxes on production and imports	59 819	63 999	66 895	68 025	63 345	66 477	64 399
On products	58 276	62 509	65 386	66 216	61 275	64 303	62 322
Other on production	1 543	1 490	1 509	1 809	2 070	2 174	2 077
Subsidies (-)	2 588	2 629	3 529	3 591	4 510	4 861	4 773
On products	1 314	1 412	1 503	1 421	1 558	1 560	1 407
Other on production	1 274	1 217	2 026	2 170	2 952	3 301	3 366
Property income	8 697	11 478	11 513	17 111	14 681	13 628	13 472
Interest	1 195	1 470	1 777	2 490	3 039	2 174	2 034
Imputed bank services	36	53	73	74	4	18	23
Actual interest payments/receipts	1 159	1 417	1 704	2 416	3 035	2 156	2 011
Dividends	2 993	3 857	4 089	5 203	4 970	4 198	2 860
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	30	6	4	5	15	10	16
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 479	6 145	5 643	9 413	6 657	7 246	8 562
Current taxes on income and wealth	54 693	59 488	64 880	66 013	64 271	66 559	64 959
Current taxes on income	52 640	57 389	62 463	63 418	61 489	63 581	61 929
Current taxes on wealth	2 053	2 099	2 417	2 595	2 782	2 978	3 030
Social contributions	2 399	2 148	2 226	2 142	2 140	2 092	1 959
Imputed social contributions	2 399	2 148	2 226	2 142	2 140	2 092	1 959
Other current transfers	8 209	8 013	8 297	8 707	8 786	9 023	8 795
Non-life insurance claims	32	31	32	33	33	34	34
Other current transfers n.e.c.	8 177	7 982	8 265	8 674	8 753	8 989	8 761
Capital transfers	3 758	4 264	4 109	4 169	4 373	6 652	5 226
Investment grants	1 929	2 312	2 145	2 236	2 456	3 296	2 967
Capital taxes	1 709	1 810	1 877	1 795	1 813	1 721	1 536
Other capital transfers	120	142	87	138	104	1 635	723
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>166 853</b>	<b>179 977</b>	<b>189 360</b>	<b>199 468</b>	<b>192 132</b>	<b>198 824</b>	<b>192 693</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Currency	- 62	- 14	- 5	- 6	- 88	- 75	34
Bills and short term bonds	244	- 4 111	2 769	67 148	- 26 170	- 4 337	- 9 841
Long terms bonds	5 178	- 5 345	- 5 336	7 843	13 981	30 721	25 189
Short term loans	1 898	212	7 384	1 718	- 4 005	- 751	2 764
Long term loans	- 109	- 309	- 53	9 919	17 381	- 7 475	- 2 283
Other accounts receivable and payable	457	1 705	238	1 454	802	826	- 769
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>7 606</b>	<b>- 7 862</b>	<b>4 997</b>	<b>88 076</b>	<b>1 901</b>	<b>18 909</b>	<b>15 094</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	19 447	19 940	20 792	21 741	22 554	23 145	23 094
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	55 324	62 384	63 824	69 804	62 594	65 321	62 799
Disposable income (net)	33 547	39 217	41 371	44 787	29 009	28 805	26 203
Saving (net)	4 198	7 907	7 127	8 458	- 9 612	- 9 178	- 11 228
Net saving and capital transfers	1 234	5 713	4 017	4 576	- 17 764	- 20 969	- 15 298
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	178	4 513	2 713	2 703	- 19 801	- 22 992	- 16 535

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	12 419	13 276	14 177	15 151	16 492	16 109	15 562
Other taxes on production	69	71	72	77	84	87	98
Other subsidies on production (-)	160	202	216	239	372	431	462
Compensation of employees	15 184	15 528	16 226	16 933	17 733	18 188	18 017
Wages and salaries	10 517	10 880	11 271	11 781	12 327	12 810	12 862
Employers' social contributions	4 667	4 648	4 955	5 152	5 406	5 378	5 155
Property income	10 604	10 464	11 055	11 741	10 922	9 923	10 299
Interest	10 585	10 464	11 055	11 741	10 922	9 923	10 299
Imputed bank services	- 23	- 12	- 9	- 52	- 508	- 443	- 350
Actual interest payments/receipts	10 608	10 476	11 064	11 793	11 430	10 366	10 649
Income from land and subsoil assets	19	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits (in cash)	8 973	11 667	12 399	14 117	15 444	16 378	17 280
Social assistance benefits	6 574	9 519	10 173	11 975	13 304	14 286	15 321
Unfunded employee social benefits	2 399	2 148	2 226	2 142	2 140	2 092	1 959
Other current transfers	78 105	81 149	85 457	87 762	93 338	97 812	95 029
Non-life insurance premiums	32	31	32	33	33	34	34
Other current transfers n.e.c.	78 073	81 118	85 425	87 729	93 305	97 778	94 995
Final consumption expenditure	29 349	31 310	34 244	36 329	38 621	37 983	37 431
Collective consumption	24 635	26 057	27 693	29 042	30 745	30 187	29 691
Individual consumption	4 714	5 253	6 551	7 287	7 876	7 796	7 740
Social transfers of individual non-market products	1 625	1 630	1 765	1 753	2 052	1 994	1 893
Social assistance benefits in kind via market producers	3 089	3 623	4 786	5 534	5 824	5 802	5 847
Capital transfers	6 722	6 458	7 219	8 051	12 525	18 443	9 296
Investment grants	4 930	5 269	5 474	5 827	5 892	6 652	6 189
Other capital transfers	1 792	1 189	1 745	2 224	6 633	11 791	3 107
Capital formation (gross)	5 545	5 832	6 030	6 735	6 904	7 327	6 590
Gross fixed capital formation	5 545	5 832	6 030	6 735	6 904	7 327	6 590
Consumption of fixed capital	4 354	4 543	4 710	4 970	5 109	5 301	5 441
Net fixed capital formation	1 191	1 289	1 320	1 765	1 795	2 026	1 149
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 135	- 89	- 16	108	242	- 3	88
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>166 675</b>	<b>175 464</b>	<b>186 647</b>	<b>196 765</b>	<b>211 933</b>	<b>221 816</b>	<b>209 228</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	272	503	818	- 514	- 462	597	10
Other deposits	4 965	- 5 565	3 235	461	- 3 199	- 407	315
Long terms bonds	- 20	12	- 33	2	18 352	- 3 371	- 2 585
Financial derivatives	- 90	- 127	- 119	- 170	80	574	399
Short term loans	499	1 565	1 908	39 257	- 27 105	- 3 109	3 388
Long term loans	2 599	1 050	2 418	11 203	- 662	- 772	3 062
Shares and other equities	- 865	- 4 316	- 1 109	36 668	- 7 617	- 486	- 5 482
Other accounts receivable and payable	424	3 529	592	3 872	2 713	2 891	- 548
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>7 784</b>	<b>- 3 349</b>	<b>7 710</b>	<b>90 779</b>	<b>- 17 900</b>	<b>- 4 083</b>	<b>- 1 441</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	246.0	246.0	245.7	247.6	252.4	256.1	252.7
Taxes (% GDP)	22.6	23.2	23.4	22.8	22.6	22.9	21.7
Social benefits in cash and in kind (% GDP) 1)	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.5
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.7	6.5	6.2
Collective consumption (% GDP)	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.4	5.1	4.9
Individual consumption (% GDP)	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.3
Capital formation (% GDP)	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1
Net lending/net borrowing (% GDP)	0.0	0.8	0.5	0.5	- 3.5	- 3.9	- 2.7

1) Excluding unfunded employee social benefits.

**TABLE S 1313**  
**Transactions of the sector local government**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	63 259	65 528	69 003	73 084	76 939	78 259	77 892
Market output	11 701	12 183	12 730	13 012	13 130	13 224	13 352
Own-account capital formation	713	792	794	756	768	772	769
Other non-market output	50 845	52 553	55 479	59 316	63 041	64 263	63 771
Taxes on production and imports	4 056	4 152	4 319	4 473	4 728	4 886	5 002
Other on production	4 056	4 152	4 319	4 473	4 728	4 886	5 002
Subsidies (-)	2 410	2 320	2 342	2 304	2 294	2 360	2 296
On products	1 821	1 838	1 893	1 892	1 903	1 989	1 944
Other on production	589	482	449	412	391	371	352
Property income	2 852	3 241	3 572	3 636	3 203	2 717	2 836
Interest	1 567	1 639	1 739	1 583	1 247	1 380	1 393
Imputed bank services	60	70	111	126	54	60	66
Actual interest payments/receipts	1 507	1 569	1 628	1 457	1 193	1 320	1 327
Dividends	663	980	1 190	1 416	1 307	669	752
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	240	240	247	247	251	255	249
Income from land and subsoil assets	382	382	396	390	398	413	442
Current taxes on income and wealth	3 764	2 882	3 064	3 268	3 415	3 569	3 671
Current taxes on wealth	3 764	2 882	3 064	3 268	3 415	3 569	3 671
Social contributions	2 499	2 022	2 111	1 968	2 054	1 943	1 841
Imputed social contributions	2 499	2 022	2 111	1 968	2 054	1 943	1 841
Other current transfers	56 787	59 798	63 962	69 521	74 387	75 821	75 686
Non-life insurance claims	260	263	267	275	270	274	276
Other current transfers n.e.c.	56 527	59 535	63 695	69 246	74 117	75 547	75 410
Capital transfers	4 006	3 783	4 051	4 564	5 953	4 664	4 712
Investment grants	3 280	3 301	3 573	4 217	4 285	4 580	4 288
Capital taxes	1	1	5	1	4	- 4	2
Other capital transfers	725	481	473	346	1 664	88	422
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>134 813</b>	<b>139 086</b>	<b>147 740</b>	<b>158 210</b>	<b>168 385</b>	<b>169 499</b>	<b>169 344</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long terms bonds	- 217	- 252	- 296	- 356	- 161	- 155	- 21
Short term loans	- 194	- 251	404	1 487	1 241	1 140	- 506
Long term loans	1 758	186	- 115	1 681	574	2 782	3 435
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 1 751	380	1 452	1 937	- 436	958	40
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>- 404</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1 445</b>	<b>4 749</b>	<b>1 218</b>	<b>4 725</b>	<b>2 948</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	40 962	42 158	44 209	46 526	48 950	50 284	50 495
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	2 668	3 042	3 382	3 581	3 805	3 475	3 695
Disposable income (net)	51 046	53 406	57 389	60 948	65 123	65 686	65 607
Saving (net)	- 1 735	- 1 152	- 1 299	- 1 815	- 1 865	- 2 823	- 2 454
Net saving and capital transfers	139	502	469	- 286	795	- 2 133	- 1 425
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	- 874	- 256	- 1 158	- 2 722	- 3 675	- 4 851	- 3 031



	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	22 297	23 370	24 794	26 558	27 989	27 975	27 397
Other taxes on production	485	486	492	512	522	549	571
Other subsidies on production (-)	424	431	414	406	418	422	388
Compensation of employees	32 514	33 263	34 676	36 377	38 299	39 280	39 155
Wages and salaries	23 973	24 923	25 916	27 235	28 672	29 396	29 142
Employers' social contributions	8 541	8 340	8 760	9 142	9 627	9 884	10 013
Property income	1 830	2 031	2 167	2 224	1 832	1 768	1 847
Interest	1 827	2 028	2 164	2 220	1 828	1 758	1 836
Imputed bank services	- 514	- 334	- 174	- 203	- 463	- 550	- 602
Actual interest payments/receipts	2 341	2 362	2 338	2 423	2 291	2 308	2 438
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	3	3	4	4	10	11
Social benefits (in cash)	7 106	6 453	6 255	5 978	6 310	6 460	6 641
Social assistance benefits	4 607	4 431	4 144	4 010	4 256	4 517	4 800
Unfunded employee social benefits	2 499	2 022	2 111	1 968	2 054	1 943	1 841
Other current transfers	7 566	7 885	8 875	11 412	12 228	12 662	12 645
Non-life insurance premiums	260	263	267	275	270	274	276
Other current transfers n.e.c.	7 306	7 622	8 608	11 137	11 958	12 388	12 369
Final consumption expenditure	52 781	54 558	58 688	62 763	66 988	68 509	68 061
Collective consumption	25 233	26 087	27 595	29 866	31 885	32 327	31 550
Individual consumption	27 548	28 471	31 093	32 897	35 103	36 182	36 511
Social transfers of individual non-market products	25 612	26 466	27 884	29 450	31 156	31 936	32 221
Social assistance benefits in kind via market producers	1 936	2 005	3 209	3 447	3 947	4 246	4 290
Capital transfers	2 132	2 129	2 283	3 035	3 293	3 974	3 683
Investment grants	1 900	1 911	2 041	2 686	2 655	3 073	3 062
Other capital transfers	232	218	242	349	638	901	621
Capital formation (gross)	11 300	11 979	12 929	13 774	14 602	14 015	13 598
Gross fixed capital formation	11 268	11 954	12 919	13 761	14 589	13 985	13 579
Consumption of fixed capital	8 387	8 840	9 455	10 043	10 547	10 877	11 157
Net fixed capital formation	2 881	3 114	3 464	3 718	4 042	3 108	2 422
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	32	25	10	13	13	30	19
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 1 900	- 2 381	- 1 847	- 1 295	415	- 420	- 835
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>135 687</b>	<b>139 342</b>	<b>148 898</b>	<b>160 932</b>	<b>172 060</b>	<b>174 350</b>	<b>172 375</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	2	2	6	- 5	- 4
Transferable deposits	782	660	426	488	2 768	- 2 075	67
Other deposits	- 321	531	2 182	- 325	- 957	- 1 551	- 227
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	411	84	- 508	-	446
Long terms bonds	119	- 18	- 39	4	5 053	2 018	566
Short term loans	932	2	907	- 412	310	1 035	351
Long term loans	- 599	- 1 605	- 968	- 499	6 703	- 783	- 1 886
Shares and other equities	- 483	- 590	- 1 330	523	- 17 378	- 295	- 842
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 1 708	827	- 1 304	2 162	1 546	1 530	1 446
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>- 1 278</b>	<b>- 193</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>2 027</b>	<b>- 2 457</b>	<b>- 126</b>	<b>- 83</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.8	8.5	8.5	8.4
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	767.2	772.8	789.3	788.3	801.1	811.1	802.1
Taxes (% GDP)	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
Social benefits in cash and in kind (% GDP) 1)	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	10.3	10.1	10.3	10.6	11.7	11.6	11.3
Collective consumption (% GDP)	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.6	5.5	5.2
Individual consumption (% GDP)	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	6.1	6.1	6.1
Capital formation (% GDP)	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3
Net lending/net borrowing (% GDP)	- 0.2	0.0	- 0.2	- 0.5	- 0.6	- 0.8	- 0.5

1) Excluding unfunded employee social benefits.

**TABLE S 1314**  
**Transactions of the sector social security funds**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	3 675	3 901	3 452	3 760	4 687	4 615	4 432
Market output	517	441	400	398	490	453	461
Own-account capital formation	8	4	4	4	2	3	12
Other non-market output	3 150	3 456	3 048	3 358	4 195	4 159	3 959
Subsidies (-)	1 202	1 200	1 256	1 296	2 087	1 975	1 428
Other on production	1 202	1 200	1 256	1 296	2 087	1 975	1 428
Property income	286	556	520	635	391	146	125
Interest	286	556	520	635	391	146	125
Imputed bank services	10	2	2	1	-	-	-
Actual interest payments/receipts	276	554	518	634	391	146	125
Social contributions	66 588	75 680	77 131	86 332	79 271	83 190	88 868
Social security contributions	66 477	75 610	77 063	86 264	79 188	83 109	88 798
Imputed social contributions	111	70	68	68	83	81	70
Other current transfers	13 935	13 484	15 009	13 468	17 203	18 693	16 282
Other current transfers n.e.c.	13 935	13 484	15 009	13 468	17 203	18 693	16 282
Capital transfers	-	-	-	-	-	5 774	-
Other capital transfers	-	-	-	-	-	5 774	-
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>83 282</b>	<b>92 421</b>	<b>94 856</b>	<b>102 899</b>	<b>99 465</b>	<b>110 443</b>	<b>108 279</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Short term loans	655	- 1 186	1 719	4 464	6 686	- 2 651	3 108
Long term loans	44	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable and payable	308	3 394	- 49	- 5 563	1 208	2 820	- 245
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>1 007</b>	<b>2 208</b>	<b>1 670</b>	<b>- 1 099</b>	<b>7 894</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>2 863</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	1 981	1 523	1 462	1 465	1 780	1 820	1 784
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	- 935	- 681	- 876	- 967	- 1 822	- 1 929	- 1 483
Disposable income (net)	38 742	48 067	50 265	56 603	49 978	53 047	55 616
Saving (net)	- 813	- 1 507	- 675	2 882	- 8 553	- 7 526	- 7 049
Net saving and capital transfers	- 813	- 1 507	- 675	2 882	- 8 553	- 1 752	- 7 049
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	- 753	- 1 465	- 626	2 922	- 8 518	- 1 701	- 7 044

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	1 694	2 378	1 990	2 295	2 907	2 795	2 648
Other taxes on production	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Compensation of employees	1 845	1 425	1 371	1 381	1 693	1 739	1 705
Wages and salaries	1 409	1 079	1 043	1 045	1 268	1 328	1 295
Employers' social contributions	436	346	328	336	425	411	410
Property income	19	37	140	306	126	100	180
Interest	19	37	140	306	126	100	180
Imputed bank services	- 2	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Actual interest payments/receipts	21	38	140	306	126	100	180
Social benefits (in cash)	40 138	39 963	40 296	41 427	43 866	45 960	47 109
Social security benefits	40 027	39 893	40 228	41 359	43 783	45 879	47 039
Unfunded employee social benefits	111	70	68	68	83	81	70
Other current transfers	708	453	703	803	808	947	942
Other current transfers n.e.c.	708	453	703	803	808	947	942
Final consumption expenditure	39 555	49 574	50 940	53 721	58 531	60 573	62 665
Collective consumption	3 150	3 456	3 048	3 358	4 195	4 159	3 959
Individual consumption	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social security benefits in kind via market producers	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Capital transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other capital transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital formation (gross)	71	51	37	39	47	25	69
Gross fixed capital formation	71	51	37	39	47	25	69
Consumption of fixed capital	131	93	86	79	82	76	74
Net fixed capital formation	- 60	- 42	- 49	- 40	- 35	- 51	- 5
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>84 035</b>	<b>93 886</b>	<b>95 482</b>	<b>99 977</b>	<b>107 983</b>	<b>112 144</b>	<b>115 323</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	2	- 2	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	480	16	- 2	13	- 1	5	-
Other deposits	- 115	12	111	- 38	38	- 59	-
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long terms bonds	- 9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term loans	- 84	- 1 272	1 700	1 318	- 1 441	- 2 422	- 4 163
Long term loans	- 2	-	9	-	-	-	-
Shares and other equities	471	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 489	1 989	- 774	530	780	944	- 18
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>1 044</b>	<b>1 823</b>	<b>- 624</b>	<b>- 1 532</b>	<b>- 4 181</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	34.4	25.7	23.7	22.5	27.2	27.9	27.4
Social security contributions (% GDP) 1)	12.9	14.0	13.5	14.5	13.8	14.1	14.8
Social benefits in cash and in kind (% GDP)	14.9	15.9	15.4	15.4	17.1	17.4	17.6
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	7.7	9.2	8.9	9.0	10.2	10.3	10.4
Collective consumption (% GDP)	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Individual consumption (% GDP)	7.1	8.5	8.4	8.5	9.5	9.6	9.8
Capital formation (% GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net lending/net borrowing (% GDP)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.1	0.5	- 1.5	- 0.3	- 1.2

1) Excluding unfunded employee social benefits.

**TABLE S 14**  
**Transactions of the sector households**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	124 335	132 384	140 047	145 386	141 748	144 468	148 254
Market output	100 486	107 438	113 917	118 258	113 572	115 673	118 560
Own-account capital formation	928	969	1 076	1 142	1 086	1 111	1 110
Output for own final consumption	22 921	23 977	25 054	25 986	27 090	27 684	28 584
Difference imputed and paid VAT	286	65	- 264	179	1 110	3	383
Compensation of employees	253 431	263 652	276 453	289 678	293 678	296 106	301 508
Wages and salaries	198 121	206 548	216 842	226 408	229 450	230 867	234 673
Employers' social contributions	55 310	57 104	59 611	63 270	64 228	65 239	66 835
Property income	52 933	54 825	63 047	62 361	44 715	39 624	44 347
Interest	11 470	13 429	17 457	18 292	10 346	9 193	10 858
Imputed bank services	2 305	4 170	6 556	7 142	415	306	1 124
Actual interest payments/receipts	9 165	9 259	10 901	11 150	9 931	8 887	9 734
Dividends	11 688	11 656	13 606	12 680	9 317	9 139	9 101
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	885	833	1 029	1 109	1 108	1 164	1 238
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	28 868	28 904	30 952	30 277	23 940	20 119	23 139
Income from land and subsoil assets	22	3	3	3	4	9	11
Social contributions	434	401	388	423	422	439	427
Imputed social contributions	434	401	388	423	422	439	427
Social benefits (in cash)	87 427	89 709	91 991	95 913	100 746	105 665	109 497
Social security benefits	38 780	38 754	39 067	40 131	42 558	44 655	45 815
Social assistance benefits	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
Pension benefits	25 289	27 406	28 829	29 728	30 466	32 044	33 678
Other private social insurance benefits	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Other current transfers	21 637	18 823	19 318	19 457	21 853	22 604	21 555
Non-life insurance claims	14 637	11 156	11 130	11 156	11 310	11 465	11 155
Other current transfers n.e.c.	7 000	7 667	8 188	8 301	10 543	11 139	10 400
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	24 380	21 683	22 900	24 345	20 431	15 220	17 959
Capital transfers	6 425	6 713	7 737	8 269	8 197	8 209	8 128
Investment grants	13	11	206	221	220	220	253
Other capital transfers	6 386	6 673	7 477	8 010	7 945	7 956	7 840
Imputed capital transfers	26	29	54	38	32	33	35
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>571 288</b>	<b>588 255</b>	<b>621 617</b>	<b>646 011</b>	<b>632 900</b>	<b>632 338</b>	<b>652 058</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES 1)</b>							
Short term loans	2 663	2 113	- 2 001	- 1 045	- 914	- 360	- 1 213
Long term loans	53 669	45 997	42 480	34 090	26 271	23 392	14 352
Other accounts receivable and payable	314	222	113	5 188	14 983	6 318	9 982
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>56 646</b>	<b>48 332</b>	<b>40 592</b>	<b>38 233</b>	<b>40 340</b>	<b>29 350</b>	<b>23 121</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	70 569	77 863	84 977	86 943	75 229	75 262	78 416
Mixed income (net)	35 501	41 133	45 989	46 890	35 063	32 890	36 467
Primary income (net)	323 105	335 327	354 062	365 139	353 614	351 932	362 610
Disposable income (net)	238 862	245 175	256 199	258 430	254 664	258 126	263 927
Adjusted disposable income (net)	311 876	329 623	346 599	354 052	357 045	363 673	372 213
Saving (net)	17 246	16 589	19 864	17 433	16 624	10 691	16 104
Net saving and capital transfers	15 003	13 927	18 149	15 561	14 584	8 728	14 612
Net lending/net borrowing	- 3 417	- 7 213	- 5 659	- 5 411	1 839	- 2 494	3 712
Net lending/net borrowing 1)	- 3 251	- 7 009	- 5 409	- 5 486	1 523	- 3 254	2 436
Statistical discrepancy 1)	1 156	34	1 876	183	509	- 2 314	1 637
Change in financial net worth 1)	- 2 095	- 6 975	- 3 533	- 5 303	2 032	- 5 568	4 073

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	53 766	54 521	55 070	58 443	66 519	69 206	69 838
Other taxes on production	1 673	1 687	1 697	1 816	2 003	2 064	2 077
Other subsidies on production (-)	470	696	890	999	1 051	1 021	1 142
Compensation of employees	16 397	17 043	18 250	19 156	19 198	19 573	20 135
Wages and salaries	13 073	13 566	14 561	15 234	15 267	15 514	15 916
Employers' social contributions	3 324	3 477	3 689	3 922	3 931	4 059	4 219
Property income	18 760	24 283	31 427	33 790	19 842	16 688	19 712
Interest	17 784	23 297	30 637	33 003	19 044	15 817	18 838
Imputed bank services	- 10 060	- 6 802	- 2 780	- 2 496	- 17 329	- 20 509	- 17 967
Actual interest payments/receipts	27 844	30 099	33 417	35 499	36 373	36 326	36 805
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	757	772	565	562	579	636	630
Income from land and subsoil assets	219	214	225	225	219	235	244
Current taxes on income and wealth	39 747	42 599	47 855	48 912	55 443	56 588	55 223
Current taxes on income	33 930	37 618	42 374	43 049	49 246	50 054	48 607
Current taxes on wealth	5 817	4 981	5 481	5 863	6 197	6 534	6 616
Social contributions	128 017	133 954	138 217	149 970	139 754	139 969	149 645
Social security contributions	66 171	75 266	76 710	85 828	78 695	82 542	88 125
Contributions to pension schemes	49 669	49 089	51 729	54 073	50 897	47 264	51 637
Other private social insurance contributions	1 471	42	20	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	10 706	9 557	9 758	10 069	10 162	10 163	9 883
Social benefits (in cash)	434	401	388	423	422	439	427
Unfunded employee social benefits	434	401	388	423	422	439	427
Other current transfers	25 543	22 131	23 100	23 197	26 352	25 518	24 867
Non-life insurance premiums	14 637	11 156	11 130	11 156	11 310	11 465	11 155
Other current transfers n.e.c.	10 906	10 975	11 970	12 041	15 042	14 053	13 712
Final consumption expenditure	245 996	250 269	259 235	265 342	258 471	262 655	265 782
Capital transfers	8 668	9 375	9 452	10 141	10 237	10 172	9 620
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Other capital transfers	6 958	7 564	7 570	8 345	8 420	8 455	8 082
Capital formation (gross)	35 067	38 739	42 383	41 402	34 583	32 808	31 931
Gross fixed capital formation	35 067	38 535	42 289	41 466	34 564	32 627	31 881
Consumption of fixed capital	17 754	18 761	19 667	20 259	21 126	21 759	21 262
Net fixed capital formation	17 313	19 774	22 622	21 207	13 438	10 868	10 619
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	-	204	94	- 64	19	181	50
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	1 107	1 162	1 092	- 171	- 712	173	231
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>574 705</b>	<b>595 468</b>	<b>627 276</b>	<b>651 422</b>	<b>631 061</b>	<b>634 832</b>	<b>648 346</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS 1)</b>							
Currency	1 034	3 545	4 308	3 876	2 173	2 744	1 410
Transferable deposits	3 329	1 765	2 967	- 1 508	378	- 473	2 650
Savings deposits (in euro's)	13 016	11 022	17 832	19 761	17 839	11 059	14 528
Other deposits	- 463	536	897	- 260	182	- 63	18
Bills and short term bonds	21	36	79	- 17	7	62	- 31
Long terms bonds	3 873	687	2 316	2 801	- 1 876	- 2 811	- 3 556
Financial derivatives	6	- 20	17	5	10	- 3	22
Short term loans	59	64	352	195	- 71	104	- 74
Long term loans	289	353	28	138	- 38	8	6 722
Shares and other equities	- 5 710	- 2 375	- 10 460	- 2 709	2 710	- 563	- 12 040
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	32 552	25 684	24 731	26 763	21 670	13 097	16 414
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	24 406	21 712	22 954	24 383	20 463	15 253	17 994
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	8 146	3 972	1 777	2 380	1 207	- 2 156	- 1 580
Other Insurance technical reserves	2 814	- 7 515	- 2 172	1 180	- 73	509	288
Other accounts receivable and payable	3 731	7 575	- 3 836	- 17 295	- 539	112	843
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>54 551</b>	<b>41 357</b>	<b>37 059</b>	<b>32 930</b>	<b>42 372</b>	<b>23 782</b>	<b>27 194</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	13.7	14.4	14.9	14.6	13.1	12.8	13.0
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	432.8	440.2	455.9	465.0	461.8	452.0	459.1
Self-employed persons (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	795.5	810.2	822.9	819.0	819.9	826.9	843.2
Compensation of employees (% value added)	4.7	4.5	4.3	22.0	25.5	26.0	25.7
Final consumption expenditure (% GDP)	47.9	46.3	45.3	44.6	45.1	44.6	44.2
Final consumption expenditure incl. NPIH (% volume changes)	1.0	- 0.3	1.8	1.3	- 2.1	0.3	- 1.1
Final consumption expenditure (% disposable income)	103.0	102.1	101.2	102.7	101.5	101.8	100.7
Final consumption expenditure per capita (euro)	15 076	15 311	15 824	16 134	15 636	15 808	15 924
Actual individual consumption (mln euro)	319 010	334 717	349 635	360 964	360 852	368 202	374 068
Actual individual consumption (% GDP)	62.1	62.0	61.1	60.7	63.0	62.5	62.1
Actual individual consumption (% volume changes)	1.2	2.8	2.3	1.7	- 0.3	0.8	- 0.1
Idem (% adjusted disposable income)	102.3	101.5	100.9	102.0	101.1	101.2	100.5
Actual individual consumption per capita (euro)	19 551	20 477	21 343	21 948	21 830	22 161	22 411
Capital formation (% GDP)	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.0	6.0	5.6	5.3
Average number of households (x 1000)	7119	7169	7217	7277	7349	7430	7492
Average population (x 1000)	16 317	16 346	16 382	16 446	16 530	16 615	16 691

1) Including non-profit institutions serving households.

**TABLE S 15**  
**Transactions of the sector non-profit institutions serving households**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	5 296	5 556	5 714	5 978	6 122	6 255	6 399
Market output	939	940	826	878	1 026	1 074	1 042
Own-account capital formation	10	10	24	25	30	26	28
Other non-market output	4 347	4 606	4 864	5 075	5 066	5 155	5 329
Property income	548	755	964	983	661	408	450
Interest	248	411	546	593	395	274	309
Imputed bank services	53	127	173	190	12	10	39
Actual interest payments/receipts	195	284	373	403	383	264	270
Dividends	300	344	418	390	266	134	141
Social contributions	51	45	44	48	52	55	56
Imputed social contributions	51	45	44	48	52	55	56
Other current transfers	5 992	6 064	6 349	6 240	6 336	6 474	6 225
Non-life insurance claims	35	35	35	37	34	36	37
Other current transfers n.e.c.	5 957	6 029	6 314	6 203	6 302	6 438	6 188
Capital transfers	372	396	406	438	531	589	603
Investment grants	105	82	68	94	85	114	83
Other capital transfers	267	314	338	344	446	475	520
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>12 259</b>	<b>12 816</b>	<b>13 477</b>	<b>13 687</b>	<b>13 702</b>	<b>13 781</b>	<b>13 733</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Financial accounts combined with sector household (see table S 14)							
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	2 224	2 239	2 399	2 547	2 734	2 851	2 991
Operating surplus (net)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Primary income (net)	518	727	922	935	628	394	435
Disposable income (net)	4 145	4 439	4 719	4 575	4 208	3 794	3 436
Saving (net)	– 202	– 167	– 145	– 500	– 858	– 1 361	– 1 893
Net saving and capital transfers	170	229	261	– 62	– 327	– 772	– 1 290
Net lending/net borrowing	166	204	250	– 75	– 316	– 760	– 1 276

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	3 072	3 317	3 315	3 431	3 388	3 404	3 408
Other taxes on production	7	17	17	17	20	22	24
Compensation of employees	2 011	2 011	2 165	2 307	2 486	2 599	2 737
Wages and salaries	1 577	1 577	1 706	1 818	1 958	2 040	2 132
Employers' social contributions	434	434	459	489	528	559	605
Property income	30	28	42	48	33	14	15
Interest	30	28	42	48	33	14	15
Imputed bank services	- 10	- 6	- 3	- 1	- 16	- 24	- 21
Actual interest payments/receipts	40	34	45	49	49	38	36
Social benefits (in cash)	51	45	44	48	52	55	56
Unfunded employee social benefits	51	45	44	48	52	55	56
Other current transfers	2 365	2 352	2 552	2 600	2 756	3 074	3 224
Non-life insurance premiums	35	35	35	37	34	36	37
Other current transfers n.e.c.	2 330	2 317	2 517	2 563	2 722	3 038	3 187
Final consumption expenditure	4 347	4 606	4 864	5 075	5 066	5 155	5 329
Social transfers of individual non-market products	4 347	4 606	4 864	5 075	5 066	5 155	5 329
Capital formation (gross)	206	232	224	232	213	214	212
Gross fixed capital formation	199	224	224	232	207	206	215
Consumption of fixed capital	206	211	217	223	228	230	230
Net fixed capital formation	- 7	13	7	9	- 21	- 24	- 15
Changes in inventories (incl. valuables)	7	8	-	-	6	8	- 3
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>12 093</b>	<b>12 612</b>	<b>13 227</b>	<b>13 762</b>	<b>14 018</b>	<b>14 541</b>	<b>15 009</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Financial accounts combined with sector household (see table S 14)							
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Gross value added (% GDP)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labour input of employees (1000 full-time equivalent jobs)	52.4	51.2	53.7	56.4	55.2	56.8	58.9

**TABLE S 2**  
**Transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Imports of goods and services	313 688	351 669	377 234	404 047	352 983	412 487	445 826
Goods	241 157	274 775	298 650	319 259	264 680	318 764	348 131
Services	72 531	76 894	78 584	84 788	88 303	93 723	97 695
Compensation of employees	2 143	2 261	4 818	5 979	5 855	5 427	6 185
Wages and salaries	1 670	1 760	4 056	5 066	4 946	4 521	5 007
Employers' social contributions	473	501	762	913	909	906	1 178
Taxes on production and imports	2 417	2 708	3 119	3 221	2 074	2 205	2 637
On products	2 417	2 708	2 999	3 080	2 049	2 178	2 631
Other on production	–	–	120	141	25	27	6
Subsidies (–)	1 291	1 522	1 028	1 042	1 086	899	1 005
On products	971	919	271	186	255	117	27
Other on production	320	603	757	856	831	782	978
Property income	136 222	160 631	208 450	201 639	164 377	195 151	177 083
Interest	57 043	79 200	94 794	103 761	77 509	72 704	67 354
Imputed bank services	– 1 013	68	– 70	853	– 702	257	1 178
Actual interest payments/receipts	58 056	79 132	94 864	102 908	78 211	72 447	66 176
Dividends	87 147	51 920	80 393	86 141	76 409	103 251	69 792
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	757	772	565	562	579	636	630
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	– 9 030	28 470	32 391	10 864	9 568	18 248	38 995
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	305	269	307	311	312	312	312
Current taxes on income and wealth	210	228	312	341	233	689	244
Current taxes on income (dividend tax)	210	228	312	341	233	689	244
Social contributions	272	276	281	282	284	284	284
Social security contributions	272	276	281	282	284	284	284
Social benefits (in cash)	2 316	2 255	2 228	2 308	2 305	2 304	2 304
Social security benefits	1 477	1 381	1 395	1 476	1 473	1 472	1 472
Pension benefits	839	874	833	832	832	832	832
Other current transfers	12 513	12 961	13 421	13 931	14 202	14 969	15 164
Non-life insurance premiums	2 025	2 045	2 033	2 041	2 041	2 040	2 040
Non-life insurance claims	178	188	172	172	166	168	168
Other current transfers n.e.c.	10 310	10 728	11 216	11 718	11 995	12 761	12 956
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	– 398	– 433	– 347	– 302	– 230	– 154	– 82
Capital transfers	3 381	3 680	3 897	4 505	4 862	5 695	4 134
Investment grants	120	139	163	158	135	90	46
Other capital transfers	3 261	3 541	3 734	4 347	4 727	5 605	4 088
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>471 473</b>	<b>534 714</b>	<b>612 385</b>	<b>634 909</b>	<b>545 859</b>	<b>638 158</b>	<b>652 774</b>
<b>CHANGE IN LIABILITIES</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	– 940	– 793	– 222	– 129	– 92	– 17	– 218
Currency	6	2 505	4 500	4 162	3 094	3 899	3 916
Transferable deposits	16 650	74 427	28 839	– 25 222	– 10 608	– 10 020	– 5 718
Other deposits	22 606	39 107	101 941	– 89 692	– 60 735	– 1 441	– 51 733
Bills and short term bonds	175	757	1 956	– 6 167	2 392	– 1 610	– 3 211
Long term bonds	42 843	43 793	13 002	– 11 256	36 292	– 21 303	– 4 612
Short term loans	6 603	94 688	22 066	– 2 633	40 086	72 407	182 649
Long term loans	32 277	50 553	246 170	69 334	– 92 419	16 284	5 063
Shares and other equities	120 398	229 595	118 710	117 981	107 437	52 753	68 341
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	– 46	– 180	– 3	–	–	–	–
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	– 46	– 180	– 3	–	–	–	–
Other accounts receivable and payable	9 757	– 4 508	5 658	– 12 717	– 6 690	10 375	9 852
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>250 329</b>	<b>529 944</b>	<b>542 617</b>	<b>43 661</b>	<b>18 803</b>	<b>121 327</b>	<b>204 329</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	– 38 422	– 48 744	– 48 087	– 28 083	– 18 180	– 29 866	– 49 835
Net saving and capital transfers	– 36 671	– 46 856	– 46 901	– 25 979	– 15 649	– 26 607	– 47 777
Net lending/net borrowing	– 36 671	– 46 856	– 46 901	– 25 979	– 15 649	– 26 607	– 47 777
Statistical discrepancy	– 475	– 558	– 1 470	– 660	– 1 707	– 689	1 186
Change in financial net worth	– 37 146	– 47 414	– 48 371	– 26 639	– 17 356	– 27 296	– 46 591



	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>USES</b>							
Exports of goods and services	357 453	393 475	424 229	453 442	393 050	460 493	499 620
Goods	281 867	316 270	342 311	362 462	300 908	363 026	396 924
Services	75 586	77 205	81 918	90 980	92 142	97 467	102 696
Compensation of employees	1 011	988	962	941	1 045	1 099	1 084
Wages and salaries	780	763	739	724	826	893	881
Employers' social contributions	231	225	223	217	219	206	203
Property income	140 958	177 615	223 899	196 230	156 325	191 362	189 023
Interest	51 726	67 511	83 864	91 900	64 910	57 050	56 587
Imputed bank services	- 1 849	- 80	84	- 409	- 1 654	- 1 660	- 2 216
Actual interest payments/receipts	53 575	67 591	83 780	92 309	66 564	58 710	58 803
Dividends	84 403	101 003	126 115	114 303	99 661	125 949	104 528
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	167	225	221	198	214	254	249
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	4 621	8 830	13 667	- 10 192	- 8 480	8 089	27 635
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	41	46	32	21	20	20	24
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	843	981
Current taxes on income (dividend tax)	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	830	896
Social contributions	1 019	1 061	1 120	1 248	1 379	1 529	1 707
Social security contributions	578	620	634	718	777	851	957
Contributions to pension schemes	441	441	486	530	602	678	750
Social benefits (in cash)	230	242	234	248	248	248	248
Social security benefits	230	242	234	248	248	248	248
Other current transfers	4 213	4 542	4 593	4 818	6 506	6 755	5 812
Non-life insurance premiums	178	188	172	172	166	168	168
Non-life insurance claims	2 025	2 045	2 033	2 041	2 041	2 040	2 040
Other current transfers n.e.c.	2 010	2 309	2 388	2 605	4 299	4 547	3 604
Capital transfers	1 630	1 792	2 711	2 401	2 331	2 436	2 076
Investment grants	96	92	71	65	65	65	66
Other capital transfers	1 534	1 700	2 640	2 336	2 266	2 371	2 010
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>508 144</b>	<b>581 570</b>	<b>659 286</b>	<b>660 888</b>	<b>561 508</b>	<b>664 765</b>	<b>700 551</b>
<b>CHANGE IN FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>							
Currency	- 600	- 700	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	9 313	36 023	18 393	- 33 416	17 591	30 797	44 618
Savings deposits (in euro's)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	14 757	82 799	113 235	- 85 967	- 49 500	18 058	1 824
Bills and short term bonds	- 6 336	1 331	13 255	72 176	3 160	1 365	12 026
Long terms bonds	78 028	78 007	71 802	15 260	64 676	23 721	- 6 513
Financial derivatives	519	- 3 373	- 13 955	- 11 383	28 216	- 8 203	- 5 395
Short term loans	17 560	70 468	58 964	13 699	- 39 941	- 30 282	8 079
Long term loans	45 653	- 9 495	143 862	- 7 304	- 91 748	23 050	- 21 931
Shares and other equities	51 872	218 665	86 365	55 190	56 687	25 972	66 338
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	- 288	- 341	- 344	- 302	- 717	46	- 431
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	- 398	- 433	- 347	- 302	- 230	- 154	- 82
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	110	92	3	-	- 487	200	- 349
Other accounts receivable and payable	2 705	9 146	2 669	- 931	13 023	9 507	59 123
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>213 183</b>	<b>482 530</b>	<b>494 246</b>	<b>17 022</b>	<b>1 447</b>	<b>94 031</b>	<b>157 738</b>
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Imports of goods and services (% total resources)	66.5	65.8	61.6	63.6	64.7	64.6	68.3
Idem (% volume changes)	5.4	8.8	5.6	2.3	-7.1	10.2	3.6
Exports of goods and services (% total resources)	70.3	67.7	64.3	68.6	70.0	69.3	71.3
Idem (% volume changes)	6.0	7.3	6.4	2.0	-7.7	11.2	3.9
Net exports (% GDP)	8.5	7.7	8.2	8.3	7.0	8.2	8.9
Surplus of the nation on current transaction (% GDP)	7.5	9.0	8.4	4.7	3.2	5.1	8.3
Trading gain (mln euro)	2 468	- 1 472	- 883	390	- 251	- 3 049	608

## 6.3 Transaction matrices

TABLE S 1.3.1  
Property income by countersector

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total property income received
to		S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations		1 734	4 034	11	1 910	230	29	–	453	–	31 230	39 631
Monetary financial institutions		5 129	4 274	140	4 238	1 164	1 478	9	12 596	32	17 063	46 123
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 502	2 126	318	3 879	2 492	168	10	1 898	–	17 766	30 159
Other financial institutions		3 386	2 288	1 802	1 412	234	1	–	1 577	– 2	73 383	84 081
Central government		6 922	784	–	40	53	6	–	769	–	123	8 697
Local government		2 200	366	12	23	29	5	–	175	–	42	2 852
Social security funds		1	41	2	–	235	–	–	–	–	7	286
Households		4 754	10 852	28 838	6 357	255	25	–	508	–	1 344	52 933
NPI households		105	350	–	60	33	–	–	–	–	–	548
Rest of the world		39 388	23 672	489	65 892	5 879	118	–	784	–	–	136 222
Total property income paid		65 121	48 787	31 612	83 811	10 604	1 830	19	18 760	30	140 958	401 532
2006												
Non-financial corporations		2 005	6 560	14	1 043	201	24	5	482	–	35 297	45 631
Monetary financial institutions		7 957	4 869	217	6 463	762	1 758	– 1	15 655	29	28 477	66 186
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 431	2 387	260	3 899	2 208	76	26	1 704	–	19 708	31 699
Other financial institutions		4 984	3 552	2 990	2 407	215	1	7	4 232	– 1	92 036	110 423
Central government		9 835	646	–	79	73	14	–	701	–	130	11 478
Local government		2 279	634	12	23	27	5	–	178	–	83	3 241
Social security funds		5	16	1	–	517	–	–	0	–	17	556
Households		4 107	13 061	28 867	6 244	141	30	–	508	–	1 867	54 825
NPI households		121	518	–	67	–	49	–	–	–	–	755
Rest of the world		35 208	34 732	1 295	82 179	6 320	74	–	823	–	–	160 631
Total property income paid		67 932	66 975	33 656	102 404	10 464	2 031	37	24 283	28	177 615	485 425
2007												
Non-financial corporations		2 874	7 042	25	1 751	164	19	–	519	–	42 881	55 275
Monetary financial institutions		9 646	6 406	239	8 428	692	1 922	–	20 180	43	33 713	81 269
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 355	2 360	308	3 826	2 220	57	–	1 770	–	20 745	32 641
Other financial institutions		6 608	5 370	3 567	7 588	208	1	–	7 105	– 1	122 966	153 412
Central government		9 185	1 239	–	9	66	6	140	681	–	187	11 513
Local government		2 409	810	12	24	41	5	–	190	–	81	3 572
Social security funds		–	2	–	–	518	–	–	–	–	–	520
Households		5 518	15 592	30 928	7 034	305	29	–	315	–	3 326	63 047
NPI households		169	668	–	78	–	49	–	–	–	–	964
Rest of the world		40 157	41 402	1 568	117 736	6 841	79	–	667	–	–	208 450
Total property income paid		77 921	80 891	36 647	146 474	11 055	2 167	140	31 427	42	223 899	610 663
2008												
Non-financial corporations		3 145	8 661	27	1 805	180	28	–	538	–	37 960	52 344
Monetary financial institutions		12 792	8 222	278	9 895	997	1 977	–	20 667	48	18 893	73 769
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 756	2 585	290	3 733	1 323	52	–	1 826	–	21 474	33 039
Other financial institutions		6 328	7 817	2 704	7 287	203	–	–	8 615	–	113 405	146 359
Central government		13 630	2 011	51	12	76	6	306	784	–	235	17 111
Local government		2 524	754	12	24	37	6	–	188	–	91	3 636
Social security funds		–	1	–	–	634	–	–	–	–	–	635
Households		5 878	16 649	30 258	4 739	127	27	–	514	–	4 169	62 361
NPI households		162	699	–	70	–	49	–	–	–	3	983
Rest of the world		35 578	40 756	1 488	114 916	8 164	79	–	658	–	–	201 639
Total property income paid		81 793	88 155	35 108	142 481	11 741	2 224	306	33 790	48	196 230	591 876

**TABLE S 1.3.1 (end)**  
**Property income by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total property income received
to		S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2
<i>mln euro</i>												
2009												
Non-financial corporations		892	4 867	23	590	59	7	–	484	–	25 555	32 477
Monetary financial institutions		7 019	8 833	165	9 661	1 068	1 629	–	10 685	39	6 199	45 298
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 102	1 505	165	1 936	1 330	52	–	1 786	–	18 373	26 249
Other financial institutions		2 424	4 164	2 440	2 907	49	–	–	4 826	– 6	102 249	119 053
Central government		9 721	2 365	78	857	44	6	126	749	–	735	14 681
Local government		2 256	566	13	25	24	5	–	188	–	126	3 203
Social security funds		–	–	158	–	233	–	–	–	–	–	391
Households		4 747	8 257	23 927	4 096	71	28	–	504	–	3 085	44 715
NPI households		93	463	–	53	–	49	–	–	–	3	661
Rest of the world		31 612	20 832	820	102 393	8 044	56	–	620	–	–	164 377
Total property income paid		59 866	51 852	27 789	122 518	10 922	1 832	126	19 842	33	156 325	451 105
2010*												
Non-financial corporations		685	5 498	14	747	56	8	–	484	–	41 696	49 188
Monetary financial institutions		6 973	3 472	173	8 812	999	1 585	–	8 606	23	9 090	39 733
Insurance corp. and pension funds		918	1 611	234	1 500	1 014	52	11	1 787	–	15 527	22 654
Other financial institutions		2 712	4 023	1 540	2 762	70	–	–	3 777	– 9	123 324	138 199
Central government		9 976	2 076	28	6	42	6	89	658	–	747	13 628
Local government		1 464	709	13	25	30	6	–	187	–	283	2 717
Social security funds		–	–	–	–	146	–	–	–	–	–	146
Households		4 314	7 933	20 106	5 976	66	33	–	504	–	692	39 624
NPI households		40	231	–	85	–	49	–	–	–	3	408
Rest of the world		43 809	18 746	1 609	122 773	7 500	29	–	685	–	–	195 151
Total property income paid		70 891	44 299	23 717	142 686	9 923	1 768	100	16 688	14	191 362	501 448
2011*												
Non-financial corporations		1 549	5 320	8	650	220	33	–	433	–	47 036	55 249
Monetary financial institutions		7 860	4 774	480	13 459	1 301	1 717	–	7 960	23	9 780	47 354
Insurance corp. and pension funds		1 606	1 628	219	3 728	2 034	–	11	1 823	–	14 383	25 432
Other financial institutions		2 466	4 423	535	899	390	–	–	7 303	– 8	114 612	130 620
Central government		11 165	498	17	8	73	7	169	836	–	699	13 472
Local government		1 503	721	14	62	35	5	–	203	–	293	2 836
Social security funds		–	–	–	–	125	–	–	–	–	–	125
Households		4 252	8 814	23 123	5 225	207	15	–	496	–	2 215	44 347
NPI households		53	241	–	67	84	–	–	–	–	5	450
Rest of the world		36 885	24 872	1 483	107 285	5 830	70	–	658	–	–	177 083
Total property income paid		67 339	51 291	25 879	131 383	10 299	1 847	180	19 712	15	189 023	496 968

**TABLE S 1.3.2.1**  
Interest by countersector

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total interest received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations	412	4 034	11	341	230	29	–	453	–	6 227	11 737	
Monetary financial institutions	4 858	4 240	140	4 139	1 164	1 478	9	12 596	32	13 839	42 495	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	708	1 831	318	1 198	2 492	168	10	1 895	–	11 415	20 035	
Other financial institutions	1 647	2 259	111	1 063	234	1	–	1 577	– 2	18 931	25 821	
Central government	109	138	–	40	53	6	–	726	–	123	1 195	
Local government	1 194	295	–	–	29	5	–	2	–	42	1 567	
Social security funds	1	41	2	–	235	–	–	–	–	7	286	
Households	368	8 840	11	343	236	22	–	508	–	1 142	11 470	
NPI households	2	213	–	–	33	–	–	–	–	–	248	
Rest of the world	8 550	21 943	139	20 387	5 879	118	–	27	–	–	57 043	
Total interest paid	17 849	43 834	732	27 511	10 585	1 827	19	17 784	30	51 726	171 897	
2006												
Non-financial corporations	414	6 560	14	161	201	24	5	482	–	6 876	14 737	
Monetary financial institutions	7 550	4 816	217	6 310	762	1 758	– 1	15 655	29	23 230	60 326	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	697	2 128	260	1 364	2 208	76	26	1 701	–	12 968	21 428	
Other financial institutions	2 012	3 511	233	1 808	215	1	7	4 232	– 1	22 635	34 653	
Central government	370	141	–	79	73	14	–	663	–	130	1 470	
Local government	973	546	–	–	27	5	–	5	–	83	1 639	
Social security funds	5	16	1	–	517	–	–	–	–	17	556	
Households	209	10 549	9	414	141	27	–	508	–	1 572	13 429	
NPI households	2	360	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	411	
Rest of the world	8 780	33 402	499	30 074	6 320	74	–	51	–	–	79 200	
Total interest paid	21 012	62 029	1 233	40 210	10 464	2 028	37	23 297	28	67 511	227 849	
2007												
Non-financial corporations	429	7 042	25	202	164	19	–	519	–	7 650	16 050	
Monetary financial institutions	9 234	6 353	239	8 274	692	1 922	–	20 180	43	29 677	76 614	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	703	2 145	308	1 541	2 220	57	–	1 770	–	13 576	22 320	
Other financial institutions	3 205	5 325	245	2 922	208	1	–	7 105	– 1	30 609	49 619	
Central government	382	348	–	9	66	6	140	639	–	187	1 777	
Local government	904	701	–	–	41	5	–	7	–	81	1 739	
Social security funds	–	2	–	–	518	–	–	–	–	–	520	
Households	203	13 963	8	553	305	26	–	315	–	2 084	17 457	
NPI households	2	495	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	546	
Rest of the world	9 678	39 553	827	37 714	6 841	79	–	102	–	–	94 794	
Total interest paid	24 740	75 927	1 652	51 215	11 055	2 164	140	30 637	42	83 864	281 436	
2008												
Non-financial corporations	701	8 661	27	263	180	27	–	538	–	6 624	17 021	
Monetary financial institutions	12 307	8 166	278	9 731	997	1 977	–	20 667	48	29 175	83 346	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	617	2 381	290	1 568	1 323	52	–	1 826	–	13 969	22 026	
Other financial institutions	3 279	7 773	262	2 831	203	–	–	8 615	–	39 952	62 915	
Central government	284	781	51	12	76	6	306	739	–	235	2 490	
Local government	807	634	–	–	37	6	–	8	–	91	1 583	
Social security funds	–	1	–	–	634	–	–	–	–	–	635	
Households	237	14 988	2	549	127	24	–	514	–	1 851	18 292	
NPI households	2	539	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	3	593	
Rest of the world	9 253	37 826	886	47 457	8 164	79	–	96	–	–	103 761	
Total property income paid	27 487	81 750	1 796	62 411	11 741	2 220	306	33 003	48	91 900	312 662	

**TABLE S 1.3.2.1 (end)**  
**Interest by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total interest received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2009												
Non-financial corporations	448	4 867	23	220	59	7	–	484	–	5 937	12 045	
Monetary financial institutions	6 665	8 833	165	9 661	1 068	1 629	–	10 685	39	7 192	45 937	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	455	1 352	165	1 288	1 330	52	–	1 786	–	12 714	19 142	
Other financial institutions	1 102	4 133	59	2 604	49	–	–	4 826	– 6	37 044	49 811	
Central government	289	1 039	78	12	44	6	126	710	–	735	3 039	
Local government	605	478	1	–	24	5	–	8	–	126	1 247	
Social security funds	–	–	158	–	233	–	–	–	–	–	391	
Households	209	8 257	7	115	71	24	–	504	–	1 159	10 346	
NPI households	2	341	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	3	395	
Rest of the world	10 361	20 560	289	38 158	8 044	56	–	41	–	–	77 509	
Total interest paid	20 136	49 860	945	52 058	10 922	1 828	126	19 044	33	64 910	219 862	
2010*												
Non-financial corporations	248	5 498	14	217	56	7	–	484	–	5 984	12 508	
Monetary financial institutions	6 114	3 435	173	8 710	999	1 585	–	8 606	23	7 056	36 701	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	255	1 492	234	792	1 014	52	11	1 787	–	11 490	17 127	
Other financial institutions	1 118	3 992	172	2 341	70	–	–	3 777	– 9	31 107	42 568	
Central government	25	621	28	6	42	6	89	610	–	747	2 174	
Local government	439	622	– 0	–	30	6	–	–	–	283	1 380	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	146	–	–	–	–	–	146	
Households	150	7 933	7	129	66	24	–	504	–	380	9 193	
NPI households	2	220	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	3	274	
Rest of the world	10 591	18 476	481	35 578	7 500	29	–	49	–	–	72 704	
Total interest paid	18 942	42 289	1 109	47 773	9 923	1 758	100	15 817	14	57 050	194 775	
2011*												
Non-financial corporations	23	5 320	8	324	220	33	–	433	–	8 191	14 552	
Monetary financial institutions	7 200	4 733	480	13 382	1 301	1 717	–	7 960	23	5 863	42 659	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	443	1 506	219	1 844	2 034	–	11	1 823	–	10 812	18 692	
Other financial institutions	1 012	4 371	85	566	390	–	–	7 303	– 8	29 816	43 535	
Central government	26	244	17	7	73	7	169	792	–	699	2 034	
Local government	427	630	–	–	35	5	–	3	–	293	1 393	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	125	–	–	–	–	–	125	
Households	242	8 750	8	243	207	4	–	496	–	908	10 858	
NPI households	8	212	–	–	84	–	–	–	–	5	309	
Rest of the world	10 710	24 711	97	25 908	5 830	70	–	28	–	–	67 354	
Total interest paid	20 091	50 477	914	42 274	10 299	1 836	180	18 838	15	56 587	201 511	

**TABLE S 1.3.2.2**  
**Actual interest payments/receipts by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total interest received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations	412	2 466	11	341	230	29	–	453	–	6 221	10 163	
Monetary financial institutions	7 942	4 062	174	4 781	1 183	1 992	11	20 682	40	15 176	56 043	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	708	1 618	318	1 198	2 492	168	10	1 895	–	11 409	19 816	
Other financial institutions	2 123	1 864	150	1 102	238	1	–	3 517	–	19 459	28 454	
Central government	109	106	–	40	53	6	–	726	–	119	1 159	
Local government	1 194	235	–	–	29	5	–	2	–	42	1 507	
Social security funds	1	31	2	–	235	–	–	–	–	7	276	
Households	368	6 535	11	343	236	22	–	508	–	1 142	9 165	
NPI households	2	160	–	–	33	–	–	–	–	–	195	
Rest of the world	8 959	21 795	139	21 105	5 879	118	–	61	–	–	58 056	
Total actual interest paid/received	21 818	38 872	805	28 910	10 608	2 341	21	27 844	40	53 575	184 834	
2006												
Non-financial corporations	414	5 042	14	161	201	24	5	482	–	6 876	13 219	
Monetary financial institutions	9 774	4 626	239	6 888	770	2 083	–	21 008	34	23 067	68 489	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	697	1 959	260	1 364	2 208	76	26	1 701	–	12 916	21 207	
Other financial institutions	2 371	3 152	240	1 842	217	1	7	5 659	–	22 947	36 436	
Central government	370	105	–	79	73	14	–	663	–	113	1 417	
Local government	973	476	–	–	27	5	–	5	–	83	1 569	
Social security funds	5	14	1	–	517	–	–	–	–	17	554	
Households	209	6 379	9	414	141	27	–	508	–	1 572	9 259	
NPI households	2	233	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	284	
Rest of the world	8 959	32 732	551	30 412	6 322	83	–	73	–	–	79 132	
Total actual interest paid/received	23 774	54 718	1 314	41 160	10 476	2 362	38	30 099	34	67 591	231 566	
2007												
Non-financial corporations	429	4 896	25	202	164	19	–	519	–	7 631	13 885	
Monetary financial institutions	10 777	6 187	247	8 806	699	2 094	–	22 341	45	29 507	80 703	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	703	1 899	308	1 541	2 220	57	–	1 770	–	13 524	22 022	
Other financial institutions	3 483	5 089	246	2 941	208	1	–	7 703	–	30 766	50 437	
Central government	382	275	–	9	66	6	140	639	–	187	1 704	
Local government	904	590	–	–	41	5	–	7	–	81	1 628	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	518	–	–	–	–	–	518	
Households	203	7 407	8	553	305	26	–	315	–	2 084	10 901	
NPI households	2	322	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	373	
Rest of the world	9 834	39 339	831	37 813	6 843	81	–	123	–	–	94 864	
Total actual interest paid/received	26 717	66 004	1 665	51 865	11 064	2 338	140	33 417	45	83 780	277 035	
2008												
Non-financial corporations	701	6 563	27	263	180	27	–	538	–	6 416	14 715	
Monetary financial institutions	14 100	8 073	297	10 621	1 033	2 173	–	22 596	49	30 023	88 965	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	617	2 085	290	1 568	1 323	52	–	1 826	–	13 945	21 706	
Other financial institutions	3 533	7 526	268	2 851	203	–	–	9 146	–	39 755	63 282	
Central government	284	707	51	12	76	6	306	739	–	235	2 416	
Local government	807	515	–	–	37	6	–	8	–	84	1 457	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	634	–	–	–	–	–	634	
Households	237	7 846	2	549	127	24	–	514	–	1 851	11 150	
NPI households	2	352	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	403	
Rest of the world	9 425	36 284	973	47 828	8 180	86	–	132	–	–	102 908	
Total actual interest paid/received	29 706	69 951	1 908	63 692	11 793	2 423	306	35 499	49	92 309	307 636	

**TABLE S 1.3.2.2 (end)**  
**Actual interest payments/receipts by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total interest received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2009												
Non-financial corporations	448	4 496	23	220	59	7	–	484	–	5 769	11 506	
Monetary financial institutions	9 800	8 460	184	10 577	1 128	2 065	–	21 407	49	8 405	62 075	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	455	1 351	165	1 288	1 330	52	–	1 786	–	12 683	19 110	
Other financial institutions	1 513	3 624	66	2 705	50	–	–	11 361	–	37 698	57 017	
Central government	289	1 039	78	12	44	6	126	710	–	731	3 035	
Local government	605	431	1	–	24	5	–	8	–	119	1 193	
Social security funds	–	–	158	–	233	–	–	–	–	–	391	
Households	209	7 842	7	115	71	24	–	504	–	1 159	9 931	
NPI households	2	332	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	383	
Rest of the world	10 821	18 425	512	39 766	8 491	83	–	113	–	–	78 211	
<b>Total actual interest paid/received</b>	<b>24 142</b>	<b>46 000</b>	<b>1 194</b>	<b>54 683</b>	<b>11 430</b>	<b>2 291</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>36 373</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>66 564</b>	<b>242 852</b>	
2010*												
Non-financial corporations	248	4 483	14	217	56	7	–	484	–	5 818	11 327	
Monetary financial institutions	9 811	3 042	187	9 577	1 055	2 119	–	21 364	38	8 341	55 534	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	255	1 363	234	792	1 014	52	11	1 787	–	11 460	16 968	
Other financial institutions	1 512	3 545	191	2 410	71	–	–	11 464	–	31 705	50 898	
Central government	25	603	28	6	42	6	89	610	–	747	2 156	
Local government	439	566	–	–	30	6	–	–	–	279	1 320	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	146	–	–	–	–	–	146	
Households	150	7 647	7	129	66	24	–	504	–	360	8 887	
NPI households	2	213	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	264	
Rest of the world	10 791	15 983	632	36 997	7 886	45	–	113	–	–	72 447	
<b>Total actual interest paid/received</b>	<b>23 233</b>	<b>37 445</b>	<b>1 293</b>	<b>50 128</b>	<b>10 366</b>	<b>2 308</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>36 326</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>58 710</b>	<b>219 947</b>	
2011*												
Non-financial corporations	23	4 059	8	324	220	33	–	433	–	7 917	13 017	
Monetary financial institutions	10 967	4 273	482	14 289	1 352	2 305	–	19 903	36	7 882	61 489	
Insurance corp. and pension funds	443	1 312	219	1 844	2 034	–	11	1 823	–	10 785	18 471	
Other financial institutions	1 368	3 949	102	611	394	–	–	13 270	–	30 436	50 130	
Central government	26	224	17	7	73	7	169	792	–	696	2 011	
Local government	427	571	–	–	35	5	–	3	–	286	1 327	
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	125	–	–	–	–	–	125	
Households	242	7 733	8	243	207	4	–	496	–	801	9 734	
NPI households	8	178	–	–	84	–	–	–	–	–	270	
Rest of the world	10 765	21 663	193	27 261	6 125	84	–	85	–	–	66 176	
<b>Total actual interest paid/received</b>	<b>24 269</b>	<b>43 962</b>	<b>1 029</b>	<b>44 579</b>	<b>10 649</b>	<b>2 438</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>36 805</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>58 803</b>	<b>222 750</b>	

**TABLE S 1.3.3**  
**Dividends by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total dividends received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations	1 306	–	–	1 569	–	–	–	–	–	–	31 799	34 674
Monetary financial institutions	271	34	–	99	–	–	–	–	–	–	860	1 264
Insurance corp. and pension funds	794	295	–	2 681	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 288	10 058
Other financial institutions	1 739	29	1 691	349	–	–	–	–	–	–	45 295	49 103
Central government	2 347	646	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 993
Local government	592	71	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	663
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	3 501	2 012	–	6 014	–	–	–	–	–	–	161	11 688
NPI households	103	137	–	60	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	300
Rest of the world	33 037	806	–	53 304	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	87 147
Total dividends paid	43 690	4 030	1 691	64 076	–	–	–	–	–	–	84 403	197 890
2006												
Non-financial corporations	1 574	–	–	882	–	–	–	–	–	–	21 184	23 640
Monetary financial institutions	407	53	–	153	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 401	2 014
Insurance corp. and pension funds	734	259	–	2 535	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 714	10 242
Other financial institutions	2 972	41	2 757	599	–	–	–	–	–	–	71 542	77 911
Central government	3 352	505	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3 857
Local government	892	88	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	980
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	3 152	2 512	–	5 830	–	–	–	–	–	–	162	11 656
NPI households	119	158	–	67	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	344
Rest of the world	20 573	702	–	30 645	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	51 920
Total dividends paid	33 775	4 318	2 757	40 711	–	–	–	–	–	–	101 003	182 564
2007												
Non-financial corporations	2 428	–	–	1 549	–	–	–	–	–	–	28 739	32 716
Monetary financial institutions	412	53	–	154	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 413	2 032
Insurance corp. and pension funds	652	215	–	2 285	–	–	–	–	–	–	7 143	10 295
Other financial institutions	3 403	45	3 322	4 666	–	–	–	–	–	–	87 695	99 131
Central government	3 198	891	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 089
Local government	1 081	109	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 190
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	4 371	1 629	–	6 481	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 125	13 606
NPI households	167	173	–	78	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	418
Rest of the world	27 134	717	–	52 542	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	80 393
Total dividends paid	42 846	3 832	3 322	67 755	–	–	–	–	–	–	126 115	243 870
2008												
Non-financial corporations	2 428	–	–	1 542	–	–	–	–	–	–	29 193	33 163
Monetary financial institutions	485	56	–	164	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 512	2 217
Insurance corp. and pension funds	1 139	204	–	2 165	–	–	–	–	–	–	7 478	10 986
Other financial institutions	3 049	44	2 442	4 456	–	–	–	–	–	–	73 890	83 881
Central government	3 973	1 230	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5 203
Local government	1 296	120	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 416
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	4 599	1 661	–	4 190	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 230	12 680
NPI households	160	160	–	70	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	390
Rest of the world	25 325	2 640	300	57 876	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	86 141
Total dividends paid	42 454	6 115	2 742	70 463	–	–	–	–	–	–	114 303	236 077



**TABLE S 1.3.3 (end)**  
**Dividends by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total dividends received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2009												
Non-financial corporations	428	–	–	370	–	–	–	–	–	–	15 528	16 326
Monetary financial institutions	354	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 127	1 481
Insurance corp. and pension funds	647	153	–	648	–	–	–	–	–	–	5 632	7 080
Other financial institutions	1 322	31	2 381	303	–	–	–	–	–	–	75 547	79 584
Central government	2 799	1 326	–	845	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 970
Local government	1 219	88	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 307
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	3 509	–	–	3 981	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 827	9 317
NPI households	91	122	–	53	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	266
Rest of the world	19 440	47	215	56 707	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	76 409
Total dividends paid	29 809	1 767	2 596	62 907	–	–	–	–	–	–	99 661	196 740
2010*												
Non-financial corporations	421	–	–	530	–	–	–	–	–	–	25 003	25 954
Monetary financial institutions	859	37	–	102	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 322	2 320
Insurance corp. and pension funds	663	119	–	708	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 010	5 500
Other financial institutions	1 594	31	1 368	421	–	–	–	–	–	–	95 385	98 799
Central government	2 743	1 455	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 198
Local government	582	87	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	669
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	3 063	–	–	5 847	–	–	–	–	–	–	229	9 139
NPI households	38	11	–	85	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	134
Rest of the world	25 878	162	836	76 375	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	103 251
Total dividends paid	35 841	1 902	2 204	84 068	–	–	–	–	–	–	125 949	249 964
2011*												
Non-financial corporations	1 509	–	–	326	–	–	–	–	–	–	26 028	27 863
Monetary financial institutions	660	41	–	77	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 822	2 600
Insurance corp. and pension funds	1 163	122	–	1 884	–	–	–	–	–	–	3 559	6 728
Other financial institutions	1 454	52	450	333	–	–	–	–	–	–	71 907	74 196
Central government	2 605	254	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 860
Local government	621	87	–	44	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	752
Social security funds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Households	2 843	64	–	4 982	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 212	9 101
NPI households	45	29	–	67	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	141
Rest of the world	18 828	12	1 094	49 858	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	69 792
Total dividends paid	29 728	661	1 544	57 572	–	–	–	–	–	–	104 528	194 033

**TABLE S 1.3.4**  
**Other current transfers n.e.c. by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total other current transfers received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations	565	-	-	-	-	-	-	336	-	-	-	901
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	225	-	-	-	5 834	125	708	1 070	-	215	-	8 177
Local government	22	-	-	-	50 072	6 118	-	286	20	9	-	56 527
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	13 935	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 935
Households	91	-	-	-	124	760	-	3 156	1 083	1 786	-	7 000
NPI households	579	-	-	-	1 260	303	-	3 593	222	-	-	5 957
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	6 840	-	-	2 465	1 005	-	-	10 310
Total other current transfers paid	1 482	-	-	-	78 073	7 306	708	10 906	2 330	2 010	-	102 815
2006												
Non-financial corporations	387	-	-	-	-	-	-	338	-	-	-	725
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	262	-	-	-	5 868	123	453	1 051	-	225	-	7 982
Local government	20	-	-	-	52 770	6 437	-	288	20	-	-	59 535
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	13 484	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 484
Households	87	-	-	-	553	760	-	3 207	976	2 084	-	7 667
NPI households	600	-	-	-	1 262	302	-	3 627	238	-	-	6 029
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	7 181	-	-	2 464	1 083	-	-	10 728
Total other current transfers paid	1 356	-	-	-	81 118	7 622	453	10 975	2 317	2 309	-	106 150
2007												
Non-financial corporations	430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	430
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	124	-	-	-	5 995	108	703	1 144	-	191	-	8 265
Local government	23	-	-	-	55 922	7 395	-	334	20	1	-	63 695
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	15 009	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 009
Households	104	-	-	-	214	768	-	3 821	1 085	2 196	-	8 188
NPI households	625	-	-	-	1 151	337	-	3 962	239	-	-	6 314
Rest of the world	-	200	-	-	7 134	-	-	2 709	1 173	-	-	11 216
Total other current transfers paid	1 306	200	-	-	85 425	8 608	703	11 970	2 517	2 388	-	113 117
2008												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	128	-	-	-	6 309	105	803	1 131	-	198	-	8 674
Local government	29	-	-	-	58 894	9 912	-	391	20	-	-	69 246
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	13 468	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 468
Households	-	-	-	-	197	763	-	3 740	1 194	2 407	-	8 301
NPI households	575	-	-	-	1 294	357	-	3 733	244	-	-	6 203
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	7 567	-	-	3 046	1 105	-	-	11 718
Total other current transfers paid	732	-	-	-	87 729	11 137	803	12 041	2 563	2 605	-	117 610

**TABLE S 1.3.4 (end)**  
**Other current transfers n.e.c. by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total other current transfers received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
	<i>mln euro</i>											
2009												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	128	-	-	-	6 298	89	808	1 224	-	206	8 753	
Local government	30	-	-	-	62 982	10 715	-	368	22	-	74 117	
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	17 203	-	-	-	-	-	17 203	
Households	-	-	-	-	233	773	-	4 139	1 305	4 093	10 543	
NPI households	621	-	-	-	1 298	381	-	3 741	261	-	6 302	
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	5 291	-	-	5 570	1 134	-	11 995	
Total other current transfers paid	779	-	-	-	93 305	11 958	808	15 042	2 722	4 299	128 913	
2010*												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	172	-	-	-	6 405	151	869	1 220	-	172	8 989	
Local government	32	-	-	-	64 022	10 993	78	400	22	-	75 547	
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	18 675	-	-	-	-	18	18 693	
Households	-	-	-	-	185	795	-	4 366	1 436	4 357	11 139	
NPI households	612	-	-	-	1 297	449	-	3 790	290	-	6 438	
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	7 194	-	-	4 277	1 290	-	12 761	
Total other current transfers paid	816	-	-	-	97 778	12 388	947	14 053	3 038	4 547	133 567	
2011*												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central government	131	-	-	-	6 308	115	846	1 216	-	145	8 761	
Local government	33	-	-	-	63 812	11 034	96	413	22	-	75 410	
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	16 282	-	-	-	-	-	16 282	
Households	4	-	-	-	44	796	-	4 585	1 512	3 459	10 400	
NPI households	1 020	-	-	-	1 430	424	-	3 009	305	-	6 188	
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	7 119	-	-	4 489	1 348	-	12 956	
Total other current transfers paid	1 188	-	-	-	94 995	12 369	942	13 712	3 187	3 604	129 997	

**TABLE S 1.3.5**  
**Capital transfers by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total capital transfers received
to	S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2	
<i>mln euro</i>												
2005												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	- 282	1 524	-	-	-	-	-	1 242
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Insurance corp. and pension funds	93	211	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	330
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Central government	23	-	-	-	1 883	55	-	1 748	-	-	49	3 758
Local government	40	-	-	-	3 391	512	-	1	-	-	62	4 006
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	-	-	26	-	800	25	-	4 055	-	1 519	-	6 425
NPI households	-	-	-	-	109	16	-	247	-	-	-	372
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	764	-	-	2 617	-	-	-	3 381
Total capital transfers paid	156	211	26	-	6 722	2 132	-	8 668	-	1 630	-	19 545
2006												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	- 557	1 512	-	-	-	-	-	955
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Insurance corp. and pension funds	58	29	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	116
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	41
Central government	70	-	-	-	2 260	41	-	1 853	-	-	40	4 264
Local government	40	-	-	-	3 124	554	-	1	-	-	64	3 783
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	-	-	29	-	695	6	-	4 295	-	1 688	-	6 713
NPI households	-	-	-	-	82	16	-	298	-	-	-	396
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	752	-	-	2 928	-	-	-	3 680
Total capital transfers paid	168	29	29	-	6 458	2 129	-	9 375	-	1 792	-	19 980
2007												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	- 18	1 535	-	-	-	-	18	1 535
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 2
Insurance corp. and pension funds	5	5	-	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	31
Central government	55	-	-	-	2 089	22	-	1 933	-	-	10	4 109
Local government	44	-	-	-	3 430	507	-	5	-	-	65	4 051
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	-	-	54	-	776	202	-	4 087	-	2 618	-	7 737
NPI households	-	-	-	-	56	17	-	333	-	-	-	406
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	803	-	-	3 094	-	-	-	3 897
Total capital transfers paid	104	5	54	-	7 219	2 283	-	9 452	-	2 711	-	21 828
2008												
Non-financial corporations	-	-	-	-	47	1 891	-	-	-	-	-	1 938
Monetary financial institutions	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Insurance corp. and pension funds	560	20	-	720	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 338
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	33
Central government	80	-	-	-	1 956	294	-	1 835	-	-	4	4 169
Local government	44	-	-	-	3 857	597	-	1	-	-	65	4 564
Social security funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	-	163	38	-	1 126	217	-	4 393	-	2 332	-	8 269
NPI households	-	-	-	-	58	36	-	344	-	-	-	438
Rest of the world	-	-	-	-	937	-	-	3 568	-	-	-	4 505
Total capital transfers paid	684	183	38	720	8 051	3 035	-	10 141	-	2 401	-	25 253

**TABLE S 1.3.5 (end)**  
**Capital transfers by countersector**

	from	Non-financial corporations	Monetary financial institutions	Insurance corporations and pension funds	Other financial institutions	Central government	Local government	Social security funds	Households	NPI households	Rest of the world	Total capital transfers received
to		S 11	S 121/2	S 125	S 123/4	S 1311	S 1313	S 1314	S 14	S 15	S 2	S 1/2
<i>mln euro</i>												
2009												
Non-financial corporations		-	-	-	-	436	1 903	-	-	-	-	2 339
Monetary financial institutions		-	-	-	-	2 175	-	-	-	-	-	2 175
Insurance corp. and pension funds		2 910	- 110	-	300	32	-	-	-	-	-	3 132
Other financial institutions		-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	38
Central government		38	-	-	-	1 971	498	-	1 864	-	2	4 373
Local government		44	-	-	-	5 201	639	-	4	-	65	5 953
Social security funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households		-	-	32	-	1 259	217	-	4 425	-	2 264	8 197
NPI households		-	-	-	-	50	36	-	445	-	-	531
Rest of the world		-	-	-	-	1 363	-	-	3 499	-	-	4 862
Total capital transfers paid		2 992	- 110	32	300	12 525	3 293	-	10 237	-	2 331	31 600
2010*												
Non-financial corporations		-	-	-	-	241	2 218	-	-	-	-	2 459
Monetary financial institutions		-	-	-	-	1 031	-	-	-	-	-	1 031
Insurance corp. and pension funds		150	25	-	85	33	-	-	-	-	-	293
Other financial institutions		-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	41
Central government		45	-	-	-	4 033	665	-	1 777	-	132	6 652
Local government		44	-	-	-	3 751	808	-	- 4	-	65	4 664
Social security funds		-	-	-	-	5 774	-	-	-	-	-	5 774
Households		-	-	33	-	1 220	217	-	4 500	-	2 239	8 209
NPI households		-	-	-	-	48	66	-	475	-	-	589
Rest of the world		-	-	-	-	2 271	-	-	3 424	-	-	5 695
Total capital transfers paid		239	25	33	85	18 443	3 974	-	10 172	-	2 436	35 407
2011*												
Non-financial corporations		-	-	-	-	575	1 417	-	-	-	-	1 992
Monetary financial institutions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance corp. and pension funds		-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	25
Other financial institutions		-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	40
Central government		56	-	50	-	2 499	1 025	-	1 595	-	1	5 226
Local government		44	-	-	-	3 645	955	-	2	-	66	4 712
Social security funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households		-	-	35	-	1 512	250	-	4 322	-	2 009	8 128
NPI households		-	-	-	-	47	36	-	520	-	-	603
Rest of the world		-	-	-	-	953	-	-	3 181	-	-	4 134
Total capital transfers paid		100	-	85	-	9 296	3 683	-	9 620	-	2 076	24 860

## 6.4 Balance sheets

**TABLE S 11.4**  
Financial balance sheets of the sector non-financial corporations

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	1.7	0.1	–	1.8	0.0	–	1.8	0.2	–	1.9
Transferable deposits	91.9	2.1	–0.0	94.0	9.4	–0.7	102.7	–4.4	–0.7	97.5
Other deposits	75.7	0.9	–0.2	76.4	21.5	0.7	98.6	19.2	–0.9	116.8
Bills and short term bonds	9.2	1.4	–	10.6	–0.0	–	10.6	–0.2	–	10.4
Long terms bonds	13.5	–0.6	1.4	14.4	–0.4	–0.6	13.3	2.1	0.2	15.7
Financial derivatives	0.0	–0.2	0.4	0.3	–0.0	–1.2	–1.0	0.1	–0.1	–1.0
Short term loans	55.3	17.7	–3.1	69.9	–1.8	–1.8	66.3	11.7	–2.6	75.4
Long term loans	134.5	7.9	5.9	148.2	6.5	1.2	155.9	3.7	8.5	168.1
Shares and other equities	188.2	57.2	–33.4	212.0	31.1	17.7	260.8	23.2	–0.4	283.7
Other insurance technical reserves	6.1	0.7	–0.7	6.1	0.2	–0.2	6.1	–0.1	–	6.0
Other accounts receivable and payable	155.7	6.0	0.4	162.1	11.3	1.1	174.5	17.1	0.0	191.6
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>731.9</b>	<b>93.2</b>	<b>–29.3</b>	<b>795.8</b>	<b>77.7</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>889.6</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>966.1</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Bills and short term bonds	0.2	–0.0	–	0.2	0.1	–	0.2	–0.2	–0.0	0.0
Long terms bonds	40.3	–4.6	5.3	41.0	–2.8	–0.8	37.5	–0.3	0.2	37.3
Short term loans	133.1	–5.0	–1.9	126.3	23.6	0.1	150.0	–1.5	–2.9	145.6
Long term loans	294.1	30.3	–3.7	320.7	1.3	–4.1	317.8	18.0	3.7	339.5
Shares and other equities	520.5	42.4	82.4	645.3	4.9	55.6	705.8	12.3	57.6	775.7
Other accounts receivable and payable	145.8	–2.8	11.3	154.3	9.5	–0.9	162.8	0.3	0.0	163.2
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1134.0</b>	<b>60.3</b>	<b>93.3</b>	<b>1287.7</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>1374.2</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>58.6</b>	<b>1461.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–402.1</b>	<b>32.9</b>	<b>–122.7</b>	<b>–491.9</b>	<b>41.1</b>	<b>–33.7</b>	<b>–484.6</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>–54.6</b>	<b>–495.3</b>

**TABLE S 12.4**  
Financial balance sheets of the sector financial corporations

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8.0	–0.9	2.6	9.7	–0.8	1.1	9.9	–0.2	1.7	11.5
Currency	2.0	0.2	0.0	2.3	0.2	0.0	2.5	–0.2	–0.1	2.2
Transferable deposits	66.9	24.1	3.5	94.6	76.1	–5.1	165.6	35.7	–7.7	193.6
Other deposits	343.7	52.5	14.2	410.4	57.2	–13.0	454.6	124.9	–12.8	566.7
Bills and short term bonds	18.967	0.2	0.5	19.7	–0.1	0.5	20.1	1.1	–0.5	20.6
Long terms bonds	594.1	52.6	17.9	664.6	53.4	–22.9	695.1	108.5	–3.0	800.6
Financial derivatives	–4.1	–0.3	–2.3	–6.6	3.5	8.9	5.8	14.0	8.7	28.5
Short term loans	394.7	20.1	9.8	424.6	88.7	–5.3	508.1	66.9	–5.5	569.5
Long term loans	1217.9	105.4	7.0	1330.3	111.2	–14.4	1427.1	321.8	–18.0	1730.8
Shares and other equities	1158.1	62.9	171.9	1392.9	196.6	42.7	1632.2	188.9	–5.7	1815.4
Other insurance technical reserves	5.0	0.5	–0.7	4.8	0.1	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.6	5.5
Other accounts receivable and payable	107.9	30.1	–1.3	136.7	–15.2	7.1	128.5	6.1	–1.4	133.2
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>3913.3</b>	<b>347.4</b>	<b>223.1</b>	<b>4483.8</b>	<b>570.9</b>	<b>–0.3</b>	<b>5054.3</b>	<b>867.5</b>	<b>–43.6</b>	<b>5878.2</b>
<b>SCHULDEN</b>										
Currency	22.5	0.8	–	23.3	0.5	–	23.8	–0.2	–	23.6
Transferable deposits	226.6	23.7	2.9	253.2	50.0	–4.0	299.2	25.0	–8.3	315.9
Savings deposits (in euro's)	197.7	13.0	0.0	210.7	11.0	–	221.7	17.8	–0.3	239.3
Other deposits	542.7	49.6	18.6	610.9	117.9	–17.6	711.1	161.8	–32.6	840.2
Bills and short term bonds	37.1	–5.1	0.0	32.0	4.6	0.7	37.3	10.1	–1.4	45.9
Long terms bonds	686.4	90.7	4.9	782.0	96.3	–16.2	862.1	177.6	–22.2	1017.5
Short term loans	186.4	50.1	9.2	245.8	38.5	–7.0	277.3	114.4	2.0	393.7
Long term loans	329.1	43.4	7.9	380.4	10.2	–5.9	384.7	164.4	–16.1	533.0
Shares and other equities	838.5	2.6	132.4	973.4	204.5	8.4	1186.2	154.6	8.5	1349.3
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves	752.7	32.3	75.8	860.8	25.5	29.3	915.7	24.4	22.4	962.5
Other insurance technical reserves	31.8	4.0	0.1	35.9	–7.2	4.5	33.2	–2.3	0.1	30.9
Other accounts receivable and payable	126.3	34.5	–0.6	160.2	8.5	4.2	172.9	12.9	–7.4	178.4
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>3977.7</b>	<b>339.6</b>	<b>251.2</b>	<b>4568.5</b>	<b>560.3</b>	<b>–3.6</b>	<b>5125.2</b>	<b>860.4</b>	<b>–55.3</b>	<b>5930.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–64.4</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>–28.1</b>	<b>–84.8</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>–70.9</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>–52.1</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
0.1	0.0	2.1	-0.0	-	2.0	-0.0	-	2.0	-0.5	-	1.5	Currency
-2.5	0.3	95.4	17.4	-	112.7	5.5	0.6	118.8	-8.0	0.3	111.2	Transferable deposits
12.2	0.0	129.1	-4.9	-0.6	123.5	-2.4	0.0	121.1	2.7	-0.1	123.7	Other deposits
0.1	-0.4	10.1	0.4	0.1	10.7	-0.2	-	10.5	0.3	-0.1	10.6	Bills and short term bonds
-3.8	1.0	12.9	0.2	0.8	13.9	-0.8	0.8	13.9	0.2	-0.4	13.6	Long terms bonds
-2.6	0.1	-3.5	2.4	0.9	-0.2	-0.9	-2.1	-3.2	0.4	-2.5	-5.3	Financial derivatives
-0.3	-4.8	70.3	0.1	0.2	70.5	16.7	1.0	88.3	10.4	1.5	100.2	Short term loans
14.5	6.1	188.6	13.2	1.1	203.0	-13.4	1.5	191.1	-6.0	12.1	197.2	Long term loans
37.0	-7.7	312.9	32.8	17.2	362.9	61.2	15.3	439.3	47.2	6.6	493.2	Shares and other equities
1.2	0.1	7.3	0.3	0.0	7.6	-0.2	-0.3	7.1	0.6	0.1	7.8	Other Insurance technical reserves
5.4	0.6	197.6	-5.9	-0.2	191.5	9.5	-3.6	197.4	15.6	-0.3	212.8	Other accounts receivable and payable
61.4	-4.8	1022.7	55.9	19.5	1098.1	74.9	13.4	1186.3	62.9	17.3	1266.5	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	-0.0	0.7	-0.3	0.0	0.4	Bills and short term bonds
-0.2	-1.2	35.9	5.7	-0.0	41.7	8.8	0.6	51.1	-3.6	2.2	49.7	Long terms bonds
-8.3	-2.3	135.0	-2.9	0.6	132.8	5.6	1.0	139.3	2.9	3.4	145.6	Short term loans
20.4	3.8	363.7	10.1	-2.5	371.4	-6.7	-0.5	364.2	1.9	8.2	374.2	Long term loans
8.9	-179.2	605.5	6.7	113.4	725.6	22.7	47.1	795.4	9.7	8.5	813.6	Shares and other equities
2.6	-0.4	165.4	-5.6	-0.2	159.5	-6.5	-1.5	151.5	-6.5	2.8	147.9	Other accounts receivable and payable
23.5	-179.2	1305.6	14.0	111.4	1431.0	24.4	46.8	1502.1	4.1	25.1	1531.4	<b>Total liabilities</b>
37.9	174.5	-282.9	41.8	-91.9	-332.9	50.5	-33.4	-315.8	58.8	-7.8	-264.9	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-0.1	1.1	12.4	-0.1	8.1	20.4	-0.0	6.0	26.4	-0.2	3.4	29.6	Monetary gold and special drawing rights
0.4	-0.0	2.7	-0.5	0.0	2.2	-0.2	-	2.0	1.1	-	3.1	Currency
-26.1	2.6	170.1	2.3	-0.3	172.1	2.8	3.3	178.2	-0.4	0.4	178.2	Transferable deposits
-43.1	4.5	528.2	-62.7	-3.0	462.5	-29.8	7.8	440.5	74.0	4.3	518.9	Other deposits
-1.1	0.2	19.8	1.8	-0.0	21.6	-0.8	0.2	21.0	-3.3	0.2	17.9	Bills and short term bonds
49.3	-24.2	825.7	64.5	18.0	908.2	2.1	10.7	921.0	5.0	17.7	943.6	Long terms bonds
14.1	-1.7	40.9	-30.7	4.5	14.7	8.5	-4.8	18.5	4.6	27.2	50.3	Financial derivatives
8.3	3.5	581.3	44.6	-5.7	620.2	28.8	-2.4	646.5	210.7	-2.6	854.7	Short term loans
81.4	-30.9	1781.3	-64.1	8.5	1725.7	105.4	32.7	1863.8	3.9	4.6	1872.3	Long term loans
80.1	-240.7	1654.7	283.8	165.4	2103.9	-9.7	194.0	2288.2	66.6	-28.1	2326.6	Shares and other equities
2.1	0.1	7.7	-0.3	0.0	7.4	0.1	0.5	8.0	1.9	0.1	10.0	Other Insurance technical reserves
-4.2	-2.1	126.9	27.0	5.5	159.4	-21.1	-6.8	131.4	-27.3	-0.3	103.9	Other accounts receivable and payable
161.1	-287.7	5751.6	265.7	200.9	6218.1	86.2	241.2	6545.5	336.6	27.0	6909.1	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>SCHULDEN</b>												
0.3	0.0	23.9	-1.4	-	22.5	-1.3	-	21.2	-1.9	0.0	19.3	Currency
-38.2	2.6	280.2	50.5	-0.7	330.1	47.1	5.3	382.5	44.7	2.7	429.9	Transferable deposits
19.8	-	259.0	17.8	-	276.9	11.1	-	287.9	14.5	-	302.5	Savings deposits (in euro's)
-27.3	10.5	823.4	-60.3	-3.6	759.5	-14.8	14.3	759.0	130.4	6.0	895.4	Other deposits
10.2	-0.2	55.9	28.8	-0.2	84.5	5.8	2.4	92.6	22.7	1.1	116.4	Bills and short term bonds
67.6	-11.0	1074.1	95.1	-14.1	1155.2	2.8	43.5	1201.5	-23.9	25.6	1203.2	Long terms bonds
66.4	-9.3	450.8	-63.8	-3.2	383.8	-64.6	-3.9	315.3	39.1	0.5	354.8	Short term loans
-36.0	-3.3	493.7	-98.6	12.8	407.9	85.3	29.2	522.4	-38.6	5.3	489.1	Long term loans
79.9	-162.5	1266.7	236.8	96.0	1599.4	0.7	158.4	1758.5	83.7	-42.9	1799.3	Shares and other equities
26.5	-148.9	840.1	21.0	88.7	949.8	13.1	92.9	1055.8	16.0	53.2	1125.0	Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves
4.5	0.3	35.7	-0.2	0.4	36.0	0.4	1.1	37.5	2.7	0.5	40.8	Other Insurance technical reserves
-3.4	-3.0	172.0	34.4	0.5	206.9	-11.3	-6.3	189.3	36.8	1.4	227.5	Other accounts receivable and payable
170.0	-324.7	5775.6	260.2	176.6	6212.4	74.2	336.9	6623.5	326.3	53.4	7003.2	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-8.9	37.0	-24.0	5.5	24.2	5.7	11.9	-95.6	-78.0	10.4	-26.4	-94.0	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE S 121/2.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector monetary financial institutions**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8.0	-0.9	2.6	9.7	-0.8	1.1	9.9	-0.2	1.7	11.5
Currency	2.0	0.2	0.0	2.2	0.2	0.0	2.4	-0.1	-0.1	2.2
Transferable deposits	54.0	20.2	3.5	77.7	76.5	-5.8	148.5	33.0	-7.6	174.0
Other deposits	261.3	17.0	12.4	290.6	33.7	-10.8	313.4	91.5	-9.9	395.0
Bills and short term bonds	18.3	0.7	0.5	19.5	-2.4	-0.3	16.8	1.1	-0.6	17.4
Long terms bonds	177.5	10.9	3.7	192.1	24.2	-6.7	209.5	103.9	-5.2	308.3
Financial derivatives	-18.2	1.2	2.0	-14.9	2.2	2.7	-10.1	1.6	6.1	-2.4
Short term loans	222.0	25.1	3.3	250.5	29.5	-4.5	275.5	50.0	-7.8	317.6
Long term loans	696.0	63.3	4.0	763.4	48.0	-4.1	807.3	32.7	-6.0	834.0
Shares and other equities	53.4	9.6	7.6	70.6	9.5	1.2	81.3	40.4	-0.8	120.9
Other accounts receivable and payable	53.4	25.8	0.4	79.6	-27.4	-0.7	51.5	3.3	-0.1	54.8
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>1527.7</b>	<b>173.2</b>	<b>40.2</b>	<b>1741.1</b>	<b>193.1</b>	<b>-27.9</b>	<b>1906.2</b>	<b>357.3</b>	<b>-30.1</b>	<b>2233.4</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Currency	22.5	0.8	-	23.3	0.5	-	23.8	-0.2	-	23.6
Transferable deposits	226.6	23.7	2.9	253.2	50.0	-4.0	299.2	25.0	-8.3	315.9
Savings deposits (in euro's)	197.7	13.0	0.0	210.7	11.0	-	221.7	17.8	-0.3	239.3
Other deposits	542.7	49.6	18.6	610.9	117.9	-17.6	711.1	161.8	-32.6	840.2
Bills and short term bonds	36.7	-5.4	-	31.4	1.1	-	32.4	8.7	-1.4	39.8
Long terms bonds	257.7	57.0	-1.4	313.3	30.4	-9.9	333.8	27.6	-10.8	350.6
Short term loans	23.8	2.3	0.0	26.0	-14.5	0.0	11.5	56.8	0.0	68.4
Long term loans	86.1	4.6	1.5	92.2	-0.1	-0.9	91.1	36.3	-1.3	126.1
Shares and other equities	88.6	2.7	13.5	104.8	-1.1	8.5	112.3	12.5	37.9	162.7
Other accounts receivable and payable	76.4	22.1	-0.1	98.4	-3.7	-0.3	94.3	11.1	-0.1	105.3
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1558.7</b>	<b>170.5</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>1764.2</b>	<b>191.5</b>	<b>-24.3</b>	<b>1931.3</b>	<b>357.4</b>	<b>-17.1</b>	<b>2271.7</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-31.0</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>-23.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-3.6</b>	<b>-25.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-13.1</b>	<b>-38.3</b>

**TABLE S 125.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector insurance corporations and pension funds**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	7.6	1.7	0.0	9.4	0.7	0.6	10.7	1.1	-0.1	11.7
Other deposits	22.4	1.6	0.4	24.4	11.2	0.1	35.7	1.9	-0.3	37.3
Bills and short term bonds	0.3	-0.3	-	0.0	2.3	0.8	3.1	0.0	0.1	3.2
Long terms bonds	343.4	33.9	13.0	390.3	34.1	-14.1	410.3	13.4	0.6	424.3
Financial derivatives	11.0	-1.3	-5.1	4.6	2.0	1.6	8.1	-7.6	0.1	0.7
Short term loans	5.7	3.2	-	9.0	3.1	0.0	12.1	1.6	-	13.6
Long term loans	81.2	-4.6	-0.9	75.7	-3.9	1.2	73.0	-2.3	-0.1	70.6
Shares and other equities	337.9	21.7	69.5	429.2	-5.6	49.7	473.3	2.3	13.6	489.2
Other insurance technical reserves	5.0	0.5	-0.7	4.8	0.1	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.6	5.5
Other accounts receivable and payable	21.5	0.8	0.0	22.3	6.3	5.3	33.9	4.6	-0.1	38.4
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>836.2</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>969.6</b>	<b>50.3</b>	<b>45.1</b>	<b>1065.1</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>1094.7</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long terms bonds	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	-	0.5
Short term loans	9.3	5.2	2.2	16.7	22.9	-0.3	39.3	-15.1	0.0	24.3
Long term loans	9.2	0.2	0.0	9.4	-0.3	0.2	9.3	3.2	0.3	12.8
Shares and other equities	37.7	-0.1	4.3	41.9	2.1	3.4	47.5	-5.0	-3.0	39.4
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves	752.7	32.3	75.8	860.8	25.5	29.3	915.7	24.4	22.4	962.5
Other insurance technical reserves	31.8	4.0	0.1	35.9	-7.2	4.5	33.2	-2.3	0.1	30.9
Other accounts receivable and payable	20.4	9.6	-0.3	29.7	3.4	3.1	36.2	6.6	-0.1	42.7
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>861.7</b>	<b>51.3</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>995.0</b>	<b>46.4</b>	<b>40.3</b>	<b>1081.7</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>1113.1</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-25.5</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>-5.8</b>	<b>-25.4</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>-16.7</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>-5.1</b>	<b>-18.4</b>



2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-0.1	1.1	12.4	-0.1	8.1	20.4	-0.0	6.0	26.4	-0.2	3.4	29.6	Monetary gold and special drawing rights
0.4	-0.0	2.7	-0.5	0.0	2.1	-0.3	-	1.8	1.1	-	3.0	Currency
-33.3	2.5	143.1	-11.2	-0.2	131.7	-6.8	3.3	128.2	-2.5	0.5	126.2	Transferable deposits
-30.1	3.4	368.3	-51.6	-0.9	315.8	-17.8	6.8	304.8	76.3	3.5	384.6	Other deposits
-5.1	0.2	12.6	1.2	-0.0	13.7	-4.2	0.3	9.8	-4.4	0.0	5.4	Bills and short term bonds
63.8	-0.4	371.7	49.6	2.0	423.2	2.9	2.4	428.4	-26.6	3.6	405.5	Long terms bonds
8.2	-45.3	-39.4	1.1	9.4	-28.9	10.0	-5.7	-24.6	8.9	-27.5	-43.3	Financial derivatives
-12.1	2.8	308.3	21.9	-0.9	329.4	-0.1	5.8	335.0	157.3	1.7	494.0	Short term loans
2.5	2.9	839.5	14.4	-2.1	851.7	63.9	0.0	915.7	30.9	2.1	948.7	Long term loans
-24.5	-22.9	73.5	3.9	0.8	78.2	2.1	1.7	81.9	5.9	-0.1	87.7	Shares and other equities
-4.5	0.0	50.3	22.7	-0.0	73.0	-13.6	0.0	59.4	-9.2	-0.0	50.2	Other accounts receivable and payable
-34.9	-55.7	2142.9	51.5	16.1	2210.4	35.9	20.5	2266.8	237.4	-12.8	2491.5	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
0.3	0.0	23.9	-1.4	-	22.5	-1.3	-	21.2	-1.9	0.0	19.3	Currency
-38.2	2.6	280.2	50.5	-0.7	330.1	47.1	5.3	382.5	44.7	2.7	429.9	Transferable deposits
19.8	-	259.0	17.8	-	276.9	11.1	-	287.9	14.5	-	302.5	Savings deposits (in euro's)
-27.3	10.5	823.4	-60.3	-3.6	759.5	-14.8	14.3	759.0	130.4	6.0	895.4	Other deposits
13.4	-0.2	53.0	30.6	-0.3	83.3	5.9	2.4	91.5	22.8	1.1	115.5	Bills and short term bonds
-15.9	4.7	339.3	47.6	-2.3	384.6	33.8	11.9	430.4	11.0	5.7	447.0	Long terms bonds
19.7	0.0	88.1	-49.8	0.0	38.3	-35.2	-	3.0	0.8	-	3.8	Short term loans
-8.7	0.4	117.8	-3.5	-0.0	114.3	30.6	1.1	146.0	-2.5	0.5	144.1	Long term loans
10.9	-76.8	96.8	8.7	6.3	111.8	-2.7	11.7	120.8	-0.6	-3.5	116.7	Shares and other equities
1.5	0.2	106.9	8.0	0.0	114.9	-46.0	-0.3	68.6	9.6	0.5	78.8	Other accounts receivable and payable
-24.6	-58.6	2188.5	48.2	-0.7	2236.0	28.5	46.4	2310.9	228.9	13.0	2552.9	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-10.3	3.0	-45.6	3.3	16.7	-25.6	7.4	-25.9	-44.1	8.5	-25.8	-61.4	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Currency
6.6	0.1	18.4	-7.7	-0.1	10.6	1.6	0.0	12.3	3.0	-0.0	15.3	Transferable deposits
-1.1	0.1	36.3	-1.9	-0.0	34.4	-3.1	0.1	31.4	-4.4	-0.0	27.0	Other deposits
3.9	-	7.1	0.2	0.0	7.3	-0.0	-0.0	7.2	0.8	0.0	8.0	Bills and short term bonds
-3.5	-18.4	402.4	-71.1	22.0	353.2	4.3	6.0	363.5	16.0	15.2	394.8	Long terms bonds
16.4	26.9	44.0	-20.5	-11.3	12.2	-0.3	4.4	16.4	-3.6	44.4	57.1	Financial derivatives
22.6	-0.3	35.9	-10.3	0.0	25.6	15.1	-0.5	40.3	0.3	0.1	40.7	Short term loans
-3.8	0.1	66.9	-0.7	0.2	66.4	4.9	0.5	71.9	3.0	0.0	74.9	Long term loans
28.8	-180.7	337.3	126.8	63.8	527.9	-10.3	77.1	594.6	20.2	-10.5	604.4	Shares and other equities
2.1	0.1	7.7	-0.3	0.0	7.4	0.1	0.5	8.0	1.9	0.1	10.0	Other Insurance technical reserves
-2.3	0.1	36.2	-2.2	0.0	33.9	-1.0	-1.2	31.7	-3.3	-1.0	27.4	Other accounts receivable and payable
69.6	-172.0	992.2	12.3	74.5	1079.0	11.3	87.0	1177.3	33.9	48.4	1259.6	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bills and short term bonds
-	0.1	0.6	0.6	-0.5	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.5	-0.1	1.3	Long terms bonds
36.4	-0.1	60.7	-6.2	0.0	54.4	-17.7	1.8	38.5	-0.3	0.1	38.3	Short term loans
-2.8	-0.1	9.9	-2.1	0.0	7.8	1.3	-0.0	9.1	0.0	-0.1	9.0	Long term loans
5.5	-9.2	35.7	1.8	2.8	40.3	1.8	5.9	48.1	-0.0	1.0	49.1	Shares and other equities
26.5	-148.9	840.1	21.0	88.7	949.8	13.1	92.9	1055.8	16.0	53.2	1125.0	Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves
4.5	0.3	35.7	-0.2	0.4	36.0	0.4	1.1	37.5	2.7	0.5	40.8	Other Insurance technical reserves
-3.4	-0.0	39.4	-7.0	0.0	32.4	3.9	-0.4	35.9	11.5	0.5	48.0	Other accounts receivable and payable
66.8	-157.8	1022.1	7.9	91.4	1121.4	3.0	101.3	1225.8	30.5	55.2	1311.4	<b>Total liabilities</b>
2.8	-14.3	-29.9	4.4	-16.9	-42.4	8.3	-14.4	-48.5	3.4	-6.8	-51.8	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE S 123/4.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector other financial institutions**

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	0.0	–	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	–0.0	0.0	0.0
Transferable deposits	5.3	2.2	0.0	7.5	–1.2	0.1	6.4	1.6	0.0	8.0
Other deposits	60.1	33.9	1.4	95.4	12.3	–2.2	105.5	31.5	–2.6	134.4
Bills and short term bonds	0.4	–0.3	–	0.1	–0.0	–	0.1	–0.1	–	0.0
Long terms bonds	73.2	7.8	1.2	82.2	–4.8	–2.1	75.2	–8.8	1.6	68.0
Financial derivatives	3.1	–0.1	0.8	3.7	–0.7	4.7	7.8	19.9	2.5	30.1
Short term loans	167.0	–8.2	6.5	165.2	56.1	–0.8	220.6	15.4	2.3	238.3
Long term loans	440.6	46.8	3.8	491.2	67.1	–11.5	546.8	291.4	–11.9	826.2
Shares and other equities	766.8	31.6	94.7	893.1	192.7	–8.3	1077.5	146.2	–18.5	1205.2
Other accounts receivable and payable	33.0	3.5	–1.8	34.7	5.9	2.5	43.2	–1.8	–1.3	40.0
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>1549.5</b>	<b>117.0</b>	<b>106.7</b>	<b>1773.1</b>	<b>327.4</b>	<b>–17.5</b>	<b>2083.0</b>	<b>495.2</b>	<b>–28.0</b>	<b>2550.2</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Other deposits	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bills and short term bonds	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.6	3.5	0.7	4.8	1.4	–0.0	6.2
Long terms bonds	428.1	33.7	6.3	468.2	65.8	–6.2	527.8	150.0	–11.4	666.5
Short term loans	153.3	42.6	7.1	203.0	30.1	–6.8	226.4	72.7	2.0	301.1
Long term loans	233.9	38.5	6.4	278.8	10.6	–5.1	284.3	124.9	–15.0	394.2
Shares and other equities	712.1	–0.1	114.6	826.6	203.4	–3.6	1026.5	147.1	–26.3	1147.3
Other accounts receivable and payable	29.6	2.8	–0.2	32.1	8.9	1.4	42.4	–4.8	–7.2	30.4
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1557.4</b>	<b>117.7</b>	<b>134.2</b>	<b>1809.3</b>	<b>322.5</b>	<b>–19.6</b>	<b>2112.2</b>	<b>491.2</b>	<b>–57.9</b>	<b>2545.5</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–7.9</b>	<b>–0.7</b>	<b>–27.5</b>	<b>–36.2</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>–29.1</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>4.7</b>

**TABLE S 13.1.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector general government (consolidated)**

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	–	0.0
Transferable deposits	4.6	1.5	0.0	6.1	1.2	–0.6	6.7	1.2	0.0	8.0
Other deposits	6.8	4.5	0.1	11.5	–5.0	–0.9	5.6	5.5	–0.3	10.8
Bills and short term bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	–	–	0.0	0.4	–	0.4
Long terms bonds	0.3	–0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	–0.2	0.1	–0.0	–0.0	0.1
Financial derivatives	0.6	–0.1	0.3	0.8	–0.1	–0.4	0.3	–0.1	–1.1	–0.9
Short term loans	0.8	0.7	0.0	1.4	0.3	0.0	1.7	1.0	0.0	2.7
Long term loans	25.2	1.9	0.0	27.1	–0.4	–0.0	26.6	1.7	0.0	28.3
Shares and other equities	42.8	–0.9	6.7	48.6	–4.9	–0.3	43.4	–2.4	7.7	48.6
Other accounts receivable and payable	38.4	–2.0	–0.1	36.3	6.2	–3.3	39.2	–1.4	–0.6	37.3
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>144.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>158.3</b>	<b>–2.8</b>	<b>–7.8</b>	<b>147.8</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>163.0</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Currency	0.7	–0.1	0.0	0.6	–0.1	0.0	0.6	–0.0	–	0.6
Bills and short term bonds	17.6	0.2	0.0	17.8	0.2	0.0	17.8	2.8	–	16.5
Long terms bonds	209.7	4.9	0.8	215.4	4.9	0.8	215.4	–5.6	–4.1	191.7
Short term loans	5.3	1.7	0.0	7.0	1.7	0.0	7.0	6.0	0.0	11.8
Long term loans	37.2	1.6	0.2	38.9	1.6	0.2	38.9	0.0	–0.3	38.6
Other accounts receivable and payable	33.4	–1.2	–0.1	32.1	–1.2	–0.1	32.1	1.8	–0.6	35.5
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>328.9</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>338.0</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>338.0</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>–4.4</b>	<b>322.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–184.4</b>	<b>–1.4</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>–179.7</b>	<b>–1.4</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>–179.7</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>–159.3</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	Currency
0.7	0.0	8.6	21.1	0.0	29.8	8.0	0.0	37.7	-0.9	-0.0	36.8	Transferable deposits
-11.8	1.0	123.6	-9.2	-2.1	112.3	-8.9	0.9	104.4	2.1	0.8	107.3	Other deposits
0.1	-0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.6	3.5	0.0	4.1	0.3	0.2	4.5	Bills and short term bonds
-11.0	-5.4	51.6	86.0	-5.9	131.8	-5.0	2.3	129.0	15.5	-1.2	143.4	Long terms bonds
-10.5	16.6	36.3	-11.3	6.4	31.3	-1.2	-3.4	26.7	-0.7	10.4	36.4	Financial derivatives
-2.2	0.9	237.0	33.0	-4.9	265.1	13.8	-7.7	271.2	53.2	-4.4	320.0	Short term loans
82.7	-34.0	874.9	-77.9	10.5	807.5	36.6	32.1	876.2	-30.0	2.4	848.7	Long term loans
75.8	-37.1	1243.9	153.1	100.8	1497.9	-1.4	115.2	1611.6	40.5	-17.5	1634.6	Shares and other equities
2.6	-2.2	40.4	6.5	5.5	52.4	-6.5	-5.6	40.3	-14.7	0.7	26.3	Other accounts receivable and payable
126.4	-60.0	2616.5	201.9	110.3	2928.7	38.9	133.7	3101.4	65.4	-8.6	3158.1	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Other deposits
-3.2	0.0	2.9	-1.8	0.0	1.2	-0.1	-0.0	1.1	-0.1	-0.0	0.9	Bills and short term bonds
83.5	-15.8	734.2	46.9	-11.2	769.8	-31.2	31.6	770.2	-35.4	20.1	754.9	Long terms bonds
10.2	-9.2	302.1	-7.7	-3.2	291.1	-11.6	-5.7	273.8	38.5	0.4	312.7	Short term loans
-24.5	-3.7	366.0	-93.0	12.9	285.9	53.3	28.1	367.2	-36.1	4.9	336.0	Long term loans
63.5	-76.5	1134.2	226.3	86.9	1447.3	1.6	140.8	1589.7	84.3	-40.5	1633.5	Shares and other equities
-1.5	-3.1	25.7	33.4	0.5	59.6	30.7	-5.6	84.7	15.6	0.4	100.8	Other accounts receivable and payable
127.8	-108.3	2565.0	204.1	85.9	2855.0	42.7	189.1	3086.8	66.9	-14.8	3138.9	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-1.4	48.3	51.5	-2.2	24.4	73.7	-3.8	-55.4	14.6	-1.5	6.2	19.2	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	Currency
-0.0	-	8.0	2.3	-	10.3	-1.5	-	8.8	0.1	-	8.9	Transferable deposits
0.1	0.2	11.0	-4.1	-0.0	6.9	-2.0	0.0	4.9	0.1	0.0	5.0	Other deposits
0.1	-	0.5	-0.5	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	0.4	-	0.4	Bills and short term bonds
-0.0	-0.0	0.0	23.1	-1.2	21.9	-1.5	1.3	21.6	-1.9	0.3	20.0	Long terms bonds
-0.2	3.0	1.9	0.1	-2.2	-0.2	0.6	1.7	2.0	0.4	6.8	9.3	Financial derivatives
34.4	-	37.1	-33.7	-	3.4	-0.3	0.0	3.1	-0.0	-	3.1	Short term loans
10.8	-	39.1	6.1	-	45.3	-1.0	0.0	44.2	1.2	-	45.5	Long term loans
37.2	3.5	89.3	-25.0	23.9	88.3	-0.8	-0.3	87.2	-6.3	3.0	83.8	Shares and other equities
5.9	-4.9	40.4	4.2	-0.1	41.9	5.1	-0.0	47.0	0.8	-	47.8	Other accounts receivable and payable
88.3	-	227.5	-27.6	20.3	217.7	-	-	218.9	-5.2	-	223.8	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-0.0	-	0.6	-0.1	-	0.5	-0.1	-	0.4	0.0	-	0.5	Currency
67.1	-	83.6	-26.2	-	57.5	-4.3	-	53.1	-9.9	-	43.3	Bills and short term bonds
7.5	10.4	209.6	13.5	0.1	223.1	30.4	4.6	258.2	25.3	13.9	297.3	Long terms bonds
1.9	-	13.6	-1.6	-	12.1	2.0	-	14.0	5.8	-	19.8	Short term loans
11.7	0.2	50.5	18.0	-2.0	66.5	-4.2	1.3	63.6	1.2	0.2	65.1	Long term loans
-2.7	-5.5	27.3	0.7	-0.1	27.9	4.3	-0.0	32.2	-1.1	-	31.2	Other accounts receivable and payable
85.5	-	385.2	4.4	-2.0	387.7	28.1	5.9	421.6	21.4	-	457.2	<b>Total liabilities</b>
2.9	-3.9	-160.3	-32.0	22.3	-170.0	-29.5	-3.2	-202.8	-26.6	-4.0	-233.4	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE S 13.2.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector general government (not consolidated)**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
Transferable deposits	4.6	1.5	0.0	6.1	1.2	-0.6	6.7	1.2	0.0	8.0
Other deposits	6.8	4.5	0.1	11.5	-5.0	-0.9	5.6	5.5	-0.3	10.8
Bills and short term bonds	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	0.5
Long terms bonds	1.1	0.1	0.0	1.2	-0.0	-0.2	1.0	-0.1	-0.0	0.9
Financial derivatives	0.6	-0.1	0.3	0.8	-0.1	-0.4	0.3	-0.1	-1.1	-0.9
Short term loans	20.6	1.3	0.0	22.0	0.3	-2.1	20.1	4.5	0.0	24.6
Long term loans	27.7	2.0	0.0	29.7	-0.6	-0.0	29.1	1.5	0.0	30.6
Shares and other equities	42.8	-0.9	6.7	48.6	-4.9	-0.3	43.4	-2.4	7.7	48.6
Other accounts receivable and payable	40.1	-1.8	-	38.3	6.3	-3.3	41.3	-1.5	0.0	39.8
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>144.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>158.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>	<b>-7.8</b>	<b>147.8</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>163.0</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Currency	0.7	-0.1	-	0.6	-0.0	-	0.6	-0.0	-	0.6
Bills and short term bonds	17.7	0.2	-	17.9	-4.1	-	13.8	2.8	-	16.6
Long terms bonds	210.6	5.0	0.8	216.3	-5.6	-8.5	202.2	-5.6	-4.1	192.5
Short term loans	25.2	2.4	0.0	27.5	-1.2	-2.1	24.2	9.5	0.0	33.7
Long term loans	39.7	1.7	0.2	41.5	-0.1	-0.1	41.3	-0.2	-0.3	40.9
Other accounts receivable and payable	35.0	-1.0	-	34.0	5.5	-3.2	36.4	1.6	0.0	38.0
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>328.9</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>338.0</b>	<b>-5.6</b>	<b>-13.9</b>	<b>318.5</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>-4.4</b>	<b>322.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-184.4</b>	<b>-1.4</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>-179.7</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>-170.7</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>-159.3</b>

**TABLE S 1311.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector central government (not consolidated)**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0
Transferable deposits	1.5	0.3	-	1.8	0.5	-	2.3	0.8	-	3.1
Other deposits	1.5	5.0	-	6.4	-5.6	-	0.9	3.2	-	4.1
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long terms bonds	0.2	-0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	-0.0	-0.0	0.1
Financial derivatives	0.6	-0.1	0.3	0.8	-0.1	-0.4	0.3	-0.1	-1.1	-0.9
Short term loans	5.9	0.5	0.0	6.4	1.6	0.0	8.0	1.9	0.0	9.9
Long term loans	13.2	2.6	-	15.8	1.1	0.0	16.9	2.4	0.0	19.3
Shares and other equities	35.8	-0.9	6.6	41.5	-4.3	0.4	37.6	-1.1	6.8	43.4
Other accounts receivable and payable	16.1	0.4	-	16.5	3.5	0.0	20.0	0.6	0.0	20.6
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>89.5</b>	<b>-3.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>86.2</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>99.6</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Currency	0.7	-0.1	-	0.6	-0.0	-	0.6	-0.0	-	0.6
Bills and short term bonds	17.7	0.2	-	17.9	-4.1	-	13.8	2.8	-	16.6
Long terms bonds	208.7	5.2	0.7	214.6	-5.3	-8.4	200.8	-5.3	-4.1	191.4
Short term loans	15.8	1.9	0.0	17.7	0.2	0.0	17.9	7.4	-	25.3
Long term loans	6.0	-0.1	0.0	5.9	-0.3	0.0	5.6	-0.1	-	5.5
Other accounts receivable and payable	14.1	0.5	-	14.5	1.7	-0.0	16.2	0.2	0.0	16.5
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>262.9</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>271.3</b>	<b>-7.9</b>	<b>-8.4</b>	<b>255.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>-4.1</b>	<b>256.0</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-188.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>-181.8</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>-168.8</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>-156.4</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	-0.0	-	0.0	-0.0	-	0.0	Currency
-0.0	-	8.0	2.3	-	10.3	-1.5	-	8.8	0.1	-	8.9	Transferable deposits
0.1	0.2	11.0	-4.1	-0.0	6.9	-2.0	0.0	4.9	0.1	0.0	5.0	Other deposits
0.1	-	0.6	-0.5	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	0.5	Bills and short term bonds
0.0	0.0	0.9	23.4	-1.2	23.1	-1.4	1.3	23.0	-2.0	0.4	21.4	Long terms bonds
-0.2	3.0	1.9	0.1	-2.2	-0.2	0.6	1.7	2.0	0.4	6.8	9.3	Financial derivatives
40.2	-	64.8	-28.2	0.0	36.6	-4.5	-0.0	32.0	-0.4	-	31.6	Short term loans
10.7	-	41.3	6.0	-	47.4	-1.6	-0.0	45.8	1.2	-	47.0	Long term loans
37.2	3.5	89.3	-25.0	23.9	88.3	-0.8	-0.3	87.2	-6.3	3.0	83.8	Shares and other equities
6.6	0.0	46.4	5.0	0.0	51.4	5.4	-0.0	56.8	0.9	-	57.7	Other accounts receivable and payable
94.6	6.7	264.3	-21.0	20.4	263.8	-5.7	2.6	260.7	-5.7	10.2	265.2	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-0.0	-	0.6	-0.1	-	0.5	-0.1	-	0.5	0.0	-	0.5	Currency
67.1	-	83.7	-26.2	-	57.6	-4.3	-	53.2	-9.8	-	43.4	Bills and short term bonds
7.5	10.5	210.5	13.8	0.1	224.3	30.6	4.7	259.6	25.2	14.0	298.7	Long terms bonds
7.7	-	41.3	3.9	-	45.3	-2.3	-0.0	43.0	5.4	-	48.3	Short term loans
11.6	0.2	52.6	18.0	-2.0	68.6	-4.7	1.3	65.2	1.2	0.2	66.6	Long term loans
-2.2	0.0	35.8	1.6	0.1	37.5	4.6	-0.0	42.0	-1.0	-	41.1	Other accounts receivable and payable
91.7	10.6	424.6	11.0	-1.9	433.8	23.8	5.8	463.4	20.9	14.2	498.6	<b>Total liabilities</b>
2.9	-3.9	-160.3	-32.0	22.3	-170.0	-29.5	-3.2	-202.8	-26.6	-4.0	-233.4	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	Currency
-0.5	-	2.6	-0.5	-	2.2	0.6	-	2.8	0.0	-	2.8	Transferable deposits
0.5	-	4.6	-3.2	0.0	1.4	-0.4	-	1.0	0.3	-	1.3	Other deposits
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bills and short term bonds
0.0	0.0	0.2	18.4	-2.0	16.5	-3.4	1.3	14.4	-2.6	0.3	12.2	Long terms bonds
-0.2	3.0	1.9	0.1	-2.2	-0.2	0.6	1.7	2.0	0.4	6.8	9.3	Financial derivatives
39.3	-	49.1	-27.1	-	22.0	-3.1	-0.0	18.9	3.4	-	22.3	Short term loans
11.2	-	30.5	-0.7	-	29.8	-0.8	-0.0	29.1	3.1	-	32.1	Long term loans
36.7	2.2	82.3	-7.6	5.6	80.3	-0.5	-0.3	79.4	-5.5	2.3	76.3	Shares and other equities
3.9	0.0	24.5	2.7	-	27.2	2.9	-0.0	30.0	-0.5	-	29.5	Other accounts receivable and payable
90.8	5.3	195.7	-17.9	1.4	179.1	-4.1	2.5	177.6	-1.4	9.5	185.6	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-0.0	-	0.6	-0.1	-	0.5	-0.1	-	0.5	0.0	-	0.5	Currency
67.1	-	83.7	-26.2	-	57.6	-4.3	-	53.2	-9.8	-	43.4	Bills and short term bonds
7.8	10.5	209.8	14.0	0.1	223.8	30.7	4.6	259.2	25.2	14.0	298.3	Long terms bonds
1.7	-	27.0	-4.0	-	23.0	-0.8	-0.0	22.2	2.8	-	25.0	Short term loans
9.9	-	15.5	17.4	-2.0	30.9	-7.5	1.3	24.7	-2.3	0.2	22.6	Long term loans
1.5	0.0	17.9	0.8	-	18.7	0.8	-0.0	19.5	-0.8	-	18.7	Other accounts receivable and payable
88.1	10.5	354.5	1.9	-1.9	354.5	18.9	5.8	379.2	15.1	14.2	408.5	<b>Total liabilities</b>
2.7	-5.2	-158.9	-19.8	3.3	-175.4	-23.0	-3.3	-201.7	-16.5	-4.7	-222.9	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE S 1313.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector local government (not consolidated)**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	–	0.0	0.0	–	0.0	0.0	0.0	–	0.0
Transferable deposits	3.0	0.8	0.0	3.7	0.7	0.0	4.4	0.4	–	4.8
Other deposits	4.3	–0.3	0.1	4.1	0.5	–0.0	4.7	2.2	–0.3	6.5
Bills and short term bonds	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.4	–	0.5
Long terms bonds	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.8	–0.0	0.0	0.8	–0.0	–0.0	0.7
Short term loans	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	2.8
Long term loans	14.5	–0.6	0.0	13.9	–1.6	0.0	12.3	–1.0	0.0	11.3
Shares and other equities	5.3	–0.5	0.0	4.8	–0.6	1.5	5.8	–1.3	0.8	5.3
Other accounts receivable and payable	13.3	–1.7	–	11.6	0.8	0.0	12.5	–1.3	0.0	11.2
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>–1.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>41.0</b>	<b>–0.2</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>42.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>43.1</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Bills and short term bonds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Long terms bonds	1.9	–0.2	0.0	1.8	–0.3	–0.1	1.4	–0.3	–0.0	1.1
Short term loans	4.1	–0.2	0.0	3.9	–0.3	0.0	3.7	0.4	0.0	4.1
Long term loans	33.6	1.8	0.1	35.5	0.2	–0.0	35.7	–0.1	–0.3	35.3
Other accounts receivable and payable	11.1	–1.8	–	9.3	0.4	0.0	9.7	1.5	0.0	11.2
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>50.8</b>	<b>–0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>50.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>–0.1</b>	<b>50.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>–0.3</b>	<b>51.7</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–8.7</b>	<b>–0.9</b>	<b>–0.0</b>	<b>–9.6</b>	<b>–0.3</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>–8.2</b>	<b>–1.2</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>–8.5</b>

**TABLE S 1314.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sector social security funds (not consolidated)**

	2005			2006			2007			
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	–	0.0	–	0.0	–0.0	0.0	–	–	–	–
Transferable deposits	0.1	0.5	–	0.6	0.0	–0.6	0.0	–0.0	0.0	0.0
Other deposits	1.0	–0.1	0.0	0.9	0.0	–0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
Bills and short term bonds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Long terms bonds	0.2	–0.0	–	0.2	–	–0.2	–	–	–	–
Short term loans	13.8	–0.1	0.0	13.7	–1.3	–2.1	10.3	1.7	0.0	12.0
Long term loans	0.0	–0.0	–	0.0	–	–0.0	0.0	0.0	–	0.0
Shares and other equities	1.7	0.5	0.1	2.2	–	–2.2	–	–	–	–
Other accounts receivable and payable	10.7	–0.5	–	10.2	2.0	–3.3	8.9	–0.8	0.0	8.1
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>–9.4</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>20.3</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Bills and short term bonds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Short term loans	5.2	0.7	–	5.9	–1.2	–2.1	2.6	1.7	0.0	4.3
Long term loans	0.0	0.0	–	0.1	–	–0.1	–	–	–	–
Other accounts receivable and payable	9.9	0.3	–	10.2	3.4	–3.2	10.4	–0.0	0.0	10.4
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>–5.4</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>14.6</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>–0.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>–1.5</b>	<b>–4.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>–0.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>5.6</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	-0.0	-	0.0	-0.0	-	0.0	Currency
0.5	-	5.3	2.8	-	8.1	-2.1	-	6.0	0.1	-	6.1	Transferable deposits
-0.3	0.2	6.4	-1.0	-0.0	5.4	-1.6	0.0	3.8	-0.2	0.0	3.6	Other deposits
0.1	-	0.6	-0.5	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	0.5	Bills and short term bonds
0.0	-	0.7	5.1	0.7	6.5	2.0	0.1	8.6	0.6	0.1	9.3	Long terms bonds
-0.4	-	2.3	0.3	-	2.7	1.0	-	3.7	0.4	-	4.0	Short term loans
-0.5	-	10.8	6.7	-	17.5	-0.8	-	16.7	-1.9	-	14.8	Long term loans
0.5	1.3	7.1	-17.4	18.3	8.0	-0.3	-	7.8	-0.8	0.6	7.5	Shares and other equities
2.2	-	13.3	1.5	-	14.9	1.5	0.0	16.4	1.4	-	17.8	Other accounts receivable and payable
2.0	1.4	46.6	-2.5	19.0	63.2	-0.1	0.1	63.2	-0.1	0.7	63.8	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bills and short term bonds
-0.4	-0.0	0.7	-0.2	0.0	0.6	-0.2	0.0	0.4	-0.0	-	0.4	Long terms bonds
1.5	-	5.6	1.2	-	6.8	1.1	-	8.0	-0.5	-	7.4	Short term loans
1.7	0.2	37.2	0.6	-0.0	37.7	2.8	0.0	40.5	3.4	0.0	44.0	Long term loans
1.9	0.0	13.1	-0.4	-	12.7	1.0	0.0	13.6	0.0	-	13.7	Other accounts receivable and payable
4.7	0.2	56.6	1.2	-0.0	57.8	4.7	0.0	62.5	2.9	0.0	65.5	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-2.7	1.3	-10.0	-3.7	19.1	5.4	-4.9	0.0	0.6	-3.0	0.7	-1.7	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Currency
0.0	-	0.0	-0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	Transferable deposits
-0.0	-	0.1	0.0	-	0.1	-0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	Other deposits
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bills and short term bonds
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long terms bonds
1.3	-	13.3	-1.4	0.0	11.9	-2.4	-	9.5	-4.2	-	5.3	Short term loans
-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	Long term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Shares and other equities
0.5	-	8.6	0.8	0.0	9.4	0.9	-	10.3	-0.0	-	10.3	Other accounts receivable and payable
1.8	-	22.1	-0.6	0.0	21.5	-1.5	-	19.9	-4.2	-	15.8	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bills and short term bonds
4.5	-	8.7	6.7	-	15.4	-2.7	-	12.8	3.1	-	15.9	Short term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long term loans
-5.6	-	4.8	1.2	0.1	6.1	2.8	-	8.9	-0.2	-	8.7	Other accounts receivable and payable
-1.1	-	13.5	7.9	0.1	21.5	0.2	-	21.7	2.9	-	24.5	<b>Total liabilities</b>
2.9	-	8.5	-8.5	-0.1	-0.0	-1.7	-	-1.7	-7.0	-	-8.8	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE S 14/5.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the sectors households and non-profit institutions serving households**

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	18.2	1.0	–	19.2	3.5	–	22.8	4.3	–	27.1
Transferable deposits	50.7	3.3	0.0	54.1	1.8	0.0	55.8	3.0	–0.0	58.8
Savings deposits (in euro's)	197.7	13.0	–	210.7	11.0	–	221.7	17.8	–0.3	239.3
Other deposits	23.6	–0.5	1.0	24.1	0.5	–0.2	24.4	0.9	0.0	25.3
Bills and short term bonds	–	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	–0.0	0.1	0.1	–0.0	0.1
Long terms bonds	45.3	3.9	1.1	50.3	0.7	–1.9	49.1	2.3	–2.1	49.2
Financial derivatives	0.0	0.0	–0.0	0.0	–0.0	–0.3	–0.3	0.0	–0.0	–0.3
Short term loans	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.7
Long term loans	1.9	0.3	–0.0	2.2	0.4	0.0	2.6	0.0	–0.0	2.6
Shares and other equities	218.2	–5.7	13.2	225.8	–2.4	13.5	236.9	–10.5	16.5	243.0
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves	851.6	25.7	29.0	906.2	25.7	29.0	906.2	25.7	29.0	906.2
Other Insurance technical reserves	20.7	2.8	1.5	25.0	–7.5	4.7	22.1	–2.2	–0.5	19.4
Other accounts receivable and payable	21.1	3.7	–0.2	24.6	7.6	–0.0	32.2	–3.8	0.0	28.3
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>1341.9</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>91.3</b>	<b>1487.8</b>	<b>41.4</b>	<b>44.8</b>	<b>1573.9</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>35.5</b>	<b>1646.4</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Short term loans	22.9	2.7	0.0	25.6	2.1	0.5	28.2	–2.0	–0.1	26.2
Long term loans	506.6	53.7	–0.2	560.1	46.0	0.9	606.9	42.5	–0.4	649.0
Other accounts receivable and payable	4.7	0.3	–	5.1	0.2	–0.0	5.3	0.1	–	5.4
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>534.2</b>	<b>56.6</b>	<b>–0.1</b>	<b>590.7</b>	<b>48.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>640.5</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>–0.5</b>	<b>680.6</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>807.6</b>	<b>–2.1</b>	<b>91.5</b>	<b>897.0</b>	<b>–7.0</b>	<b>43.4</b>	<b>933.4</b>	<b>–3.5</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>965.9</b>

**TABLE S 2.4**  
**Financial balance sheets of the rest of the world with the Netherlands**

	2005				2006			2007		
	Opening balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Financial transactions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	1.3	–0.6	0.0	0.7	–0.7	0.0	–	–	–	–
Transferable deposits	56.4	9.3	2.4	68.1	36.0	–3.4	100.7	18.4	–7.5	111.6
Savings deposits (in euro's)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other deposits	388.0	14.8	16.7	419.4	82.8	–16.3	486.0	113.2	–30.7	568.5
Bills and short term bonds	42.7	–6.3	0.0	36.4	1.3	0.0	37.7	13.3	–1.3	49.6
Long terms bonds	740.8	78.0	8.2	827.1	78.0	–17.8	887.3	71.8	–22.3	936.8
Financial derivatives	3.4	0.5	1.7	5.6	–3.4	–7.1	–4.9	–14.0	–7.4	–26.3
Short term loans	161.2	17.6	2.9	181.7	70.5	–4.7	247.5	59.0	–0.0	306.4
Long term loans	265.1	45.7	8.4	319.1	–9.5	–6.6	303.0	143.9	–10.6	436.3
Shares and other equities	887.4	51.9	149.8	1089.1	218.7	25.1	1332.8	86.4	50.3	1469.4
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves	9.4	–0.3	1.1	10.2	–0.3	0.3	10.1	–0.3	0.4	10.2
Other accounts receivable and payable	39.7	2.7	10.7	53.1	9.1	–4.8	57.4	2.7	–3.5	56.6
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>2595.5</b>	<b>213.2</b>	<b>201.8</b>	<b>3010.4</b>	<b>482.5</b>	<b>–35.3</b>	<b>3457.6</b>	<b>494.2</b>	<b>–32.8</b>	<b>3919.1</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8.0	–0.9	2.6	9.7	–0.8	1.1	9.9	–0.2	1.7	11.5
Currency	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.5	0.0	2.6	4.5	–0.1	7.0
Transferable deposits	44.0	16.7	3.0	63.7	74.4	–5.7	132.4	28.8	–7.6	153.6
Other deposits	295.1	22.6	13.2	330.9	39.1	–12.1	357.9	101.9	–12.1	447.8
Bills and short term bonds	16.0	0.2	0.6	16.7	0.8	–0.2	17.3	2.0	–0.5	18.8
Long terms bonds	457.6	42.8	17.7	518.2	43.8	–18.0	543.9	13.0	–1.2	555.8
Short term loans	264.5	6.6	2.3	273.4	94.7	–5.4	362.7	22.1	–7.2	377.6
Long term loans	477.6	32.3	17.1	526.9	50.6	–10.5	566.9	246.2	–7.2	805.9
Shares and other equities	1135.8	120.4	93.5	1349.7	229.6	34.8	1614.1	118.7	2.2	1735.1
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves	0.9	–0.0	–	0.9	–0.2	–0.1	0.7	–0.0	0.0	0.7
Other accounts receivable and payable	52.4	9.8	–1.1	61.1	–4.5	–0.0	56.5	5.7	2.5	64.7
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>2752.1</b>	<b>250.3</b>	<b>148.7</b>	<b>3151.1</b>	<b>529.9</b>	<b>–16.2</b>	<b>3664.8</b>	<b>542.6</b>	<b>–29.2</b>	<b>4178.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>–156.6</b>	<b>–37.1</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>–140.7</b>	<b>–47.4</b>	<b>–19.1</b>	<b>–207.2</b>	<b>–48.4</b>	<b>–3.6</b>	<b>–259.2</b>



2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
3.9	0.0	30.9	2.2	-	33.1	2.7	-	35.9	1.4	-	37.3	Currency
-1.5	-	57.3	0.4	-	57.7	-0.5	0.0	57.2	2.7	0.0	59.9	Transferable deposits
19.8	-	259.0	17.8	-	276.9	11.1	-	287.9	14.5	-	302.5	Savings deposits (in euro's)
-0.3	0.9	25.9	0.2	0.9	27.0	-0.1	1.4	28.3	0.0	0.8	29.1	Other deposits
-0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.0	0.1	-0.0	-0.0	0.1	Bills and short term bonds
2.8	-7.7	44.3	-1.9	2.8	45.2	-2.8	1.5	43.9	-3.6	-1.2	39.1	Long terms bonds
0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Financial derivatives
0.2	-	0.9	-0.1	-	0.8	0.1	-	0.9	-0.1	-0.0	0.9	Short term loans
0.1	-	2.7	-0.0	-	2.7	0.0	-	2.7	6.7	0.0	9.4	Long term loans
-2.7	-65.2	175.1	2.7	36.0	213.8	-0.6	14.5	227.7	-12.0	-14.9	200.8	Shares and other equities
26.8	-147.0	832.7	21.7	88.0	942.4	13.1	92.8	1048.3	16.4	51.9	1116.6	Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves
1.2	0.2	20.8	-0.1	0.4	21.1	0.5	0.8	22.4	0.3	0.3	23.0	Other Insurance technical reserves
-17.3	2.1	13.2	-0.5	-	12.6	0.1	-	12.7	0.8	-	13.6	Other accounts receivable and payable
32.9	-216.5	1462.9	42.4	128.0	1633.3	23.8	110.9	1768.0	27.2	37.0	1832.1	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-1.0	0.0	25.2	-0.9	-0.0	24.2	-0.4	-0.2	23.7	-1.2	-0.4	22.1	Short term loans
34.1	-0.1	683.1	26.3	-0.3	709.0	23.4	-0.1	732.3	14.4	-0.3	746.3	Long term loans
5.2	-	10.6	15.0	-	25.6	6.3	0.1	32.0	10.0	-0.1	41.9	Other accounts receivable and payable
38.2	-0.0	718.8	40.3	-0.3	758.8	29.4	-0.2	788.0	23.1	-0.8	810.3	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-5.3	-216.4	744.1	2.0	128.3	874.5	-5.6	111.1	980.0	4.1	37.8	1021.8	<b>Financial net worth</b>

2008			2009			2010*			2011*			
Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	Finan- cial trans- actions	Other changes	Closing balance sheet	
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>												
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Currency
-33.4	2.3	80.5	17.6	-0.7	97.4	30.8	4.6	132.8	44.6	2.4	179.8	Transferable deposits
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Savings deposits (in euro's)
-86.0	10.6	493.1	-49.5	-3.4	440.2	18.1	13.8	472.0	1.8	5.5	479.3	Other deposits
72.2	0.2	122.0	3.2	-0.4	124.8	1.4	2.4	128.6	12.0	1.2	141.8	Bills and short term bonds
15.3	5.6	957.7	64.7	-19.4	1002.9	23.7	46.9	1073.5	-6.5	34.0	1101.0	Long terms bonds
-11.4	-1.7	-39.4	28.2	-3.2	-14.3	-8.2	5.2	-17.3	-5.4	-31.6	-54.3	Financial derivatives
13.7	-12.4	307.7	-39.9	-2.4	265.3	-30.3	-3.6	231.4	8.1	3.2	242.6	Short term loans
-7.3	-0.6	428.4	-91.7	8.8	345.4	23.1	30.0	398.5	-21.9	13.2	389.7	Long term loans
55.2	-148.3	1376.4	56.7	121.2	1554.3	26.0	139.2	1719.5	66.3	-11.9	1773.9	Shares and other equities
-0.3	-1.8	8.0	-0.7	0.7	8.0	0.0	0.1	8.2	-0.4	1.3	9.1	Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves
-0.9	1.5	57.2	13.0	2.3	72.5	9.5	-2.2	79.8	59.1	4.4	143.4	Other accounts receivable and payable
17.0	-144.6	3791.5	1.4	103.6	3896.6	94.0	236.4	4227.1	157.7	21.5	4406.3	<b>Total financial assets</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
-0.1	1.1	12.4	-0.1	8.1	20.4	-0.0	6.0	26.4	-0.2	3.4	29.6	Monetary gold and special drawing rights
4.2	0.0	11.2	3.1	0.0	14.3	3.9	-	18.2	3.9	-0.0	22.1	Currency
-25.2	2.6	131.0	-10.6	-0.3	120.1	-10.0	3.3	113.3	-5.7	0.5	108.1	Transferable deposits
-89.7	5.8	363.9	-60.7	-2.5	300.6	-1.4	8.7	307.9	-51.7	4.6	260.7	Other deposits
-6.2	0.2	12.8	2.4	-0.0	15.2	-1.6	0.2	13.8	-3.2	0.2	10.8	Bills and short term bonds
-11.3	-23.5	521.0	36.3	14.9	572.1	-21.3	12.4	563.2	-4.6	8.7	567.2	Long terms bonds
-2.6	-2.2	372.7	40.1	-5.4	407.4	72.4	-1.9	477.9	182.6	-1.5	659.1	Short term loans
69.3	-26.0	849.2	-92.4	10.3	767.1	16.3	34.4	817.7	5.1	16.5	839.3	Long term loans
118.0	-116.8	1736.3	107.4	154.4	1998.1	52.8	157.2	2208.0	68.3	-10.9	2265.4	Shares and other equities
-	-	0.7	-	-	0.7	-	-	0.7	-	-	0.7	Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserves
-12.7	5.5	57.5	-6.7	7.2	58.0	10.4	7.2	63.3	9.9	-0.3	72.9	Other accounts receivable and payable
43.7	-153.5	4068.4	18.8	186.6	4273.9	121.3	215.3	4610.4	204.3	21.0	4835.8	<b>Total liabilities</b>
-26.6	8.9	-276.9	-17.4	-83.0	-377.3	-27.3	21.2	-383.4	-46.6	0.5	-429.5	<b>Financial net worth</b>

**TABLE SN 1**  
**Non-financial balance sheets by type of capital good and sectors**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>BY TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD</b>							
Fixed assets	1 651 478	1 728 575	1 798 658	1 888 254	1 949 521	1 989 858	1 975 246
Dwellings	800 898	849 177	886 682	931 418	972 116	991 201	959 799
Non-residential buildings	321 192	333 394	344 708	361 622	378 601	386 414	386 643
Civil engineering works	270 636	281 330	294 045	310 790	314 150	327 618	341 342
Transport equipment	44 429	45 652	46 973	48 477	47 159	46 132	46 136
passenger cars and other vehicles	25 140	25 912	27 198	27 733	25 394	23 612	23 754
trains and trams	4 320	4 454	4 521	4 775	5 216	5 366	5 343
ships	9 130	9 465	9 941	10 686	10 838	11 280	11 760
aircraft	5 839	5 821	5 313	5 283	5 711	5 874	5 279
Machinery and equipment	146 156	148 218	152 406	158 626	160 758	162 412	164 144
Computers	11 421	11 768	12 628	12 504	12 385	12 257	12 068
Other tangible fixed assets	24 155	24 895	26 416	28 327	28 700	28 371	28 590
Software	12 377	13 394	14 649	15 875	15 627	15 382	15 215
Other intangible fixed assets	17 031	17 781	17 046	17 482	16 944	17 100	17 968
Cultivated assets	3 183	2 966	3 105	3 133	3 081	2 971	3 341
Inventories	72 972	76 387	86 547	89 031	87 413	95 059	99 673
Land	1 036 850	1 097 549	1 180 385	1 231 942	1 145 482	1 104 581	1 098 609
Land underlying dwellings	838 910	892 890	957 279	991 482	910 216	871 143	875 453
Land underlying non-residential buildings	138 192	143 150	153 473	157 976	148 444	146 261	137 613
Land under cultivation	59 748	61 509	69 633	82 484	86 822	87 177	85 543
Subsoil assets	109 557	133 063	148 952	177 393	174 988	171 576	161 111
Oil and gas reserves	103 119	127 444	143 813	171 958	168 771	163 929	151 852
Other subsoil assets	6 438	5 619	5 139	5 435	6 217	7 647	9 259
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>2 870 857</b>	<b>3 035 574</b>	<b>3 214 542</b>	<b>3 386 620</b>	<b>3 357 404</b>	<b>3 361 074</b>	<b>3 334 639</b>
Durable consumer goods	146 493	149 367	154 143	158 040	156 687	156 008	155 621
Textiles and clothing	15 464	16 049	16 880	17 245	17 298	17 629	17 814
Leather goods and footwear	3 693	3 835	3 898	3 881	3 851	3 833	3 923
Home furnishing	36 984	37 323	37 989	38 976	38 902	38 208	37 882
Household appliances	19 604	20 126	20 987	21 881	21 954	22 230	22 239
Household articles	12 160	12 273	12 683	13 024	13 103	12 995	13 133
Vehicles	36 491	37 193	37 981	38 234	37 392	37 362	37 167
Other durable consumer goods	22 097	22 568	23 725	24 799	24 187	23 751	23 463
<b>NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS BY SECTORS</b>							
Non-financial corporations	988 794	1 029 503	1 082 630	1 127 142	1 119 867	1 128 375	1 125 671
Financial corporations	60 794	60 211	57 537	57 662	56 184	49 872	49 862
General government	464 819	503 245	537 449	586 813	590 650	600 639	598 080
Households	1 353 945	1 440 058	1 534 278	1 612 290	1 588 003	1 579 491	1 558 370
Non-profit institutions serving households	2 505	2 557	2 648	2 713	2 699	2 699	2 657



**TABLE SN 2 (continued)**  
**Changes in non-financial balance sheets by type of capital good**

	Closing balance sheet 2004	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2005
<i>mln euro</i>						
Fixed assets	1 599 876	30 469	21 133	–	–	1 651 478
Dwellings	765 060	18 916	16 857	65	–	800 898
Non-residential buildings	312 934	6 910	1 413	– 65	–	321 192
Civil engineering works	265 451	2 673	2 512	–	–	270 636
Transport equipment	43 969	829	– 369	–	–	44 429
passenger cars and other vehicles	24 762	354	24	–	–	25 140
trains and trams	4 102	57	161	–	–	4 320
ships	9 147	163	– 180	–	–	9 130
aircraft	5 958	255	– 374	–	–	5 839
Machinery and equipment	145 434	1 453	– 731	–	–	146 156
Computers	11 250	– 1 211	1 382	–	–	11 421
Other tangible fixed assets	23 714	205	236	–	–	24 155
Software	11 763	219	395	–	–	12 377
Other intangible fixed assets	17 229	337	– 535	–	–	17 031
Cultivated assets	3 072	138	– 27	–	–	3 183
Transfer costs of ground	–	–	–	–	–	–
Inventories	69 995	1 291	184	12	1 490	72 972
Land	984 677	45 836	–	6 337	–	1 036 850
Land underlying dwellings	791 754	40 630	–	6 526	–	838 910
Land underlying non-residential buildings	132 243	5 868	–	81	–	138 192
Land under cultivation	60 680	– 662	–	– 270	–	59 748
Subsoil assets	99 180	13 897	–	– 3 520	–	109 557
Oil and gas reserves	92 043	14 643	–	– 3 567	–	103 119
Other subsoil assets	7 137	– 746	–	47	–	6 438
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>2 753 728</b>	<b>91 493</b>	<b>21 317</b>	<b>2 829</b>	<b>1 490</b>	<b>2 870 857</b>
Durable consumer goods	145 664	– 627	1 456	–	–	146 493
Textiles and clothing	15 540	– 258	182	–	–	15 464
Leather goods and footwear	3 698	– 49	44	–	–	3 693
Home furnishing	36 968	268	– 252	–	–	36 984
Household appliances	19 538	– 853	919	–	–	19 604
Household articles	12 096	– 39	103	–	–	12 160
Vehicles	35 923	423	145	–	–	36 491
Other durable consumer goods	21 901	– 119	315	–	–	22 097
<i>mln euro</i>						
	Closing balance sheet 2005	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2006
<i>mln euro</i>						
Fixed assets	1 651 478	49 471	27 626	–	–	1 728 575
Dwellings	800 898	29 144	19 057	78	–	849 177
Non-residential buildings	321 192	10 660	1 620	– 78	–	333 394
Civil engineering works	270 636	7 907	2 787	–	–	281 330
Transport equipment	44 429	542	681	–	–	45 652
passenger cars and other vehicles	25 140	253	519	–	–	25 912
trains and trams	4 320	23	111	–	–	4 454
ships	9 130	181	154	–	–	9 465
aircraft	5 839	85	– 103	–	–	5 821
Machinery and equipment	146 156	1 255	807	–	–	148 218
Computers	11 421	– 1 132	1 479	–	–	11 768
Other tangible fixed assets	24 155	340	400	–	–	24 895
Software	12 377	296	721	–	–	13 394
Other intangible fixed assets	17 031	632	118	–	–	17 781
Cultivated assets	3 183	– 173	– 44	–	–	2 966
Transfer costs of ground	–	–	–	–	–	–
Inventories	72 972	1 786	1 597	8	24	76 387
Land	1 036 850	52 779	–	7 920	–	1 097 549
Land underlying dwellings	838 910	46 208	–	7 772	–	892 890
Land underlying non-residential buildings	138 192	4 800	–	158	–	143 150
Land under cultivation	59 748	1 771	–	– 10	–	61 509
Subsoil assets	109 557	29 981	–	– 6 475	–	133 063
Oil and gas reserves	103 119	30 879	–	– 6 554	–	127 444
Other subsoil assets	6 438	– 898	–	79	–	5 619
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>2 870 857</b>	<b>134 017</b>	<b>29 223</b>	<b>1 453</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3 035 574</b>
Durable consumer goods	146 493	– 403	3 277	–	–	149 367
Textiles and clothing	15 464	– 13	598	–	–	16 049
Leather goods and footwear	3 693	34	108	–	–	3 835
Home furnishing	36 984	171	168	–	–	37 323
Household appliances	19 604	– 800	1 322	–	–	20 126
Household articles	12 160	34	79	–	–	12 273
Vehicles	36 491	311	391	–	–	37 193
Other durable consumer goods	22 097	– 140	611	–	–	22 568

**TABLE SN 2 (continued)**  
**Changes in non-financial balance sheets by type of capital good**

	Closing balance sheet 2006	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2007
<i>mln euro</i>						
Fixed assets	1 728 575	37 996	32 087	–	–	1 798 658
Dwellings	849 177	16 645	20 770	90	–	886 682
Non-residential buildings	333 394	7 820	3 584	– 90	–	344 708
Civil engineering works	281 330	9 886	2 829	–	–	294 045
Transport equipment	45 652	713	608	–	–	46 973
passenger cars and other vehicles	25 912	333	953	–	–	27 198
trains and trams	4 454	49	18	–	–	4 521
ships	9 465	201	275	–	–	9 941
aircraft	5 821	130	– 638	–	–	5 313
Machinery and equipment	148 218	2 316	1 872	–	–	152 406
Computers	11 768	– 726	1 586	–	–	12 628
Other tangible fixed assets	24 895	447	1 074	–	–	26 416
Software	13 394	525	730	–	–	14 649
Other intangible fixed assets	17 781	261	– 996	–	–	17 046
Cultivated assets	2 966	109	30	–	–	3 105
Transfer costs of ground	–	–	–	–	–	–
Inventories	76 387	1 879	2 456	24	5 801	86 547
Land	1 097 549	725 29	–	10 307	–	1 180 385
Land underlying dwellings	892 890	55 507	–	8 882	–	957 279
Land underlying non-residential buildings	143 150	9 521	–	802	–	153 473
Land under cultivation	61 509	7 501	–	623	–	69 633
Subsoil assets	1 330 63	21 836	–	– 5 947	–	14 895 2
Oil and gas reserves	127 444	22 346	–	– 5 977	–	143 813
Other subsoil assets	5 619	– 510	–	30	–	5 139
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>3 035 574</b>	<b>134 240</b>	<b>34 543</b>	<b>4 384</b>	<b>5 801</b>	<b>3 214 542</b>
Durable consumer goods	149 367	473	4 303	–	–	154 143
Textiles and clothing	16 049	93	738	–	–	16 880
Leather goods and footwear	3 835	17	46	–	–	3 898
Home furnishing	37 323	475	191	–	–	37 989
Household appliances	20 126	– 964	1 825	–	–	20 987
Household articles	12 273	367	43	–	–	12 683
Vehicles	37 193	259	529	–	–	37 981
Other durable consumer goods	22 568	226	931	–	–	23 725
<i>mln euro</i>						
	Closing balance sheet 2007	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2008
Fixed assets	1 798 658	53 315	36 281	–	–	1 888 254
Dwellings	886 682	23 853	20 828	55	–	931 418
Non-residential buildings	344 708	12 320	4 649	– 55	–	361 622
Civil engineering works	294 045	13 126	3 619	–	–	310 790
Transport equipment	46 973	205	1 299	–	–	48 477
passenger cars and other vehicles	27 198	– 326	861	–	–	27 733
trains and trams	4 521	137	117	–	–	4 775
ships	9 941	178	567	–	–	10 686
aircraft	5 313	216	– 246	–	–	5 283
Machinery and equipment	152 406	3 512	2 708	–	–	158 626
Computers	12 628	– 1 322	1 198	–	–	12 504
Other tangible fixed assets	26 416	643	1 268	–	–	28 327
Software	14 649	312	914	–	–	15 875
Other intangible fixed assets	17 046	631	– 195	–	–	17 482
Cultivated assets	3 105	35	– 7	–	–	3 133
Transfer costs of ground	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stocks	86 547	3 088	– 136	1	– 469	89 031
Land	1 180 385	45 408	–	6 148	–	1 231 942
Land underlying dwellings	957 279	28 718	–	5 484	–	991 482
Land underlying non-residential buildings	153 473	3 602	–	901	–	157 976
Land under cultivation	69 633	13 088	–	– 237	–	82 484
Subsoil assets	14 895 2	30 761	–	– 2 320	–	17 739 3
Oil and gas reserves	143 813	30 379	–	– 2 234	–	171 958
Other subsoil assets	5 139	382	–	– 86	–	5 435
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>3 214 542</b>	<b>132 572</b>	<b>36 145</b>	<b>3 829</b>	<b>– 469</b>	<b>3 386 620</b>
Durable consumer goods	154 143	263	3 634	–	–	158 040
Textiles and clothing	16 880	– 108	473	–	–	17 245
Leather goods and footwear	3 898	– 35	18	–	–	3 881
Home furnishing	37 989	1 093	– 106	–	–	38 976
Household appliances	20 987	– 794	1 688	–	–	21 881
Household articles	12 683	284	57	–	–	13 024
Vehicles	37 981	– 309	562	–	–	38 234
Other durable consumer goods	23 725	132	942	–	–	24 799

**TABLE SN 2 (continued)**  
**Changes in non-financial balance sheets by type of capital good and sectors**

	Closing balance sheet 2008	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2009
<i>mln euro</i>						
Fixed assets	1 888 254	40 700	20 567	-	-	1 949 521
Dwellings	931 418	25 348	15 273	77	-	972 116
Non-residential buildings	361 622	13 803	3 253	- 77	-	378 601
Civil engineering works	310 790	- 185	3 545	-	-	314 150
Transport equipment	48 477	212	- 1 530	-	-	47 159
passenger cars and other vehicles	27 733	- 81	- 2 258	-	-	25 394
trains and trams	4 775	191	250	-	-	5 216
ships	10 686	- 50	202	-	-	10 838
aircraft	5 283	152	276	-	-	5 711
Machinery and equipment	158 626	1 513	619	-	-	160 758
Computers	12 504	- 793	674	-	-	12 385
Other tangible fixed assets	28 327	671	- 298	-	-	28 700
Software	15 875	- 30	- 218	-	-	15 627
Other intangible fixed assets	17 482	148	- 686	-	-	16 944
Cultivated assets	3 133	13	- 65	-	-	3 081
Transfer costs of ground	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	89 031	- 2 755	- 3 388	17	4 508	87 413
Land	1 231 942	- 95 861	-	9 401	-	1 145 482
Land underlying dwellings	991 482	- 89 888	-	8 622	-	910 216
Land underlying non-residential buildings	157 976	- 12 125	-	2 593	-	148 444
Land under cultivation	82 484	6 152	-	- 1 814	-	86 822
Subsoil assets	177 393	- 7 544	-	5 139	-	174 988
Oil and gas reserves	171 958	- 8 920	-	5 733	-	168 771
Other subsoil assets	5 435	1 376	-	- 594	-	6 217
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>3 386 620</b>	<b>- 65 460</b>	<b>17 179</b>	<b>14 557</b>	<b>4 508</b>	<b>3 357 404</b>
Durable consumer goods	158 040	- 690	- 663	-	-	156 687
Textiles and clothing	17 245	- 148	201	-	-	17 298
Leather goods and footwear	3 881	17	- 47	-	-	3 851
Home furnishing	38 976	554	- 628	-	-	38 902
Household appliances	21 881	- 932	1 005	-	-	21 954
Household articles	13 024	211	- 132	-	-	13 103
Vehicles	38 234	- 242	- 600	-	-	37 392
Other durable consumer goods	24 799	- 150	- 462	-	-	24 187
<i>mln euro</i>						
	Closing balance sheet 2009	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2010*
Fixed assets	1 949 521	27 713	12 624	-	-	1 989 858
Dwellings	972 116	8 472	10 588	25	-	991 201
Non-residential buildings	378 601	7 239	599	- 25	-	386 414
Civil engineering works	314 150	9 665	3 803	-	-	327 618
Transport equipment	47 159	192	- 1 219	-	-	46 132
passenger cars and other vehicles	25 394	- 371	- 1 411	-	-	23 612
trains and trams	5 216	21	129	-	-	5 366
ships	10 838	150	292	-	-	11 280
aircraft	5 711	392	- 229	-	-	5 874
Machinery and equipment	160 758	2 158	- 504	-	-	162 412
Computers	12 385	- 608	480	-	-	12 257
Other tangible fixed assets	28 700	310	- 639	-	-	28 371
Software	15 627	191	- 436	-	-	15 382
Other intangible fixed assets	16 944	132	24	-	-	17 100
Cultivated assets	3 081	- 38	- 72	-	-	2 971
Transfer costs of ground	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	87 413	3 833	3 828	4	- 19	95 059
Land	1 145 482	- 46 716	-	5 815	-	1 104 581
Land underlying dwellings	910 216	- 45 364	-	6 291	-	871 143
Land underlying non-residential buildings	148 444	- 2 192	-	9	-	146 261
Land under cultivation	86 822	840	-	- 485	-	87 177
Subsoil assets	174 988	- 1 508	-	- 1 904	-	171 576
Oil and gas reserves	168 771	- 3 355	-	- 1 487	-	163 929
Other subsoil assets	6 217	1 847	-	- 417	-	7 647
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>3 357 404</b>	<b>- 16 678</b>	<b>16 452</b>	<b>3 915</b>	<b>- 19</b>	<b>3 361 074</b>
Durable consumer goods	156 687	- 398	- 281	-	-	156 008
Textiles and clothing	17 298	84	247	-	-	17 629
Leather goods and footwear	3 851	31	- 49	-	-	3 833
Home furnishing	38 902	32	- 726	-	-	38 208
Household appliances	21 954	- 505	781	-	-	22 230
Household articles	13 103	- 15	- 93	-	-	12 995
Vehicles	37 392	- 273	243	-	-	37 362
Other durable consumer goods	24 187	248	- 684	-	-	23 751

**TABLE SN 2 (end)**  
**Changes in non-financial balance sheets by type of capital good and sectors**

	Closing balance sheet 2010*	Revalu- ation	Capital accumu- lation	Other changes	Statistical discrepancy	Closing balance sheet 2011*
<i>mln euro</i>						
Fixed assets	1 989 858	- 32 414	17 802	-	-	1 975 246
Dwellings	991 201	- 43 078	11 605	71	-	959 799
Non-residential buildings	386 414	- 601	901	- 71	-	386 643
Civil engineering works	327 618	9 809	3 915	-	-	341 342
Transport equipment	46 132	- 175	179	-	-	46 136
passenger cars and other vehicles	23 612	- 176	318	-	-	23 754
trains and trams	5 366	- 30	7	-	-	5 343
ships	11 280	299	181	-	-	11 760
aircraft	5 874	- 268	- 327	-	-	5 279
Machinery and equipment	162 412	996	736	-	-	164 144
Computers	12 257	- 563	374	-	-	12 068
Other tangible fixed assets	28 371	533	- 314	-	-	28 590
Software	15 382	- 145	- 22	-	-	15 215
Other intangible fixed assets	17 100	364	504	-	-	17 968
Cultivated assets	2 971	446	- 76	-	-	3 341
Transfer costs of ground	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	95 059	2 374	2 221	19	-	99 673
Land	1 104 581	- 10 710	-	4 738	-	1 098 609
Land underlying dwellings	871 143	- 2 209	-	6 519	-	875 453
Land underlying non-residential buildings	146 261	- 8 734	-	86	-	137 613
Land under cultivation	87 177	233	-	- 1 867	-	85 543
Subsoil assets	171 576	- 953	-	- 9 512	-	161 111
Oil and gas reserves	163 929	- 2 757	-	- 9 320	-	151 852
Other subsoil assets	7 647	1 804	-	- 192	-	9 259
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>3 361 074</b>	<b>- 41 701</b>	<b>20 021</b>	<b>- 4 755</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3 334 639</b>
Durable consumer goods	156 008	412	- 799	-	-	155 621
Textiles and clothing	17 629	188	- 3	-	-	17 814
Leather goods and footwear	3 833	58	32	-	-	3 923
Home furnishing	38 208	570	- 896	-	-	37 882
Household appliances	22 230	- 555	564	-	-	22 239
Household articles	12 995	261	- 123	-	-	13 133
Vehicles	37 362	- 380	185	-	-	37 167
Other durable consumer goods	23 751	270	- 558	-	-	23 463

## 7. (Sub)sector typically detail data

**TABLE D 1.1**  
**Taxes**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
Value added tax (VAT)	36 950	39 888	42 873	43 221	40 086	42 654	41 610
Wage tax	27 573	31 646	37 729	40 636	47 044	46 102	47 226
Corporation tax	17 069	17 907	18 552	18 814	11 604	12 782	12 409
Excise duties	9 327	9 860	10 013	10 516	10 696	11 120	11 268
Environmental taxes	7 046	7 649	6 990	8 089	8 343	8 517	8 412
Motor vehicle tax (incl. eurovignet)	3 573	3 860	4 096	4 509	4 869	5 209	5 180
Taxes on passenger cars and motorcycles (BPM)	3 148	3 452	3 647	3 236	2 145	2 096	1 978
Real estate transfer tax	4 252	4 566	4 925	4 375	2 745	2 785	1 935
Property tax	3 594	2 558	2 684	2 792	2 936	3 046	3 128
Dividend tax	4 472	4 454	4 062	4 292	2 317	3 089	2 834
Import duties	1 265	1 437	1 679	1 800	1 518	1 845	2 122
Income tax	3 651	3 517	2 294	- 142	535	2 076	- 533
Capital taxes 1)	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Tax on net wealth of individuals	60	- 6	30	20	25	23	11
Insurance premium tax	743	752	807	795	849	861	1 020
Other	2 236	1 917	2 208	2 388	2 354	2 180	2 312
<b>Taxes</b>	<b>126 669</b>	<b>135 268</b>	<b>144 471</b>	<b>147 137</b>	<b>139 883</b>	<b>146 102</b>	<b>142 450</b>
Taxes on production and imports	66 292	70 859	74 333	75 719	70 147	73 568	72 038
Current taxes on income and wealth	58 667	62 598	68 256	69 622	67 919	70 817	68 874
Capital transfers 1)	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Paid by:							
Residents	125 039	133 413	142 933	145 577	139 259	145 259	141 469
Rest of the world	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	843	981
Received by:							
General government	124 042	132 332	141 040	143 575	137 576	143 208	139 569
Rest of the world	2 627	2 936	3 431	3 562	2 307	2 894	2 881

1) Capital taxes are non-periodic current taxes on wealth. They are shown as capital transfers paid by households to general government.

**TABLE D 1.2**  
**Taxes on production and imports**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>ON PRODUCTS</b>							
Value added tax (VAT)	36 950	39 888	42 873	43 221	40 086	42 654	41 610
o.w. transfer of VAT to the EU	734	923	975	903	229	196	289
Import duties to the EU	1 265	1 437	1 679	1 800	1 518	1 845	2 122
EU levies on food products	418	348	345	377	302	137	220
Excise duties	9 327	9 860	10 013	10 516	10 696	11 120	11 268
Motor spirits	3 835	3 982	4 010	4 049	4 028	4 086	4 054
Other mineral oils	2 585	2 836	2 965	3 176	3 369	3 573	3 691
Tobacco	2 000	2 144	2 136	2 360	2 318	2 437	2 527
Alcohol	373	321	335	328	306	331	314
Other excise duties	534	577	567	603	675	693	682
Tax on non-alcoholic beverages etc.	149	152	155	158	158	156	159
Energy levies	4 128	4 545	3 789	4 624	4 597	4 606	4 408
Taxes on passenger cars and motorcycles (BPM)	3 148	3 452	3 647	3 236	2 145	2 096	1 978
Tax on lotteries and gambling	99	103	109	174	222	221	238
Real estate transfer tax	4 252	4 566	4 925	4 375	2 745	2 785	1 935
Insurance premium tax	743	752	807	795	849	861	1 020
Tax on capital	214	114	43	20	6	-	- 5
Stock exchange tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Taxes on products</b>	<b>60 693</b>	<b>65 217</b>	<b>68 385</b>	<b>69 296</b>	<b>63 324</b>	<b>66 481</b>	<b>64 953</b>
<b>OTHER</b>							
Property tax	2 552	2 558	2 684	2 792	2 936	3 046	3 128
Motor vehicle tax (incl. Eurovignet)	787	829	891	959	1 034	1 131	1 104
Environmental taxes	1 110	1 185	1 182	1 347	1 540	1 578	1 575
Sewerage charges	155	198	211	209	222	206	215
Levies on water pollution	365	381	369	364	309	319	332
Polder-board levies	505	515	516	535	666	695	688
Other environmental taxes	85	91	86	239	343	358	340
Other	1 150	1 070	1 191	1 325	1 313	1 332	1 278
<b>Other taxes on production</b>	<b>5 599</b>	<b>5 642</b>	<b>5 948</b>	<b>6 423</b>	<b>6 823</b>	<b>7 087</b>	<b>7 085</b>
<b>Taxes on production and imports</b> (paid by residents)	<b>66 292</b>	<b>70 859</b>	<b>74 333</b>	<b>75 719</b>	<b>70 147</b>	<b>73 568</b>	<b>72 038</b>
Received by:							
General government	63 875	68 151	71 214	72 498	68 073	71 363	69 401
Rest of the world (EU)	2 417	2 708	3 119	3 221	2 074	2 205	2 637



**TABLE D 1.3**  
**Current taxes on income and wealth**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>ON INCOME</b>							
Corporation tax	17 069	17 907	18 552	18 814	11 604	12 782	12 409
Wage tax	27 573	31 646	37 729	40 636	47 044	46 102	47 226
Income tax	3 651	3 517	2 294	- 142	535	2 076	- 533
Dividend tax	4 472	4 454	4 062	4 292	2 317	3 089	2 834
Tax on lotteries and gambling	85	93	138	159	222	221	237
A once-only benefit due to the liquidation of holding companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Current taxes on income</b>	<b>52 850</b>	<b>57 617</b>	<b>62 775</b>	<b>63 759</b>	<b>61 722</b>	<b>64 270</b>	<b>62 173</b>
<b>ON WEALTH</b>							
Property tax	1 042	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax on net wealth of individuals	60	- 6	30	20	25	23	11
Motor vehicle tax	2 786	3 031	3 205	3 550	3 835	4 078	4 076
Environmental taxes	1 808	1 919	2 019	2 118	2 206	2 333	2 429
Sewerage charges	731	816	883	954	1 024	1 096	1 148
Levies on water pollution	832	841	869	885	779	808	842
Polder-board levies	245	262	267	279	403	429	439
Other	121	37	227	175	131	113	185
<b>Current taxes on wealth</b>	<b>5 817</b>	<b>4 981</b>	<b>5 481</b>	<b>5 863</b>	<b>6 197</b>	<b>6 547</b>	<b>6 701</b>
<b>Current taxes on income and wealth</b>	<b>58 667</b>	<b>62 598</b>	<b>68 256</b>	<b>69 622</b>	<b>67 919</b>	<b>70 817</b>	<b>68 874</b>
Paid by:							
Non-financial corporations	12 084	12 598	13 779	14 957	8 427	10 350	9 715
Financial institutions	5 206	5 546	5 084	4 193	3 425	3 036	2 955
Households	39 747	42 599	47 855	48 912	55 443	56 588	55 223
Rest of the world 1)	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	843	981
Received by:							
General government	58 457	62 370	67 944	69 281	67 686	70 128	68 630
Rest of the world 1)	210	228	312	341	233	689	244

1) Concerns the dividend tax from and to the rest of the world.

**TABLE D 11**  
**Specification of transactions of non-financial corporations by owner**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>FOREIGN CONTROLLED NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	72 365	78 791	84 228	82 997	94 399	101 250	.
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	10 075	10 937	11 386	11 857	11 937	12 128	.
Compensation of employees (-)	38 312	39 889	42 810	42 238	51 402	51 847	.
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	47	62	28	42	- 127	- 253	.
Difference imputed and paid VAT	67	17	- 62	49	439	- 81	.
Operating surplus (net)	23 998	27 920	29 942	28 909	31 626	37 447	.
Property income (received)	8 244	11 499	12 565	10 622	10 032	11 527	.
Interest	3 917	5 193	6 768	7 792	5 324	5 530	.
Dividends	5 823	3 705	4 965	2 680	4 426	5 176	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 1 500	2 595	830	147	281	821	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	4	6	2	3	1	1	.
Property income (paid) (-)	24 135	20 872	28 220	30 986	24 282	30 777	.
Interest	5 862	6 982	9 715	9 958	7 128	6 706	.
Dividends	19 116	10 521	17 138	19 047	13 762	16 547	.
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	289	259	312	338	338	366	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 2 300	1 452	- 471	- 873	1 259	5 209	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	1 168	1 658	1 526	2 516	1 795	1 949	.
Primary income (net)	8 107	18 547	14 287	8 545	17 376	18 197	.
<b>NATIONAL PRIVATE NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	171 962	180 467	192 920	206 914	187 647	190 287	.
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	25 177	25 485	26 530	27 629	28 876	29 091	.
Compensation of employees (-)	101 512	106 467	112 624	122 781	122 050	121 918	.
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	899	831	267	392	- 305	- 136	.
Difference imputed and paid VAT	205	53	- 193	155	1 059	- 153	.
Operating surplus (net)	44 579	47 737	53 306	56 267	38 084	39 261	.
Property income (received)	30 702	33 484	41 964	40 942	21 712	36 877	.
Interest	7 568	9 236	8 982	8 931	6 331	6 573	.
Dividends	28 443	19 653	27 358	30 051	11 614	20 463	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 5 321	4 584	5 609	1 946	3 752	9 824	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	12	11	15	14	15	16	.
Property income (paid) (-)	36 064	41 895	44 140	45 048	31 425	35 605	.
Interest	10 329	12 089	12 946	15 103	11 272	10 603	.
Dividends	21 548	20 391	22 543	20 526	13 965	16 790	.
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	815	689	832	901	902	951	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	81	4 313	3 758	1 824	512	2 076	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	3 291	4 413	4 061	6 694	4 774	5 185	.
Primary income (net)	39 217	39 326	51 130	52 161	28 371	40 532	.
<b>PUBLIC NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	42 835	44 954	48 056	49 961	40 883	38 936	.
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	5 016	5 077	5 285	5 504	5 212	5 152	.
Compensation of employees (-)	31 171	32 693	34 584	36 000	28 461	27 930	.
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	- 200	99	156	228	- 48	- 34	.
Difference imputed and paid VAT	80	21	- 76	61	167	- 20	.
Operating surplus (net)	6 928	7 106	7 955	8 290	7 426	5 868	.
Property income (received)	685	648	746	781	733	784	.
Interest	252	308	300	299	390	405	.
Dividends	408	282	393	432	286	315	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	25	58	53	50	57	64	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	.
Property income (paid) (-)	4 922	5 165	5 561	5 759	4 159	4 508	.
Interest	1 658	1 941	2 079	2 426	1 736	1 633	.
Dividends	3 026	2 863	3 165	2 881	2 082	2 503	.
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	43	36	43	47	47	41	.
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	20	90	58	49	40	55	.
Income from land and subsoil assets	175	235	216	356	254	276	.
Primary income (net)	2 691	2 589	3 140	3 312	4 000	2 144	.
<b>TOTAL NON FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	287 162	304 212	325 204	339 872	322 929	330 473	341 368
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	40 268	41 499	43 201	44 990	46 025	46 371	46 249
Compensation of employees (-)	170 995	179 049	190 018	201 020	201 913	201 695	207 349
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	746	992	451	662	- 480	- 423	- 86
Difference imputed and paid VAT	352	91	- 331	266	1 665	- 254	640
Operating surplus (net)	75 505	82 763	91 203	93 466	77 136	82 576	88 496
Property income (received)	39 631	45 631	55 275	52 344	32 477	49 188	55 249
Interest	11 737	14 737	16 050	17 021	12 045	12 508	14 552
Dividends	34 674	23 640	32 716	33 163	16 326	25 954	27 863
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 6 796	7 237	6 492	2 143	4 090	10 709	12 817
Income from land and subsoil assets	16	17	17	17	16	17	17
Property income (paid) (-)	65 121	67 932	77 921	81 793	59 866	70 891	67 339
Interest	17 849	21 012	24 740	27 487	20 136	18 942	20 091
Dividends	43 690	33 775	42 846	42 454	29 809	35 841	29 728
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	1 147	984	1 187	1 286	1 287	1 358	1 428
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 2 199	5 855	3 345	1 000	1 811	7 340	7 347
Income from land and subsoil assets	4 634	6 306	5 803	9 566	6 823	7 410	8 745
Primary income (net)	50 015	60 462	68 557	64 017	49 747	60 873	76 406
Value added (gross, basic prices)	<i>% total non-financial corporations</i>						
Foreign controlled non-financial corporations	25.2	25.9	25.9	24.4	29.2	30.6	.
National private non-financial corporations	59.9	59.3	59.3	60.9	58.1	57.6	.
Public non-financial corporations	14.9	14.8	14.8	14.7	12.7	11.8	.

**TABLE D 12**  
**Specification of transactions of financial corporations by owner**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<b>FOREIGN CONTROLLED NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
	<i>mln euro</i>						
Value added (gross, basic prices)	6 578	6 707	7 387	7 031	1 558	4 086	3 248
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	1 448	1 423	1 458	1 934	1 037	1 108	1 012
Compensation of employees (-)	3 412	3 574	4 301	4 810	2 362	2 930	2 830
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	60	48	58	53	24	20	46
Operating surplus (net)	1 658	1 662	1 570	234	- 1 865	28	- 640
Property income (received)	80 863	97 089	140 342	136 154	101 568	125 610	113 632
Interest	27 827	35 420	49 096	63 385	35 376	31 463	31 507
Dividends	45 084	67 311	88 809	75 325	74 283	97 170	70 874
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	22	45	22	21	10	16	10
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	7 930	- 5 687	2 415	- 2 577	- 8 101	- 3 039	11 241
Income from land and subsoil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property income (paid) (-)	79 048	95 656	137 874	136 718	97 838	121 763	110 501
Interest	24 771	37 730	48 149	61 056	30 749	31 565	27 104
Dividends	56 352	33 265	56 447	61 306	57 552	77 747	50 603
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	2	1	1	2	1	2	-
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 7 114	19 796	29 089	10 755	8 050	10 960	30 926
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	5 034	4 862	4 186	3 596	1 483	1 484	1 864
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	2	2	3	3	5	4
Primary income (net)	3 473	3 095	4 038	- 330	1 865	3 875	2 491
<b>NATIONAL PRIVATE NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	26 140	23 310	20 505	20 121	28 085	30 834	30 338
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	3 111	3 175	3 217	2 426	2 480	2 732	2 603
Compensation of employees (-)	11 914	12 762	13 007	11 604	11 472	11 625	12 010
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	259	187	209	192	181	189	199
Operating surplus (net)	10 856	7 186	4 072	5 899	13 952	16 288	15 526
Property income (received)	75 222	105 856	119 079	110 913	70 717	59 605	70 627
Interest	56 304	75 724	91 639	91 926	60 179	50 993	57 005
Dividends	15 294	22 797	22 591	21 532	12 822	8 620	10 462
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	144	92	114	109	123	173	167
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	3 477	7 240	4 735	- 2 654	- 2 407	- 181	2 993
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	3	-	-	-	-	-
Property income (paid) (-)	80 240	101 936	118 750	116 435	81 014	71 107	78 972
Interest	43 185	60 879	74 201	73 988	51 367	44 464	48 810
Dividends	12 652	13 942	17 519	16 685	8 110	8 686	8 686
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	6	7	7	6	7	6	4
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	283	2 819	- 43	- 891	- 293	- 51	723
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	24 090	24 264	27 040	26 622	21 797	17 977	20 721
Income from land and subsoil assets	24	25	26	25	26	25	28
Primary income (net)	5 838	11 106	4 401	377	3 655	4 786	7 181
<b>PUBLIC NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	1 119	1 060	715	1 993	7 033	7 421	7 641
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	50	49	61	488	1 340	758	698
Compensation of employees (-)	291	270	295	1 128	3 332	2 805	2 671
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	- 36	- 24	- 21	- 1	44	19	19
Operating surplus (net)	814	765	380	378	2 317	3 839	4 253
Property income (received)	4 278	5 363	7 901	6 100	18 315	15 371	19 147
Interest	4 220	5 263	7 818	12 976	19 335	13 940	16 374
Dividends	47	59	58	227	1 040	829	2 188
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	1	1	-	1	2	2	1
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	10	40	25	- 7 104	- 2 062	600	584
Income from land and subsoil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property income (paid) (-)	4 922	5 443	7 388	12 591	23 307	17 832	19 080
Interest	4 121	4 863	6 444	10 913	20 747	15 142	17 751
Dividends	793	579	943	1 329	1 608	1 741	488
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	8	1	1	349	952	950	842
Income from land and subsoil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary income (net)	170	685	893	- 6 113	- 2 675	1 378	4 320
<b>TOTAL FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	33 837	31 077	28 607	29 145	36 676	42 341	41 227
Consumption of fixed capital (-)	4 609	4 647	4 736	4 848	4 857	4 598	4 313
Compensation of employees (-)	15 617	16 606	17 603	17 542	17 166	17 360	17 511
Taxes less subsidies on products (-)	283	211	246	244	249	228	264
Operating surplus (net)	13 328	9 613	6 022	6 511	14 404	20 155	19 139
Property income (received)	160 363	208 308	267 322	253 167	190 600	200 586	203 406
Interest	88 351	116 407	148 553	168 287	114 890	96 396	104 886
Dividends	60 425	90 167	111 458	97 084	88 145	106 619	83 524
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	167	138	136	131	135	191	178
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	11 417	1 593	7 175	- 12 335	- 12 570	- 2 620	14 818
Income from land and subsoil assets	3	3	-	-	-	-	-
Property income (paid) (-)	164 210	203 035	264 012	265 744	202 159	210 702	208 553
Interest	72 077	103 472	128 794	145 957	102 863	91 171	93 665
Dividends	69 797	47 786	74 909	79 320	67 270	88 174	59 777
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	8	8	8	8	8	8	4
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	- 6 831	22 615	29 046	9 864	7 757	10 908	31 648
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	29 132	29 127	31 227	30 567	24 232	20 411	23 427
Income from land and subsoil assets	27	27	28	28	29	30	32
Primary income (net)	9 481	14 886	9 332	- 6 066	2 845	10 039	13 992
Value added (gross, basic prices)	<i>% total financial corporations</i>						
Foreign controlled non-financial corporations	19.4	21.6	25.8	24.1	4.2	9.7	7.9
National private non-financial corporations	77.3	75.0	71.7	69.1	76.6	72.8	73.6
Public non-financial corporations	3.3	3.4	2.5	6.8	19.2	17.5	18.5

**TABLE D 123/4**  
**Transactions of the sector other financial institutions excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Output (basic prices)	10 947	10 953	10 405	9 732	17 552	19 092	17 371
Output of imputed bank services	3 078	2 171	1 061	795	8 514	9 556	7 716
Other market output	7 729	8 632	9 217	8 838	8 951	9 437	9 556
Own-account capital formation	140	150	127	99	87	99	99
Property income	18 364	33 659	39 597	37 095	21 152	20 849	24 413
Interest	8 688	14 621	21 575	26 353	17 653	16 426	17 494
Dividends	8 078	14 490	15 197	13 875	6 203	4 998	4 035
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	104	112	110	104	108	164	166
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	1 494	4 436	2 715	-3 237	-2 812	-739	2 718
Social contributions	22	21	19	20	20	38	20
Imputed social contributions	22	21	19	20	20	38	20
Other current transfers	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Non-life insurance claims	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Capital transfers	19	41	31	33	38	41	40
Other capital transfers	19	41	31	33	38	41	40
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>29 374</b>	<b>44 694</b>	<b>50 065</b>	<b>46 892</b>	<b>38 774</b>	<b>40 031</b>	<b>41 853</b>
<b>USES</b>							
Intermediate consumption	3 988	4 161	4 147	4 531	5 995	6 388	6 515
Other taxes on production	96	80	104	116	125	140	145
Other subsidies on production (-)	102	81	82	81	81	109	87
Compensation of employees	3 885	4 218	4 372	4 511	4 454	4 284	4 324
Wages and salaries	3 061	3 326	3 477	3 566	3 526	3 361	3 361
Employers' social contributions	824	892	895	945	928	923	963
Property income	20 619	28 534	35 666	36 347	29 076	28 203	28 212
Interest	10 247	15 214	21 601	25 978	23 056	20 820	19 456
Dividends	10 035	10 335	14 415	11 433	6 351	7 403	7 811
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	8	8	8	8	8	8	-
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	314	2 962	-374	-1 088	-356	-45	927
Income from land and subsoil assets	15	15	16	16	17	17	18
Current taxes on income and wealth	671	606	697	542	342	244	244
Current taxes on income	671	606	697	542	342	244	244
Social benefits (in cash)	22	21	19	20	20	38	20
Unfunded employee social benefits	22	21	19	20	20	38	20
Other current transfers	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Non-life insurance premiums	22	20	13	12	12	11	9
Other current transfers n.e.c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital transfers	-	-	-	720	300	85	-
Other capital transfers	-	-	-	720	300	85	-
Capital formation (gross)	319	983	1 169	820	679	1 929	2 762
Gross fixed capital formation	319	983	1 169	820	679	1 929	2 762
Consumption of fixed capital	801	810	881	996	1 051	1 114	1 215
Net fixed capital formation	-482	173	288	-176	-372	815	1 547
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	-29	31	-15	-47	-29	2 022	143
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>29 491</b>	<b>38 573</b>	<b>46 090</b>	<b>47 491</b>	<b>40 893</b>	<b>43 235</b>	<b>42 287</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Value added (gross, basic prices)	6 959	6 792	6 258	5 201	11 557	12 704	10 856
Operating surplus (net)	2 279	1 765	983	-341	6 008	7 275	5 270
Primary income (net)	24	6 890	4 914	407	-1 916	-79	1 471
Disposable income (net)	-647	6 284	4 217	-135	-2 258	-323	1 227
Saving (net)	-647	6 284	4 217	-135	-2 258	-323	1 227
Net saving and capital transfers	-628	6 325	4 248	-822	-2 520	-367	1 267
Net lending/net borrowing (=change in financial net worth)	-117	6 121	3 975	-599	-2 119	-3 204	-423
Total net worth (opening balance sheet)	-39 134	-53 366	-66 255	-32 325	5 260	5 145	-9 089
Changes in financial net worth (=net lending/net borrowing)	-117	6 121	3 975	-599	-2 119	-3 204	-423
Total other changes in net worth	-14 115	-19 010	29 955	38 184	2 004	-11 030	6 816
Total net worth (closing balance sheet)	-53 366	-66 255	-32 325	5 260	5 145	-9 089	-2 696

**TABLE D 123/4 (continued)**  
**Transactions of the sector other financial institutions excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>OPENING BALANCE SHEET</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	18	20	24	2	3	17	135
Transferable deposits	5 266	7 468	6 393	7 957	8 628	29 756	37 709
Other deposits	32 642	62 799	69 727	79 218	80 644	71 485	57 365
Bills and short term bonds	431	121	94	39	127	560	4 060
Long terms bonds	48 014	54 108	54 411	37 406	25 144	114 691	110 634
Financial derivatives	1 889	1 527	469	642	1 798	- 1 055	- 2 370
Short term loans	18 522	19 165	24 057	24 571	29 670	47 934	32 577
Long term loans	167 974	206 107	247 544	327 702	387 622	402 973	428 760
Shares and other equities	166 434	203 123	228 676	302 450	195 135	353 337	413 460
Other accounts receivable and payable	10 298	13 510	17 327	17 372	19 622	21 579	16 863
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>451 488</b>	<b>567 948</b>	<b>648 722</b>	<b>797 359</b>	<b>748 393</b>	<b>1 041 277</b>	<b>1 099 193</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	385	608	4 826	6 177	2 935	1 207	1 099
Long terms bonds	124 163	168 075	209 086	308 438	371 536	388 666	369 665
Short term loans	57 247	86 545	79 151	88 086	104 467	97 494	111 059
Long term loans	82 551	92 047	108 336	81 622	68 409	89 305	105 842
Shares and other equities	213 647	257 880	293 562	325 942	179 745	426 892	456 567
Other accounts receivable and payable	12 629	16 159	20 016	19 419	16 041	32 568	64 050
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>490 622</b>	<b>621 314</b>	<b>714 977</b>	<b>829 684</b>	<b>743 133</b>	<b>1 036 132</b>	<b>1 108 282</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACCOUNT</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	2	4	- 22	1	14	118	-
Transferable deposits	2 188	- 1 151	1 562	671	21 128	7 953	- 916
Other deposits	29 519	6 841	10 181	1 336	- 9 159	- 14 120	24 965
Bills and short term bonds	- 310	- 27	- 55	89	423	3 500	287
Long terms bonds	5 570	1 534	- 18 507	- 12 337	88 300	- 5 390	13 382
Financial derivatives	- 700	- 1 117	- 35	236	- 2 927	1 370	- 2 480
Short term loans	- 1 405	3 729	505	4 627	18 255	- 15 361	14 758
Long term loans	37 838	43 522	80 791	59 513	15 057	25 853	- 18 584
Shares and other equities	- 4 330	9 996	86 021	- 1 931	111 937	31 498	20 423
Other accounts receivable and payable	5 126	1 937	247	2 256	1 934	- 4 716	- 13 535
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>73 498</b>	<b>65 268</b>	<b>160 688</b>	<b>54 461</b>	<b>244 962</b>	<b>30 705</b>	<b>38 300</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	223	3 491	1 352	- 3 242	- 1 770	- 103	- 118
Long terms bonds	43 689	40 118	101 504	63 114	14 091	- 18 905	- 24 025
Short term loans	24 579	- 5 352	9 464	15 777	- 6 532	13 683	42 122
Long term loans	7 571	17 868	- 24 929	- 13 637	20 888	16 063	- 12 599
Shares and other equities	- 6 294	278	69 298	- 3 625	203 832	- 8 311	22 428
Other accounts receivable and payable	3 847	2 744	24	- 3 327	16 572	31 482	10 915
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>73 615</b>	<b>59 147</b>	<b>156 713</b>	<b>55 060</b>	<b>247 081</b>	<b>33 909</b>	<b>38 723</b>

**TABLE D 123/4 (end)**  
**Transactions of the sector other financial institutions excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>OTHER CHANGES</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	14	76	2	-	-	-	- 38
Other deposits	638	87	- 690	90	-	-	793
Bills and short term bonds	-	-	-	- 1	10	-	183
Long terms bonds	524	- 1 231	1 502	75	1 247	1 333	- 1 014
Financial derivatives	338	59	208	920	74	- 2 685	8 835
Short term loans	2 048	1 163	9	472	9	4	- 1 906
Long term loans	295	- 2 085	- 633	407	294	- 66	1 950
Shares and other equities	41 019	15 557	- 12 247	- 98 241	46 265	28 625	- 16 601
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 1 914	1 880	- 202	12 584	23	-	788
<b>Total assets other changes</b>	<b>42 962</b>	<b>15 506</b>	<b>- 12 051</b>	<b>- 83 694</b>	<b>47 922</b>	<b>27 211</b>	<b>- 7 010</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	-	727	- 1	-	42	- 5	- 34
Long terms bonds	223	893	- 2 152	- 16	3 039	- 96	9 721
Short term loans	4 719	- 2 042	- 529	604	- 441	- 118	1 331
Long term loans	1 925	- 1 579	- 1 785	424	8	474	- 541
Shares and other equities	50 527	35 404	- 36 918	- 142 572	43 315	37 986	- 24 699
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 317	1 113	- 621	27 330	- 45	-	396
<b>Total liabilities other changes</b>	<b>57 077</b>	<b>34 516</b>	<b>- 42 006</b>	<b>- 114 230</b>	<b>45 918</b>	<b>38 241</b>	<b>- 13 826</b>
<b>CLOSING BALANCE SHEET</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	20	24	2	3	17	135	135
Transferable deposits	7 468	6 393	7 957	8 628	29 756	37 709	36 755
Other deposits	62 799	69 727	79 218	80 644	71 485	57 365	83 123
Bills and short term bonds	121	94	39	127	560	4 060	4 530
Long terms bonds	54 108	54 411	37 406	25 144	114 691	110 634	123 002
Financial derivatives	1 527	469	642	1 798	- 1 055	- 2 370	3 985
Short term loans	19 165	24 057	24 571	29 670	47 934	32 577	45 429
Long term loans	206 107	247 544	327 702	387 622	402 973	428 760	412 126
Shares and other equities	203 123	228 676	302 450	198 247	353 337	413 460	417 282
Other accounts receivable and payable	13 510	17 327	17 372	30 785	21 579	16 863	4 116
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>567 948</b>	<b>648 722</b>	<b>797 359</b>	<b>762 668</b>	<b>1 041 277</b>	<b>1 099 193</b>	<b>1 130 483</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Bills and short term bonds	608	4 826	6 177	2 935	1 207	1 099	947
Long terms bonds	168 075	209 086	308 438	371 536	388 666	369 665	355 361
Short term loans	86 545	79 151	88 086	104 467	97 494	111 059	154 512
Long term loans	92 047	108 336	81 622	68 409	89 305	105 842	92 702
Shares and other equities	257 880	293 562	325 942	179 745	426 892	456 567	454 296
Other accounts receivable and payable	16 159	20 016	19 419	25 323	32 568	64 050	75 361
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>621 314</b>	<b>714 977</b>	<b>829 684</b>	<b>752 415</b>	<b>1 036 132</b>	<b>1 108 282</b>	<b>1 133 179</b>

**TABLE D 13.1**  
**Definitions of output (basic prices) and final consumption expenditure of general government**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>OUTPUT (=SUM OF THE PRODUCTION COST)</b>							
Intermediate consumption	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Value added (gross, basic prices)	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Other taxes on production	559	562	569	594	611	641	674
Other subsidies on production (-)	584	633	630	645	790	853	850
Compensation of employees	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Consumption of fixed capital	12 872	13 476	14 251	15 092	15 738	16 254	16 672
Operating surplus (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Output (basic prices)</b>	<b>98 800</b>	<b>102 645</b>	<b>107 424</b>	<b>113 736</b>	<b>120 672</b>	<b>122 128</b>	<b>120 980</b>
Market output	17 256	17 556	18 017	18 837	19 170	19 997	20 096
Own-account capital formation	1 289	1 393	1 422	1 430	1 469	1 528	1 570
Other non-market output	80 255	83 696	87 985	93 469	100 033	100 603	99 314
<b>FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE</b>							
Other non-market output	80 255	83 696	87 985	93 469	100 033	100 603	99 314
Collective	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
Individual	27 237	28 096	29 649	31 203	33 208	33 930	34 114
Social benefits in kind via market producers	41 430	51 746	55 887	59 344	64 107	66 462	68 843
Social security benefits	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social assistance benefits	5 025	5 628	7 995	8 981	9 771	10 048	10 137
<b>Final consumption expenditure of general government</b>	<b>121 685</b>	<b>135 442</b>	<b>143 872</b>	<b>152 813</b>	<b>164 140</b>	<b>167 065</b>	<b>168 157</b>
Collective	53 018	55 600	58 336	62 266	66 825	66 673	65 200
Individual	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957

**TABLE D 13.2**  
**Revenue and expenditure of general government (consolidated)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>REVENUE</b>							
Taxes	124 042	132 332	141 040	143 575	137 576	143 208	139 569
Taxes on production and imports	63 875	68 151	71 214	72 498	68 073	71 363	69 401
Current taxes on income and wealth	58 457	62 370	67 944	69 281	67 686	70 128	68 630
Capital taxes	1 710	1 811	1 882	1 796	1 817	1 717	1 538
Social security contributions	66 477	75 610	77 063	86 264	79 188	83 109	88 798
Market output	17 256	17 556	18 017	18 837	19 170	19 997	20 096
Property income	11 507	14 639	14 829	20 317	17 837	16 172	16 019
Interest	2 720	3 029	3 260	3 643	4 239	3 381	3 138
Other	8 787	11 610	11 569	16 674	13 598	12 791	12 881
Other revenue n.e.c.	9 234	8 683	8 823	8 691	9 017	9 183	8 836
Own-account capital formation	1 289	1 393	1 422	1 430	1 469	1 528	1 570
Other subsidies on production	584	633	630	645	790	853	850
Imputed social contributions	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	2 139	2 160	2 136	2 205	2 281	2 344	2 270
Capital transfers (excl. capital taxes)	213	257	230	233	200	342	276
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>228 516</b>	<b>248 820</b>	<b>259 772</b>	<b>277 684</b>	<b>262 788</b>	<b>271 669</b>	<b>273 318</b>
Taxes and social security contributions	190 519	207 942	218 103	229 839	216 764	226 317	228 367
Other revenue	37 997	40 878	41 669	47 845	46 024	45 352	44 951
<b>EXPENDITURE</b>							
Compensation of employees	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Intermediate consumption	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Capital formation (gross)	16 916	17 862	18 996	20 548	21 553	21 367	20 257
Social security benefits	76 432	86 011	88 120	91 722	98 119	102 293	105 745
In cash	40 027	39 893	40 228	41 359	43 783	45 879	47 039
In kind via market producers	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social assistance benefits	16 206	19 578	22 312	24 966	27 331	28 851	30 258
In cash	11 181	13 950	14 317	15 985	17 560	18 803	20 121
In kind via market producers	5 025	5 628	7 995	8 981	9 771	10 048	10 137
Subsidies	6 200	6 149	7 127	7 191	8 891	9 196	8 497
Property income	12 125	11 896	12 586	13 206	12 442	11 472	11 912
Interest	12 103	11 893	12 583	13 202	12 438	11 462	11 901
Other	22	3	3	4	4	10	11
Other expenditure ne.c.	16 133	15 292	16 468	18 453	21 333	21 948	18 775
Other taxes on production	559	562	569	594	611	641	674
Unfunded employee social benefits	5 009	4 240	4 405	4 178	4 277	4 116	3 870
Other current transfers	9 587	10 352	9 903	10 486	8 279	10 228	10 123
Capital transfers	3 013	2 608	3 454	4 382	7 509	7 386	4 855
Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets	- 2 035	- 2 470	- 1 863	- 1 187	657	- 423	- 747
<b>Total expenditure</b>	<b>229 965</b>	<b>246 028</b>	<b>258 843</b>	<b>274 781</b>	<b>294 782</b>	<b>301 213</b>	<b>299 928</b>
<b>Net lending/net borrowing</b>	<b>- 1 449</b>	<b>2 792</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>2 903</b>	<b>- 31 994</b>	<b>- 29 544</b>	<b>- 26 610</b>
<b>Memorandum items</b>							
Natural gas revenues	7 579	10 610	9 762	15 071	10 398	10 670	12 391
of which: Dividends	1 701	2 402	2 371	3 275	2 215	2 080	2 135
of which: Income from land and subsoil assets	4 078	6 028	5 579	9 341	6 501	7 075	8 367
of which: Corporation tax	1 800	2 180	1 812	2 455	1 682	1 515	1 889
Actual interest revenue	2 614	2 904	3 074	3 442	4 181	3 303	3 049
Actual interest expenditure	12 642	12 240	12 766	13 457	13 409	12 455	12 853



**TABLE D 13.3**  
**Balance and debt of general government (EMU-defintions)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
Total revenues	228 516	248 820	259 772	277 684	262 788	271 669	273 318
Total expenditure (–)	229 965	246 028	258 843	274 781	294 782	301 213	299 928
Net lending / net borrowing	– 1 449	2 792	929	2 903	– 31 994	– 29 544	– 26 610
Revenues from interest flows of swap contracts	90	127	119	170	– 80	– 574	– 399
EDP-deficit	– 1 359	2 919	1 048	3 073	– 32 074	– 30 118	– 27 009
Central government	268	4 640	2 832	2 873	– 19 881	– 23 566	– 16 934
Local government	– 874	– 256	– 1 158	– 2 722	– 3 675	– 4 851	– 3 031
Social security funds	– 753	– 1 465	– 626	2 922	– 8 518	– 1 701	– 7 044
EMU-debt	266 060	255 916	258 982	347 525	348 284	371 784	394 197
Other deposits	626	614	607	599	505	435	473
Bills and short term bonds	17 954	13 854	16 714	84 069	57 559	53 223	43 317
Long terms bonds	201 583	196 903	191 323	198 738	211 591	240 525	265 570
Short term loans	6 985	5 745	11 759	13 639	12 086	14 038	19 818
Long term loans	38 912	38 800	38 579	50 480	66 543	63 563	65 019
	<i>% GDP</i>						
EDP-deficit	– 0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	– 5.6	– 5.1	– 4.5
EDP-debt	51.8	47.4	45.3	58.5	60.8	63.1	65.5

**TABLE D 13.4**  
**Specification of transactions of the public sector**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>SECTOR GENERAL GOVERNMENT</b>							
Labour input of employees (1 000 full-time equivalent jobs)	1047.6	1044.5	1058.7	1058.4	1080.7	1095.1	1082.2
Value added (gross, basic prices)	62 390	63 621	66 463	69 732	73 284	75 249	75 373
Compensation of employees	49 543	50 216	52 273	54 691	57 725	59 207	58 877
Procurement	53 326	56 886	59 957	64 552	68 941	68 246	65 864
Intermediate consumption	36 410	39 024	40 961	44 004	47 388	46 879	45 607
Capital formation (gross)	16 916	17 862	18 996	20 548	21 553	21 367	20 257
<b>NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT</b>							
Labour input of employees (1 000 full-time equivalent jobs)	730.0	740.7	755.4	769.9	741.9	733.9	.
Value added (gross, basic prices)	42 835	44 954	48 056	49 961	40 883	38 936	.
Compensation of employees	31 171	32 693	34 584	36 000	28 461	27 930	.
Procurement	35 664	37 492	40 195	41 390	35 018	33 402	.
Intermediate consumption	29 031	30 467	32 569	33 860	27 708	26 388	.
Capital formation (gross)	6 633	7 025	7 626	7 530	7 310	7 014	.
<b>FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT</b>							
Labour input of employees (1 000 full-time equivalent jobs)	2.8	2.7	2.5	14.6	48.1	41.0	36.7
Value added (gross, basic prices)	1 119	1 060	715	1 993	7 033	7 421	7 641
Compensation of employees	291	270	295	1 128	3 332	2 805	2 671
Procurement	309	348	353	1 547	5 889	4 948	4 750
Intermediate consumption	293	322	325	1 393	5 500	4 802	4 628
Capital formation (gross)	16	26	28	154	389	146	122
<b>TOTAL PUBLIC SECTOR</b>							
Labour input of employees (1 000 full-time equivalent jobs)	1780.4	1787.9	1816.6	1842.9	1870.7	1870.0	.
Value added (gross, basic prices)	106 344	109 635	115 234	121 686	121 200	121 606	.
Compensation of employees	81 005	83 179	87 152	91 819	89 518	89 942	.
Procurement	89 299	94 726	100 505	107 489	109 848	106 596	.
Intermediate consumption	65 734	69 813	73 855	79 257	80 596	78 069	.
Capital formation (gross)	23 565	24 913	26 650	28 232	29 252	28 527	.
<b>KEY FIGURES</b>							
Labour input of employees (% total economy)	31.3	31.0	30.8	30.6	31.5	31.7	.
Gross value added (% GDP)	20.7	20.3	20.2	20.5	21.1	20.7	.
Compensation of employees (% total economy)	31.8	31.4	31.1	31.2	30.0	29.9	.
Capital formation (% total economy)	24.1	23.0	22.8	23.2	27.7	26.9	.

## Households

**TABLE D 14.1**  
**Net profit of unincorporated enterprises by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>UNINCORPORATED ENTERPRISES 1)</b>							
Mixed income (net)	22 761	25 422	27 186	26 686	24 219	24 656	24 531
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2 701	3 656	3 491	2 618	1 598	2 645	2 260
Industry (no construction), energy	927	1 018	1 135	1 154	992	1 028	1 079
Construction	1 896	2 117	2 379	2 625	2 515	2 110	2 261
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	6 790	7 103	7 642	7 278	6 546	6 486	6 483
Information and communication	747	807	886	906	803	836	825
Financial and insurance activities	320	357	389	202	46	118	161
Real estate activities	214	239	260	257	307	307	307
Business activities	4 662	5 209	5 668	6 057	5 758	5 440	5 213
General government, education, health and social work activities	1 934	2 112	2 292	2 440	2 457	2 422	2 569
Other service activities	2 570	2 804	3 044	3 149	3 197	3 264	3 373
Interest received	285	335	390	414	293	301	354
Interest paid (-)	2 400	2 751	3 326	3 695	2 707	2 546	2 700
Income from land and subsoil assets received (net)	- 58	- 56	- 76	- 78	- 71	- 76	- 73
Net profit before taxes	20 588	22 951	24 175	23 327	21 735	22 335	22 112
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 798	2 530	2 208	1 276	735	1 756	1 315
Industry (no construction), energy	874	955	1 037	1 027	925	953	1 015
Construction	1 850	2 080	2 351	2 572	2 423	2 012	2 181
Trade, transport and hotels and restaurants	6 000	6 234	6 544	5 943	5 624	5 793	5 644
Information and communication	636	683	717	802	741	791	766
Financial and insurance activities	290	326	354	178	33	104	149
Real estate activities	199	224	243	230	156	103	170
Business activities	4 582	5 152	5 587	5 935	5 609	5 276	5 086
General government, education, health and social work activities	1 897	2 074	2 234	2 361	2 397	2 358	2 513
Other service activities	2 462	2 693	2 900	3 003	3 092	3 189	3 273

1) Unincorporated enterprises are part of the sector households. Owner-occupied dwellings, black economy and fraud, baby sitting, domestic cleaning persons et cetera are not included.

**TABLE D 14.2**  
**Adjusted disposable income of households and actual individual final consumption by object**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
Adjusted disposable income of households (net)	311 876	329 623	346 599	354 052	357 045	363 673	372 213
Disposable national income of households (net)	238 862	245 175	256 199	258 430	254 664	258 126	263 927
Transfers in kind	73 014	84 448	90 400	95 622	102 381	105 547	108 286
Final consumption expenditure of NPI households	4 347	4 606	4 864	5 075	5 066	5 155	5 329
Individual final consumption of general government	68 667	79 842	85 536	90 547	97 315	100 392	102 957
Social benefits in kind via market producers	41 430	51 746	55 887	59 344	64 107	66 462	68 843
Social security benefits	36 405	46 118	47 892	50 363	54 336	56 414	58 706
Social assistance benefits	5 025	5 628	7 995	8 981	9 771	10 048	10 137
Social transfers of individual non-market products	27 237	28 096	29 649	31 203	33 208	33 930	34 114
Actual individual final consumption	319 010	334 717	349 635	360 964	360 852	368 202	374 068
Final consumption expenditure of households	245 996	250 269	259 235	265 342	258 471	262 655	265 782
Transfers in kind	73 014	84 448	90 400	95 622	102 381	105 547	108 286
<b>BY OBJECT 1)</b>							
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	25 985	27 227	28 308	30 068	30 292	30 833	31 548
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotica	6 992	7 212	7 530	7 865	8 130	8 297	8 264
Clothing and footwear	12 819	13 599	14 220	14 302	14 198	14 455	14 522
Housing, water and energy	55 579	58 268	59 629	62 124	63 693	65 223	65 919
Final consumption expenditure of households	53 893	56 242	57 481	59 965	61 558	63 010	63 608
Individual final consumption of general government	1 686	2 026	2 148	2 159	2 135	2 213	2 311
Social assistance benefits in kind via market producers	1 686	2 026	2 148	2 159	2 135	2 213	2 311
Home furnishing and housekeeping	15 513	16 273	16 805	16 987	16 224	16 177	16 104
Health	33 535	35 559	37 617	40 903	43 603	45 510	47 295
Final consumption expenditure of households	12 733	5 742	6 178	7 297	7 079	7 236	7 275
Individual final consumption of general government	20 802	29 817	31 439	33 606	36 524	38 274	40 020
Social security benefits in kind via market producers	20 393	29 416	31 053	33 174	36 022	37 762	39 502
Social transfers of individual non-market products	409	401	386	432	502	512	518
Transport	28 289	30 014	31 218	32 844	30 626	32 179	33 290
Communication	11 366	11 634	11 748	11 375	10 888	10 809	10 967
Recreation and culture	29 348	30 487	31 712	32 439	31 376	30 413	29 483
Final consumption expenditure of households 2)	25 647	26 586	27 672	28 299	27 262	26 200	25 202
Final consumption expenditure of NPI households	1 858	1 999	2 116	2 140	2 065	2 112	2 135
Individual final consumption of general government	1 843	1 902	1 924	2 000	2 049	2 101	2 146
Social transfers of individual non-market products	1 843	1 902	1 924	2 000	2 049	2 101	2 146
Education	23 831	24 611	26 153	27 505	29 513	30 121	30 280
Final consumption expenditure of households	1 316	1 350	1 420	1 490	1 548	1 639	1 723
Individual final consumption of general government	22 515	23 261	24 733	26 015	27 965	28 482	28 557
Social assistance benefits in kind via market producers	856	843	837	879	1 266	1 215	1 245
Social transfers of individual non-market products	21 659	22 418	23 896	25 136	26 699	27 267	27 312
Restaurants and hotels	12 540	13 124	13 838	13 881	13 241	13 200	13 758
Social protection	25 631	26 597	28 350	29 531	31 357	32 268	33 168
Final consumption expenditure of households	3 746	3 687	2 977	2 668	2 628	2 856	3 154
Final consumption expenditure of NPI households	64	74	81	96	87	90	91
Individual final consumption of general government	21 821	22 836	25 292	26 767	28 642	29 322	29 923
Social benefits in kind via market producers	18 495	19 461	21 849	23 132	24 684	25 272	25 785
Social security benefits	16 012	16 702	16 839	17 189	18 314	18 652	19 204
Social assistance benefits	2 483	2 759	5 010	5 943	6 370	6 620	6 581
Social transfers of individual non-market products	3 326	3 375	3 443	3 635	3 958	4 050	4 138
Other	37 582	40 112	42 507	41 140	37 711	38 717	39 470
Final consumption expenditure of households	35 157	37 579	39 840	38 301	34 797	35 764	36 367
Final consumption expenditure of NPI households	2 425	2 533	2 667	2 839	2 914	2 953	3 103

1) For the objects without breakdown concerns only final consumption expenditure of households.

2) Including final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world, excluding final consumption by non-resident households in the Netherlands.

**TABLE D 2**  
**Transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>RESOURCES</b>							
Imports of goods and services	302 458	340 029	365 769	397 732	334 227	391 809	424 008
Goods	241 157	274 775	298 650	319 259	264 680	318 764	348 131
Services	61 301	65 254	67 119	78 473	69 547	73 045	75 877
Compensation of employees	2 143	2 261	4 818	5 979	5 855	5 427	6 185
Wages and salaries	1 670	1 760	4 056	5 066	4 946	4 521	5 007
Employers' social contributions	473	501	762	913	909	906	1 178
Taxes on production and imports	2 417	2 708	3 119	3 221	2 074	2 205	2 637
On products	2 417	2 708	2 999	3 080	2 049	2 178	2 631
Other on production	–	–	120	141	25	27	6
Subsidies (–)	1 291	1 522	1 028	1 042	1 086	899	1 005
On products	971	919	271	186	255	117	27
Other on production	320	603	757	856	831	782	978
Property income	74 978	87 801	99 403	97 319	71 546	81 437	74 438
Interest	40 158	54 362	65 392	67 600	48 748	45 990	44 736
Dividends	34 675	22 426	28 602	28 653	20 223	27 116	20 357
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	757	772	565	562	579	636	630
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	– 917	9 972	4 537	193	1 684	7 383	8 403
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	305	269	307	311	312	312	312
Current taxes on income and wealth	210	228	312	341	233	689	244
Current taxes on income (dividend tax)	210	228	312	341	233	689	244
Social contributions	272	276	281	282	284	284	284
Social security contributions	272	276	281	282	284	284	284
Social benefits (in cash)	2 316	2 255	2 228	2 308	2 305	2 304	2 304
Social security benefits	1 477	1 381	1 395	1 476	1 473	1 472	1 472
Pension benefits	839	874	833	832	832	832	832
Other current transfers	12 513	12 961	13 421	13 931	14 202	14 969	15 164
Non-life insurance premiums	2 025	2 045	2 033	2 041	2 041	2 040	2 040
Non-life insurance claims	178	188	172	172	166	168	168
Other current transfers n.e.c.	10 310	10 728	11 216	11 718	11 995	12 761	12 956
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves	– 398	– 433	– 347	– 302	– 230	– 154	– 82
Capital transfers	3 381	3 680	3 897	4 505	4 862	5 695	4 134
Investment grants	120	139	163	158	135	90	46
Other capital transfers	3 261	3 541	3 734	4 347	4 727	5 605	4 088
<b>Total resources</b>	<b>398 999</b>	<b>450 244</b>	<b>491 873</b>	<b>524 274</b>	<b>497 964</b>	<b>571 384</b>	<b>598 003</b>
<b>USES</b>							
Exports of goods and services	347 307	383 258	412 319	447 927	375 196	439 728	478 156
Goods	281 867	316 270	342 311	362 462	300 908	363 026	396 924
Services	65 440	66 988	70 008	85 465	74 288	76 702	81 232
Compensation of employees	1 011	988	962	941	1 045	1 099	1 084
Wages and salaries	780	763	739	724	826	893	881
Employers' social contributions	231	225	223	217	219	206	203
Property income	76 522	102 373	112 326	89 355	59 154	74 835	83 586
Interest	35 320	48 144	56 928	56 837	33 156	31 311	31 004
Dividends	43 932	38 439	43 315	45 187	26 606	32 568	34 679
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	167	225	221	198	214	254	249
Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	– 2 938	15 519	11 830	– 12 888	– 842	10 682	17 630
Property income attributed to insurance policy holders	41	46	32	21	20	20	24
Current taxes on income and wealth	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	843	981
Current taxes on income (dividend tax)	1 630	1 855	1 538	1 560	624	830	896
Social contributions	1 019	1 061	1 120	1 248	1 379	1 529	1 707
Social security contributions	578	620	634	718	777	851	957
Contributions to pension schemes	441	441	486	530	602	678	750
Social benefits (in cash)	230	242	234	248	248	248	248
Social security benefits	230	242	234	248	248	248	248
Other current transfers	4 213	4 542	4 593	4 818	6 506	6 755	5 812
Non-life insurance premiums	178	188	172	172	166	168	168
Non-life insurance claims	2 025	2 045	2 033	2 041	2 041	2 040	2 040
Other current transfers n.e.c.	2 010	2 309	2 388	2 605	4 299	4 547	3 604
Capital transfers	1 630	1 792	2 711	2 401	2 331	2 436	2 076
Investment grants	96	92	71	65	65	65	66
Other capital transfers	1 534	1 700	2 640	2 336	2 266	2 371	2 010
<b>Total uses</b>	<b>433 562</b>	<b>496 111</b>	<b>535 803</b>	<b>548 498</b>	<b>446 483</b>	<b>527 473</b>	<b>573 650</b>
<b>BALANCING ITEMS</b>							
Surplus on current transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands	– 36 314	– 47 755	– 45 116	– 26 328	– 24 645	– 15 280	– 27 428
Net saving and capital transfers	– 34 563	– 45 867	– 43 930	– 24 224	– 22 541	– 12 749	– 24 169
Net lending/net borrowing	– 34 563	– 45 867	– 43 930	– 24 224	– 22 541	– 12 749	– 24 169
Total net worth (opening balance sheet)	– 148 477	– 145 570	– 193 277	– 249 241	– 259 286	– 259 286	– 338 177
Change in financial net worth	– 38 430	– 49 114	– 52 921	– 29 012	– 13 425	– 26 335	– 40 943
Statistical discrepancy	– 3 867	– 3 247	– 8 991	– 4 788	9 116	– 13 586	– 16 774
Total other changes in net worth	41 337	1 407	– 3 043	18 967	– 65 511	– 23 141	– 587
Total net worth (closing balance sheet)	– 145 570	– 193 277	– 249 241	– 259 286	– 338 222	– 387 653	– 429 183

**TABLE D 2 (continued)**  
**Transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>mln euro</i>							
<b>OPENING BALANCE SHEET</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	1 300	700	–	–	–	–	–
Transferable deposits	56 383	68 095	100 723	111 570	80 473	97 408	132 781
Savings deposits (in euro's)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other deposits	388 033	419 448	485 967	568 456	493 099	440 233	472 044
Bills and short term bonds	42 724	36 388	37 726	49 642	122 025	124 807	128 594
Long terms bonds	437 010	527 083	568 708	578 890	595 175	621 929	673 099
Financial derivatives	3 380	7 766	2 424	3 238	– 4 879	18 067	11 804
Short term loans	68 264	69 628	103 876	97 289	113 067	74 077	71 233
Long term loans	117 936	138 086	131 885	128 738	135 060	150 870	138 957
Shares and other equities	393 424	525 004	605 351	656 566	431 768	544 357	597 233
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	9 383	10 171	10 133	10 170	8 029	8 029	8 217
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	9 383	10 171	10 133	10 170	8 029	8 029	8 217
Other accounts receivable and payable	27 672	41 546	41 520	49 021	50 482	72 499	79 830
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1 545 509</b>	<b>1 843 915</b>	<b>2 088 313</b>	<b>2 253 580</b>	<b>2 024 299</b>	<b>2 152 276</b>	<b>2 313 792</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8 005	9 680	9 937	11 451	12 385	20 409	26 419
Currency	72	78	2 583	7 012	11 174	14 268	18 167
Transferable deposits	44 027	63 663	132 363	153 608	130 950	120 075	113 327
Other deposits	269 812	300 530	325 237	395 136	323 141	263 508	264 594
Bills and short term bonds	16 011	16 737	17 261	18 753	12 811	15 188	13 815
Long terms bonds	432 505	490 102	523 103	525 159	494 461	555 041	544 781
Short term loans	120 227	132 612	170 487	168 195	169 100	192 995	242 104
Long term loans	215 993	255 455	279 568	319 898	373 178	369 777	377 070
Shares and other equities	548 987	673 078	780 573	853 464	712 241	880 485	1 037 100
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	943	897	664	665	665	723	723
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	943	897	664	665	665	665	665
Other accounts receivable and payable	37 404	46 653	39 814	49 480	43 479	57 984	63 345
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1 693 986</b>	<b>1 989 485</b>	<b>2 281 590</b>	<b>2 502 821</b>	<b>2 283 585</b>	<b>2 490 453</b>	<b>2 701 445</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACCOUNT</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	– 600	– 700	–	–	–	–	–
Transferable deposits	9 313	36 023	18 393	– 33 416	17 591	30 797	44 618
Savings deposits (in euro's)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other deposits	14 757	82 799	113 235	– 85 967	– 49 500	18 058	1 824
Bills and short term bonds	– 6 336	1 331	13 255	72 176	3 160	1 365	12 026
Long terms bonds	87 980	52 313	23 263	– 5 083	31 918	36 016	4 866
Financial derivatives	519	– 2 947	5 997	– 22 098	19 830	– 10 737	– 3 612
Short term loans	783	34 240	– 4 039	18 383	– 39 349	– 4 841	11 023
Long term loans	16 212	– 3 147	– 5 753	2 801	19 914	– 14 341	1 633
Shares and other equities	45 869	16 265	11 567	– 10 498	34 925	16 438	5 056
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	– 288	– 341	– 344	– 302	– 717	46	– 431
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	– 398	– 433	– 347	– 302	– 230	– 154	– 82
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	110	92	3	–	– 487	200	– 349
Other accounts receivable and payable	3 252	4 763	4 406	– 3 087	605	9 507	59 123
<b>Change in financial assets</b>	<b>171 461</b>	<b>220 599</b>	<b>179 980</b>	<b>– 67 091</b>	<b>38 377</b>	<b>82 308</b>	<b>136 126</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	– 940	– 793	– 222	– 129	– 92	– 17	– 218
Currency	6	2 505	4 500	4 162	3 094	3 899	3 916
Transferable deposits	16 650	74 427	28 839	– 25 222	– 10 608	– 10 020	– 5 718
Other deposits	18 349	34 490	80 026	– 76 807	– 59 184	– 6 684	– 29 904
Bills and short term bonds	175	757	1 956	– 6 167	2 392	– 1 610	– 3 211
Long terms bonds	40 620	50 159	3 310	– 12 624	38 548	– 21 675	– 6 776
Short term loans	14 527	41 335	7 177	3 566	24 429	43 292	143 308
Long term loans	25 919	25 206	36 217	44 938	– 3 529	5 116	16 153
Shares and other equities	84 139	48 686	64 399	43 879	68 453	85 967	49 667
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	– 46	– 180	– 3	–	46	–	–
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	– 46	– 180	– 3	–	46	–	–
Other accounts receivable and payable	10 492	– 6 879	6 702	– 13 675	– 11 747	10 375	9 852
<b>Change in liabilities</b>	<b>209 891</b>	<b>269 713</b>	<b>232 901</b>	<b>– 38 079</b>	<b>51 802</b>	<b>108 643</b>	<b>177 069</b>

**TABLE D 2 (end)**  
**Transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands excluding special purpose entities**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
<b>OTHER CHANGES</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	2 399	- 3 395	- 7 546	2 319	- 656	4 576	2 386
Savings deposits (in euro's)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	16 658	- 16 280	- 30 746	10 610	- 3 366	13 753	5 454
Bills and short term bonds	-	7	- 1 339	207	- 378	2 422	1 163
Long terms bonds	2 093	- 10 688	- 13 081	21 368	- 5 164	15 154	23 641
Financial derivatives	3 867	- 2 395	- 5 183	13 981	3 116	4 474	- 30 043
Short term loans	581	8	- 2 548	- 2 605	359	1 997	4 111
Long term loans	3 938	- 3 054	2 606	3 521	- 4 104	2 428	7 753
Shares and other equities	85 711	64 082	39 648	- 214 300	77 664	36 438	3 814
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	1 076	303	381	- 1 839	717	142	1 285
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	398	433	347	302	230	142	- 109
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	678	- 130	34	- 2 141	487	-	1 394
Other accounts receivable and payable	10 622	- 4 789	3 095	4 548	- 2 668	- 2 176	4 439
<b>Total assets other changes</b>	126 945	23 799	- 14 713	- 162 190	65 520	79 208	24 003
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	2 615	1 050	1 736	1 063	8 116	6 027	3 384
Currency	-	-	- 71	-	-	-	- 1
Transferable deposits	2 986	- 5 727	- 7 594	2 564	- 267	3 272	457
Other deposits	12 369	- 9 783	- 10 127	4 812	- 449	7 770	4 571
Bills and short term bonds	551	- 233	- 464	225	- 15	237	165
Long terms bonds	16 977	- 17 158	- 1 254	- 18 074	22 032	11 415	8 802
Short term loans	- 2 142	- 3 460	- 9 469	- 2 661	- 534	5 817	1 014
Long term loans	13 543	- 1 093	4 113	8 342	128	2 177	15 997
Shares and other equities	39 952	58 809	8 492	- 185 102	99 791	70 648	- 9 486
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	-	- 53	4	-	12	-	-
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	-	- 53	4	-	12	-	-
Other accounts receivable and payable	- 1 243	40	2 964	7 674	2 217	- 5 014	- 313
<b>Total liabilities other changes</b>	85 608	22 392	- 11 670	- 181 157	131 031	102 349	24 590
<b>CLOSING BALANCE SHEET</b>							
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Currency	700	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferable deposits	68 095	100 723	111 570	80 473	97 408	132 781	179 785
Savings deposits (in euro's)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	419 448	485 967	568 456	493 099	440 233	472 044	479 322
Bills and short term bonds	36 388	37 726	49 642	122 025	124 807	128 594	141 783
Long terms bonds	527 083	568 708	578 890	595 175	621 929	673 099	701 606
Financial derivatives	7 766	2 424	3 238	- 4 879	18 067	11 804	- 21 851
Short term loans	69 628	103 876	97 289	113 067	74 077	71 233	86 367
Long term loans	138 086	131 885	128 738	135 060	150 870	138 957	148 343
Shares and other equities	525 004	605 351	656 566	431 768	544 357	597 233	606 103
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	10 171	10 133	10 170	8 029	8 029	8 217	9 071
Net equity of households in pension funds reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	10 171	10 133	10 170	8 029	10 170	10 170	10 170
Other accounts receivable and payable	41 546	41 520	49 021	50 482	48 419	79 830	143 392
<b>Total assets</b>	1 843 915	2 088 313	2 253 580	2 024 299	2 128 196	2 313 792	2 473 921
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	9 680	9 937	11 451	12 385	20 409	26 419	29 585
Currency	78	2 583	7 012	11 174	14 268	18 167	22 082
Transferable deposits	63 663	132 363	153 608	130 950	120 075	113 327	108 066
Other deposits	300 530	325 237	395 136	323 141	263 508	264 594	239 261
Bills and short term bonds	16 737	17 261	18 753	12 811	15 188	13 815	10 769
Long terms bonds	490 102	523 103	525 159	494 461	555 041	544 781	546 807
Short term loans	132 612	170 487	168 195	169 100	192 995	242 104	386 426
Long term loans	255 455	279 568	319 898	373 178	369 777	377 070	409 220
Shares and other equities	673 078	780 573	853 464	712 241	880 485	1 037 100	1 077 281
Net equity of househ. in life insurance and pension funds res.	897	664	665	665	723	723	723
Net equity of households in life insurance reserves	897	664	665	665	665	665	665
Other accounts receivable and payable	46 653	39 814	49 480	43 479	33 949	63 345	72 884
<b>Total liabilities</b>	1 989 485	2 281 590	2 502 821	2 283 585	2 466 418	2 701 445	2 903 104

## 8. Historical data

**TABLE H 1**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services: indices**

	Disposable for final expenditure			Final expenditure							Exports
	Total	Domes- tic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Total	National final expenditure				Changes in inventories 1)		
					Total	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)			
						households incl. NPISH	general govern- ment	general govern- ment		corpora- tions, household: and NPISH	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<i>volume indices (1938=100)</i>											
1900	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1913	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1921	70	68	80	70	71	67	80	63	89	66	
1929	103	96	120	103	98	88	82	94	115	114	
1938	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
1948	115	124	84	115	127	117	200	64	128	69	
1960	230	220	240	230	200	170	280	120	250	320	
1969	410	340	540	410	320	290	360	230	450	640	
1979	600	480	850	600	430	410	550	200	530	1110	
1989	760	580	1200	760	500	450	670	200	730	1660	
1999	1180	790	2300	1180	680	610	830	310	1130	3190	
2011*	1590	950	3750	1590	780	660	1160	430	1050	5360	
<i>deflators: indices (1938=100)</i>											
1900	.	.	.	.	.	83	.	.	.	.	
1913	.	.	.	.	.	97	.	.	.	.	
1921	170	155	205	170	159	162	134	192	172	209	
1929	132	123	158	132	126	132	119	130	114	156	
1938	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
1948	248	215	413	248	226	205	228	307	307	405	
1960	370	340	490	370	360	320	470	550	480	430	
1969	500	540	500	500	550	450	1010	870	630	460	
1979	1060	1130	1090	1060	1200	920	2520	2120	1370	910	
1989	1300	1410	1280	1300	1520	1200	2940	2570	1670	1060	
1999	1450	1730	1220	1450	1860	1510	3830	2760	1810	1020	
2011*	1840	2240	1460	1840	2400	1930	5350	3410	2200	1240	

1) Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.

**TABLE H 2**  
**Components of gross domestic product**

	Wages and salaries	Employers' social contri- butions	Operating surplus/ mixed income (net)	Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	Domestic product (net, market prices)	Consump- tion of fixed capital	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	Average population
	1	2	3	4	5=1-4	6	7=5+6	8	9
	<i>mln euro</i>						<i>x 1 000</i>		
1900	.	.	.	44	752	.	.	.	5 142
1901	.	.	.	46	783	.	.	.	5 221
1902	.	.	.	47	801	.	.	.	5 305
1903	.	.	.	49	814	.	.	.	5 389
1904	.	.	.	49	837	.	.	.	5 470
1905	.	.	.	50	866	.	.	.	5 551
1906	.	.	.	52	896	.	.	.	5 632
1907	.	.	.	52	922	.	.	.	5 710
1908	.	.	.	52	945	.	.	.	5 786
1909	.	.	.	54	975	.	.	.	5 842
1910	.	.	.	57	1 007	.	.	.	5 902
1911	.	.	.	58	1 048	.	.	.	5 984
1912	.	.	.	60	1 118	.	.	.	6 068
1913	.	.	.	62	1 150	.	.	.	6 163
1914	.	.	.	61	1 137	.	.	.	6 276
1915	.	.	.	61	1 368	.	.	.	6 395
1916	.	.	.	64	1 556	.	.	.	6 516
1917	.	.	.	33	1 545	.	.	.	6 654
1918	.	.	.	- 10	.	.	.	.	6 752
1919	.	.	.	35	.	.	.	.	6 805
1920	.	.	.	127	.	.	.	.	6 848
1921	.	.	.	136	2 372	.	.	.	6 921
1921	1 222	31	1 069	121	2 443	185	2 628	2 530	6 921
1922	1 166	39	1 023	122	2 350	156	2 506	2 560	7 032
1923	1 107	39	991	124	2 261	154	2 415	2 530	7 150
1924	1 104	39	1 108	138	2 389	151	2 540	2 580	7 264
1925	1 110	37	1 154	150	2 451	151	2 602	2 630	7 366
1926	1 136	42	1 169	157	2 504	150	2 654	2 680	7 471
1927	1 163	43	1 214	164	2 584	153	2 737	2 740	7 576
1928	1 206	45	1 277	172	2 700	162	2 862	2 820	7 678
1929	1 261	47	1 288	176	2 772	173	2 945	2 900	7 781
1930	1 293	60	1 127	171	2 651	184	2 835	2 950	7 894
1931	1 254	68	953	162	2 437	183	2 620	2 900	7 999
1932	1 110	55	886	160	2 211	164	2 375	2 740	8 122
1933	1 067	55	854	163	2 139	150	2 289	2 740	8 237
1934	1 041	54	836	172	2 103	147	2 250	2 750	8 341
1935	994	52	853	178	2 077	140	2 217	2 750	8 433
1936	983	49	893	186	2 111	137	2 248	2 760	8 516
1937	1 029	56	994	213	2 292	162	2 454	2 860	8 598
1938	1 071	59	973	212	2 315	184	2 499	2 940	8 684
1939	1 109	64	1 144	235	2 552	198	2 750	3 110	8 781
1938	1 117	.	926	223	2 266	217	2 483	2 940	8 684
1940	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8 869
1941	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8 960
1942	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9 051
1943	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9 096
1944	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9 177
1945	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9 246
1946	2 475	.	1 654	273	4 403	442	4 845	.	9 411
1947	2 877	.	2 129	370	5 376	581	5 957	3 548	9 632
1948	3 222	.	2 514	604	6 339	667	7 006	3 700	9 795
1948	2 857	394	2 120	627	5 998	732	6 730	3 700	9 795
1949	2 996	431	2 520	825	6 772	774	7 546	3 751	9 949
1950	3 285	471	2 874	971	7 601	840	8 441	3 773	10 109
1951	3 684	537	3 267	1 159	8 647	993	9 640	3 787	10 264
1952	3 789	587	3 402	1 183	8 961	1 091	10 052	3 771	10 380
1953	4 039	633	3 715	1 223	9 610	1 089	10 699	3 840	10 490
1954	4 598	716	4 173	1 340	10 827	1 127	11 954	3 944	10 611

Historical data

**TABLE H 2 (end)**  
**Components of gross domestic product**

	Wages and salaries	Employers' social contri- butions	Operating surplus/ mixed income (net)	Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	Domestic product (net, market prices)	Consump- tion of fixed capital	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	Average population
	1	2	3	4	5=1-4	6	7=5+6	8	9
	<i>mln euro</i>						<i>x 1 000</i>		
1955	5 177	800	4 782	1 368	12 127	1 247	13 374	4 016	10 749
1956	5 772	889	5 079	1 411	13 151	1 353	14 504	4 078	10 888
1957	6 475	1 014	5 403	1 366	14 258	1 509	15 767	4 100	11 022
1958	6 714	1 058	5 245	1 296	14 313	1 599	15 912	4 062	11 185
1959	6 990	1 107	5 696	1 495	15 288	1 683	16 971	4 104	11 347
1960	7 798	1 230	6 516	1 668	17 212	1 774	18 986	4 182	11 483
1961	8 513	1 400	6 393	1 830	18 136	1 909	20 045	4 243	11 637
1962	9 415	1 479	6 637	1 986	19 517	2 062	21 579	4 328	11 801
1963	10 339	1 813	6 852	2 166	21 170	2 241	23 411	4 387	11 964
1964	12 286	2 216	8 030	2 539	25 071	2 477	27 548	4 464	12 125
1965	13 923	2 507	8 719	2 891	28 040	2 727	30 767	4 502	12 293
1966	15 383	3 101	8 767	3 258	30 509	2 993	33 502	4 537	12 455
1967	16 626	3 548	9 704	3 625	33 503	3 252	36 755	4 523	12 597
1968	18 066	4 181	10 755	4 236	37 238	3 516	40 754	4 565	12 726
1969	20 836	4 939	12 099	4 394	42 268	3 888	46 156	4 641	12 873
1969	22 398	5 346	13 940	4 339	46 023	5 767	51 790	4 879	12 873
1970	25 610	6 160	14 660	4 987	51 417	6 656	58 073	4 945	13 032
1971	29 194	7 316	15 680	5 951	58 141	7 764	65 905	4 981	13 194
1972	32 535	8 355	17 512	6 650	65 052	8 751	73 803	4 946	13 330
1973	37 026	10 366	20 100	7 233	74 725	9 696	84 421	4 963	13 438
1974	42 796	12 278	24 621	7 599	87 294	11 291	98 585	4 981	13 543
1975	48 391	13 934	22 684	8 524	93 533	13 035	106 568	4 961	13 660
1976	53 595	15 671	27 724	9 708	106 698	14 630	121 328	4 978	13 773
1977	58 833	16 908	27 619	11 639	114 999	16 035	131 034	5 008	13 856
1978	63 838	18 350	29 773	12 273	124 234	17 512	141 746	5 049	13 939
1979	68 370	20 124	30 866	12 857	132 217	19 283	151 500	5 130	14 034
1980	72 414	21 587	34 469	13 260	141 730	21 361	163 091	5 177	14 148
1981	74 133	21 987	39 061	13 512	148 693	23 460	172 153	5 118	14 247
1982	76 717	22 323	40 134	13 825	152 999	24 879	177 878	4 998	14 312
1983	76 829	23 515	43 926	14 131	158 401	25 681	184 082	4 917	14 368
1984	77 456	23 353	51 540	15 010	167 359	26 736	194 095	4 924	14 423
1985	80 723	23 918	52 741	15 571	172 953	27 874	200 827	5 014	14 488
1986	84 351	24 813	51 997	16 777	177 938	28 923	206 861	5 117	14 567
1987	87 380	25 514	48 417	16 819	178 130	30 517	208 647	5 200	14 664
1988	90 554	25 483	51 383	17 821	185 241	32 355	217 596	5 279	14 760
1989	94 712	24 916	57 605	18 662	195 895	34 382	230 277	5 392	14 846
1990	109 225	17 891	59 360	20 580	207 056	36 596	243 652	5 536	14 947
1991	115 946	19 077	61 518	22 061	218 602	38 773	257 375	5 609	15 068
1992	122 527	20 453	61 504	22 915	227 399	40 900	268 299	5 682	15 182
1993	126 702	20 325	60 767	25 782	233 576	42 437	276 013	5 682	15 290
1994	130 352	20 251	69 085	26 724	246 412	43 636	290 048	5 671	15 381
1995	133 469	22 368	73 163	31 035	260 035	45 226	305 261	5 774	15 460
1996	138 394	23 426	77 403	33 382	272 605	47 150	319 755	5 908	15 526
1997	146 979	24 243	85 575	36 131	292 928	49 309	342 237	6 089	15 607
1998	148 291	35 763	87 794	38 233	310 081	52 383	362 464	6 266	15 703
1999	159 361	37 983	90 488	42 035	329 867	56 326	386 193	6 414	15 809
2000	170 718	41 085	99 874	44 975	356 652	61 308	417 960	6 534	15 922
2001	182 607	44 783	104 331	50 145	381 866	65 865	447 731	6 636	16 043
2002	189 544	49 281	106 231	50 731	395 787	69 427	465 214	6 620	16 147
2003	193 799	51 953	107 387	52 345	405 484	71 461	476 945	6 547	16 223
2004	195 648	55 382	111 614	55 042	417 686	73 498	491 184	6 480	16 276
2005	199 011	55 552	124 334	58 801	437 698	75 709	513 407	6 478	16 317
2006	207 545	57 380	133 509	63 188	461 622	78 594	540 216	6 583	16 346
2007	220 159	60 150	143 214	66 178	489 701	82 072	571 773	6 728	16 382
2008	230 750	63 966	146 867	67 486	509 069	85 412	594 481	6 832	16 446
2009	233 570	64 918	126 603	60 170	485 261	87 974	573 235	6 759	16 530
2010*	234 495	65 939	135 621	63 473	499 528	89 212	588 740	6 718	16 615
2011*	238 799	67 810	144 102	62 536	513 247	88 726	601 973	6 752	16 691



**TABLE H 3**  
**National income, disposable national income; net lending / net borrowing**

	Net primary income from the rest of the world	National income		Net current transfers from the rest of the world	Disposable national income (gross, market prices)	Surplus of the nation on current transactions	Net lending / net borrowing		Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	Average population	
		net, market prices	gross, market prices				national	general government			
	1	2	3	4	5=3+4	6	7	8	9	10	
	<i>mln euro</i>						<i>% GDP</i>		<i>% changes</i>		
1900	63	815	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.3	
1901	63	845	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1902	62	863	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.6	
1903	72	886	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.6	
1904	68	904	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1905	68	934	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1906	83	978	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1907	74	996	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.4	
1908	79	1 023	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.3	
1909	79	1 054	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.0	
1910	85	1 093	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.0	
1911	92	1 139	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.4	
1912	102	1 220	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.4	
1913	123	1 274	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.6	
1914	102	1 239	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.8	
1915	96	1 464	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.9	
1916	120	1 675	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.9	
1917	118	1 664	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2.1	
1918	.	1 860	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1919	.	2 509	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.8	
1920	.	2 852	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.6	
1921	250	2 623	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.1	
1921	230	2 673	2 858	1	2 859	- 59	.	.	.	1.1	
1922	170	2 520	2 676	1	2 677	- 78	.	.	1.2	1.6	
1923	181	2 442	2 596	1	2 597	- 15	.	.	-1.2	1.7	
1924	201	2 590	2 741	1	2 742	11	.	.	2.0	1.6	
1925	224	2 675	2 826	1	2 827	50	.	.	1.9	1.4	
1926	256	2 760	2 910	1	2 911	68	.	.	1.9	1.4	
1927	251	2 835	2 988	1	2 989	92	.	.	2.2	1.4	
1928	276	2 976	3 138	1	3 139	95	.	.	2.9	1.3	
1929	233	3 005	3 178	1	3 179	23	.	.	2.8	1.3	
1930	236	2 887	3 071	1	3 072	22	.	.	1.7	1.5	
1931	147	2 584	2 767	1	2 768	- 33	.	.	-1.7	1.3	
1932	103	2 314	2 478	1	2 479	- 49	.	.	-5.5	1.5	
1933	83	2 222	2 372	1	2 373	- 93	.	.	0.0	1.4	
1934	64	2 167	2 314	1	2 315	- 40	.	.	0.4	1.3	
1935	83	2 160	2 300	1	2 301	9	.	.	0.0	1.1	
1936	114	2 225	2 362	1	2 363	48	.	.	0.4	1.0	
1937	147	2 439	2 601	1	2 602	72	.	.	3.6	1.0	
1938	162	2 477	2 661	1	2 662	94	.	.	2.8	1.0	
1939	156	2 708	2 906	-	2 906	30	.	.	5.8	1.1	
1938	182	2 448	2 665	.	.	.	.	.	2.8	1.0	
1940	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.0	
1941	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.0	
1942	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.0	
1943	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.5	
1944	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.9	
1945	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.8	
1946	102	4 505	4 947	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.8	
1947	99	5 475	6 056	.	.	.	.	.	.	2.3	
1948	123	6 462	7 129	.	.	.	.	.	4.3	1.7	
1948	40	6 038	6 770	37	6 807	- 657	-5.9	16.8	4.3	1.7	
1949	117	6 889	7 663	43	7 706	- 142	2.3	11.6	1.4	1.6	
1950	68	7 669	8 509	44	8 553	- 513	0.5	11.4	0.6	1.6	
1951	102	8 749	9 742	16	9 758	- 122	1.4	7.1	0.4	1.5	
1952	156	9 117	10 208	18	10 226	796	9.4	7.3	-0.4	1.1	
1953	192	9 802	10 891	11	10 902	617	6.8	2.5	1.8	1.1	
1954	191	11 018	12 145	6	12 151	106	1.5	0.8	2.7	1.2	

**TABLE H 3 (end)**  
**National income, product, disposable income; surplus of the nation on current transactions**

	Net primary income from the rest of the world	National income		Net current transfers from the rest of the world	Disposable national income (gross, market prices)	Surplus of the nation on current transactions	Net lending / net borrowing		Labour input of employed persons, in full-time equivalent jobs	Average population
		net, market prices	gross, market prices				national	general government		
	1	2	3	4	5=3+4	6	7	8	9	10
	<i>mln euro</i>						<i>% GDP</i>		<i>% changes</i>	
1955	250	12 377	13 624	1	13 625	354	3.0	-2.5	1.8	1.3
1956	145	13 296	14 649	- 18	14 631	- 340	-2.1	-0.6	1.5	1.3
1957	125	14 383	15 892	- 25	15 867	- 270	-1.6	0.2	0.5	1.2
1958	240	14 553	16 152	- 13	16 139	696	4.5	-1.7	-0.9	1.5
1959	303	15 591	17 274	- 25	17 249	809	4.7	0.5	1.0	1.4
1960	211	17 423	19 197	- 13	19 184	565	3.1	0.8	1.9	1.2
1961	294	18 430	20 339	- 31	20 308	287	1.5	0.1	1.5	1.3
1962	204	19 721	21 783	- 63	21 720	226	0.9	-0.6	2.0	1.4
1963	302	21 472	23 713	36	23 749	164	0.9	-1.3	1.4	1.4
1964	348	25 419	27 896	- 39	27 857	- 292	-0.9	-1.5	1.8	1.3
1965	343	28 383	31 110	- 93	31 017	32	0.3	-0.8	0.9	1.4
1966	273	30 782	33 775	- 101	33 674	- 323	-0.9	-0.9	0.8	1.3
1967	385	33 888	37 140	- 152	36 988	- 115	-0.4	-1.3	-0.3	1.1
1968	269	37 507	41 023	- 139	40 884	123	0.2	-0.9	0.9	1.0
1969	348	42 616	46 504	- 132	46 372	119	0.1	-0.5	1.7	1.2
1969	1 177	47 200	52 967	- 16	52 951	1 298	2.3	-1.1	.	1.2
1970	1 136	52 553	59 209	- 51	59 158	394	0.4	-1.5	1.3	1.2
1971	894	59 035	66 799	- 343	66 456	883	1.2	-1.6	0.7	1.2
1972	1 176	66 228	74 979	- 323	74 656	3 258	4.2	-0.7	-0.7	1.0
1973	1 643	76 368	86 064	- 767	85 297	3 654	4.2	0.5	0.3	0.8
1974	1 640	88 934	100 225	- 493	99 732	6 524	6.5	-0.3	0.4	0.8
1975	451	93 984	107 019	- 472	106 547	3 489	3.1	-2.8	-0.4	0.9
1976	1 151	107 849	122 479	- 171	122 308	4 464	3.5	-2.0	0.3	0.8
1977	1 082	116 081	132 116	- 707	131 409	539	0.2	-0.8	0.6	0.6
1978	581	124 815	142 327	-1 369	140 958	- 1 543	-1.3	-2.1	0.8	0.6
1979	1 945	134 162	153 445	- 745	152 700	1 377	0.7	-2.5	1.6	0.7
1980	1 371	143 101	164 462	- 947	163 515	233	-0.2	-3.9	0.9	0.8
1981	97	148 790	172 250	- 1 114	171 136	5 728	3.0	-4.9	-1.1	0.7
1982	80	153 079	177 958	- 1 088	176 870	6 686	3.4	-6.2	-2.4	0.5
1983	1 047	159 448	185 129	- 911	184 218	6 286	3.2	-5.5	-1.6	0.4
1984	1 752	169 111	195 847	- 1 314	194 533	10 645	5.3	-5.2	0.1	0.4
1985	- 814	172 139	200 013	- 957	199 056	6 746	3.2	-3.6	1.8	0.5
1986	- 604	177 334	206 257	-1 275	204 982	5 405	2.4	-4.6	2.0	0.5
1987	1 824	179 954	210 471	- 1 173	209 298	5 394	2.3	-5.4	1.6	0.7
1988	1 059	186 300	218 655	- 912	217 743	5 573	2.3	-4.2	1.5	0.7
1989	1 626	197 521	231 903	-1 209	230 694	7 314	2.9	-5.0	2.1	0.6
1990	- 1 807	205 249	241 845	- 1 364	240 481	6 176	2.3	-5.3	2.7	0.7
1991	- 818	217 784	256 557	- 2 157	254 400	7 712	2.8	-2.7	1.3	0.8
1992	- 1 914	225 485	266 385	- 2 260	264 125	6 054	1.9	-4.2	1.3	0.8
1993	9	233 585	276 022	- 2 927	273 095	12 153	4.0	-2.8	-0.0	0.7
1994	1 960	248 372	292 008	- 3 163	288 845	15 241	4.9	-3.5	-0.2	0.6
1995	4 535	264 570	309 796	- 3 088	306 708	18 844	5.8	-9.2	1.8	0.5
1996	2 855	275 460	322 610	- 3 917	318 693	15 908	4.4	-1.9	2.3	0.4
1997	4 563	297 491	346 800	- 4 100	342 700	19 976	5.5	-1.2	3.1	0.5
1998	- 3 760	306 321	358 704	- 4 373	354 331	8 950	2.3	-0.9	2.9	0.6
1999	4 202	334 069	390 395	- 4 301	386 094	16 355	4.1	0.4	2.4	0.7
2000	9 020	365 672	426 980	- 5 817	421 163	26 594	6.1	2.0	1.9	0.7
2001	3 379	385 245	451 110	- 6 211	444 899	23 345	5.0	-0.3	1.6	0.8
2002	4 254	400 041	469 468	- 6 642	462 826	28 239	5.9	-2.1	-0.3	0.6
2003	5 423	410 907	482 368	- 6 452	475 916	29 203	5.9	-3.2	-1.1	0.5
2004	13 149	430 835	504 333	- 7 492	496 841	42 167	8.3	-1.8	-1.0	0.3
2005	2 478	440 176	515 885	- 8 219	507 666	38 422	7.1	-0.3	-0.0	0.3
2006	14 525	476 147	554 741	- 8 020	546 721	48 744	8.7	0.5	1.6	0.2
2007	9 502	499 203	581 275	- 8 757	572 518	48 087	8.2	0.2	2.2	0.2
2008	- 12 626	496 443	581 855	- 8 988	572 867	28 083	4.4	0.5	1.5	0.4
2009	- 13 850	471 411	559 385	- 8 267	551 118	18 180	2.7	-5.6	-1.1	0.5
2010*	- 9 423	490 105	579 317	- 8 871	570 446	29 866	4.5	-5.0	-0.6	0.5
2011*	5 207	518 454	607 180	- 9 248	597 932	49 835	7.9	-4.4	0.5	0.5

**TABLE H 4**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services: volume changes**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure				Exports	Changes in inventories 1)	
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)				
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	%							% GDP	
1921	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-4.8	
1922	6.5	10.1	10.2	2.6	-4.7	-5.8	13.8	-5.1	
1923	2.2	-1.6	0.0	-5.3	-10.1	-13.2	5.9	-2.7	
1924	7.0	9.9	1.8	-0.2	-3.2	8.5	14.5	0.9	
1925	3.2	3.9	-0.7	3.8	4.5	11.4	5.3	2.4	
1926	6.7	6.3	5.8	1.2	10.0	10.6	5.1	3.2	
1927	4.6	4.8	4.3	0.3	22.2	3.3	8.9	1.6	
1928	4.2	4.3	3.9	-4.0	8.8	9.9	3.5	1.7	
1929	1.8	4.9	2.8	5.1	17.5	4.1	0.4	1.8	
1930	-1.3	-4.8	5.2	4.7	9.7	10.2	-8.0	-4.6	
1931	-3.6	-4.9	1.8	6.4	13.2	-14.0	-7.8	-7.2	
1932	-1.1	-13.9	1.5	5.1	-9.5	-23.0	-16.6	-5.8	
1933	0.4	5.5	0.8	1.6	-10.9	-2.6	-3.6	-3.0	
1934	-1.0	-4.1	-2.1	-1.7	-1.7	5.1	5.2	-4.7	
1935	2.7	-3.3	0.6	-3.5	-5.5	-5.0	4.6	-3.2	
1936	5.5	2.0	3.8	2.1	-7.0	-6.2	3.4	-0.4	
1937	5.7	8.2	0.8	-0.7	4.7	10.3	19.1	1.6	
1938	-3.0	-0.9	0.5	6.1	18.0	17.9	-5.1	-3.3	
1939	8.3	4.9	5.9	-3.1	6.1	-3.6	-3.3	2.9	
1949	7.2	7.8	2.9	-1.0	12.2	6.4	32.6	1.5	
1950	4.2	32.1	1.6	-2.8	-2.7	7.1	40.0	6.1	
1951	2.4	-5.3	-2.0	0.7	-3.8	-4.4	10.6	5.1	
1952	1.7	-7.8	0.6	9.8	-4.5	-7.4	10.2	-1.4	
1953	8.4	19.1	5.4	10.1	62.2	15.5	13.1	-0.9	
1954	6.9	23.7	6.6	7.0	-16.4	15.9	11.3	3.8	
1955	7.1	8.0	6.7	4.8	5.8	16.0	9.4	2.3	
1956	4.5	13.6	7.5	4.1	7.5	12.1	4.2	2.2	
1957	3.0	3.3	0.3	-0.5	10.2	3.8	7.3	2.5	
1958	-1.0	-4.5	0.3	-2.9	-8.1	-12.9	6.1	0.2	
1959	4.7	12.6	4.4	-1.3	13.8	11.0	10.0	0.5	
1960	9.0	16.6	6.1	5.4	7.2	12.4	14.0	3.3	
1961	2.9	6.3	5.4	3.4	9.3	6.0	2.1	2.7	
1962	4.3	6.7	6.1	4.4	7.6	3.6	6.5	1.5	
1963	3.3	9.5	7.1	6.8	8.8	0.3	5.6	1.1	
1964	8.6	14.8	5.9	1.7	12.3	20.7	11.2	3.0	
1965	5.3	6.1	7.5	1.5	2.2	5.9	7.6	1.9	
1966	2.8	7.0	3.2	1.7	3.8	9.3	5.3	1.3	
1967	5.3	6.3	5.4	2.4	10.1	7.6	6.7	0.9	
1968	6.7	12.9	6.6	2.2	15.0	10.2	12.9	0.6	
1969	6.8	14.0	7.7	4.5	-3.8	-1.7	15.0	2.4	
1969	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.5	
1970	6.1	13.1	6.3	5.5	4.1	13.1	11.6	0.8	
1971	4.3	3.7	2.2	6.5	3.5	2.8	9.4	-0.7	
1972	3.5	2.6	3.0	3.7	-10.2	-2.2	9.0	-1.1	
1973	5.4	10.0	4.9	2.6	-6.7	3.5	10.8	0.1	
1974	3.4	0.6	2.2	3.9	-0.1	-6.3	3.5	1.9	
1975	0.0	-3.9	3.2	4.9	10.8	-5.2	-4.8	-0.1	
1976	4.5	8.8	4.9	4.4	0.8	-0.2	8.2	0.8	
1977	2.5	2.4	3.3	4.7	-10.6	12.5	-0.7	0.6	
1978	2.7	3.1	4.3	3.1	2.2	2.2	1.9	0.5	
1979	2.0	6.6	2.2	3.7	-4.1	-2.4	8.6	0.1	
1980	1.3	2.3	0.0	2.0	3.4	3.1	2.2	0.4	
1981	-0.8	-2.6	-2.4	2.5	-3.7	-10.7	2.9	-0.5	
1982	-1.2	-1.1	-1.4	1.8	-4.3	-2.4	-1.0	-0.9	
1983	2.1	3.7	1.3	3.0	-5.9	4.0	2.3	0.0	
1984	3.1	5.6	0.6	-0.6	9.8	6.7	7.7	0.1	

Historical data

**TABLE H 4 (end)**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services: volume changes**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure				Exports	Changes in inventories 1)
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)			
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	%							% GDP
1985	2.6	5.2	1.4	3.9	-3.1	9.9	4.5	-0.3
1986	2.8	2.8	2.4	1.3	-4.1	8.9	2.0	0.3
1987	1.9	3.5	2.1	3.9	4.2	1.0	3.8	-0.1
1988	3.4	8.5	1.6	1.2	4.5	10.7	8.9	-0.2
1989	4.4	7.8	3.2	1.5	0.9	3.7	8.6	0.9
1990	4.2	4.0	4.0	2.2	6.2	2.4	5.7	0.7
1991	2.4	6.3	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.1	6.6	0.5
1992	1.7	2.9	0.7	2.5	6.4	1.0	2.9	0.7
1993	1.3	0.4	0.8	2.2	-0.4	-1.9	4.0	-0.5
1994	3.0	9.0	2.0	2.0	3.6	1.8	8.7	0.3
1995	3.1	10.2	2.7	2.5	3.8	6.3	9.2	0.2
1996	3.4	5.3	4.3	-0.7	9.7	8.3	4.4	0.1
1997	4.3	11.9	3.5	2.5	-5.4	11.1	10.9	0.3
1998	3.9	9.0	5.1	2.5	7.4	6.7	6.8	0.6
1999	4.7	9.3	5.3	2.8	8.1	8.7	8.7	-0.0
2000	3.9	12.2	3.7	1.9	10.5	-0.9	13.5	0.1
2001	1.9	2.5	1.8	4.6	7.4	-1.1	1.9	0.3
2002	0.1	0.3	0.9	3.3	10.2	-7.2	0.9	-0.3
2003	0.3	1.8	-0.2	2.9	0.4	-2.0	1.5	-0.2
2004	2.2	5.7	1.0	-0.1	-7.4	-0.3	7.9	0.2
2005	2.0	5.4	1.0	0.5	6.0	3.2	6.0	0.1
2006	3.4	8.8	-0.3	9.5	4.1	8.2	7.3	0.3
2007	3.9	5.6	1.8	3.5	4.2	5.8	6.4	0.4
2008	1.8	2.3	1.3	2.8	5.4	4.3	2.0	0.1
2009	-3.7	-7.1	-2.1	5.0	4.4	-15.3	-7.7	-0.4
2010*	1.6	10.2	0.3	0.7	-2.9	-8.2	11.2	0.8
2011*	1.0	3.6	-1.0	0.1	-6.0	8.9	3.9	0.7

1) Changes in inventories as a percentage of gross domestic product of the same year. Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.

**TABLE H 5**  
**Deflators of supply and disposition of goods and services: changes**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure				Exports
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)		
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH	
7							
	%						
1921	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1922	- 10.5	- 18.3	- 10.2	- 3.4	- 18.0	- 16.6	- 19.8
1923	- 5.7	0.6	- 4.3	- 0.6	- 10.0	- 7.6	- 1.2
1924	- 1.7	3.9	0.2	- 3.4	- 5.0	- 5.9	2.9
1925	- 0.8	0.3	0.5	- 5.3	- 3.4	- 7.2	1.0
1926	- 4.4	- 6.5	- 4.9	- 3.6	- 2.7	- 1.4	- 6.7
1927	- 1.4	- 1.3	- 1.2	- 0.3	- 0.7	- 0.7	- 2.1
1928	0.4	0.4	0.5	2.2	1.2	0.4	0.0
1929	1.1	- 2.9	- 0.6	2.9	2.0	0.2	- 0.7
1930	- 2.4	- 9.4	- 4.7	- 0.7	- 1.0	1.4	- 9.0
1931	- 4.2	- 19.0	- 6.7	- 1.9	- 5.7	- 6.6	- 18.0
1932	- 8.4	- 19.8	- 8.6	- 6.2	- 10.9	- 14.1	- 21.4
1933	- 4.0	- 10.8	- 4.0	- 6.1	- 8.7	- 8.9	- 8.9
1934	- 0.6	- 6.5	- 1.6	- 0.5	- 1.5	- 0.6	- 3.8
1935	- 4.1	- 2.7	- 3.4	- 0.6	- 4.4	- 6.3	- 4.9
1936	- 3.9	5.0	- 4.1	- 3.7	- 4.0	- 1.6	6.3
1937	3.3	34.7	4.5	3.2	6.0	16.1	26.1
1938	5.0	- 6.6	1.9	- 0.4	5.7	10.8	- 2.2
1939	1.7	0.3	0.7	0.6	3.4	5.7	1.1
1949	4.7	- 1.4	6.4	1.4	1.8	1.2	- 1.4
1950	7.3	9.8	8.7	15.4	5.7	3.9	- 1.7
1951	11.5	25.6	10.6	19.5	21.4	11.4	20.5
1952	2.5	- 1.0	0.1	0.1	1.5	10.0	- 1.0
1953	- 1.8	- 10.2	- 0.6	- 0.8	- 2.0	- 2.7	- 9.8
1954	4.5	- 2.6	4.1	6.8	8.6	1.7	- 1.9
1955	4.4	1.6	2.1	8.0	4.0	4.4	3.5
1956	3.8	3.4	2.6	8.4	6.7	8.4	3.9
1957	5.5	4.7	5.3	8.5	10.0	5.9	2.6
1958	1.9	- 5.4	1.6	0.6	1.0	1.6	- 5.1
1959	1.9	- 3.1	1.2	1.0	0.3	- 0.5	- 0.7
1960	2.6	- 0.4	2.4	6.4	3.1	0.6	- 0.6
1961	2.6	- 1.8	2.2	6.1	1.7	2.0	- 1.4
1962	3.2	- 1.1	2.6	7.4	4.3	1.3	- 0.4
1963	5.0	1.6	3.7	7.3	5.5	3.0	3.0
1964	8.4	2.5	6.8	17.0	7.6	5.6	2.5
1965	6.1	0.5	4.0	9.6	5.7	4.4	2.3
1966	5.9	0.8	5.4	9.7	6.3	4.7	0.6
1967	4.1	- 0.8	3.0	9.7	2.7	1.8	- 0.1
1968	3.9	- 2.8	2.6	6.0	3.7	1.3	- 0.6
1969	6.1	3.4	6.3	9.1	9.3	4.9	2.1
1969	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1970	5.6	7.7	5.0	8.5	8.6	8.5	5.6
1971	8.8	6.1	8.5	11.2	11.1	10.9	4.4
1972	8.2	2.3	6.9	11.4	9.5	7.3	2.7
1973	8.5	9.2	9.2	11.0	10.4	6.6	8.2
1974	12.9	25.8	10.4	13.9	12.1	10.8	26.8
1975	8.1	10.2	9.6	12.4	9.8	10.8	6.9
1976	9.0	6.8	9.5	9.2	9.1	8.8	6.4
1977	5.3	5.6	6.4	6.6	8.0	5.6	2.9
1978	5.3	1.6	4.5	6.4	7.2	5.9	1.3
1979	4.8	7.9	4.3	5.6	7.5	6.1	7.3
1980	6.2	11.4	6.8	4.7	7.8	7.0	11.0
1981	6.4	9.7	5.6	3.1	6.0	7.1	11.7
1982	4.6	3.7	5.0	3.6	2.6	3.2	4.4
1983	1.4	1.0	2.8	- 0.1	0.4	0.8	0.6
1984	2.3	3.7	2.7	- 0.1	1.5	0.7	4.7

Historical data

**TABLE H 5 (end)**  
**Deflators of supply and disposition of goods and services: changes**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure				Exports
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)		
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH	
	%						
1985	0.9	2.9	2.8	0.9	1.0	-0.6	1.6
1986	0.2	-14.9	-0.2	1.3	-1.2	-0.9	-14.4
1987	-1.0	-2.8	-0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	-5.4
1988	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.3	0.2
1989	1.3	3.8	1.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	3.6
1990	1.6	-1.0	1.4	2.7	1.6	1.2	-1.0
1991	3.1	0.1	3.6	3.9	2.0	1.5	0.3
1992	2.5	-1.4	3.1	4.0	1.3	1.5	-1.9
1993	1.6	-2.4	2.2	1.9	0.9	0.8	-2.5
1994	2.1	0.3	2.6	2.2	0.4	0.2	0.6
1995	2.1	0.3	2.1	2.4	0.5	0.5	0.7
1996	1.3	0.7	2.0	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.8
1997	2.6	1.5	2.3	2.5	-0.5	0.2	2.5
1998	1.9	-2.4	2.0	2.7	-0.3	0.4	-2.0
1999	1.8	-0.9	1.9	3.7	0.4	1.2	-1.2
2000	4.1	5.8	3.8	4.9	1.9	3.3	6.0
2001	5.1	-0.4	4.5	5.5	3.4	3.1	0.9
2002	3.8	-2.9	3.0	5.3	2.4	2.8	-1.8
2003	2.2	-0.9	2.4	3.0	2.6	1.3	-0.8
2004	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.9	0.9	1.2	0.6
2005	2.4	2.7	2.1	1.8	0.7	1.3	3.4
2006	1.8	3.0	2.2	1.6	1.5	2.1	2.6
2007	1.8	1.5	1.8	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.3
2008	2.1	4.7	1.1	3.4	2.6	1.9	4.8
2009	0.1	-6.0	-0.5	2.3	0.5	1.7	-6.0
2010*	1.1	6.1	1.3	1.0	2.0	0.8	5.3
2011*	1.2	4.3	2.3	0.5	1.0	-1.6	4.4

**TABLE H 6**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure					Exports
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)		Changes in inventories 1)	
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>mln euro</i>								
1921	2 628	1 265	2 184	216	152	492	- 126	975
1922	2 506	1 139	2 163	214	119	387	- 127	889
1923	2 415	1 127	2 070	201	96	310	- 66	931
1924	2 540	1 287	2 111	194	88	316	22	1 096
1925	2 602	1 341	2 106	191	90	327	63	1 166
1926	2 654	1 334	2 120	186	96	357	85	1 144
1927	2 737	1 379	2 185	186	116	366	44	1 219
1928	2 862	1 444	2 281	183	128	403	49	1 262
1929	2 945	1 470	2 332	198	153	421	52	1 259
1930	2 835	1 268	2 337	205	166	470	- 129	1 054
1931	2 620	977	2 218	215	178	378	- 188	796
1932	2 375	674	2 059	212	143	250	- 137	522
1933	2 289	635	1 992	202	117	222	- 68	459
1934	2 250	569	1 919	197	113	232	- 106	464
1935	2 217	536	1 865	189	102	207	- 71	461
1936	2 248	574	1 856	186	91	191	- 9	507
1937	2 454	838	1 956	191	101	244	39	761
1938	2 499	775	2 002	202	126	319	- 82	707
1939	2 750	816	2 135	196	138	325	81	691
1938	2 483	778	1 997	317		236	22	689
1946	4 845	1 245	3 653	998		628	191	620
1947	5 957	2 195	4 580	986		926	313	1 347
1948	7 006	2 668	5 042	1 057		1 252	295	2 028
1948	6 730	2 688	4 781	910	224	1 234	314	1 955
1949	7 546	2 857	5 234	913	255	1 330	115	2 556
1950	8 441	4 143	5 781	1 025	263	1 480	516	3 519
1951	9 640	4 929	6 267	1 234	307	1 577	495	4 689
1952	10 052	4 494	6 313	1 356	297	1 607	- 144	5 117
1953	10 699	4 805	6 617	1 482	473	1 805	- 92	5 219
1954	11 954	5 791	7 338	1 694	429	2 128	455	5 701
1955	13 374	6 352	7 994	1 918	472	2 575	312	6 455
1956	14 504	7 460	8 819	2 165	541	3 128	319	6 992
1957	15 767	8 070	9 307	2 336	655	3 438	400	7 701
1958	15 912	7 286	9 488	2 282	608	3 041	24	7 755
1959	16 971	7 943	10 025	2 274	695	3 358	88	8 474
1960	18 986	9 230	10 882	2 551	768	3 795	624	9 596
1961	20 045	9 633	11 724	2 801	853	4 102	541	9 657
1962	21 579	10 164	12 767	3 137	957	4 303	331	10 248
1963	23 411	11 314	14 181	3 596	1 098	4 446	264	11 140
1964	27 548	13 305	16 035	4 280	1 328	5 671	835	12 704
1965	30 767	14 195	17 920	4 764	1 435	6 272	594	13 977
1966	33 502	15 302	19 493	5 313	1 583	7 174	433	14 808
1967	36 755	16 131	21 164	5 970	1 790	7 857	321	15 784
1968	40 754	17 712	23 136	6 468	2 136	8 769	252	17 705
1969	46 156	20 891	26 475	7 376	2 245	9 049	1 107	20 795
1969	51 790	21 918	27 594	9 842	2 770	10 666	779	22 057
1970	58 073	26 682	30 799	11 265	3 130	13 085	483	25 993
1971	65 905	29 345	34 161	13 338	3 599	14 904	- 431	29 679
1972	73 803	30 796	37 623	15 400	3 539	15 643	- 809	33 203
1973	84 421	36 996	43 080	17 532	3 644	17 262	123	39 776
1974	98 585	46 806	48 589	20 750	4 080	17 909	1 877	52 186
1975	106 568	49 587	54 948	24 457	4 963	18 799	- 112	53 100
1976	121 328	57 632	63 138	27 885	5 459	20 408	950	61 120
1977	131 034	62 292	69 399	31 117	5 269	24 244	838	62 459
1978	141 746	65 260	75 658	34 142	5 770	26 236	693	64 507
1979	151 500	75 046	80 619	37 361	5 945	27 168	226	75 227

Historical data

**TABLE H 6 (end)**  
**Supply and disposition of goods and services**

	Disposable for final expenditure		Final expenditure					Exports
	Domestic product (gross, market prices)	Imports	Final consumption expenditure		Fixed capital formation (gross)		Changes in inventories 1)	
			households incl. NPISH	general government	general government	corporations, households and NPISH		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>mln euro</i>								
1980	163 091	85 496	86 098	39 916	6 625	29 953	682	85 313
1981	172 153	91 292	88 736	42 192	6 763	28 646	- 934	98 042
1982	177 878	93 618	91 812	44 485	6 644	28 840	- 1 607	101 322
1983	184 082	98 099	95 533	45 798	6 279	30 249	62	104 260
1984	194 095	107 384	98 738	45 457	6 998	32 492	198	117 596
1985	200 827	116 294	102 920	47 675	6 845	35 504	- 636	124 813
1986	206 861	101 721	105 189	48 934	6 487	38 317	662	108 993
1987	208 647	102 327	106 878	51 377	6 755	39 071	- 151	107 044
1988	217 596	111 395	109 436	52 238	7 119	43 826	- 425	116 797
1989	230 277	124 623	114 809	53 452	7 251	45 838	2 075	131 475
1990	243 652	128 271	121 102	56 121	7 828	47 500	1 821	137 551
1991	257 375	136 538	128 838	59 820	8 190	48 737	1 176	147 152
1992	268 299	138 414	133 777	63 816	8 828	49 945	1 773	148 574
1993	276 013	135 674	137 805	66 426	8 873	49 429	- 1 504	150 658
1994	290 048	148 377	144 084	69 254	9 231	50 418	729	164 709
1995	305 261	163 876	151 058	72 687	9 632	53 868	673	181 219
1996	319 755	173 789	160 658	72 830	10 655	58 494	233	190 674
1997	342 237	197 284	170 179	76 472	10 030	65 088	1 061	216 691
1998	362 464	209 802	182 540	80 489	10 734	69 727	2 010	226 766
1999	386 193	227 196	195 774	85 867	11 651	76 732	- 92	243 457
2000	417 960	269 732	210 823	91 871	13 112	78 540	430	292 916
2001	447 731	275 305	224 244	101 385	14 563	80 110	1 518	301 216
2002	465 214	268 112	233 043	110 246	16 425	76 437	- 1 275	298 450
2003	476 945	270 538	238 103	116 793	16 932	75 916	- 759	300 498
2004	491 184	289 894	242 781	118 942	15 816	76 610	818	326 111
2005	513 407	313 688	250 343	121 685	16 884	80 132	598	357 453
2006	540 216	351 669	254 875	135 442	17 837	88 536	1 720	393 475
2007	571 773	377 234	264 099	143 872	18 986	95 354	2 467	424 229
2008	594 481	404 047	270 417	152 813	20 535	101 314	7	453 442
2009	573 235	352 983	263 537	164 140	21 540	87 234	- 3 283	393 050
2010*	588 740	412 487	267 810	167 065	21 337	80 694	3 828	460 493
2011*	601 973	445 826	271 111	168 157	20 238	86 452	2 221	499 620

1) Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables.



## 9. SAM, Environmental-, TSA- and Regional accounts

### 9.1 Social Accounting Matrix (SAM) accounts

TABLE SR 1  
Resources and uses by type of households, 3-year moving average

		Households with main income from:				Institutional households	Total
		Wages and salaries	Mixed income (including property income)	Income in connection with old age	Other transfer income n.e.c.		
<i>mln euro</i>							
2001/2003	Compensation of employees	221 110	11 336	2 435	1 843	213	236 938
2002/2004		228 017	11 721	2 598	1 954	241	244 531
2005/2007 1)		254 191	5 199	2 904	2 001	217	264 512
2006/2008		265 871	5 627	3 003	1 874	218	276 594
2007/2009		275 474	5 919	3 124	1 861	225	286 603
2011* 2)		289 814	5 718	3 541	2 197	238	301 508
2001/2003	Primary income (net)	245 976	35 400	18 128	3 640	744	303 889
2002/2004		250 749	35 861	18 643	3 822	769	309 845
2005/2007 1)		277 173	37 686	19 017	2 894	727	337 498
2006/2008		288 691	38 907	20 171	2 917	823	351 510
2007/2009		296 242	38 168	19 549	2 831	815	357 605
2011* 2)		305 739	34 424	18 585	3 182	680	362 610
2001/2003	Disposable income (net)	144 696	28 692	42 129	11 700	2 402	229 619
2002/2004		144 591	28 831	44 341	12 079	2 495	232 338
2005/2007 1)		161 557	30 578	41 270	10 942	2 398	246 745
2006/2008		167 473	31 995	40 614	10 791	2 395	253 268
2007/2009		170 976	31 472	40 240	11 352	2 392	256 431
2011* 2)		177 037	28 042	42 611	13 835	2 402	263 927
2001/2003	Final consumption expenditure of households, national	146 124	20 911	42 466	.	.	227 767
2002/2004		149 606	21 147	44 236	.	.	233 786
2005/2007 1)		160 183	22 145	48 459	.	.	251 833
2006/2008		163 772	23 539	50 243	.	.	258 282
2007/2009		166 172	23 551	51 410	.	.	261 016
2011* 2)		167 444	23 947	55 128	.	.	265 782
	under which						
	Food						
2001/2003		12 412	1 694	4 020	.	.	19 803
2002/2004		12 688	1 684	4 150	.	.	20 253
2005/2007 1)		13 356	1 626	4 537	.	.	21 347
2006/2008		13 911	1 754	4 816	.	.	22 368
2007/2009		14 395	1 854	5 063	.	.	23 090
2011* 2)		14 897	2 095	5 706	.	.	24 385
2001/2003	Confectionery, tobacco and beverages	7 212	914	2 355	.	.	11 530
2002/2004		7 283	902	2 501	.	.	11 707
2005/2007 1)		7 641	898	2 364	.	.	12 235
2006/2008		8 093	954	2 411	.	.	12 808
2007/2009		8 602	949	2 498	.	.	13 362
2011* 2)		8 920	984	2 661	.	.	14 026
2001/2003	Durable consumer goods	31 590	4 112	6 991	.	.	45 835
2002/2004		31 323	4 030	7 002	.	.	45 597
2005/2007 1)		31 288	3 974	8 590	.	.	47 309
2006/2008		32 607	4 503	8 848	.	.	49 099
2007/2009		32 429	4 462	9 012	.	.	48 790
2011* 2)		30 410	3 897	9 277	.	.	46 178
2001/2003	Other goods	18 625	2 402	5 591	.	.	28 965
2002/2004		19 142	2 405	5 790	.	.	29 779
2005/2007 1)		21 489	2 600	6 431	.	.	33 449
2006/2008		22 281	2 791	6 786	.	.	34 694
2007/2009		22 471	2 830	7 083	.	.	35 107
2011* 2)		21 912	2 846	7 590	.	.	34 999
2001/2003	Services	69 880	10 858	20 980	.	.	110 774
2002/2004		72 765	11 210	22 323	.	.	115 655
2005/2007 1)		79 460	12 166	24 573	.	.	126 943
2006/2008		79 568	12 617	25 231	.	.	128 292
2007/2009		80 767	12 454	25 497	.	.	129 298
2011* 2)		84 100	12 927	27 428	.	.	134 641
2001/2003	Saving (net)	31 932	7 973	- 13 114	.	.	22 097
2002/2004		31 133	7 880	- 13 708	.	.	20 503
2005/2007 1)		41 493	8 622	- 23 904	.	.	17 900
2006/2008		44 678	8 621	- 27 184	.	.	17 962
2007/2009		46 386	8 068	- 29 705	.	.	17 974
2011* 2)		51 233	4 202	- 35 553	.	.	16 104
2001/2003	Free savings	- 1 428	7 781	- 337	.	.	1 851
2002/2004		- 5 015	7 684	105	.	.	- 1 447
2005/2007 1)		1 375	8 433	- 7 190	.	.	- 5 088
2006/2008		3 701	8 456	- 9 630	.	.	- 5 014
2007/2009		4 804	7 921	- 11 170	.	.	- 4 585
2011* 2)		9 593	4 095	- 12 517	.	.	- 1 855
	Average number of households	x 1 000					
2001/2003		3 988	495	1 676	803	215	7 178
2002/2004		3 991	488	1 708	833	214	7 233
2005/2007 1)		4 105	438	1 779	846	209	7 377
2006/2008		4 170	457	1 800	794	207	7 428
2007/2009		4 210	474	1 825	772	207	7 488
2011* 2)		4 228	507	1 959	797	209	7 700

1) Start new timeseries due to new method for households with main income mixed income (including property income)  
2) This line refers to the year 2011 only.

**Table SR 2**  
**Resources and uses by type of households, 2009**

	Households with main income from:									Insti- tutional house- holds	Total
	Wages and salaries		Mixed income (inclu- ding property income)	Income in connection with old age		Other transfer income n.e.c.		Single person	Multi persons		
	Single person	Multi person		Single person	Multi persons	Single person	Multi persons				
		without minor children	with minor children			without minor children	with minor children				
<i>% disposable income</i>											
<b>PRIMARY INCOME DISTRIBUTION</b>											
<b>RESOURCES</b>											
<b>Mixed income (net)</b>	4.5	11.3	12.7	40.5	8.4	13.9	-0.9	10.0	2.3	-0.9	13.8
Compensation of employees	177.4	159.0	161.6	19.3	2.7	10.8	12.4	16.3	18.1	10.0	115.3
Wages and salaries	137.4	123.8	126.6	15.7	2.3	8.9	10.1	13.2	14.8	8.1	90.1
Employers' social contributions	39.9	35.3	35.0	3.6	0.5	1.9	2.2	3.1	3.2	1.9	25.2
Property income	14.4	14.5	13.7	27.3	29.5	30.0	6.4	5.5	3.2	19.6	17.6
<b>USES</b>											
Property income	12.3	12.7	18.9	-36.8	5.0	7.1	1.4	4.7	3.7	-0.2	7.8
<b>Primary income (net)</b>	184.0	172.1	169.1	123.8	35.7	47.6	16.5	27.2	19.9	29.0	138.9
<b>SECONDARY INCOME DISTRIBUTION</b>											
<b>RESOURCES</b>											
Social contributions	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2
Imputed social contributions	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2
Social benefits (in cash)	12.5	17.2	16.0	9.8	142.9	129.2	147.9	89.9	124.8	131.4	39.6
Social security benefits	3.1	6.0	3.2	3.3	79.4	54.8	73.3	63.8	42.0	71.4	16.7
Social assistance benefits	1.9	2.3	6.7	4.0	4.8	4.9	71.0	22.4	80.6	32.2	6.9
Pension benefits	1.2	3.3	0.6	1.9	58.6	69.1	3.3	3.1	1.6	27.5	12.0
Other private social insurance benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unfunded employee social benefits	6.2	5.6	5.5	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.3	4.0
Other current transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.6
Non-life insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.4
Other current transfers n.e.c.	4.5	2.6	2.3	2.4	7.7	4.9	20.3	33.1	6.7	2.2	4.1
<b>USES</b>											
Current taxes on income and wealth	21.9	22.4	22.7	19.2	24.9	24.6	14.3	10.2	8.0	10.5	21.8
Current taxes on income	18.1	20.6	20.9	17.6	19.2	21.4	4.8	7.5	3.7	10.5	19.3
Current taxes on wealth	3.8	1.7	1.8	1.5	5.7	3.1	9.5	2.7	4.4	0.0	2.4
Social contributions	70.8	64.9	59.5	12.5	52.3	51.3	50.2	34.2	31.3	43.1	54.9
Social security contributions	37.4	33.8	28.9	9.7	39.8	35.7	49.4	32.6	30.2	36.6	30.9
Contributions to pension schemes	27.3	25.1	25.2	2.4	12.4	15.3	0.8	1.4	1.0	6.5	20.0
Other private social insurance contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Imputed social contributions	6.0	6.0	5.3	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	4.0
Social benefits (in cash)	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2
Unfunded employee social benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2
Other current transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.3
Non-life insurance premiums	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.4
Other current transfers n.e.c.	8.4	4.6	5.3	4.3	9.0	5.8	20.2	5.8	12.1	10.0	5.9
<b>Disposable income (net)</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Final consumption expenditure (-)	111.9	90.8	95.7	83.1	138.1	124.7	-	-	-	-	101.5
Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserve	26.1	21.9	24.7	0.4	-46.2	-53.8	-	-	-	-	8.0
<b>Saving (net)</b>	14.2	31.0	28.9	17.4	-84.3	-78.5	-	-	-	-	6.5
<b>Free savings</b>	-11.9	9.2	4.3	16.9	-38.1	-24.7	-	-	-	-	-1.5

**Table SR 3**  
**Final consumption expenditure of households by type of goods and services, 2009**

by type of goods and services	households	Total final consumption expenditure of households, Netherlands	of which: Households with main income from:						Other transfer income n.e.c.
			Wages and salaries		Mixed income (including property income)	Income in connection with old age			
			Single person	Multi person		Single person	Multi person		
					without minor children			with minor children	
<i>% total final consumption expenditure</i>									
Goods		46	41	48	48	41	44	49	46
Food, beverages and tobacco		14	13	15	15	13	13	16	17
Food		9	7	9	10	9	9	11	9
Potatoes, vegetables and fruits		2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat and meat products		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
Fish		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Dairy products		2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Bread, rusks and bread products		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other food products		2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
Confectionery, tobacco and beverages		5	6	6	5	4	4	5	8
Ice-cream		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweets		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Beverages		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Tobacco		2	3	2	2	1	1	1	3
Durable consumer goods		18	16	20	19	17	16	18	14
Textiles and clothing		4	3	4	5	4	3	4	3
Leather goods and footwear		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Home furnishing		3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2
Household appliances		2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3
Household articles		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles		4	2	4	4	4	3	4	1
Other durable consumer goods		3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3
Other goods		14	13	13	14	12	15	14	15
Motor fuel		3	4	4	4	3	3	4	3
Energy		5	5	4	4	4	7	5	7
Other goods		5	4	5	6	4	5	5	5
Services		50	55	47	49	53	51	47	50
Housing		18	21	15	15	15	26	21	18
Hotels and restaurants services		4	5	5	3	4	4	5	4
Recreational and cultural services		2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
Transport and communication services		7	8	7	7	6	8	7	10
Medical services and welfare		3	2	2	3	3	2	3	1
Financial and business services		9	9	10	10	18	5	6	7
Other services		6	7	6	8	5	4	4	7
Final consumption by resident households in the rest of the world		5	4	5	4	5	5	5	4
<b>Final consumption expenditure of households, national</b>		<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

## 9.2 Environmental accounts

**TABLE MR 1**  
Integrated monetary Environmental accounts, 2009

NACE Rev. 2	Output (basic prices)	Value added (gross, basic prices)	Environ- mental costs	Green taxes	Environ- mental fees	Labour input of employed persons
	<i>mln euro</i>					<i>1 000 full-time equivalent jobs</i>
<b>BY PRODUCERS</b>	1 096 415	510 852	.	7 679	946	6759
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	24 568	7 898	.	388	34	183
Industry (no construction), energy	309 058	92 840	1413	1 619	328	853
Mining and quarrying	20 993	15 556	x	20	3	7
Manufacture of food and beverages	56 289	13 546	x	306	123	117
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	3 495	1 100	x	17	15	18
Manufacture of paper- and wood products	13 133	4 646	51	106	18	73
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	26 495	2 245	x	276	6	6
Manufacture of chemicals	37 746	7 333	278	304	32	46
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	5 949	1 496	86	17	5	14
Manufacture of plastic and building material	12 894	4 636	52	81	16	58
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	23 049	6 876	103	102	19	105
Manufacture of electronic products	11 059	1 586	14	23	7	45
Manufacture of electric equipment	3 940	1 048	x	12	2	16
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	16 190	5 104	34	41	5	74
Transport equipment	10 103	2 211	x	28	3	40
Other manufacturing and repair	17 645	8 198	29	58	8	176
Electricity and gas supply	38 227	12 895	224	29	8	23
Water supply and waste management	11 851	4 364	x	197	58	36
Construction	83 713	30 678	.	238	35	467
Construction buildings, development	36 049	10 540	.	52	7	142
Civil engineering	13 162	3 918	.	44	7	60
Specialised construction activities	34 502	16 220	.	142	21	265
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	181 103	94 259	.	2 290	233	1 596
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	14 559	6 902	.	209	11	119
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	68 140	37 878	.	401	49	452
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	30 397	17 428	.	193	36	488
Land transport	20 094	11 013	.	1130	8	178
Water transport	5 507	1 513	.	75	1	20
Air transport	7 841	605	.	29	49	29
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	16 645	9 875	.	119	19	116
Accommodation and food serving	17 920	9 045	.	134	60	195
Information and communication	51 452	25 022	.	125	20	238
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	13 513	5 762	.	40	9	58
Telecommunications	18 509	8 247	.	29	5	32
IT- and information services	19 430	11 013	.	57	6	147
Financial institutions	77 364	38 022	.	177	17	246
Financial institutions, no insurance	52 081	24 503	.	102	11	140
Insurance and pension funding	18 819	9 051	.	50	4	53
Other financial services	6 464	4 468	.	25	2	53
Real estate activities	59 130	33 161	.	35	28	67
Business services	112 827	61 751	.	1 981	56	1 042
Management, technical consultancy	49 252	25 781	.	175	17	385
Research and development	3 637	1 881	.	30	3	32
Advertising, design and other	13 394	5 169	.	47	10	92
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	9 712	5 088	.	1 582	7	26
Employment activities	18 210	15 117	.	38	4	311
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	5 882	1 442	.	28	2	20
Security and investigation	1 618	1 217	.	81	13	35
Facility management	7 140	4 484	.	>	>	107
Other business services	3 982	1 572	.	>	>	33
Government and care	172 027	114 103	.	652	154	1 738
Public administration and services	70 418	38 030	.	361	52	460
Education	34 073	26 406	.	109	27	390
Human health activities	37 796	27 332	.	102	34	391
Care and social work	29 740	22 335	.	80	41	498
Culture, recreation, other services	23 899	13 118	.	174	41	330
Culture, sports and recreation	11 350	4 810	.	99	27	113
Other service activities	10 300	6 059	.	75	14	141
Households with domestic personnel	2 249	2 249	.	-	-	75
<b>BY CONSUMERS</b>			.	11 100	3 175	
<b>Total residents</b>	1 096 415	510 852	.	18 779	4 121	6 759
FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD				506	24	
<b>Total</b>	1 096 415	510 852	.	19 285	4 145	6 759

**TABLE MR 2**  
**Integrated physical Environmental accounts, 2009**

NACE Rev. 2	Net energy use	Tap water use	Green-house effect	Acidification	Fine dust (PM <sub>10</sub> )	Eutrophication to water	Heavy metals to water	Waste
	petajoules	mln m3	mln CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	mld acid eq.	mln kg	mln nutrient eq.	heavy metal eq. x 1 000	mln kg
<b>BY PRODUCERS</b>	<b>2 803</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>187 512</b>	<b>19.70</b>	<b>29.24</b>	<b>13.11</b>	<b>43.91</b>	<b>.</b>
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	158	51	28 807	7.92	6.98	6.41	11.67	.
Industry (no construction), energy	1 755	202	109 753	2.74	8.91	6.61	19.31	.
Mining and quarrying	44	4	2 886	0.13	0.04	0.00	0.12	.
Manufacture of food and beverages	85	60	4 352	0.13	2.04	1.50	0.36	.
Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	5	2	202	0.00	0.13	0.03	0.34	.
Manufacture of paper- and wood products	33	4	1 351	0.04	0.82	0.07	0.28	.
Manufacture of coke and petroleum	177	22	10 909	0.71	0.58	0.06	0.56	.
Manufacture of chemicals	739	38	16 641	0.38	1.36	0.41	3.23	.
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	6	7	203	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.06	.
Manufacture of plastic and building material	38	7	2 380	0.24	1.28	0.02	0.05	.
Manufacture of basic metals and -products	132	35	6 608	0.25	2.07	0.09	0.81	.
Manufacture of electronic products	3	2	294	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.03	.
Manufacture of electric equipment	3	1	174	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	.
Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	28	2	337	0.02	0.10	0.01	0.06	.
Transport equipment	6	2	170	0.00	0.01	0.00	2.53	.
Other manufacturing and repair	6	1	330	0.01	0.04	0.00	0.01	.
Electricity and gas supply	376	11	53 417	0.70	0.33	0.02	0.14	.
Water supply and waste management	74	5	9 500	0.12	0.06	4.32	10.70	.
Construction	46	10	2 433	0.32	1.84	0.00	0.80	.
Construction buildings, development	6	3	520	0.05	0.47	0.00	0.23	.
Civil engineering	22	1	801	0.11	0.39	0.00	0.13	.
Specialised construction activities	18	6	1 112	0.17	0.97	0.00	0.44	.
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	533	34	32 668	7.79	9.55	0.00	6.02	.
Sale and repair of motor vehicles	20	3	849	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.17	.
Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	45	10	1 736	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.63	.
Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	33	10	1 112	0.04	0.06	0.00	0.60	.
Land transport	128	4	8 121	0.98	2.82	0.00	2.16	.
Water transport	83	0	6 600	4.69	5.28	0.00	1.82	.
Air transport	164	1	11 986	1.81	0.16	0.00	0.05	.
Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	19	2	571	0.05	0.98	0.00	0.36	.
Accommodation and food serving	40	4	1 694	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.24	.
Information and communication	23	5	724	0.04	0.10	0.00	0.32	.
Publishing, movie, radio and tv	8	1	305	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.07	.
Telecommunications	7	1	58	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04	.
IT- and information services	8	3	361	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.20	.
Financial institutions	22	5	933	0.06	0.17	0.00	0.36	.
Financial institutions, no insurance	14	3	579	0.04	0.11	0.00	0.21	.
Insurance and pension funding	5	1	245	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.08	.
Other financial services	3	1	109	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.07	.
Real estate activities	6	1	237	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.09	.
Business services	79	22	4 056	0.36	1.03	0.09	1.50	.
Management, technical consultancy	22	8	946	0.06	0.15	0.03	0.50	.
Research and development	5	1	203	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.05	.
Advertising, design and other	6	2	268	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.12	.
Renting and leasing of tangible goods	33	1	2 025	0.22	0.68	0.00	0.20	.
Employment activities	5	7	292	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.38	.
Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	1	0	31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	.
Security and investigation	7	4	290	0.02	0.08	0.02	0.23	.
Facility management	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	.
Other business services	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	.
Government and care	138	37	5 986	0.38	0.54	0.00	3.42	.
Public administration and services	63	10	2 772	0.30	0.49	0.00	1.78	.
Education	26	8	1 104	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.48	.
Human health activities	25	8	1 114	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.57	.
Care and social work	25	11	996	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.59	.
Culture, recreation, other services	44	7	1 745	0.06	0.10	0.00	0.42	.
Culture, sports and recreation	26	2	945	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.15	.
Other service activities	18	3	800	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.19	.
Households with domestic personnel	0	2	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	.
<b>BY CONSUMERS</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>39 543</b>	<b>2.01</b>	<b>9.31</b>	<b>20.20</b>	<b>84.98</b>	<b>.</b>
<b>OTHER DOMESTIC ORIGIN</b>			<b>5 399</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>2.19</b>	<b>8.15</b>	<b>.</b>
<b>Total residents</b>	<b>3 499</b>	<b>1092</b>	<b>232 454</b>	<b>21.72</b>	<b>38.56</b>	<b>35.51</b>	<b>137.03</b>	<b>.</b>
<b>FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD</b>						<b>32.13</b>	<b>255.76</b>	<b>.</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 499</b>	<b>1092</b>	<b>232 454</b>	<b>21.72</b>	<b>38.56</b>	<b>67.64</b>	<b>392.79</b>	<b>.</b>

## 9.3 TSA-accounts

**TABLE TR 1**  
**Key figures Tourism Satellite Accounts (TSA)**

	Unit	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<b>TOURIST INDICATORS</b>								
Internal tourism expenditure (incl. VAT)	<i>mln euro</i>	32 163	33 973	35 875	37 087	35 145	35 983	37 280
Tourism gross domestic product	<i>mln euro</i>	15 379	16 096	16 624	17 257	16 634	16 751	16 669
% GDP	%	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8
Tourism value added (gross, basic prices)	<i>mln euro</i>	12 848	13 403	13 717	14 041	13 670	13 716	13 518
% of value added	%	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5
Tourism Jobs	<i>1 000 jobs</i>	377	385	397	401	398	403	412
% of all jobs	%	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.5
Tourism of employed persons	<i>1 000 persons</i>	336	346	355	358	355	359	367
% number of employed persons	%	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2
Tourism labour input	<i>1 000 fte jobs</i>	237	242	249	250	247	250	255
% labour input	%	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8
Domestic tourism expenditure (residents in NL)	<i>mln euro</i>	31 077	32 615	34 124	35 476	34 241	34 539	35 185
% final consumption expenditure of households	%	12.6	12.8	12.9	13.1	13.0	12.9	13.0
<b>DIFFERENT KINDS OF TOURISM EXPENDITURE</b>								
	<i>mln euro</i>							
Internal tourism (incl. VAT)		32 163	33 973	35 875	37 087	35 145	35 983	37 280
Inbound tourism (non-residents) (excl. transfer passengers)		6 166	6 637	7 034	7 340	6 965	7 355	7 747
business motive		1 159	1 231	1 283	1 336	1 247	1 285	1 347
leisure motive		5 007	5 406	5 751	6 004	5 718	6 070	6 400
Domestic tourism (residents in NL)		21 698	22 869	24 193	25 028	23 720	24 218	25 113
Destination The Netherlands		17 972	18 981	20 017	20 536	19 650	20 058	20 746
business motive		2 549	2 709	2 862	2 977	2 781	2 865	2 990
leisure motive		15 424	16 272	17 155	17 559	16 869	17 193	17 756
Destination foreign countries		3 725	3 888	4 176	4 492	4 070	4 160	4 367
business motive		590	588	642	689	629	643	675
leisure motive		3 135	3 300	3 534	3 802	3 441	3 517	3 692
Durable recreational goods		2 670	2 752	2 872	2 883	2 628	2 549	2 530
Transfers in Kind		1 629	1 714	1 775	1 835	1 832	1 861	1 890
Outbound tourism		12 929	13 504	13 889	14 742	14 827	14 873	14 914
business motive		3 080	3 214	3 327	3 511	3 524	3 593	3 707
leisure motive		9 849	10 290	10 562	11 231	11 303	11 280	11 207
<b>TOURIST INDICATORS</b>								
	<i>volume indices (2005=100)</i>							
Internal tourism expenditure (incl. VAT)		100.0	103.5	107.2	107.2	101.6	101.9	103.6
Tourism gross domestic product		100.0	103.9	107.5	107.5	100.3	100.4	103.4
Tourism value added (gross, basic prices)		100.0	104.0	107.2	107.2	100.2	100.2	103.4
Domestic tourism expenditure (residents in NL)		100.0	103.1	103.8	105.9	102.6	100.8	99.9
<b>DIFFERENT KINDS OF TOURISM EXPENDITURE</b>								
Internal tourism (incl. VAT)		100.0	103.5	107.2	107.2	101.6	101.9	103.6
Inbound tourism (non-residents) (excl. transfer passengers)		100.0	105.4	110.2	110.8	106.1	110.0	114.3
business motive		100.0	103.8	106.6	106.7	101.1	102.5	105.6
leisure motive		100.0	105.7	111.0	111.7	107.2	111.8	116.3
Domestic tourism (residents in NL)		100.0	103.2	106.8	106.4	101.0	100.7	102.3
Destination The Netherlands		100.0	103.6	106.3	105.3	100.0	99.4	100.6
business motive		100.0	103.9	107.1	107.1	101.1	101.6	103.0
leisure motive		100.0	103.5	106.2	105.0	99.8	99.0	100.2
Destination foreign countries		100.0	101.4	109.3	112.3	106.0	107.8	111.0
business motive		100.0	99.0	106.3	109.0	102.8	104.5	107.2
leisure motive		100.0	101.9	109.9	112.9	106.6	108.5	111.7
Durable recreational goods		100.0	102.4	104.9	106.7	95.9	91.7	89.5
Transfers in Kind		100.0	102.5	104.2	104.3	102.4	102.3	102.3
Outbound tourism		100.0	103.1	103.8	110.0	111.2	108.3	104.9
business motive		100.0	103.1	104.5	107.4	103.7	104.9	107.6
leisure motive		100.0	103.1	103.5	110.8	113.5	109.3	103.8

## 9.4 Regional accounts

TABLE RR 1  
Key figures Regional accounts 1+2)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009*	2010*
ECONOMIC GROWTH						
	<i>% volume changes</i>					
Groningen	-2.0	1.0	-1.8	8.7	-4.6	10.3
excluding mining and quarrying	2.4	1.5	2.4	-0.2	-1.8	1.1
Friesland	2.2	2.0	5.0	0.5	-2.1	0.3
excluding mining and quarrying	3.4	2.5	4.5	0.6	-2.2	0.3
Drenthe	2.8	0.3	5.6	1.0	-4.4	0.8
excluding mining and quarrying	2.4	2.5	5.2	1.6	-4.0	1.1
Overijssel	2.2	3.0	4.4	2.9	-4.5	1.6
Flevoland	4.1	7.5	5.1	0.1	-3.1	2.0
Gelderland	1.9	5.3	3.7	1.9	-2.8	0.9
Utrecht	2.2	3.9	4.6	1.5	-2.9	0.8
Noord-Holland	2.8	3.3	4.0	2.2	-3.1	2.2
Zuid-Holland	2.8	3.4	4.4	1.0	-3.2	0.8
Zeeland	2.0	2.1	6.3	2.9	-2.1	2.9
Noord-Brabant	3.1	3.9	3.3	1.8	-4.1	1.8
Limburg	0.2	2.5	4.0	1.0	-5.4	1.6
<b>Total economy</b>	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	-3.5	1.7
excluding mining and quarrying	2.5	3.6	4.0	1.6	-3.4	1.4
DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GROSS, MARKET PRICES) PER CAPITA						
	<i>1 000 euro</i>					
Groningen	38.3	43.2	42.9	52.0	44.6	.
excluding mining and quarrying	26.6	27.7	29.2	29.4	29.2	.
Friesland	25.2	26.3	28.0	28.8	28.2	.
excluding mining and quarrying	24.2	25.1	26.7	27.1	26.9	.
Drenthe	24.5	25.3	27.1	27.9	26.5	.
excluding mining and quarrying	23.0	24.1	25.7	26.2	25.3	.
Overijssel	26.8	28.0	29.8	31.2	30.0	.
Flevoland	22.9	25.2	26.9	26.6	25.4	.
Gelderland	26.0	27.7	29.4	30.3	29.6	.
Utrecht	37.5	38.8	40.9	41.6	41.1	.
Noord-Holland	36.6	37.8	39.5	40.4	39.5	.
Zuid-Holland	32.2	33.6	35.8	36.5	34.4	.
Zeeland	27.8	28.9	31.9	33.7	31.9	.
Noord-Brabant	31.3	32.9	34.6	35.7	34.7	.
Limburg	27.7	29.1	31.2	31.8	30.0	.
<b>Total economy</b>	31.5	33.0	34.9	36.1	34.6	35.4
excluding mining and quarrying	30.7	32.1	33.9	34.8	33.6	34.4
LABOUR INPUT OF EMPLOYEES						
	<i>1 000 full-time equivalent jobs</i>					
Groningen	182.6	181.5	182.5	184.9	182.2	.
Friesland	191.0	190.2	195.1	196.0	194.1	.
Drenthe	140.3	140.6	142.9	147.5	143.9	.
Overijssel	370.2	374.3	384.8	390.3	385.1	.
Flevoland	94.1	97.7	102.7	105.2	105.6	.
Gelderland	651.2	662.7	681.2	693.7	686.6	.
Utrecht	475.1	487.8	501.7	507.0	502.6	.
Noord-Holland	1015.6	1037.0	1054.9	1072.0	1062.7	.
Zuid-Holland	1221.6	1240.6	1265.6	1294.1	1280.7	.
Zeeland	112.6	110.5	113.4	114.9	112.7	.
Noord-Brabant	860.5	882.2	902.9	922.1	906.7	.
Limburg	362.3	362.0	372.0	380.2	371.3	.
<b>Total economy</b>	5682.5	5772.6	5905.3	6013.3	5939.7	5898.0

1) Due to the Extra-regio the figure of the total economy may not match the sum of the provinces.

2) The provisional regional data correspond to the National accounts 2010.

In October 2012, new regional data are available that correspond to the National accounts 2011.

## **10. Explanations**

### **10.1 National accounts in outlines**

#### **10.1.1 Introduction**

The system of national accounts gives a quantitative overview of the economic process of a country and its economic relations with the rest of the world. As part of the economic process we distinguish between production, generation of income, distribution of incomes, expenditure and financing.

#### **10.1.2 Economic territory**

The Dutch national accounts refer to the economic territory of the Kingdom of the Netherlands in Europe. The Dutch section of the continental shelf in the North Sea is also regarded as a part of that economic territory. The economies of the countries of the Kingdom of the Netherlands outside Europe (Curaçao, Sint Maarten and Aruba) are not described in the Dutch national accounts. The islands (public bodies) Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba are indeed part of the Netherlands but are also not included in the national accounts.

#### **10.1.3 Economic indicators**

The core in the national accounts is a number of important economic indicators such as the gross domestic product (GDP) and the national income. The GDP is a measure for the production in a country of goods and services. Roughly speaking it comes down to the difference of the value of the production and the used goods and services.

The domestic product can be determined gross or net, that is including or excluding consumption of fixed capital. This holds for the net national income as well. The national income is the sum of the primary incomes (wages, profits, on balance received interest and dividend) of the residents of a country. This equals the net domestic product plus net primary income received from the rest of the world.

#### **10.1.4 Economic processes**

In several countries the national accounts are only related to an estimate for one or more of these macrovariables. In that case there is no question of a description of an economic process in the above-mentioned sense. Before the Second World War this was also the case for the Netherlands; the fundamentals for an integrated system were not yet founded. In an extended system of national accounts, as currently used in the Netherlands the description goes far beyond. To start with, an extended preview is given of the production of goods and services and with that to the extent in which is provided in important vital necessities such as food, housing, durables etc. Also a description is given to what extent capital goods are written off and to what extent these through investments are enlarged. Furthermore we pay attention to the way incomes are distributed and we illustrate the redistribution of taxes and social benefits. Finally the national accounts give a description of the financial transactions. All this occurs not only for the total of the economy but also for parts of it. For example the description of the production is detailed in industries. For the description of the income distribution, expenditure and financing sectors are distinguished such as general government, households, non-financial and financial corporations.

#### **10.1.5 Consistency of the description**

The national accounts are called a system which is justified because they form a connected and integrated entity in which all variables are linked together in a consistent way. This contributed largely to the quality and possibilities of the use. The quality is improved because a comparison of the definitions which underlie the system makes it possible to relate the different statistics. Even when the results of these statistics do not agree, it is still possible, through integration, to come to the most plausible estimates. The use of the national accounts is improved because the systematic approach makes it possible to connect a variety of phenomena.



This systematic approach has also its limitations, especially when enforcing changes in concepts and definitions. Partial changes are without question excluded. For instance a change in production is only possible when at the same time concepts such as income, consumption, savings and investment are adapted.

In the system of national accounts estimates have to be made for a great number of variables, variables which are important in itself such as production, consumption, imports and exports, savings etc. For all these variables choices have to be made.

#### **10.1.6 Uses of the national accounts**

For every choice in this field a number of elements play a role. For example the consistency of the system is an important factor. Another important factor is the uses of the national accounts. The uses are rather diverse. To start with: the GDP and the national income are often used as summary standards for the functioning of the economy of a country, the success of pursuing of a financial-economic policy and the financial capacity of the society. For instance net lending / net borrowing of the general government is expressed as a percentage of GDP (EMU-norm). The GNI is one of the foundations of the contribution to the European Union. The national income is used as a guideline for the amount of the development aid and is the basis for all kind of key figures for the government. From the national accounts it is also possible to conclude the relative importance of an industry for the economy through her share in the domestic product.

Furthermore the data of the national accounts are quite often used for prognoses and analysis. Because the data give an integrated and coordinated description of the national economy they are pre-eminently suited for the use in models, which predict the economic development and tests the influence of policy variables. Finally the data are used in the field of the production structure. The data form a specific data base (supply and use tables and input-output tables (see explanation 10.3) which also serve as a basis for a very multiform application (for example for studies on energy, environment pollution and the consequences of tax policies on production and employment).

#### **10.1.7 Comments on the uses**

The diversity of the uses makes that the choice not always turns out to be an optimum for each use. For instance this goes for the choice between a description of the angle of incidence of the economic actors versus an account of economic processes which is as correct as possible. The first is called an institutional approach, the second a functional one. For an institutional description the producers form the core. They are classified on the basis of the main point of their economic activity into industries. For example producers who have as their main activity transport are classified in the industry transport, storage and communication. This leads to good information about the total production value of the producers which are classified into a certain industry and which join a reality in which the producer operates. However this approach at the same time means that the production because of possible side activities is part of the production value in the industry. Another example is the transport entrepreneur with retail as a sideline.

For the estimation of the total production value of a certain activity (for instance transport) the institutional approach is less suitable, the more when this side activity is practiced by producers in other industries. Here a functional approach offers more advantages. In the Dutch national accounts the institutional approach has been chosen for a number of reasons.

In this framework every choice has been directed at the aim of making the national accounts suitable for as many uses as possible. For specific intentions separate modules should be made which will contain additional data in addition to the standard national accounts and which are needed for a specific point of view or a specific use.

#### **10.1.8 Perceptions of classifications**

For the choice of an as general as possible usefulness another consideration might prevail. A number of concepts which appear in the national accounts (for instance "income") also are used in bookkeeping or in fiscal terms. The meaning of these concepts is not always the same as in the national accounts. However tax figures and data from business administrations are important sources to compose national accounts. A substantial deviation of the concepts in these sources might cause a problem, both the composition of the national accounts and the use of it. More generally it applies that for a good understanding of the nati-

onal accounts it is important to join as much as possible to the perceptions of the participants in the economic process.

### **10.1.9 International comparability and use**

International comparability has already been mentioned as element in the use of the national accounts. The concepts, classifications and methods of the national accounts are determined in an international context and laid down in international guidelines (SNA 1993 and ESR 1995).

The Netherlands are, due to international rules, obliged to furnish to international institutions clearly defined data at a certain point of time. The most important recipient is Eurostat; this institute redirects the data to institutions such as the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). Eurostat also calculates the aggregates for the European Union (EU) and the Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). Here the itemised accounts can go further than the 'regular' publication scheme of the Dutch National accounts.

A large number of international treaties and international guidelines contain data from the national accounts. The international significance and the administrative application of national accounts data are on the increase all the time.

Both the VAT-contribution and the GNI-contribution of the Netherlands to the EU are based on the national accounts. On the revenue side the national accounts dominates the picture. The distribution of the GDP over the regions, which can be traced from the regional national accounts, partly determines the level of the contribution, which a member state will receive from the European structural funds. In short, the net position of the Netherlands in relation to the EU will to a large extent be determined by national accounts data.

Because of the increasing importance of the GNI it has become that all European members exactly apply the same definitions for the statistical concepts. So that's why agreements have been made for mutually comparable harmonised figures.

Under the auspices of Eurostat a GNI manageable committee has been founded, which as its main task to guard the quality of the GNI estimates of the member states. The committee checks whether the regulations are observed. Checks are also made by the European Auditor's Office. The quality and international comparability of the national accounts had a favourable effect.

The government debt and the government deficit as a percentage of the GDP play an essential role for the entry to the EMU (Maastricht Treaty) and in the stability pact (Amsterdam Treaty). A fine due to the failure to comply with the obligations of the Treaty of Amsterdam and possible mitigating circumstances (economic depression) are related to the national accounts.

### **10.1.10 Prosperity**

Due to the frequent and versatile use of the national accounts figures it is important that the exact meaning of these data is clear for everybody. The data about production or income, which represent the amount of available goods and services, are but one indicator for the prosperity. Prosperity or use can be defined as the satisfaction of needs of individual citizens. However, prosperity is not measurable and so is not suitable as a unit to express national accounts data. The money-units used in the national accounts are only incompletely related to the use-units, for instance because of the existence of consumer surpluses. Besides, according to many people prosperity of a society can only be expressed in terms of individual prosperity. For sure adding here is not permitted, since it is impossible to compare prosperity between individual persons. A figure such as national income cannot be a measure for collective prosperity.

### **10.1.11 Environment**

In the regular part of the national accounts the environmental aspects of production and consumption are only limited taken into account. Only as far as enterprises make actual expenditure to combat pollution, these are included in the national accounts as expenses. However if the government takes care of water treatment this is seen as production by government and this contributes to the national income. This applies too in case the consumer pays. The pollution does not express itself in terms of money. However it is true that

in case through the market or a democratic process a price tag is placed on environmental pollution this is taken into account in the national accounts.

The unrestricted extension of the standard description in the national accounts with environmental side effects has clearly its drawbacks. One of them is that environmental side effects should be expressed in terms of money. The information for this is by no mean satisfactory. As a consequence the accuracy of core variables like the GDP and the national income will be affected and the present uses of the national accounts are limited. It should also be noted that economic actors spending decisions are not based on an income that they should have in case an environmental damage was discounted, but on the actual income received in euros.

Still it makes sense to quantify environmental effects in statistical observable units in a separate module in connection with the national accounts (and macro-economic variables such as national income). Also for instance environmental taxes or environmental cleansing services can be differentiated in an environmental module. See also explanation 10.7.

## 10.2 Transactions in the national accounts

### 10.2.1 Introduction

The system of national accounts describes transactions by industry and sector on the basis of international guidelines. The transactions by industry are systematically described in the supply and use tables. They focus on transactions in goods and services and on describing the production process, including income generation. The transactions by sector are systematically described in the sector accounts, which focus more specifically on income (re) distribution, use of income and financing. In this chapter, the transactions in the national accounts are further explained.

### 10.2.2 Output and generation of income (chapter Output, consumption and generation of income)

#### Output (basic prices)

Output covers the value of all goods produced for sale, including unsold goods, and all receipts for services rendered. Output furthermore covers the market equivalent of goods and services produced for own use, such as own account capital formation, services of owner-occupied dwellings and agricultural products produced by farmers for own consumption. The output of such goods is estimated by valuing the quantities produced against the price that the producer would have received if these goods had been sold.

Output is valued at basic prices, defined as the price received by the producer excluding trade and transport margins and the balance of taxes and subsidies on products. This is the price the producer is ultimately left with.

Some special cases:

*Trade* is the distribution of goods in time and space without any physical transformation. So, trade services are produced on behalf of goods. The value of these services is the difference between the sales value and the purchase value of traded goods.

*Real estate activities* not only include services of non-residential buildings and rented dwellings, but also of owner-occupied dwellings. The latter are valued on the basis of rents of comparable rented dwellings.

*Banking* mainly deals with financial intermediation, i.e. the acquisition, transformation and issuing of financial assets. The compensation for these services is implicitly included in the interest paid to and received from banks. The value of these imputed bank services is calculated as the margin on attracted deposits and put out loans.

*Insurance and pension funding* mainly transforms individual risk into collective risk. The value of these services is set as the difference between contributions and benefits. In the case of pension funds and life insurance companies, corrections are made for changes in actuarial reserves.

*Government* mainly produces collective services. Since there are no market prices available, government output is determined from production costs and is estimated as the total of intermediate consumption, compensation of employees, consumption of fixed capital and taxes on production paid by the government itself.

#### Intermediate consumption (purchasers' prices)

Intermediate consumption includes all goods and services used up in the production process in the accounting period, regardless the date of purchase. This includes for example fuel, raw materials, semi manufactured goods, communication services, cleansing services and audits by accountants.

Intermediate consumption is valued at purchasers' prices, excluding deductible VAT. For companies, which do not need to charge VAT on their sales, the VAT paid on their purchases is non-deductible. It is therefore recorded as a component of intermediate consumption.

Not included in intermediate consumption are:

- purchases of goods by trade enterprises, which are resold without undergoing any processing.
- purchases of goods used in the production process with a life span of more than one year. These purchases are recorded as fixed capital formation. The use of these goods is spread over their economic life span and recorded as consumption of fixed capital.

### **Value added (basic prices)**

Value added at basic prices by industry is equal to the difference between output (basic prices) and intermediate consumption (purchasers' prices).

### **Value added (market prices)**

Value added at market prices of the total economy (GDP) is calculated as follows:

total value added at basic prices of industries  
*plus: balance of taxes and subsidies on products*  
*plus: difference imputed and paid VAT*

VAT, taxes on imports and subsidies on re-exports cannot be attributed to individual industries. Therefore, GDP at market prices cannot be broken down completely by industry. Value added can be valued gross (including consumption of fixed capital) or net (excluding consumption of fixed capital).

### **Taxes on production and imports**

Taxes on production and imports are compulsory payments to the government and the European Union (EU), which are related to production, imports and to the use of production factors.

Taxes on production and imports are classified into taxes on products and other taxes on production.

### **Taxes on products**

Taxes on products are related to the value or the volume of products. They are levied on domestically produced or transacted products and on imported products.

Taxes on products are classified into taxes on domestic products, taxes on imports and VAT.

### **Taxes on domestic products (excluding VAT)**

Taxes on domestic products are related to the value or the volume of domestically produced or transacted products. Examples are insurance premium tax and excise duties on motor spirits and on tobacco.

### **Taxes on imports (excluding VAT)**

Taxes on imports are related to the value or the volume of imported products. Examples are import duties and excise duties on imported fuel. Taxes on imports cannot be broken down by industry.

### **Imputed VAT**

VAT is a tax on goods and services collected in stages by producers, which is ultimately charged in full to the final purchasers. Producers are obliged to hand over only the difference between the VAT on their sales and the VAT on their purchases. Imputed VAT is calculated by applying the VAT rates on the relevant goods and services. Relevant means that VAT is only calculated on transactions of purchasers who are not able to deduct it. Most of the VAT is therefore recorded as being paid on final uses, mainly on household consumption. A part of VAT may, however, be paid by enterprises, mainly by those, which are exempted from VAT. These enterprises do not have to charge VAT on their sales. Therefore, they cannot deduct the VAT they have paid on their purchases of intermediate and investment goods and services. In this way the VAT is at the same time the final tax.

### **Difference imputed and paid VAT**

Imputed VAT differs from VAT actually paid to the government. This is due to acquittals, bad debts, fines, the Regulation for small entrepreneurs and VAT evasion.

The difference imputed and paid VAT is not distributed over industries. On the level of the total economy it is added to GDP (and the operating surplus / mixed income).

### **Other taxes on production**

Other taxes on production include all taxes on production paid by producers, not related to the value or volume of products produced or transacted. Examples are real estate tax and sewerage charges paid by producers.

### **Subsidies**

Subsidies are current payments from the government or the EU to producers with the objective to influence output prices, employment or the remuneration of production factors. Subsidies are distinguished between subsidies on products and other subsidies on production.

### **Subsidies on products**

Subsidies on products are related to the value or the volume of products. They can be distinguished between subsidies on domestic products and subsidies on imports.

### **Subsidies on domestic products**

Subsidies on domestic products are related to the value or the volume of domestically produced or transacted products. Examples are EU-subsidies on food products and public transport subsidies.

### **Subsidies on imports**

Subsidies on imports are related to the value or the volume of imported products that are re-exported without undergoing any processing. These are mainly subsidies on the re-exports of dairy products.

Subsidies on imports cannot be broken down by industry.

### **Other subsidies on production**

Other subsidies on production include all subsidies on production paid to producers, not related to the value or volume of products domestically produced or transacted. These are mainly wage subsidies.

### **Compensation of employees**

Compensation of employees is the total remuneration paid by employers to their employees in return for work done. Employees are all residents and non-residents working in a paid job. Managing directors of limited companies are considered to be employees; therefore their salaries are also included in the compensation of employees. The same holds for people working in sheltered workshops.

Compensation of employees is distinguished between wages and salaries and employers' social contributions.

### **Wages and salaries**

Wages and salaries include income taxes and employees' social contributions even if they are actually withheld by the employer and paid directly to tax authorities, social security schemes and pension schemes.

Besides wages that are periodically and directly paid to employees, wages and salaries also contain extra's (such as bonuses, overtime pay, tips, commission), wages in kind (such as free housing, free food, 'company car', day nursery, lower interest rates on mortgages, free travel (or at reduced prices) and holiday allowances. Furthermore, certain refunds for costs made by the employee, such as travel expenses to and from work, are included as well.

### **Employers' social contributions**

Employers' social contributions consist of payments to insurers made by employers for the benefit of their employees. They can be classified in employers' social security contributions, employers' private social contributions (of which pension schemes) and the imputed social contributions.

Most of the time the employers directly pay the employers' social contributions to the insurers. However, to show that these contributions are paid for the benefit of employees, these payments are recorded as two transactions: a) employers pay employers' social contributions to their employees, and b) employees pay the same contributions to social insurance funds.

### **Consumption of fixed capital**

Consumption of fixed capital represents the depreciation of the stock of produced fixed assets, as a result of normal technical and economical ageing and insurable accidental damage. Losses due to catastrophes and unforeseen ageing are seen as a capital loss.

For the estimation of the consumption of fixed capital the time series of fixed capital formation are transformed into a net stock of produced fixed assets with the help of the perpetual inventory method (PIM). The consumption of fixed capital is the depreciation of the net stock of produced fixed assets during the year as far as not caused by revaluations because of price changes, new fixed capital formation or discarding of fixed assets.

This method may differ considerably from the method used to calculate depreciation in business accounts, which is based on historical costs or fiscal life span.

### **Operating surplus / mixed income**

Gross operating surplus by industry is the balance that remains after deducting from the value added (basic prices) the compensation of employees and the balance of other taxes and subsidies on production. The operating surplus of family enterprises is called mixed income, because it also contains compensation for work by the owners and their family members.

On the level of the total economy operating surplus is computed by adding to the total of the industries the difference imputed and paid VAT.

Net operating surplus / mixed income remains after deducting consumption of fixed capital from gross operating surplus / mixed income.

### **10.2.3 Goods and services transactions (chapter Supply, use and final expenditure)**

#### **Imports and exports (valuation)**

*In the supply and use tables* imports and exports of goods are recorded at the value at the Dutch border.

The consequences of this valuation are:

- imports of goods include the transport and insurance costs made abroad (cost-insurance-freight = cif-valuation).
- exports of goods include the transport and insurance costs made in the Netherlands (free on board = fob-valuation).

In order to assure that the balance of the exports and imports of goods and services (the export surplus) links to actual payments, which are on balance received from the rest of the world, the following rules of accounting, are handled:

- when the transport of exports in the Netherlands is carried out by a foreign freighter, the costs up to the border (included in the exports of goods) are compensated by an import of services.
- when the transport of imports in the rest of the world is carried out by a Dutch freighter, the costs abroad (included in the imports of goods) is compensated by an export of services.

*On the macro level* imports of goods is valued free on board at the border of the exporting country. The transition from valuation of imported goods at cif to fob consists of:

- a cif/fob adjustment of the transport costs abroad of Dutch freighters. Total imports (goods) and exports (services) are reduced by the same amount.
- a cif/fob reclassification of the transport costs abroad of foreign freighters, from imports of goods to imports of services. It leaves total imports and total exports unchanged.

#### **Imports of goods and services**

Imports of goods are goods intended for residents, which are imported from abroad into the Dutch economic territory.

Included in imports of goods are raw materials, semi-manufactured products, fuels and final products. Also included are imported goods, which are re-exported without undergoing any processing.

Imports of services include among other things the expenditures abroad by Dutch tourists, inhabitants of the border area and diplomats.

#### **Exports of goods and services**

Exports of goods are goods, which have been exported by residents from the Dutch economic territory to the rest of the world.

The exports of services include the services of Dutch transport enterprises abroad, harbour services, ships repair services and engineering of works by Dutch contractors abroad.

Also included in the exports of services are expenditures by foreign tourists, inhabitants of the border area and diplomats in the Netherlands.

#### **Final consumption expenditure**

Final consumption expenditure consists of expenditure incurred by resident institutional units on goods and services that are used for the direct satisfaction of individual needs or wants or the collective needs of members of the community. Final consumption expenditure may take place on the domestic territory or abroad.

Final consumption expenditure exists only for households, NPI households and general government.

#### **Classification of final consumption expenditure and actual individual consumption**

From an international viewpoint two different classifications for the final consumption expenditure and actual individual consumption are in use: according to product groups and according to objects. The classification according to product groups represents the viewpoint of the producers; this classification is also used in the supply and use tables. The classification according to objects reflects much more the viewpoint of the consumer. Here the difference between goods and services is of no importance. For instance the object transport encompasses the purchase of vehicles as well as the purchase of transport services.

In the Dutch National accounts both final consumption expenditure and actual individual consumption by households are also classified according to goods and services categories. The specific Dutch classification can be regarded as a classification from the viewpoint of retail trade. It is really a mix of the classification according to product groups and objects.

### **Final consumption expenditure by households**

Final consumption expenditure by households includes the following borderline cases:

- income in kind like accommodation, food, clothing etc.
- services of dwellings, which are occupied by the owners themselves and without any actual rent payments. These services are valued by applying the rents of similar dwellings.
- goods and services produced for own use, as in agriculture. The value of these products is calculated by applying the market prices for similar products.
- durable consumption goods such as private cars, household appliances, furniture and clothing. However, the purchases of dwellings by households are not seen as final consumption, but as fixed capital formation by households.

The detailed data on consumption of households concern private domestic consumption expenditure. This includes final consumption in the Netherlands by residents and non-residents. Final consumption by households can be calculated by deducting from private domestic consumption expenditure the final consumption by non-residents in the Netherlands (registered as exports) and adding final consumption by households in the rest of the world (registered as imports).

### **Final consumption expenditure by NPI households**

Final consumption expenditure by NPI households consists of all the non-market output of this sector excluding the own account capital formation.

### **Final consumption expenditure by general government**

Final consumption expenditure by general government results from the specific recording of government output. Only a small part of government output is actually sold (market output). The larger part of government output is paid out of public funds and provided free of charge to all sectors (non-market output). Because the allocation of government output to different users will encounter large problems, the government is by convention considered to be the consumer of its own output. Because of the absence of market prices output and final consumption expenditure by general government is calculated from the production costs:

intermediate consumption  
*plus:* compensation of employees  
*plus:* consumption of fixed capital  
*plus:* other taxes on production (paid by the government)  
*minus:* other subsidies on production (received by the government)

= output (basic prices)  
 minus: sales (=market output)  
 minus: own-account capital formation  
 plus: social benefits in kind via market producers

= final consumption expenditure by the government

### **Actual individual consumption**

Final consumption expenditure by households refers to expenditure on consumption goods and services. In contrast, actual final consumption refers to the acquisition of consumption goods and services. The difference between these concepts lies in the treatment of certain goods and services financed by the government or NPI households but supplied to households as social transfers in kind.

By convention, all final consumption expenditure by NPI households and most of the final consumption expenditure by the government in the field of education, health, social security and welfare, sport and recreation and culture are treated as individual consumption.

So actual individual consumption is:

final consumption expenditure by households  
*plus:* final consumption expenditure by NPI households  
*plus:* individual consumption by the government

= actual individual consumption



### **Actual collective consumption**

Services for collective consumption (collective services) are provided simultaneously to all members of the community or all members of a particular section of the community.

Actual collective consumption consists in particular of government expenditures on services in the field of:

- management and regulation of society.
- security and defence.
- law and order, legislation and regulation.
- public health.
- environment.
- research and development.
- infrastructure and economic development.

### **Net material consumption of general government**

Net material consumption of general government is the total of the intermediate consumption, the consumption of fixed capital, the paid other taxes on production less the received other subsidies on production and the market output of government. It concerns the total of the mentioned variables of the sector government. The price index of net material consumption of general government is the average rise in prices of that. This price index is used in long-term contracts, agreements and budgets of governments.

### **Fixed capital formation**

Expenditure for produced tangible or intangible assets that are used in the production process for more than one year.

Gross fixed capital formation consists of producers' acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets:

- acquisitions, less disposals, of tangible fixed assets:
  - dwelling and non-residential buildings.
  - civil engineering works.
  - transport equipment.
  - machinery, equipment and computers.
  - cultivated assets (trees and livestock).
- acquisitions, less disposals, of intangible fixed assets:
  - mineral exploration.
  - computer software.
  - entertainment, literary or artistic originals.
  - other intangible fixed assets.
- major improvements to land (reclamation, land consolidation and land preparing for building).

Fixed capital formation also includes:

- work in progress of construction such as unfinished dwellings, non-residential buildings and civil engineering works are recorded as fixed capital formation of the client.
- military structures and equipment, similar to those used by civilian producers, such as airfields and hospitals.
- improvements to existing fixed assets that go well beyond the requirements of ordinary maintenance and repairs.
- transfer costs of fixed assets, such as conveyance fees and costs made by real estate agents, architects and notaries.

On the level of the total economy and the sectors, an adjustment is made for the transactions in used fixed assets, which are seen as investments of the buyer and disinvestment of the seller. This adjustment is not made for the industries.

The registration of fixed capital formation by industry and sector is on an owner basis. That means that fixed capital formation is registered on the industry or sector which can be considered to be the economic owner of the capital goods concerned.

### **Changes in inventories**

Inventories consist of all raw materials, semi-manufactured goods, work in progress and final products, that producers have in stock at a certain moment.

Changes in work in progress are in general considered to be changes in inventories. However, work in progress in construction is seen as fixed capital formation of the client and not as changes in inventories of the construction industry. This concerns unfinished buildings and civil engineering works.

Increases in inventories occur when goods are produced (or purchased) but not yet sold (or used) in the year under review. Decreases in inventories occur when goods are withdrawn from existing inventories in order to be sold or used in the production process.

The assessment of the changes in inventories is done in such way that gains or losses on inventories caused by price changes are avoided. With this objective the initial and final stock of each good is valued at the same price, namely raw materials at the average purchase price in the period, final products at average sales price and work in progress at the average cost price.

This valuation method prevents output and subsequently value added from being influenced by changes in prices of stocks during the period under review.

#### **Acquisitions less disposals of valuables**

This transaction consists of the acquisitions less disposals of precious stones, non-monetary gold, antiques, art objects and jewellery that are acquired and held primarily as stores of value. In the national accounts this transaction is mostly combined with changes in inventories.

### **10.2.4 Distributive transactions (chapter Sector accounts)**

#### **Compensation of employees / labour costs**

Compensation of employees is the total remuneration paid by employers to their employees in return for work done. Employees are all residents and non-residents working in a paid job. Managing directors of limited companies are considered to be employees; therefore their salaries are also included in the compensation of employees. The same holds for people working in sheltered workshops.

Compensation of employees is classified in wages and salaries and employers' social contributions.

#### **Wages and salaries**

Wages and salaries include income taxes and employees' social contributions even if they are actually withheld by the employer and paid directly to tax authorities, social security schemes and pension schemes.

Wages include payments that are periodically and directly paid to employees. Besides they contain extra's (such as bonuses, overtime pay, tips, commission), wages in kind (such as free housing, free food, 'company car', day nursery, lower interest rates on mortgages, free travel (or at reduced prices) and holiday allowances. Furthermore, certain refunds for costs made by the employee, such as travel expenses to and from work, are included as well.

#### **Employers' social contributions**

Employers' social contributions consist of payments to insurers made by employers for the benefit of their employees. They can be classified in employers' social security contributions, employers' private social contributions (of which pension schemes) and the imputed social contributions.

In most cases the employers directly pay the employers' social contributions to the insurers. However, to show that these contributions are paid for the benefit of employees, these payments are recorded as two transactions: a) employers pay employers' social contributions to their employees, and b) employees pay the same contributions to social insurance funds.

#### **Taxes on production and imports**

Taxes on production and imports are all taxes to the government and the EU paid by producers except for the current taxes on income and wealth.

All taxes paid by consumers are regarded as current taxes on income and wealth. So, depending on the taxpayer, the same tax is recorded as a tax on production or a tax on income and wealth. For example real estate taxes on dwellings, paid by tenants, are seen as taxes on income and wealth, while real estate taxes paid by owners of dwellings (including owner-occupiers) are seen as taxes on production.

Import duties to the EU are recorded as taxes on imports. The import duties paid by non-residents to the EU (via the government) are not recorded in the national accounts.

Taxes on production and imports are recorded according to the destination criterion. So, taxes collected by the central government on behalf of the local government or the EU are not recorded as receipts of the central government.

#### **Subsidies**

Subsidies are granted by the government and the EU to support producers, to lower the prices of their products or to increase employment. Examples are public transport subsidies, rent subsidies to owners of dwellings and EU-subsidies on food products.

The subsidies on food products paid by the EU to non-residents (via the government) are not recorded in the national accounts.

### **Interest**

Interest is imputed to the period for which the underlying claim or debt exists. The actual interest payments or receipts are corrected for imputed bank services. Therefore there is a shift from actual interest payments and receipts to the production or the consumption of bank services. For producers of imputed bank services this means a decrease of the received interest and an increase of the paid interest with respect to the actual interest flows. For the consumers of imputed bank services this means an increase of received interest and a decrease of paid interest, compared with the actual interest flows.

### **Actual interest receipts**

Actual interest receipts: the interest receipts imputed to the period for which the underlying claim has been set. This deviates from the concept of interest in the National accounts. In the concept of interest in the National accounts, the actual interest is corrected for imputed bank services.

### **Actual interest payments**

Actual interest payments: the interest payments imputed to the period for which the underlying debt has been set. This deviates from the concept of interest in the National accounts. In the concept of interest in the National accounts, the actual interest is corrected for imputed bank services.

### **Dividends**

Dividends are a form of property income received by owners of shares to which they become entitled as a result of placing funds at the disposal of corporations. Dividends are recorded gross, before deduction of dividend tax. This applies also for the taxes on dividends to and from the rest of the world. Dividends are recorded at the moment they are made payable.

### **Imputed bank services**

The concept of imputed bank services encompasses the remuneration for financial services which are not paid for directly. This remuneration is included in the actual interest paid or received. In the national accounts this indirect remuneration is specified as financial intermediation service charge indirectly measured.

The size of the imputed bank services is determined on the basis of a 'reference rate'. This reference rate equals the rate of the interbank loans. The difference between the reference rate and the actual interest paid to depositors or the actual interest received from borrowers is the indirectly measured financial intermediation service charge. The actual interest paid and received is corrected for these imputed bank services.

### **Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations**

Quasi-corporations have no independent legal status. However, they have an economic and financial behaviour that is different from that of their owners and similar to that of corporations. Therefore they are classified as non-financial or financial corporations.

### **Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment**

Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment are equal to:

operating surplus of the direct foreign investment enterprise.

*plus:* property income and current transfers receivable.

*minus:* property income and current transfers payable, including actual remittances to foreign direct investors and any current taxes payable on income and wealth of the direct foreign investment enterprise.

### **Property income attributed to insurance policy holders**

In the national accounts pension and life insurance provisions are seen as a liability of insurance enterprises to policyholders. Therefore, the investment revenues on these provisions are booked as payments from insurance enterprises to households.

Subsequently, households pay back these revenues as imputed contributions to pension funds and life insurance companies. In the financial accounts the latter transaction is recorded as a component of net equity in life insurance and pension funds reserves.

### **Income from land and subsoil assets**

Income from land and subsoil assets includes rents (received by landowners from tenants) and royalties for the permission to explore or to extract minerals or fossil fuels (received by owners of such deposits).

### **Revenues from natural gas resources**

Revenues from natural gas resources are received by the State. These revenues consist of different components:

- concessions for the exploitation of the natural gas resources.
- dividends from public corporations exploiting natural gas resources.
- corporation tax paid by corporations exploiting natural gas resources.

### **Current taxes on income and wealth**

Current taxes on income and wealth of corporations consist of corporation tax and dividend tax. These taxes are based on the profits of corporations.

Current taxes on income and wealth of households include all taxes, which are periodically imposed on income and wealth, such as the income tax, the wage tax, and the tax on net wealth of individuals. Non-periodical levies, such as inheritance tax are defined as capital transfers. Several types of taxes are simultaneously seen as taxes on production and imports when imposed

on producers, and as taxes on income and wealth when imposed on consumers. For instance, motor vehicle tax is a tax on production when it is imposed on company cars and it is a tax on income and wealth and imports when it is imposed on cars for private use.

The treatment of dividend tax results from the recording of dividends. Because dividends are recorded gross, i.e. before deduction of dividend tax, dividend tax is in all cases recorded at the receiving sector. The same applies for the dividend tax to and from the rest of the world.

### **Social contributions**

Social contributions include social security contributions, private social contributions (among which contributions to pension schemes) and imputed social contributions. Employers, employees, self-employed persons and non-active persons pay these contributions.

Actually, the employers' part is paid directly to the insurers. However, in the national accounts, the employers' contributions are supposed to be part of primary income of households (i.e. the income from direct participation in the production process). Therefore, in first instance these contributions are treated as payments by employers to households as compensation of employees, who are deemed to pay them to the insurers in the income account.

### **Social security contributions**

These are contributions from households to social security funds.

### **Contributions to pension schemes**

Contributions to pension schemes are based on collective contracts with pension funds and life insurance companies.

The contributions are calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{actual contributions to pension schemes (gross)} \\ & \textit{minus:} \text{ compensation of insurance services (part of consumption of households)} \\ & \textit{plus:} \text{ supplement from investment income} \\ & = \text{ contributions to pension schemes} \end{aligned}$$

The supplement from investment income is part of the property income attributed to insurance policyholders that relates to pensions.

### **Other private social contributions**

These are contributions paid to private social schemes excluding pension schemes. The contributions to these schemes can be derived in the same way as the contributions to pension schemes.

### **Imputed social contributions**

Imputed social contributions represent the counterpart to the 'unfunded employee social benefits' (less any employees' social contributions) paid directly by employers to their (former) employees. It is necessary to introduce this imputation because the direct payments are recorded twice. Firstly they are recorded as employers' social contributions (part of the compensation of employees). Secondly they are recorded as social benefits.

### **Social benefits**

Social benefits are transfers to households, intended to relieve them from the financial burden of a number of risks or needs, such as sickness, invalidity, disability, old age, survivors and unemployment.

Social benefits are classified in social security benefits, social assistance benefits, private social benefits (among which pension benefits) and unfunded employee social benefits.

#### **Social security benefits**

Social security benefits are paid by social security funds, in the field of unemployment, disability, sickness, old age etc.

#### **Social assistance benefits**

Social assistance benefits are payments of the central and local government to households, for which no quid pro quo by the beneficiary is expected. These benefits are based on a number of Dutch laws, such as the Act on Labour and Social Assistance (Wet Werk en Bijstand).

#### **Pension benefits**

Pension benefits are private social benefits in the field of old age, survivors or disability, paid by pension funds and life insurance companies.

#### **Other private social benefits**

These are benefits paid by employers out of special reserves, which are segregated from their other reserves.

#### **Unfunded employee social benefits**

These social benefits are directly paid by employers to their (former) employees, without involving any social security fund. Examples are the continuation of wages in case of illness and military pension provisions.

#### **Non-life insurance premiums**

Non-life insurance premiums comprise both the actual premiums payable by policyholders to obtain insurance cover during the accounting period, and the premium supplements payable out of the property income attributed to insurance policy holders, after deducting the compensation of insurance services. These premiums provide cover against damage as a result of fires, floods, crashes, collisions, sinkings, theft, violence, accidents, sickness, etc.

As the compensation of insurance services of non-life insurance enterprises is calculated by subtracting the claims from the premiums (actual premiums and premium supplements), it follows that the total non-life insurance premiums must equal the total non-life insurance claims of the insurance enterprises.

#### **Non-life insurance claims**

Non-life insurance claims represent the amounts which insurance enterprises are obliged to pay in settlement of injuries or damage as a result of fires, floods, crashes, collisions, sinkings, theft, violence, accidents, sickness, etc.

#### **Other current transfers n.e.c.**

This transaction includes all transactions not mentioned before, which do not have the character of a capital transfer. This concerns particularly the current transfers within the general government.

#### **Adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves**

Since households are treated in the financial accounts as owners of the pension funds reserves an adjustment item is necessary to ensure that any excess of contributions to pension schemes over pension benefits does not affect household savings:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{contributions to pension schemes} \\ & \textit{minus:} \text{ pension benefits} \\ & = \text{ adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves} \end{aligned}$$

This adjustment is also made for the claims of non-residents on the reserves of Dutch insurance companies.

#### **Capital transfers**

Capital transfers are payments for which no quid pro quo by the beneficiary is expected. They burden the wealth of the payer, or are meant to finance fixed capital formation or other long-term expenditures of the receiver. Capital transfers can be classified into investment grants, capital taxes, other capital transfers and imputed capital transfers.

### **Investment grants**

Investment grants are capital transfers, which are intended to finance fixed capital formation of other units.

### **Capital taxes**

Capital taxes are compulsory, non-periodical payments to the government. They are based on the wealth of taxable persons. In practice, they only cover the inheritance tax. Taxes on net wealth of individuals are imposed periodically and are therefore recorded as taxes on income and wealth.

### **Other capital transfers**

Other capital transfers are capital transfers that cannot be characterised as investment grants or as capital taxes.

### **Imputed capital transfers**

Contributions by corporations meant to increase the pension schemes reserves are recorded as other capital transfers to insurance corporations and pension funds. Subsequently, these amounts are imputed to households by way of an imputed capital transfer from the insurers to the policyholders. Eventually, the amounts are paid back to the insurers as a component of the change in the net equity of households in the pension schemes reserves (financial transaction).

### **Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets**

Acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets mainly consist of sales of land by public (municipal) development corporations to investors in dwellings and non-residential buildings. The valuation of sales and purchases of land is exclusive of VAT and transfer costs. These are included in fixed capital formation.

## **10.2.5 Financial transactions (chapter Sector accounts)**

### **General**

Financial transactions are changes in financial assets and liabilities to other sectors and the rest of the world. In general, these changes in assets (or liabilities) are measured as the difference between provided (or attracted) financial resources and redemptions. However, the value of transactions in securities such as shares and bonds is determined as a balance of all purchases (in the case of changes in assets) and as a balance of all sales (in the case of changes in liabilities). Revaluations, for example as a consequence of changes in exchange rates, are not recorded as financial transactions.

Financial transactions may have the following causes:

- the financial transaction is the consequence of a current or a capital transaction. Both transactions are recorded at the same moment against the same value.
- the financial transaction is the result of another financial transaction. Both transactions are also recorded at the same moment against the same value.

In grouping the financial transactions, efforts have been made to combine two points of view:

- the character and the form of the relevant transactions. In this way a picture arises of the developments of a number of market segments for the money and capital market.
- the maturity and transferability of assets and liabilities. This is important for judging liquidity and solvability of a sector.

### **Monetary gold and special drawing rights**

Monetary gold includes all gold, which is not intended for industrial purposes and not held in the form of valuables. By convention monetary gold is seen as a liability of the rest of the world. Monetary gold can only be held by DNB.

The special drawing rights (SDR's) consist of the international reserve assets created by the IMF. As a financial asset, this transaction only exists for the Dutch Central Bank (DNB).

### **Currency**

Currency consists of notes and coins in circulation that are commonly used to make payments. As a liability, this transaction only exists for the central government (issuing of coins), the monetary financial institutions (DNB, issuing of bank notes) and the rest of the world (foreign currency). The deposits on smart cards, etc. are not part of the currency.

### **Transferable deposits**

Transferable deposits include all deposits in euro's and foreign currency with resident and non-resident banks which are repayable on demand, immediately and without restriction by cheque, standing order or by other means (deposits on smart cards).

As a liability, this transaction only exists for monetary financial institutions and the rest of the world.

### **Savings deposits in euro's**

These savings deposits include all deposits in euro's of both residents and non-residents in the form of normal saving accounts, fixed saving accounts, premium saving accounts and fixed-term saving accounts.

### **Other deposits**

Other deposits include all deposits in euro's and foreign currency at any resident and non-resident bank (except for saving deposits in euro's), which are not immediately transferable without restrictions. As a liability this transaction only exists for monetary financial institutions and the rest of the world.

### **Bills and short-term bonds**

Bills and short-term bonds are all securities with a maximum term of one year, which in principle are transferable against a price that has been fixed in advance. Usually, the obliged interest payments of the debtor have been discounted in the value. 'Transferable' means that assets can be converted into cash from, or on a date that has been appointed at the moment the bond was issued.

This transaction covers treasury paper issued by both the Dutch government and foreign governments, saving certificates to bearer and transferable certificates of deposits, issued by banks.

### **Long-term bonds**

Long-term bonds are all transferable securities, which generally do not mature within one year. They are usually quoted at the stock exchange. The interest on long-term bonds is made payable through coupons. Mortgage bonds, notes issued by banks and convertible bonds as long as they have not been converted into shares, also belong to this type of assets.

### **Short-term loans**

Short-term loans are all credits, which do not have the characteristics of deposits and which mature by contract within one year. Included are short-term loans from financial institutions, balances on current accounts (except transferable deposits), short-term consumer credit, bills (of exchange) and promissory notes.

### **Long-term loans**

Long-term loans are all credits, which do not have the characteristics of deposits and which do not mature within one year. They mainly concern long-term loans on obligations, mortgage loans and long-term consumer credit.

### **Shares and other equities**

Shares and other equities are all claims, which are -fully, or partly- entitled to a share in profits or in the own funds in case of liquidation. Included is the value of capital formation by the government in public enterprises (quasi-corporations) that belong to the government.

### **Net equity of households in pension funds reserves**

The net equity of households in the pension funds reserves of resident pension funds and life insurance companies is seen as a financial asset that belongs to resident and non-resident households.

The net equity of households in the pension funds reserves is built up as follows:

actual contributions to pension schemes (gross)  
*minus:* compensation of insurance services (=consumption)  
*plus:* supplement from investment income

= contributions to pension schemes  
*minus:* pension benefits  
*plus:* imputed capital transfers

= net equity of households in pension funds reserves

### **Net equity of households in life insurance reserves**

The net equity of households in the life insurance reserves of resident and non-resident pension funds and life insurance companies is seen as a financial asset that belongs to resident and non-resident households.

The net equity of households in the life insurance reserves is built up as follows:

actual life insurance contributions (gross)  
*minus:* compensation of insurance services (=consumption)  
*plus:* supplement from investment income

= life insurance contributions  
*minus:* life insurance benefits

= net equity of households in life insurance reserves

### **Other insurance technical reserves**

Other insurance technical reserves are financial assets of the beneficiaries that may belong to any sector. They consist of:

- prepayments of insurance premiums i.e. premiums payable in the current accounting period intended to cover risks outstanding during the following period.
- reserves for outstanding claims held by insurance corporations in order to cover the amounts they expect to pay out in respect of claims that are not yet settled.

### **Other accounts receivable and payable (net)**

The transactions in the sector accounts are mainly recorded at a moment that does not coincide with the moment the transaction is completed. These time differences cause changes in assets and liabilities, which are recorded in the transaction 'other accounts receivable and payable'.

For example, sales are recorded at the moment of delivery. At that moment, a claim of the supplier on the buyer (suppliers credit) arises, which is nullified when the buyer pays. Other examples are payments in advance on deliveries (buyer's credit) and due payments or receipts of wages and salaries, interests, contributions etc.

## **10.2.6 The balancing items in the sector accounts**

### **Domestic product / value added**

Value added (basic prices) by industry is equal to the difference between output (basic prices) and intermediate consumption (purchasers' prices).

The total value added at basic prices of all industries plus some transactions which cannot be attributed to industries, is equal to total income generated in the Netherlands or gross domestic product (GDP). The undistributed transactions include taxes less subsidies on products.

### **National income / primary income**

Part of GDP flows to the rest of the world (wages and salaries to non-resident employees, interests and dividends to non-resident financiers), while income generated in the rest of the world is transferred to the Netherlands. National income is the sum of GDP and net primary income from the rest of the world.

### **Disposable income**

Disposable income is the balancing item of the secondary distribution of income account. It shows for each sector its disposable income, which remains after the redistribution of primary income by compulsory or non-compulsory current transfers between the sectors.

Total disposable income of all resident units is called disposable national income, which is equal to national income plus net current transfers received from the rest of the world.

### **Saving**

Saving is the difference between disposable income and final consumption expenditure. In the national accounts households are treated as owners of life insurance and pension funds reserves. Since contributions to pension schemes and pension benefits are recorded in the secondary income account, an adjustment item (adjustment for net equity in pension funds reserves) on the use of income account is necessary to ensure that any excess of contributions to pension schemes over pension benefits does not affect household saving.



### **Surplus of the nation on current transactions with the rest of the world**

The surplus of the nation on current transactions consists of:

- net exports, the difference between exports and imports of goods and services.
- net primary income from the rest of the world: compensation of employees, taxes on production and imports, subsidies and property income, such as interest and dividend.
- net current transfers from the rest of the world, such as dividend tax, social security benefits and other current transfers.

The surplus of the nation on current transactions deviates from the surplus on the current transactions according to the Balance of payments on a transaction basis drawn up by Dutch Central Bank (DNB), in co-operation with Statistics Netherlands. The discrepancies between the two balancing items are caused mainly by differences in definitions and measurement.

### **Net lending (+) or net borrowing (-)**

Net lending (+) or net borrowing (-) is the balancing item on the current and the capital account. This balance is equal to the balance of transactions on the financial account; a deficit on the current and capital account is financed by new liabilities and/or the sale of financial assets. In case of a surplus, liabilities are repaid and/or financial assets acquired.

Net lending or net borrowing for the total economy is equal to the balance on the current and the capital account of all the domestic sectors. The balance of the financial account for the total economy shows the amount of net lending to or borrowing from the rest-of-the-world.

### **EDP-deficit**

The EDP-deficit is the net borrowing of the government as defined in the National accounts plus the interest advantage / less the interest disadvantage that the government has from interest swaps which she has arranged. The EDP-deficit is one of the parts of the Stability and growth pact.

### **EDP-debt**

The EDP-debt is the consolidated, nominal debt of the government. The EDP-debt is one of the parts of the Stability and growth pact.

### **Changes in financial net worth**

Changes in financial net worth as established from the financial transactions, equal all changes in financial relations of one sector with other sectors or with the rest of the world. Basically, this balance equals net lending (+) or net borrowing (-). However as a consequence of using various sources for current and capital transactions and for financial transactions statistical discrepancies will appear.

## 10.3 Supply, use and input-output tables

### 10.3.1 Introduction

This publication presents a supply table (table G 1.1), a use table (table G 1.2) and an input-output table (table G 1.3). Below an explanation is given of the contents of these tables; also the mutual relations are shown.

### 10.3.2 Supply table

The supply table (table G 1.1) describes the supply of different kinds of product. A distinction is made between domestic output by industry (column 1-21) and imports (column 23-24).

A row in the supply table describes the supply of a particular product. For example cell 1,1 shows the output of agricultural products of agriculture, forestry and fishing. Cell 1,23 shows the imports of these products.

A column in the supply table describes the total output of an industry by kinds of product. For example column 3 shows the output of manufacturing by product groups.

### 10.3.3 Use table

The use table (table G 1.2) describes the use of different kinds of product. A distinction is made between intermediate consumption by industry (column 1-21) and final expenditure (column 23-30). Final expenditure is broken down into exports, final consumption expenditure by households, final consumption expenditure by general government, gross fixed capital formation and changes in inventories.

A row in the use table describes the destination of each product. For example cell 1,3 shows the intermediate consumption of agricultural products by manufacturing. The export of these products is recorded in cell 1,23.

By definition, the total of each row in the use table (column 33) is equal to the corresponding row total in the supply table (column 29). Some additional columns are introduced in order to make up for the differences that result from different valuation methods applied in the supply and use tables (see 10.3.5 below).

A column in the intermediate section of the use table shows the products used (row 1-46) and the value added generated (row 48-52) in the production process of an industry. For example cell 47,3 shows the total intermediate consumption of manufacturing. The gross value added of this industry (at basic prices, see 10.3.5) can be found in cell 53,3. The total of each column in the use table (row 57) equals by definition the corresponding column total in the supply table (row 47).

### 10.3.4 Input-output table

Supply and use are also shown in the input-output table (table G 1.3). However, there is no break down by product, but by industry of origin and by imports. This discloses the relations between suppliers and users. The input-output table is derived from the supply and use tables.

A row of the input-output table represents the output by industry, broken down by category of destination: intermediate consumption by industry and final expenditures. A column in the intermediate section shows from which industries (or imports) the intermediate consumption of an industry originates. For example cell 1,3 shows the intermediate consumption of products of agriculture by manufacturing, while total imports goods and services of that industry is shown in rows 23 and 24.

The input-output table also contains value added by industry (row 33-37) and final expenditure by industry of origin (column 23-30). The output of trade and transport margins is re-

corded in column 31. This column equals to row 46 of the supply table. A full allocation of margins by industry is not possible, since it is generally unknown which products are involved and which destination they have. Therefore, trade and transport margins are recorded in a separate row (31) and a corresponding column (31) (see section 10.3.5).

### 10.3.5 Valuation

For domestic products there are three kinds of valuation. The *purchasers' price* is the price of a product paid by the purchaser, excluding VAT. However, the producer of the product receives a lower amount. The difference is made up by the trade and transport margins on products. The amount received by the producer is called the *producers' price*. However, when the producer pays taxes on products (such as excises) or receives subsidies on products, he is ultimately left with the so-called *basic price*.

For imported products there are two kinds of valuation, *purchasers' price* and *cif-price*, the price at the Dutch border.

#### Valuation types of domestic output

purchasers' price  
*minus:* trade and transport margins  
*minus:* taxes on products paid  
*plus:* subsidies on products received  
  
= basic price

#### Valuation types of imported products

purchasers' price  
*minus:* trade and transport margins in the Netherlands  
*minus:* taxes on imports  
*plus:* subsidies on re-exports  
  
= cif-price

The three types of tables in this series are valued differently.

In the *use table* domestic output and imports are valued in *purchasers' prices*. Non-deductible VAT is entered in a separate row (row 46).

In the *supply table*, domestic output is valued at *basic prices* and imports at *cif-prices*. The totals for trade and transport margins and taxes and subsidies on products can be found in column 26-28. In this way, the total of each product in the supply table equals the corresponding total in the use table.

In the *input-output table*, domestic output is valued in *basic prices* and imports at *cif-prices*. Trade and transport margins on purchased goods are shown in row 31. In row 25-26 the taxes on imported products are recorded; import duties are included here. Finally, row 27 contains the subsidies on re-exports.

### 10.3.6 Relation between use table, input-output table and macro-totals

Some rows and columns have been added to the use table and the input-output table in order to link them to the macro-aggregates.

#### **Sales of used fixed capital goods**

The stock of fixed capital goods will be increased by purchases of newly produced and imported fixed capital goods and diminished by sales of used fixed capital goods. Sales are recorded in the column 'fixed capital formation'. The counter-entries are exports, in case of sales to the rest of the world, or final consumption expenditure by households, in case of sales to households. Imports of used fixed capital goods have been completely allocated to fixed capital formation.

#### **Final consumption by non-residents in the Netherlands**

Private final consumption expenditure in the Netherlands also includes consumption by non-residents, for example their holiday expenditures in the Netherlands. These expenditures are

excluded from final consumption expenditure by households with the help of a correction in one entry. A counter-entry is made under exports.

**Final consumption by households in the rest of the world**

The opposite of consumption by non-residents in the Netherlands is the final consumption by Dutch households in the rest of the world. Final consumption expenditure by households has been adjusted for these expenditures. In a separate column 'final consumption by households in the rest of the world' a counter-entry has been made on imports.

**Difference between paid and imputed VAT**

Non-deductible VAT is estimated on the basis of underlying transactions and charged tariffs. This VAT-amount, called the imputed VAT, must be transferred by the enterprises to the central government. However, the actual receipts by the government are not equal to this amount due to fines, discharges, acquittals and bad debts. The non-paid VAT is added to the operating surplus in a separate column called 'paid minus imputed VAT'. Therefore, the total of row 'non-deductible VAT' is the amount received by the government.

## 10.4 Sectors in the sector accounts

### 10.4.1 Introduction

The sector accounts present in successive accounts a review of all economic processes, like production, income distribution and financing. These accounts are not only compiled for the national economy, but also for five different domestic sectors. In this way the sector accounts describe:

- for each economic process the role of each sector, for instance general government in the income redistribution and credit institutions in financing.
- for each sector all economic transactions and their relation with other domestic sectors and the rest of the world.

Five sectors are distinguished: non-financial corporations, financial corporations, general government, households and non-profit institutions (NPI) serving households. These sectors are clarified in section 10.4.2.

In the supply and use tables and the input-output tables producers are classified by industry. The relation between sectors and industries is explained in section 10.4.3.

### 10.4.2 The sectors in the sector accounts

The sector accounts describe the transactions of Dutch economic units with other economic units, Dutch as well as foreign. The Dutch economic units include all corporations established in the Netherlands, all Dutch government institutions in the Netherlands and abroad and all resident natural persons.

Corporations contain all incorporated enterprises and some unincorporated enterprises. Examples of these unincorporated enterprises (quasi-corporations) are public transport companies and large family enterprises. Foreign enterprises settled in the Netherlands are also considered as Dutch corporations. On the other hand affiliates of Dutch enterprises in foreign countries are not recorded as Dutch corporations.

All corporations and quasi-corporations only pertain to the sectors non-financial corporations and financial corporations.

#### Non-financial corporations

The sector non-financial corporations consists of all (quasi-)corporations which are principally engaged in the production of goods and marketable non-financial services.

Non-financial corporations include:

- all corporations, quasi-corporations and co-operative organisations which do not belong to the financial corporations.
- all NPI households which do not pertain to the other sectors. Examples are old people's homes, hospitals and housing corporations.
- public enterprises, which are fully or partly owned by the government, like Dutch Railways (NS).

#### Financial corporations

The sector financial corporations consists of all (quasi-) corporations which are principally engaged in intermediation (acquisition, transformation and distribution of financial means), insurance (conversion of individual into collective risks) and financial auxiliary services.

This sector consists of three subsectors: monetary financial institutions, insurance corporations and pension funds and other financial institutions.

Monetary financial institutions include:

- the Dutch Central Bank (DNB).
- banks which are legally obliged to report to DNB due to supervisory legislation. This group includes general banks, savings banks and mortgage banks.

Insurance corporations and pension funds include:

- all institutions under supervision of the Dutch central bank like pension funds, life and non-life insurance enterprises and saving funds.

- institutions not under supervision of the Dutch central bank like Early Retirement funds and reinsurance corporations.
- privately organised social insurance institutions. These institutions execute social insurance schemes outside the sphere of influence of the government, like the Riskfund for construction and various medical health arrangements for specific professional groups like local civil servants and policeman.

Other financial institutions include:

- investment trusts.
- institutions, which do not have to report to DNB, like autonomous financing and lease companies, municipal credit banks, regional development companies.
- financial auxiliaries like the Amsterdam Stock Exchange, the European Option Exchange, credit card organisations and credit and mortgage intermediation services.
- financial auxiliaries like insurance agents, guarantee funds, pension consultancies and insurance exchanges.
- holdings of monetary financial institutions, insurance corporations and pension funds, which are not under supervision themselves.
- special purpose entities.
- Non-profit institutions with a legal status and primarily engaging in financial intermediation or the provision of financial auxiliary services and non-profit institutions serving financial corporations.

Not included in the sector financial corporations are:

- legally autonomous investment trusts which are held by one or more owners, who themselves do not belong to any financial corporation. These are included in the sector to which the owner belongs.
- non-supervised pension funds aimed at pension insurance of one single person. These are included in the sector households.
- unincorporated financial auxiliaries. These are included in the sector households.

### **General government**

The sector general government consists in the first place of all entities (covered by public law) that carry out activities regarding the redistribution of income and wealth. In the Netherlands it concerns ministries, municipalities, provinces, water boards, and the like. In the second place general government consists of entities that are controlled and mainly financed by the earlier mentioned entities, and do not produce for the market. Non-market output means that the sale proceeds are structural less than 50 per cent of the production costs. In this way, for instance, Prorail and the Open University are counted to the general government.

Government institutions that are active abroad, like embassies, belong to the sector general government as well. On the other hand foreign embassies and international institutions, like Europol and the International Court of Justice, do not belong to the Dutch government.

Public enterprises (like the Dutch Railways, Amsterdam Airport (Schiphol), the Dutch Municipal Bank (BNG) and quasi-corporations are no part of the sector general government. The Dutch Central Bank (DNB) also do not belong to the sector general government.

The general government sector is split up into three subsectors: central government, local government and social security funds.

Central government includes:

- the state (ministries and some budget funds like the Municipal Budget Fund, the Province Budget Fund and the Infrastructure Fund).
- universities.
- public corporate organisations like commodity boards.
- a group of national foundations and organisations.

Examples of national foundations and organisations are:

- research institutions linked to universities.
- charity, relief and educational organisations that are controlled and mainly financed by the government (Oxfam Novib).
- privatised national government services such as Statistics Netherlands.

Local government includes:

- provinces and district water boards.
- municipalities, excluding their quasi-corporations like public transport companies.
- joint ventures of municipalities in the field of waste processing, water treatment, fire brigades, social work provision, etc.
- privatised government services like employment service offices and regional police forces.

- local private law institutions, like privatized educational institutions, museums, public libraries, the Youth Work Guarantee Plan and asylums.

Social security funds include:

- supervisory and executive bodies for social security regulations such as the Social Security Agency (UWV) in which the former executive agencies have merged.
- social security funds for the execution of the Compulsory Pension Funds Act, the Unemployment Insurance Act, etc. The former statutory disablement regulations for people employed by the central government (FAOP) are part of the social security funds as well.

### **Public sector**

The public sector covers all entities (covered by public law) that carry out activities regarding the redistribution of income and wealth like ministries, municipalities, provinces, water boards, and other entities that are controlled by these government entities. In this context the term 'controlled' is defined as such that the government (entities) can exercise compelling influence over the business policy, such as appointing (a majority of) the Board of Directors, the (managing) directors or the members of the Supervisory Board, through an elective majority at the shareholders' meeting; through specific, government enforced requirements with regards to loans and investments or through statutory restrictions imposed by the government upon establishment of the entity.

### **Households**

The sector households consists of all natural persons who are resident for more than one year in the Netherlands, irrespective of their nationality. On the other hand Dutch citizens who stay abroad for longer than one year do not belong to the Dutch sector households.

The sector households does not only cover independently living persons, but also persons in nursing homes, old people's homes, prisons, boarding schools, etc.

If persons are entrepreneurs, their business also belongs to the sector households. This is the case for self-employed persons (one-man business).

Large autonomous unincorporated enterprises (quasi-corporations) are included in the sector non-financial or financial corporations.

### **NPI households**

The sector non-profit institutions (NPI) serving households consists of foundations and clubs whose resources are principally derived from voluntary contributions from households or from property income. Examples are religious organisations, charity organisations, political parties, trade unions and cultural, sports and recreational organisations.

## **10.4.3 The relation between sectors and industries**

Below, the content of the sectors in the sector accounts is compared with the contents of the industries in the supply, use and input-output tables.

### **Non-financial corporations**

The sector non-financial corporations consists of all economic units which are not included in other sectors.

### **Financial corporations**

The sector financial corporations consists of all economic units in the industries banking, insurance and pension funding and activities auxiliary to financial intermediation, except financial units that are not under supervision and work for a non-financial corporation in which they participate.

This sector also includes other industries, such as:

- operational lease companies belonging to a financial institution (industry renting of movables).
- holdings of monetary financial institutions, insurance corporations and pension funds, which are not supervised themselves (industry holdings and management advisory activities).
- employers' organisations, trade unions and professional organisations linked to financial institutions (industry other service activities).

### **General government**

The sector general government includes all the units in the industries public administration and social security, defence activities and subsidised education. The government also encompasses units, which belong to other industries such as:

- specific activities of municipalities as cleansing services (industry sewage and refuse disposal services), social workshops (industry other manufacturing), municipal medical

services (industry health and social work activities) and joint ventures of municipalities for these activities.

- employment service offices and the Youth Work Guarantee Plan (industry activities of employment agencies).
- research institutions linked to universities (industry research and development).
- ProRail (industry supporting transport activities).
- reception centres, for instance, for people seeking asylum (industry health and social work activities).
- charity, relief and educational organisations (industry other service activities n.e.c.).

### **Households**

The sector households consists of all natural persons including their business activities (self-employed people and owner-occupiers of dwellings). Owner-occupiers are part of the industry real estate activities. In principle, self-employed people can occur in every industry, except for the industries, which carry out specific government activities.

### **NPI households**

Foundations and clubs, which belong to the sector NPI households, can be found in the industries health and social work activities, recreational, cultural and sporting activities and other service activities n.e.c.



## 10.5 Accounts in the sector accounts

### 10.5.1 Introduction

Sector accounts present a coherent overview of all economic processes and the roles played by the various sectors. Each economic process is described in a separate account. The accounts describe successively production, generation of income, primary and secondary income distribution, final consumption, redistribution by means of capital transfers, capital formation and financing.

The accounts register economic transactions, distinguishing between uses and resources, with a special item to balance the two sides of each account. By passing on the balancing item from one account to the next a connection is created between subsequent accounts.

These accounts do not only exist for the total economy, but they are also compiled for separate domestic sectors. In this way the sector accounts describe:

- for each economic process the role of each sector, for instance general government in the income redistribution and credit institutions in financing.
- for each sector all economic transactions and their relation with other domestic sectors and the rest of the world.

The accounts of ‘transactions of the rest of the world with the Netherlands’ are the mirror image of the accounts for the national economy. They are presented from the point of view of the rest of the world and contain only a current account, a capital account and a financial account. The current account includes imports, exports and income transactions.

The successive accounts are explained in more detail below.

### 10.5.2 The accounts

#### Production account

The production account shows the transactions, which are related to the production process. The output is registered as a resource, the intermediate consumption as a use. The balancing item of this account for the individual sectors is gross value added at basic prices.

The production account of the total economy is the total of the production accounts of the sectors plus the transactions for which there is no sectoral distribution available (taxes and subsidies on products). The balancing item of the production account for the total economy is GDP at market prices.

#### Income account: generation of income

This account describes the transactions by means of which the value added at basic prices is distributed to labour (compensation of employees), capital (consumption of fixed capital) and government (the balance of taxes and subsidies on production). The balancing item of this account is the operating surplus. The balancing item for the sector households is called mixed income, because apart from operating surplus it also contains compensation for work by self-employed persons and their family members.

Net operating surplus / net mixed income remains after deducting consumption of fixed capital.

#### Income account: primary income distribution

This account records as uses the income from direct participation in the production process as well as property income received in exchange for the use of financial resources, land and other intangible assets. In addition, this account records the taxes on production and imports received by the government. On the resources side the paid property income is registered, as well as the subsidies paid by the government.

On this account the paid and received interest are registered exclusive of the imputed bank services. The imputed bank services are recorded on the production account.

In the national accounts insurance technical reserves are seen as a liability of insurance enterprises and pension funds to policyholders. Therefore, the receipts from investing these reserves are recorded as payments from insurance enterprises and pension funds to households, in the form of property income attributed to insurance policy holders.

The balancing item of this account for each sector is primary income. The primary income for the total economy is the national income.

#### **Income account: secondary income distribution**

This account shows how primary income is redistributed by means of current taxes on income and wealth, social contributions (among which contributions to pension schemes), social benefits (among which pension benefits) and other current transfers.

The balancing item of this account is disposable income. For the consuming sectors (households, NPI households and general government) this item is passed on to the use of income account. For the other sectors the disposable income is equal to savings. This is passed on to the capital account.

#### **Income account: use of income**

This account shows which part of disposable income is spent on final consumption and which part is saved. As mentioned above final consumption only exists for households, NPI households and general government.

The net equity of households in pension funds and life insurance reserves is seen as a financial asset that belongs to households. Changes in these reserves need to be included in the savings of households.

However, contributions to pension schemes and pension benefits have already been recorded on the secondary income account (as social contributions and social benefits). Therefore, an adjustment is needed to include the change in pension funds reserves on which households have a definite claim, in the savings of households. This adjustment is called 'adjustment net equity in pension funds reserves'.

There is no need for a similar adjustment concerning life insurance because life insurance premiums and benefits are not recorded as current transactions.

#### **Capital account: capital transfers**

On this account the capital transfers are recorded, such as investment grants and capital taxes.

#### **Capital account: capital accumulation**

On this account gross fixed capital formation, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables and non-produced non-financial assets are recorded among the uses. The decline in the value of fixed capital goods caused by consumption of fixed capital goods is recorded among the resources.

The balancing item is net lending (+) or borrowing (-). This item shows the amount a sector can lend / invest or has to borrow given the current and capital transactions in the sector accounts.

#### **Financial account**

The financial account of a sector provides a detailed review of the change in the financial relations with the other sectors and the rest of the world. Therefore the financial account is a logical extension of the current and capital transactions in the sector accounts. The financial relation between a sector and the other sectors and the rest of the world can be broken down into assets and liabilities, both with a large variety of financial titles. Change in the assets and liabilities are financial transactions.

Theoretically, the balancing item of the financial account, 'change in financial net worth', is equal to 'net lending / net borrowing'. However, due to the use of different sources, statistical discrepancies occur.

### **10.5.3 Statistical discrepancies**

The sector accounts can give a complete and fully consistent description of the total economy. Consistency implies that:

- a transaction that is recorded as a use in one sector is recorded as a resource in another sector and vice versa. Consequently, for each transaction the total of uses equals the total of resources. This is called the transaction-identity. A special case is the identity of total supply (output and imports) and total use (intermediate consumption, final consumption expenditure, capital formation and exports).

- all available means of a sector are also used by that sector. This is called the budget-identity. This identity implies that, theoretically, for each sector total resources and change in liabilities equals total uses and change in assets.

In the sector accounts the transaction-identity is fully satisfied. However, it is not yet possible to meet the budget-identity. Maintaining this identity would require adjustments of the estimates, which cannot be justified by the available data sources. For this reason there has been chosen to allocate statistical discrepancies to the financial accounts.

## 10.6 SAM-accounts

### 10.6.1 Introduction

The sector accounts do not show detailed data on the production process and the supply and use of goods and services. On the other hand, supply and use tables do not present a review of economic processes like income distribution and financing.

Both the sector accounts and the supply and use tables fulfil a specific function in the national accounts. Besides this it is desirable to present the whole system of national accounts in one framework. A presentation in the form of a matrix is obvious, especially because it allows the inclusion of supply and use tables. Furthermore, a matrix presentation offers the possibility to choose for each constituent part of the economic process the most relevant type of unit and the most relevant classification of units. In this way, it becomes possible to show the relations between the different kinds of transactions in the economy.

In the so-called National Accounting Matrix (NAM) the whole system of national accounts is presented in one, overall framework. This NAM gives a good overview of the relations between the macroeconomic aggregates. For example, the relations between the main domestic and national economic indicators like gross domestic product (GDP), net national income (NNI), disposable income and the surplus of the nation on current transactions can be derived directly from this table.

In the NAM the core system of the national accounts is represented in a matrix format. One of its features is its opening to select the best suitable units for every constituent part of the economic process. This allows for flexibility, which implies that the matrix can be extended as required to one's needs. The Social Accounting Matrix (SAM) is an example of such an extension, in which the emphasis is put on the role of individual persons and households in the economy.

### 10.6.2 A brief description of the SAM

The core system of national accounts provides a good overview of important economic aggregates. However, not all information relevant for evaluating economic performance can be found in this system such as employment, distribution of income, spending patterns, etc. Although this type of information is often available on a meso-level, it usually has not been included into one macro-framework. The SAM has been developed in order to fill this gap.

In the SAM, relations are established between the supply and use table (with its emphasis on production and income generation) on the one hand and the sector accounts (with their emphasis on the distribution of income, expenditures and on financing) on the other. The main goal of the SAM is to provide information about different categories of labour and households. This manifests itself in a breakdown of the household sector and a detailed presentation of the labour market. Hence, an integral description of the circular flow of income on the meso-level originates, fitting consistently into the macro-economic context.

For the compilation of the SAM, three statistical systems have been used: the national accounts, the labour accounts and the household income and expenditure statistics. The labour market data in the SAM are based on the labour accounts; detailed information on households is taken from the household income and expenditure statistics. The three statistics have been combined in such way that the resulting system is consistent with the national accounts figures.

The labour market is portrayed by distinguishing employees by gender and (six levels of) education. For each industry wages and salaries and wage rates are included, broken down into twelve labour categories. In this way insight is gained in the use of labour by industry as well as the supply of different kinds of labour by groups of households.

The households themselves have been distinguished into various categories. This breakdown is based on their main source of income and on the composition of the household. For a comprehensive review of the classifications applied in the SAM, see National Accounts Occasional Paper NA-68.

### 10.6.3 SAM-accounts

The SAM contains a large amount of detailed socio-economic information, in which it offers a much better understanding of the interrelations between the transactions of a large number of household groups, product groups, industries and the like. The presentation of this information in a matrix has the disadvantage that, because of its size, publication is only possible on an aggregated level. Much detailed information can't be shown. For that reason is in this publication chosen for a presentation of some tables of the SAM.

Table SR 1 presents time series of resources and uses by type of households, in 3-year moving averages and the most recent annual estimate. The table shows wages and salaries, primary income and disposable income by five household categories, see the explanation of table SR 2 hereafter. The consumption expenditures are split into five goods and services categories and three types of households, see explanation of table SR 3 hereafter.

Table SR 2 shows a large part of the resources and uses of ten household categories for the most recent year for which final annual figures are available. The data are presented as a percentage of total disposable income. The classification of the categories of households is based on their main source of income (wages and salaries, mixed income, income in connection with old age) and the composition of the household (single and multi person households and the last one with and without minor children). The starting point of the table is the allocation of primary income. For the various categories of households this represents the income they have generated by their active participation (as employee or own-account worker) in the production process. Also the receipts and expenditures of primary income are recorded here.

After this the transactions of the redistribution of income account are presented. The redistribution of income shows the process of redistribution of income by social contributions and benefits and other income transfers. The results of government policy on disposable income of the various groups of households are reflected here. This disposable income for each group of household is presented as a balancing item.

At last the final consumption for the groups of households is shown. Net saving is the result of disposable income minus the final consumption (see explanation in 10.6.2).

In table SR 3 final consumption expenditure by seven groups of households is divided among twentyeight goods and services categories. The data are presented as a percentage of total final consumption expenditure by households. The households themselves are distinguished into categories based on their main source of income: wages and salaries, mixed income and income in connection with old age. Households with wages and salaries as the main source of income are distinguished into single and multi person households. The last one with and without minor children.

Table SR 3 shows the consumption patterns of various types of households in relation to each other and to the total household sector.

## 10.7 Environmental accounts

### 10.7.1 Introduction

In the national accounts, it is a matter of principle that the value of a product or merit payment corresponds with what has been paid or received for it in reality. In this way receipts and outlays always equal each other, which guarantees the consistency of the complete system. This valuation principle reveals market preferences for private products and the democratic preferences for public services. The registration of environmental pollution in the national accounts is in accordance with this principle. If environmental damage is not actually charged to the polluter, it should not have any influence on national income. After all, these social burdens are not deducted from the compensation of employees and stockowners in these establishments and in addition household consumption will not have decreased. Similarly, a free use of certain environmental functions - like swimming in a clean sea - will not lead to an increase in national income.

Although the national accounts core system might contribute to the understanding of the development of a welfare society, it does not draw up a complete picture of the actual situation. Besides the unpaid consumption of environmental functions, the national accounts do not give any insight in for instance unpaid household work and leisure time. On the other hand, such aspects of welfare as national income, employment and social security benefits can be derived from the system of national accounts. However, they are not combined in some kind of adjusted national income. Non-monetary aspects of welfare can be embedded in a comprehensive information system from which for every aspect an individual indicator can be drawn.

In the environmental accounts the national accounts are linked to the environmental statistics. The environmental accounts show the connection between macro indicators for the economy (GDP, general savings, balance of payments, etc.) and the environment. The environmental accounts are a satellite account of the national accounts. The Dutch environmental accounts are compiled according to the guidelines of the international System of Integrated Environmental and Economic Accounting (SEEA 2012). Accordingly, the data from the environmental accounts are internationally comparable. Accounts and indicators for economy and environment are available from 1990 onwards.

The major advantage of the environmental accounts is the direct link that can be established between the economic data of the national accounts and the environmental data. The environmental accounts can be used for all kinds of policy analyses. As an example, indirect economic and environmental effects of consumption or export of certain products can be demonstrated. The environmental accounts can also be used as a framework in an applied general equilibrium model. As such, the framework can be used to calculate the consequences of for instance energy levies on environmental themes (like greenhouse effect) and economic indicators (such as domestic product and national income). Another possible application of macro economic models is the estimation of a national income in a sustainable situation in which domestic product has been maximised, where at the same time a number of technical and economical constraints are satisfied and (on top of that) on the restriction that the pollution does not exceed certain targets.

The environmental accounts are compiled according to the definitions of the national accounts. Not only pollution caused by producers and consumers is shown, but also the entry of polluting substances in the Dutch environment: the domestically emitted pollution including the balance of cross-border pollution from and to the rest of the world. Cross-border pollution exists of two different parts:

- a. pollution by non-residents in the Netherlands or by residents abroad.
- b. supply and removal of pollution by surface water or air.

Because of the differences in concepts, the data of the environmental accounts can differ from other environmental and energy statistics, as for example published in the Dutch Environmental Compendium and the Dutch energy balances.

### **10.7.2 Integrated monetary accounts**

In the monetary environmental accounts (table MR 1) economic variables from the national accounts are presented (total production, value added and labour input) and a number of environmental related monetary variables like environmental expenditure, environmental taxes and employment in the environmental goods and services sector (EGSS). Environmental costs are all annual costs related with activities to protect, restore or improve the environment. For the environmental taxes a distinction is made between green taxes and environmental fees. Green taxes are taxes that intend to decrease activities harmful to the environment by increasing the price. The proceeds of these taxes go to the general funds and are not specifically used to finance environmental measures. Examples of green taxes are excises on motor fuels, the road tax, the tax on cars and motor vehicles and the energy tax. Environmental fees have been established to finance specific environmental measures that are conducted by the government, like the fee for the cleaning of waste water and fee for the treatment of household waste.

The environmental goods and services sector consists of a heterogeneous set of producers of technologies, goods and services that measure, control, restore, prevent, treat, minimise, research and sensitise environmental damages to air, water and soil as well as resource depletion. This includes 'cleaner' technologies, goods and services that prevent or minimise pollution.

### **10.7.3 Integrated physical environmental accounts**

The integrated physical environmental accounts (table MR 2) consist of use tables for resources and emission accounts.

In the national accounts supply and use tables are used to give an overview of the supply and use of goods and services. Supply and use tables can also be used to show the physical flows that occur within the economy. The physical use tables in table MR 2 describe the use of energy and water. A distinction is made between intermediate consumption by industry and final use by households. The data are derived respectively from the energy and water accounts, which are both part of the environmental accounts. Net energy use is defined as the end use of energy, i.e. the final use of energy plus transformation losses.

In the emission accounts the origin of the pollutants is registered. The pollution may originate from producers, households and abroad. The category other domestic origin consists of emissions from landfills or a transport difference. From the emission accounts a number of physical environmental indicators can be derived. The indicators for the greenhouse effect monitor the Dutch contribution to this global theme.

## 10.8 Tourism Satellite Accounts (TSA)

### 10.8.1 Introduction

The Tourism Satellite Accounts (TSA) describe tourism in the context of the national accounts. This makes it possible to compare tourism with the rest of the economy. The Dutch TSA is based on the Recommended Methodological Framework of the Statistical Commission of the United Nations. Although one of the main aims of the Framework is international comparability, this is restricted because the framework has not yet been worked out in detail. There are great differences between the methods used in the various countries.

### 10.8.2 Tourism

Tourism comprises the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes, not related to the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

The framework does not contain an unequivocal definition of 'tourist' and 'usual environment'. In the TSA two criteria are used to delineate the terms: the motive of the journey and the duration of the journey. People who satisfy both criteria are defined as tourists (visitors).

#### Motive

A visitor is someone whose motive to travel is recreation or business. The definitions of the motives are coordinated with those in the sources concerned such as the Day Recreation Survey and the Continuous Holiday Survey.

Recreational motives are all activities which are undertaken for pleasure. Visits to family and friends within the Netherlands are not included; those to family and friends abroad are, however.

Business motives are all work-related activities (for instance congresses), excluding journeys such as commuting between home and work (including cross-border workers) and excluding travel that can be considered part of the job (for instance by representatives).

#### Time and distance criterion

To delineate the 'usual environment' a time criterion is used: Persons with recreational or business motives are defined as visitors if their journey lasts more than two hours. All journeys that involve overnight stays or leaving the Netherlands are defined as 'leaving the usual environment'.

#### Characteristics

Within the TSA visitors are classified by four characteristics:

- *Place of residence*: residents and non-residents.
- *Destination*: Netherlands or abroad.
- *Motive*: leisure and business.
- *Duration of the journey*: day trips (at least two hours journey including travel time) and long-stay journeys (including overnight stay).

Furthermore the following distinctions are made:

1. *Domestic tourism*: tourism by resident visitors within the economic territory of the Netherlands.
2. *Inbound tourism*: tourism of non-resident visitors within the economic territory of the Netherlands.
3. *Outbound tourism*: tourism of resident visitors outside the economic territory of the Netherlands.
4. *Internal tourism*: tourism of visitors, both resident and non-resident, within the economic territory of the Netherlands (1+2).
5. *National tourism*: tourism of resident visitors, within and outside the economic territory of the Netherlands (1+3).



### **10.8.3 Tourism expenditure and tourism supply**

Expenditure by visitors generates internal tourism expenditure: total spending by visitors or for visitors, spent before, during and after the journey and during the stay at the destination. Expenditure is defined as tourism expenditure if the person spending the money is a visitor. For producers the same applies: supply is defined as tourism supply if the buyer is a visitor. Tourism expenditure and tourism supply equal each other.

### **10.8.4 Characteristic services and industries**

As some services are by their nature related to tourism, characteristic and non-characteristic services are distinguished. Characteristic services are services which would not exist or whose expenditure would be considerably reduced in most countries or, if there were no visitors. These are accommodation, provision of food and beverages, passenger transport, travel agencies and travel organisations, cultural services and sports and recreation. Characteristic industries are the main producers of these services.

Internal tourism expenditure consists of incoming tourism, domestic tourism, spending on durable recreational goods and transfers in kind.

Durable recreational goods are durable consumer goods which are used mainly for purposes of recreation (for instance caravans).

As a result of government subsidies (for instance subsidies for museums), visitors sometimes do not pay the complete costs of a service. In these cases subsidies are registered as transfers in kind. Tourism expenditure by NPI households is also included in the transfers in kind.

### **10.8.5 Cross-border transport and transfer passengers**

If residents use foreign transport companies to travel to foreign countries, expenditure is counted as outbound tourism expenditure. Vice versa: expenditure by non-residents travelling to the Netherlands with a Dutch transport company is counted as inbound tourism expenditure. For transfer passengers, the Netherlands is not their main destination. Many of these (non-resident) passengers travel via Schiphol airport (Amsterdam). If these visitors travel with Dutch airlines they contribute to the Dutch economy. Spending by transfer passengers on Dutch airlines is included in the TSA.

### **10.8.6 TSA indicators**

The TSA produces a number of macroeconomic indicators for tourism. Tourism value added makes up part of the value added of an industry. Tourism value added can also be generated in industries which are not directly associated with tourism. If tourists camp at a farm, part of the value added of agriculture is designated as tourism value added. The tourism value added is calculated on the basis of the ratio tourist to non-tourist production. This principle is also used for tourism jobs, tourism employees, tourism labour input and tourism domestic product.

## 10.9 Regional accounts

### 10.9.1 Introduction

Regional accounts provide a quantitative description of the economic process of the regions in a country. They do so in line with the national accounts. The emphasis in the regional accounts is on production and on generation of income. Theoretically the national accounts can be considered the sum of the regional accounts. The production in a country is after all produced by companies and institutions in the various regions, the resident units. In the Dutch practice, however, the national accounts are compiled firstly and the regional figures are derived from these.

The regional accounts and the national accounts use the same concepts and definitions. Both follow the international guidelines of the System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 1993) and the European System of National and Regional Accounts 1995 (ESA 1995). This makes the results of the regional accounts comparable both nationally and internationally. A key user of these figures is the European Union for the purpose of regional policy. Regional gross domestic product (GDP) per capita is actually one of the criteria for the allocations from the European structural funds.

This publication provides figures about economic growth, GDP per capita and the labour volume of employees per province. Apart from these variables the regional accounts provide figures about the value added, the compensation of employees, the labour input of employees and fixed capital formation. These variables are broken down by industry. Furthermore, figures are compiled of certain transactions of the income account of the sector households. All available data can be found in the StatLine database on the CBS website under the theme Macro-economics. Furthermore there are regular PDF publications about the results of the regional accounts available on the CBS website. Apart from the data in the table in this publication there are also figures available on a lower regional level than the provincial level, namely 40 COROP areas of which a limited number is broken down further.

### 10.9.2 Regional accounts outlined

#### Use and limitations

The domestic product per region can be used as a composite benchmark of how a regional economy functions. The regional GDP per capita cannot be considered as an indicator of wealth though. GDP per region shows the sum of the economic activities in a region. So GDP does not indicate how much income households in a region receive, from labour or otherwise. Commuting can bring about a major regional redistribution. Also the extraction of natural gas leads to a relatively high GDP while it hardly requires any labour input. Finally, the presence of capital intensive companies may lead to a relatively high GDP per capita, but not to high figures on compensation of employees.

#### Bench-mark strategy

The regional accounts are in line with the national accounts, not only as far as concepts and definitions are concerned but also in its bench-mark strategy. Once every 5 to 10 year the levels are reset and in the subsequent years the year-on-year changes are calculated as accurately as possible. Conceptual changes, new sources or changes in sources and any corrections are implemented in the periodical bench-mark revisions. To keep the figures comparable over time, the figures of previous years are adjusted then as well.

#### Regions

The activities on the Dutch part of the continental shelf and of the Dutch embassies abroad are seen as part of the Dutch economy but they are not attributed to the provinces. The Extra-regio was created for this purpose. The sum of the provincial figures may therefore not match the national accounts figures. The Extra-regio is left out of the tables with provincial figures in this publication.

The most recent regional division is used in the regional accounts. When borders change, for instance when municipalities are joined, breaks in the series occur. When there are major breaks, comparable time series are compiled.

## Methods

There are basically two methods to compile regional accounts: bottom-up and top-down. In the bottom-up method the data of the units located in the region are added up to a regional value. The sum of all regional values must be equal to the national value.

In the top-down method the national aggregate is divided using a distribution formula, usually based on information about employed labour. The Dutch regional accounts make use of the bottom-up method as much as possible. In this method data on individual units from the production statistics play a key role. When a unit has different establishments in different regions then the information on the unit is attributed to those regions, usually on the basis of the number of jobs of employees.

There are no reliable data on the individual units available for a considerable part of the economy nor on the regional establishments. In such cases the top-down method is applied. Because the regional labour input is crucial in this method, derived figures on regional labour productivity (gross value added per full-time equivalent) need to be interpreted with the necessary caution.

### 10.9.3 Key figures Regional accounts

Table RR 1 shows the economic growth per province, or the percentage changes in the volume of the gross domestic product at market prices. The regional accounts are compiled at a detailed industry level in current prices and not at the level of goods and services simultaneously in current and constant prices, like the national accounts do. After the production cycle the regional outcomes of production and intermediate consumption, and therefore of the value added, are deflated with national deflators per industry. Statistics Netherlands has no data available about regional price developments per industry. Only the industries agriculture and mining and quarrying are based on regional breakdowns of the goods produced.

At the time of the publication of the national accounts, the new regional accounts are not yet available. Regional data in this publication are derived from the national figures published last year. In October of this year the new regional data that correspond to the most recent national accounts will be available on StatLine.

Because of the enormous influence of extraction of natural gas in the three most northern provinces, the growth rates for these provinces and for the total economy are given excluding this industry.

Furthermore, table RR 1 shows the gross domestic product per capita by province. GDP at market prices is the sum of the value added at basic prices per industry and the balance of the taxes and subsidies on products. The latter item cannot be fully attributed to the various industries. The basis for regionalisation is formed by the figures on value added per industry. In line with the international agreements the taxes and subsidies on products are divided over the regions according to the total value added at basic prices in order to get at the GDP at market prices per region.

In this table too the figures of the northern provinces and of the total economy are presented excluding the industry mining and quarrying.

For determining the regional GDP per capita the GDP is divided by the average number of inhabitants of the region concerned.

Finally table RR 1 shows the labour input of employees by province. The labour input is expressed in full-time equivalents. This is calculated by taking all jobs (full-time, part-time and flexible) in a year and recalculating them into full-time jobs or full-time equivalents.

## 10.10 Labour

### 10.10.1 Introduction

In recent decades the statistical observation of the labour market regarding persons, administrations of enterprises as well as central registrations has been expanded regularly. Therefore more information has become available on the different aspects and areas of the labour market. In order to provide a coherent and consistent overview Statistics Netherlands has set up an integrated system of data on labour, called labour accounts. The data refer to uniformly delineated populations according to uniform classifications and are based on clear definitions and the identity relationships these bring about. The data are generated in a statistical integration process that leads to the most accurate estimates possible on the basis of the available information.

Both the national accounts and the labour accounts have been revised in 2005 for the reporting year 2001. In this revision the Social statistical database (SSB) has been used as a primary source for the estimation of the number of employed persons, the number of jobs of employed persons, the compensation of employees and the labour input of employees and self-employed persons. The SSB includes information about all persons, jobs and benefits in the Netherlands. In the SSB a great number of registers has been combined and made consistent on a micro level.

The information provided in the 'Labour' section comprises several aspects of the labour market. However, the tables only represent a small part of the data produced by the labour accounts. More detailed data are available through StatLine, the statistical database of Statistics Netherlands ([www.cbs.nl](http://www.cbs.nl)).

### 10.10.2 Employed persons

Employed persons are all persons who are working for a institutional unit residing in the Netherlands.

Employed persons include all persons who:

- have a paid job for at least one hour a week.
- perform a job of which the payment is withheld from registration of tax and/or social insurance authorities, while the work itself is legal.
- are temporarily not working (due to illness, bad weather, etc.), but who continue to receive their remuneration.
- have taken a temporarily unpaid leave.

Employed persons may either be employees or self-employed.

#### **Employees / self-employed persons**

Employees are persons who during a reference period performed some work for wage or salary, in cash or in kind.

Self-employed persons are those earn their income by performing labour on their own (company, profession) or who cooperate in the business of their family. The latter are not counted as self-employed if there is an employment contract.

### 10.10.3 Jobs

A job is an explicit or implicit contract between a person and a resident institutional unit to perform work in return for compensation for a defined period or until further notice. The number of jobs in a year is an average. When a job is only filled for part of the year it is only counted for that part. Because employed persons may hold more than one job, the number of jobs is equal to or higher than the number of employed persons.

#### **Terms of employment: full-time job / part-time job**

A full-time job concerns a full day or week task. All other jobs are part-time jobs.

### 10.10.4 Measure of labour input

Labour input can be measured in full-time equivalents or hours

**Full-time equivalent**

Labour input in full-time equivalents is calculated by expressing all jobs (be it full-time, part-time or flexible) to full-time equivalents. The full-time equivalent is obtained by dividing the annual contractual hours of the job by the annual contractual hours considered full-time (in the same industry). Two half-time jobs thus add up to one full-time equivalent.

For self-employed the full-time equivalent is the quotient of the usual weekly work hours of that job and the average weekly work hours of self-employed with 37 or more normal weekly hours (in the same industry).

**Contractual hours**

Contractual hours are the hours agreed in the contract between employer and employee. Agreed paid annual leave and paid public holidays are not included in the hours.

**Paid overtime**

Time worked in addition to normal hours of work for which a premium rate is paid.

**Hours paid**

Hours paid is the sum of contractual hours and paid overtime. Time spent on sick leave or bad weather leave belong to hours paid. Contrary to the legal terms, paid annual leave and public holidays are not considered part of hours paid.

**Hours actually worked**

Hours actually worked are hours paid increased with unpaid overtime and decreased with hours paid, but not worked such as sickness absence, pregnancy leave, maternity leave, strikes, parental leave, short-time absence and additional free time for older people.

**10.10.5 Further details**

The number of persons employed, jobs and labour inputs are classified according to economic activity and sex. The industrial classification is the Dutch 2008 Standard Industrial Classification (SBI 2008; according to the NACE Rev.2 classification) according to the enterprise where the employed person is on the payroll. So people working for temporary employment agencies are classified under temporary employment agencies, etc.

**10.10.6 Compensation of employees and labour costs****Compensation of employees**

The compensation of employees is the total remuneration payable by an employer to an employee. The compensation of employees is broken down into: 'wages and salaries' and 'employers' social contributions'.

**Wages and salaries**

Wages are the remunerations an employee receives in return for his or her employment. The most important form of wages is wages in cash (including withheld taxes on wages and contributions). Wages in cash are composed of regular gross wages, standard extra allowances (for instance for hazardous work), bonuses, overtime pay, tips and compensation for costs related to employment (for instance refunds of fares to and from work). Bonuses include holiday pay, *tantième*, gratifications, profit shares and a thirteenth or fourteenth month. Wages in kind occur if an employee benefits from his or her job besides being paid wages. Examples of payment in kind are private use of a company car, free housing, free food, lower interest rates on mortgages, free or cheap use of the company's products or services, and company supplied or subsidised day nursery.

**Employers' social contributions**

Employers' social contributions consist of legally or contractually implied payments to social security, such as pension premiums. As set out by the ESA 1995, pay over periods in which no work is done due to illness or bad weather is also regarded as a social contribution.

**Labour costs**

Labour costs reflect the employers' expenses directly related to the use of individual employees in the production process. The labour costs are equal to the compensation of employees minus the received subsidies on labour received by the employer.

## 10.11 Some breaks in the time series

### 10.11.1 Introduction

Data in the national accounts are estimated in such a way that they are comparable with data for contiguous years, thus reflecting year to year changes as accurately as possible. Only at periodic revisions levels are updated and newly computed. Data for previous years are also adjusted then in order to retain comparability in time. In spite of aiming at comparability in time, discontinuities sometimes occur, mostly as a result of revisions, which are not fully calculated back in time. This results in a number of breaks in the tables in the chapter Historical data.

Besides changes in tax legislation, social security regulations, etc. may have a significant effect on the continuity of the time series.

### 10.11.2 Time series breaks caused by revisions

Statistics Netherlands has been compiling economic data since the 1930s. Later on, these data became part of the national accounts. 'Official' figures have been available since 1900. In due time the availability of new data sources, improved estimation techniques and new concepts have led to a number of national accounts revisions. In first instance, a revision is applied to one year for which simultaneously two data sets are compiled: one set according to the old methods and concepts and a second set according to the new ones. Subsequently, recalculations are carried out for a number of preceding years.

The number of years to be recomputed, however, differs for each revision. The long time series are therefore split into sub periods, which are not mutually comparable. In the time series, all figures in break years are given twice: before and after the revision concerned. For volume and price figures, the problem of break years can be avoided to some extent by presenting only changes relative to the preceding year and not indices related to a fixed base year.

In order to make possible long-term comparisons of volume and prices, table H 1 shows for a number of bench-mark years indices based on 1938=100. They have been calculated by cumulating the annual mutations from previous tables.

For the estimation of the national income a number of different methods have been applied. The first one is the income method. The incomes of individual units are aggregated to a national total. These incomes are mainly based on fiscal data. The second is the net-production method. Here for every individual industry its production and its intermediate consumption are determined through production data, based on industrial surveys. The difference between production and intermediate consumption is the value added. The national income is the sum of the value added of all industries, after an adjustment for primary income transactions with the rest of the world. The third method is the commodity-flow or input-output method. This method too is based on estimates of production and intermediate consumption; however in this case production and intermediate consumption by industry are detailed in goods and services groups. For each and every goods and service group should hold that the production of an industry should be supplied to either the other industries or to final expenditure categories. The other way around the intermediate consumption by each industry of each group of goods and services should originate from the production by a domestic industry, imports or the decrease of inventories. These identities between 'available' and 'used' opens the possibility to make detailed confrontations and to determine for each industry its production, intermediate consumption and value added in such a way that the results are consistent with those for other industries. Of all the methods mentioned above the commodity-flow method is the most reliable.

For 1900-1920 only national income data have been calculated, applying the income method. Volume data were obtained by deflating with a consumer price index for working-class families. The concepts used then deviate from those currently in use. For details we refer to the publication 'Berekeningen over het nationale inkomen van Nederland voor de periode 1900-1920' (Speciale Onderzoekingen van de Nederlandsche Conjunctuur, No. 4, 1941).

Some time ago data for the period 1921-1939 have been revised, as much as possible in accordance with the concepts currently in use. Here the net-production method has been applied. Several variables, like expenditure categories have been estimated autonomously. Deflators are calculated on the basis of detailed data. Details can be found in the publication 'The Dutch economy, 1921-1939 and 1969-1985. A comparison based on revised macro-economic data for the interwar period'.

For the years 1940-1945 the same method has been applied as for 1900-1920. The data and methods have been published in 'Statistische en econometrische onderzoeken', nieuwe reeks, jaargang 5, 1e kwartaal 1950. For 1940-1945 only national income (net, factor costs) data are available (see the publication National accounts of the Netherlands 1999). The volume data too concerns the concept of factor costs. For the sake of continuity this concept has also been upheld for 1946-1948. For 1946 and 1947 the commodity-flow method has been applied. At several points the concepts used deviate from the modern ones. Besides that, later revisions have not been calculated backwards. For more details we refer to the publication 'De Nationale Jaarrekeningen: doeleinden, problemen, resultaten' (Monografieën van de Nederlandse Conjunctuur, no. 8, 1950).

For the years after 1948 the commodity-flow method has been applied. The original data for the period 1948-1957 have been published in 'Statistische en Econometrische Onderzoeken', 2e en 3e kwartaal 1958, those for 1958 and after have been published in the annual publications of the national accounts.

The data for the years from 1948 onwards have been revised several times. The first revision concerned the year 1977 and was calculated backwards no further than to 1969. This revision is described in the publications 'Nationale rekeningen 1980' and 'Nationale rekeningen 1969-1981 met herziene reeksen voor de jaren 1969-1976'.

In 1992 a revision was carried out for the bench-mark year 1987; see 'Nationale rekeningen 1991, volume II'. The 1987 revision was calculated backwards until 1969, the figures are given in the publications 'Nationale rekeningen – gereviseerde reeksen 1977-1986' and 'Nationale rekeningen – gereviseerde reeksen 1969-1976'.

Revised data for the years 1995-1998 were presented in the National accounts 1998. Since then the Dutch national accounts are in accordance with the newest international guidelines: the European System of Accounts (ESA 1995) and the System of National Accounts (SNA 1993). A detailed description of the 1995 revision is presented in the publication 'Revision Dutch National Accounts: first results and backgrounds'. This revision has now been calculated backwards until 1969.

In 2005 a revision has been carried out for the reporting year 2001. A detailed description of this revision is given in the publication 'Nationale rekeningen 2004, Revisie 2001 – Beschrijving en uitkomsten revisiejaar 2001' (Dutch edition). The figures for the years after 2001 have been revised as well. The revision has been calculated backwards until 1969.

### **10.11.3 Effects of government measures**

A number of changes, introduced recently in the field of taxes and social security have had important effects on the continuity of national accounts data. A few important changes are mentioned below.

#### **Operation social housing**

In 1995, the government redeemed specific long-term liabilities towards housing corporations. The redemption sum was based on the present value of liabilities and amounted up to 14,9 billion euro. In the national accounts, this is recorded as a capital transfer from the government through non-financial corporations. In 1995, this led to a sharp increase in net borrowing of the government while at the same time net lending of non-financial corporations rose to the same extent. Housing corporations used the redemption money for early repayment of all housing loans to the government. As a result rent subsidies decreased sharply in 1995.

#### **Restitution of excise duties on wine**

In 1996 because of a finding of the European Court of Justice, the government had to pay back 204,2 million euro to the wine branch. The exempt from excise duties on fruit wines (till 1992) appeared to be applicable to table wines too.

### **Financing old people's homes**

Starting in 1997 the financing of the services of old people's homes is covered by the Exceptional Medical Health Act (AWBZ). Until that year the financing took place through the general means of the government and own contributions of households. Due to this measure the social assistance benefits in kind decreased while the social security contributions and the social security benefits increased with 1.4 billion euro. The increase of the contributions is compensated by a decrease of the wage tax.

### **The introduction of the Pemba**

In 1998 the Pemba was introduced. This is a Dutch acronym for Premium differentiation and the market effect on disablement insurance. The underlying idea of the Pemba operation is to lay down the risks at the employers, because these were supposed to prevent disablement. The Pemba operation consists of three measures.

Firstly, the scope has been adapted to that part of the disablement, which is covered by social security, to fit better with different kinds of risks. For this reason the Fund for Disabled Civil Servants (FAOP) and the employee's part of the General Disablement Benefits Act (AAW) were merged with the Disablement Insurance Act (WAO). In contrast the benefits to young disabled persons are no longer covered by the social security contributions (AAW), but through the general funds (Wajong). Young disabled persons are defined as people who are borne with a handicap and so will never be able to earn income.

Secondly, from now on the disablement contributions are fully covered by the employers. The employers in their turn are compensated by a drastically decrease in their transfer surcharge.

Thirdly, part of the employer's contributions has been made variable, that are the contributions for the Disablement Insurance Fund (AOK). These are from now on dependent on the number of employees that became disabled. So in case few employees become disabled, the employer pays less. This is a way to stimulate the employer to prevent employees to become disabled.

### **The introduction of the new health care system**

On 1 January 2006 the new health care system became effective. The Medical Health Fund Act (ZFW) has been replaced by the Cure Insurance Act (ZVW) and the distinction between compulsory and private insurances has been lapsed. Instead a new basic health insurance has been introduced which is compulsory for everyone who lives in the Netherlands or has to pay income tax there. Besides, on a voluntary basis it is possible to take out additional insurance for extra care. The compulsory character of the basic health insurance results in the system of national accounts in a shift of a part of the expenditures for care from the final consumption expenditure of households to the final consumption expenditure of general government. On balance total final consumption expenditure does not change. That means that the introduction of the new health care system has no effect on GDP.

On the contribution side changes occur as well. In addition to the employers' social security contributions in terms of percentage a nominal family contribution has been introduced. The contribution for the new basic health insurance for children until the age of 18 is paid by the government.

Depending on the income a care allowance can be received. This allowance is a compensation towards the costs of the contribution of the health care and is booked as a social benefit in cash.



## 10.12 Price and volume changes

### 10.12.1 Introduction

One of the most important figures of the national accounts is the volume growth of gross domestic product (GDP). But volume changes of many other national accounts' transactions like consumption and fixed capital formation play an important role in many fields also.

Determining changes in volume is complicated. Several theoretical and practical problems play a role. In this explanation these will be discussed. Furthermore is discussed, which improvements in methods have been and will be carried through.

First some theoretical aspects of determining price and volume measures will be discussed in section 10.12.2. Subsequently, section 10.12.3 focuses on changes in volume of value added and its components. The main sources are given in section 10.12.4. The Eurostat handbook on price and volume measures is subject of section 10.12.5. The current and coming improvements in estimates will be discussed in the sections 10.12.6 up to and including 10.12.8.

### 10.12.2 Some questions at estimates in constant prices

#### Supply and use tables

Supply and use tables play an important role in determining price and volume changes. In these tables, supply and use of commodities, specified for each commodity, is described. From 1987 onwards, the supply and use tables are used as an integration framework.

Supply and use tables make, contrary to input-output tables, optimal use of available sources since production statistics, foreign trade statistics and data on consumption and capital formation all contain information on products. The introduction of the supply and use tables has highly improved the quality of the estimates in constant prices.

#### Simultaneously composing and balancing supply and use tables in current and constant prices

Up to the beginning of the eighties balancing of national accounts was performed in current prices after which separate volume changes were computed. From the 1987 revision onwards supply and use tables are composed both in current prices and prices of the preceding year (constant prices).

A major advantage of estimating price and volume changes in an integration framework such as the supply and use tables is that it allows checking the plausibility and consistency of the set as a whole. Another advantage is that price and volume changes can be determined for the main balancing items in the national accounts. In this way gross value added in constant prices is determined as the difference of production in constant prices and intermediary consumption in constant prices. This is called 'the double deflation' method.

#### The choice of the index number formulæ

Part of the design of the system is the choice of index formulae to be used in the integration framework. From a practical point of view, two requirements should be imposed on the index number formulae to be used in compiling constant price data:

- additive consistency.
- value index equals the product of price index and volume index.

In an accounting framework like the supply and use table, additivity simplifies the balancing of the system. Additivity means that parts of an aggregate in the supply and use table sum up to a total amount of that aggregate. Besides, all consistency checks, which are valid in current prices, hold also at constant prices.

The second requirement means that the value index is split up into a volume part and price part without remainder. The international guidelines for national accounts, the System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 1993) and the European System of National and Regional Accounts 1995 (ESA 1995), favour Fisher's index, because of its close approximation of the theoretical superlative index formulae like the Tornqvist and Vartia. Disadvantage of the

Fisher formula is that it is relying on data availability, and that the results are not easy to be interpreted. Last but not least using this index formula means that there is no additive consistency. This means that the Fisher index is not easily applicable in an accounting framework where additivity is an important issue. A way out is the use of a combination of Paasche price indices and Laspeyres volume indices. This combination of indices provides an acceptable alternative and fulfils the requirements mentioned above.

#### **The choice of the base year**

Another issue in constant price estimation is the choice of the base year. Both the SNA 1993 and the ESA 1995 favour the use of a moving base year. In practice, this means that for each reporting year, the preceding year will be the base year. Advantages are:

- an up-to-date weighting scheme provides better estimates of growth rates.
- no burdensome rebasing of time series.

Applying several types of index number formulae, using the detailed supply and use data of the Netherlands, reveals that Paasche and Laspeyres chain volume indices in general provide a close approximation of Fisher's Ideal Index.

#### **Non-additivity**

A disadvantage when using chain indices to construct time series of values in constant prices of a certain base year is that the deflated parts of an aggregate do not add up to the deflated aggregate itself. The magnitude of this "mathematical discrepancy" varies with the way the aggregate is split up into different sub groups.

In the Dutch National accounts publication, the mathematical discrepancies in constant price tables are not eliminated, but these tables are left non-additive. Constant price tables are not presented separately, but always in conjunction with other tables. In this presentation a fixed sequence is held: current prices, volume changes, chain volume indices and values at constant prices (by applying these volume indices). Price changes and chain indices of deflators are given as well.

#### **Quality changes**

Changes in values resulting from changes of quality should be excluded from the price index and be included into the volume index. The volume index is the product of the quantity index and the quality index. Quality changes can occur in two ways: changes in the product mix and changes in the (physical) characteristics of products. The requirement of a proper measurement of quality change from changes in the product mix is fulfilled to a higher degree when transactions are more homogeneous. The number of product groups in the Dutch supply and use table (800) is considerable. From this point of view, quality changes are measured reasonably well.

For measuring quality changes of individual products, it is necessary that changes in the value per unit are corrected for changes in the (physical) characteristics of goods and services in price statistics. Generally speaking, the Dutch price statistics for production, international trade and private consumption of households are not considerably biased by quality changes. These price statistics are the main source for the compilation of supply and use tables at constant prices.

### **10.12.3 Volume changes of value added and its components**

As mentioned above, supply and use tables are also set up in constant prices. This means that for all transactions in the supply and use tables volume changes can be determined.

The determination of the volume growth of value added in supply and use tables deserves some special attention. As well as for current prices as for constant prices, value added is determined by subtracting intermediate consumption from production value for each industry. Besides this approach of GDP by use of output value, GDP can also be derived from final use. The sum of consumption, capital formation, exports minus imports should match the sum of value added. This counts for both current and constant prices. As a result measurement of volume change of GDP on the base of value added equals by definition volume change of GDP on the base of final expenditure. Both approaches are recorded in one and the same system of supply and use tables.

The estimating procedure applied for value added in constant prices depends on the type of production. Production of commodities can be classified into market and non-market production. Above all, for non-market output it is relevant to distinguish between individual goods and services and collective services.

### **Value added of industries producing market output**

Value added in current prices by industry is estimated as the difference between gross output and intermediate consumption of goods and services at current prices. Value added in constant prices by industry is estimated as the difference between gross output in constant prices and intermediate consumption of goods and services in constant prices.

### **Value added of industries mainly producing non-market individual goods and services**

In the case of industries mainly producing non-market individual goods and services, there is a difference in the way current price estimates of value added and constant price estimates of value added are determined. Subsidized education is an example of non-market production of individual services.

Output in current prices is estimated as the sum of total intermediate consumption, labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital. As a result, value added at current prices equals the sum of labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital.

Output in constant prices of an industry mainly producing non-market individual goods and services is estimated by multiplying output in the previous year by the volume index of output. Total value added in constant prices is estimated as the difference between deflated gross output and deflated intermediate consumption of goods and services.

In the Netherlands for the majority of the production of non-market individual goods and services volume indicators are available. The main example is educational services. In other cases for purposes of compiling price and volume changes the same method is used as for collective services.

### **Value added of industries mainly producing collective services**

In the case of industries mainly producing collective services there is a resemblance in the way current and constant price estimates of value added are determined. Public administration is an example of non-market production of collective services.

Output in current prices is estimated as the sum of total intermediate consumption, labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital. As a result, value added at current prices equals the sum of labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital.

No appropriate quantity indicators are available for the estimate of the volume change of the output of collective services. Therefore, as an approximation, output of an industry producing collective services in constant prices is calculated as the sum of total intermediate consumption, labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital in constant prices. As a result, value added at constant prices equals the sum of labour costs, other taxes and subsidies on production and consumption of fixed capital in constant prices.

In the Dutch national accounts the estimate of the consumption of fixed capital in constant prices is an implicit part of the estimate in current prices. Deflators are the price indices of the domestic purchases per capital commodity, which are derived as the weighted average of the producer price indices of domestic sales and imports.

### **Compensation of employees**

Compensation of employees is part of total value added. It is useful to estimate compensation of employees in constant prices, as it increases the possibilities for economic analysis based on supply and use tables. Among others, the results can be used in the analysis of labour productivity.

Compensation of employees consists of two parts, wages and salaries, both in cash and in kind, and employers' social contributions.

In the calculation of wages and salaries in cash in constant prices a price approach is applied: price changes of the *total* amount of labour input are observed and volume changes are derived. Quality changes in labour are not accounted for.

The volume index of employers' social contributions should equal to the volume index of wages and salaries. As a result of this, the price index can be derived from the value index and the volume index.

In the estimation of wages and salaries in kind, recorded at constant prices it is assumed that the volume index of wages and salaries in kind equals the volume index of wages and salaries in cash.

### **Taxes and subsidies on products**

Taxes and subsidies on products affect the *price* of a product, not its *volume*. Accordingly, for the compilation of price and volume changes it is a requirement that the resulting volume index of goods or services is the same both including and excluding taxes. This means that the volume index of the taxes on a transaction is the same as the volume index of the transaction including (or excluding) taxes.

For an accurate estimation of the volume index of a tax or a subsidy, special attention is paid to the question which part of the supply or use of a commodity is taxed or subsidised. For instance, a tax is levied only on the domestic consumption of a product and not on exports.

### **Other taxes and subsidies on production**

In the compilation of price and volume changes of other taxes and subsidies on production volume indicators are used in many cases.

## **10.12.4 Main sources used**

The main sources that are used in the determination of price and volume changes of national accounts figures are producer price indices and consumer price indices. Besides these sources several other sources are used.

### **Producer price indices**

A considerable part of the price index numbers used for the compilation of price and volume changes of commodities in the Dutch national accounts is derived from the producer price statistics. In an increasing way producer price indices are used for determining volume changes of services.

The producer prices statistics provide price indices for sales, intermediate consumption, foreign trade; divided by product and activity. Until some years ago the coverage of statistics was almost completely limited to products of producers who had their main activity in mining, industry, production and distribution of electricity, gas and water. Recently, for some categories of business services, producer price indices have been developed. It is expected that this number will further increase in the coming years.

### **Consumer price indices**

Consumer price index numbers are used for the compilation of price and volume changes of consumption of households. They are also applied as approximate deflators for output or for intermediate consumption in case producer price indices are lacking.

The published consumer price indices present the average price change of the goods and services bought by the average Dutch private households in the base year. For the purposes of compiling price and volume changes in the national accounts the consumer price indices are applied at least at the detailed 800 commodity level of the supply and use tables.

### **Other sources**

Other data used in the compilation of price and volume changes of the national accounts are: quantity indicators, unit-value indices, price and quantity data from agriculture related agencies and annual reports of enterprises and institutions. For the other part data are requested for from social institutions such as the Chamber of Commerce, the Dutch cycling union, the consumer union and sport institutions like NOC\*NSF.

For some specific products (services of banks, insurance services, education etc.) no proper price indices are available for the compilation of price and volume changes of output, but there are (nearly) integral and detailed data on quantities available.

In compiling price and volume changes of insurance and pension funding services quantity indicators are used for each part of the set of insurance services. For non-life insurances risk-weighted quantity indicators are used. For life insurances risk-weighted quantity indicators are used to distinguish between individual and group life. For pension funding services quantity indicators are used representing the numbers of (former) members / pensioners.

For educational services it is difficult to obtain suitable price indices, as the nature of the service (the transfer of knowledge) is very diverse and specific. Differences of quality are hard to transform into a suitable volume-indicator. Most methods used for measurement of production of educational services can be categorised as A and B methods.

The number of pupils is used as indicator for the production of primary education, secondary education, higher professional education and university, special education and vocational education. Higher professional education and university is also adjusted for the intensity of training.

To measure qualities and quantities of health care for consumers in real terms, for each subgroup, a specific indicator is used. To the product group health care special attention is drawn, as it takes care of a main part of the realization of gross domestic product.

In estimating price and volume changes of hospital services the number of patients discharged from day and clinical treatment is used as a quantitative indicator. To derive as homogeneous groups as possible, nearly 900 diagnoses groups and seven age categories are distinguished. The partial volume indicators are weighted and put together. The number of hospital days per diagnoses and age group are used as weights.

Other care services comprise a heterogeneous set of services of which the value in constant prices is determined in different ways. In a number of cases tariff information is used (for example services of general practitioners, dentists or midwives) or consumer price indices (for example patient transportation). These methods comply with the handbook. In some cases no price information is available and input methods which are not permitted are used. This is among others the case with blood banks, ambulance services and alternative health care.

Unit-value indices are used for deflation in some specific cases where values and quantities are available for transactions of homogeneous products (especially bulk goods). Examples are the exports and imports of certain agricultural products. Another example is the output of certain transport services where, besides the value of production, data on ton kilometres are available.

More often, unit-value indices are used to check the plausibility of other price indicators like the producer price indices of exports and imports.

Especially for specific agricultural products, the value of output is derived from the combination of price and quantity data at a low level of aggregation. The price data are often provided by semi-governmental agencies related to the agricultural sector like the 'Landbouw Economisch Instituut' (Agricultural Economic Institute) and the 'Productschappen' (Commodity boards) for horticulture, dairy products, eggs, etc.

### **Balancing**

Even though the balancing process is not a real "source" of price and quantity indicators, it plays an important role in the quality of the estimates. In the first place for checks of consistency for instance between producer and consumer price indices. More in general value-, price- and volume-indices are checked during the simultaneous balancing of current and constant price values.

### **10.12.5 The handbook on price and volume measures in national accounts**

In international guidelines for national accounts, such as the System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 1993) and the European system of accounts 1995 (ESA 1995) relatively little attention is being drawn on price and volume measures.

With the occurrence of the Growth and stability pact the demand for qualitatively good and international comparable price and volume data has increased. This has led to the publication of the Handbook on price and volume measures by the European Union (Eurostat) in 2001. This book gives a complete survey of topics on price and volume measurement. Besides general principles, specific rules are drawn for determining price and volume changes for separate commodities. The handbook is an extension of and consistent with the ESA 1995. The use of the prescribed price and volume methods has been ratified by a European regulation.

The Eurostat handbook prescribes which methods should be used for the determination of volume development of different commodity groups. In accordance with international guidelines, Statistics Netherlands has focussed on developing new and better methods for price and volume measurement. Particularly for measuring services in constant prices this is of increasing relevance as services fulfil a growing part of GDP in The Netherlands. In the handbook different qualifications are attributed to price and volume methods. With that, A, B and C methods can be distinguished.

So called A methods are methods that meet all requirements. These methods measure the volume development of output including improvements in quality of commodities. An indicator that qualifies for A method should guarantee a specific and complete coverage. Furthermore an A method should comply with national accounts concepts.

A method is a B method if it's an acceptable approach of an A method. An example of a B method is a method that satisfies the demand of representativeness in a reasonable way but does not take account for quality developments.

C methods are methods that can not be qualified as A or B method. Examples of C methods are input methods or methods that are not representative. An input method equals volume and price development of output to the development of (the sum of) inputs. In fact constant productivity is assumed.

In 2003 an inventory of methods used was made for the statistical year 1999. It was concluded that for several commodities with a relatively large share in GDP better accounting methods should be developed. In the past years a lot of improvements have been implemented.

Besides regulations that stem from the Handbook on price and volume measures in national accounts, several motives for the introduction of new accounting methods existed. First of all, certain developments in society made that indices used did not cover production value anymore. Also the moment of availability of relevant information restricts the quality of price and volume measurement. The continuous aim to develop new methods by Statistics Netherlands has led to the introduction of new methods as well.

#### **10.12.6 Realised improvements**

Several improvements in methods for price and volume measurement have been carried through. Examples are estimates for business services and construction. Newly developed methods for these services are discussed below. It should be noted that it always concerns final year estimates. Sometimes it also concerns provisional or revised provisional year estimates or the quarter estimate.

##### *Business services*

Business services comprise a heterogeneous cluster of services, under which services of accountants, engineers, architects IT and telecommunication. In national accounts these services are largely deflated by producer price indices. Producer price indices are based on hourly charge-out rates and model prices. Statistics Netherlands permanently examines the possibilities to use new and better producer price indices for the services concerned in the national accounts.

Last year, the base year of the producer price indices for operating car lease has been changed and the statistics has been extended. The weighting scheme was updated and the panel of surveyed companies was improved. Also, a more specific subdivision is now available.

The weighting scheme of the producer price index for sea- and coastal transport has been updated. Due to this new weighting scheme this producer price index better matches with other statistics according to sea- and coastal transport.

New producer price indices for "other information services" and "dataprocessing" have been developed.

##### *Construction*

Beginning from 2007, the producer price indices for dwellings and buildings are used in the national accounts. These figures are based on the price indices of the building costs of dwellings and buildings and the output data calculated from the planning permissions statistics.

##### *Insurance*

In 2010 new methods were developed for price and volume measurement of services of non-life insurance, life insurance, and pension funding. These methods are already in production. The previous methods (direct service method) were based on a number of distinct activities of insurers, such as policy management and handling of claims, where different volume measures were proposed.

The new method is based on *adjusted claims* in stead of real claims or payouts. These new developed method uses expected claims (risks) by damage and the expected size of obligations by life (changes in technical provisions plus benefits). Premiums are linked to expected values and not actual damage and benefits. By the new methods the risks and pro-

duction values estimated from data on actual harm (damage), benefits and technical provisions (life) and premiums and investment income. The result of the estimation procedure provides insight into how risks are hedged. The production volume is also measured differently than in the old methods. The production volume is no longer based on individual activities of insurers, but in 'packages of activities'. Policies are used as proxy. Policies are divided into different categories of services, which are characterized by trade and risk.

#### *Health care*

For care services financed within the scope of the Exceptional Medical Health Act (AWBZ) (senior health care, disabled care and part of mental health care) a new budget system has been introduced in 2009. It concerns intramural care for longer than one year. The present methods for estimating price and volume changes are adjusted to the new system.

The 'intensity of care package' (ZZP) is the proxy for a volume indicator. A ZZP is characterized in terms of time spent per week for health benefits in relation to residential care, treatment and daily activities a client can get. A production unit is achieved by offering a combination of care services for which a client is indicated, not by offering a single service.

#### **10.12.7 Trend break as a result of the use of new methods for different estimates**

From the description above it can be concluded that a large number of new methods for the estimation of price- and volume mutations have been introduced into the national accounts. In this respect, the choice has been made to implement newly developed methods at the first opportunity. It seems sensible, for the phase of this project, to continue this routine. This can lead to two types of breaks in national accounts statistics.

1. breaks within the subsequent volume estimates of a reporting year (sum of quarters, provisional, revised provision, final).
2. breaks in volume growth figures in time.

A number of actions will ensure that breaks will be visualized for national account users. In an introduction calendar will be indicated when a new method has been introduced and for which estimate of a reporting year this has happened. Where possible, by the use of (econometrical) research, the amount of breaks in subsequent estimates of a specific year will be quantified.

## 11. *Experimental data*

### 11.1 Introduction

In this chapter three topics come up: the development of multi-factor productivity, the non-financial and financial balance sheets by sector and the functional classification of general government expenditure. The data presented are experimental, and the estimation methods and table presentation may change in future publications National accounts.

### 11.2 Multi-factor productivity change

In the national accounts, the production process is approached from two different angles. On the one hand the output of the production process is determined. Depending on the way the production process is described, either gross output or value added can be taken as the output measure. On the other hand in the national accounts all inputs in the production process are systematically determined. These inputs are labour, capital and intermediate consumption, with intermediate consumption often subdivided into energy, materials and services inputs. By connecting outputs and inputs, the productivity of the production process can be determined. The best known productivity measure is labour productivity. Labour productivity is usually determined by dividing value added (the output) by hours worked (the input).

Labour is however only one of the inputs in the production process. Therefore labour productivity only gives a partial view of the production process. When a company replaces employees (labour) by machinery (capital) while output is kept constant, labour productivity increases. This replacement however leads to increasing capital costs for this company. In this case, the increase of the total productivity of the company will be smaller than the increase in labour productivity. When the extra cost on machinery exceeds the savings on labour, there will even be a decrease in the total productivity of the company.

For a complete view of the productivity change of a company or an industry, all inputs in the production process should be taken into account. Such a productivity measure is called total factor productivity (TFP). A productivity measure that takes several, but not all inputs in the production process into account is called multi-factor productivity (MFP). In the presented multi-factor productivity statistics, labour and intermediate consumption are taken fully into account. The input of capital is however still incomplete, although the most important types of capital are now included in the growth accounts. Fixed assets and the Dutch oil and gas reserves are taken into account. In this publication, the capital input is expanded with other subsoil assets (e.g. sand, gravel and salt), inventories, agricultural land and land underlying dwellings and buildings. Recreational land and construction land are the most important types of capital that are not yet included in the capital input. Therefore, for the time being only multi-factor productivity is presented and no total factor productivity.

Multi-factor productivity change is determined by dividing the volume index of the outputs by the volume index of the combined inputs. In this publication, the consolidated (gross) output is taken as the output measure. This means that all intra-industry deliveries are deducted from both the gross output and the intermediate consumption. As a matter of fact, the industry is described as being one single company. This assures that the productivity change is independently determined from the way an industry is subdivided into industries, and thus only depends on the production process of the industry as a whole. The total volume index of all inputs combined is determined by weighing the volume indices of separate inputs with the cost shares of these inputs in the total (consolidated) production cost.

The volume index of labour is based on hours worked by employees and self-employed persons. The cost of labour consist of the compensation of employees plus the compensation for labour of self-employed persons. The labour income of self-employed persons can not be measured directly since the mixed income consists next to a compensation for labour also of the compensation for capital inputs and of possible profits or losses. The productivity statistics are based on the assumption that in most industries self-employed persons have the same yearly labour income as employees in the same



industry. It is assumed that self-employed persons in construction have the same hourly income as employees in construction, whereas a direct measure of the labour income of self-employed persons is used in parts of health care.

The volume index of fixed assets is based on the productive capital stock. This is a measure in which the capital stock is corrected for efficiency losses due to aging. Capital cost are determined by multiplying the quantity of assets, broken down by type of asset and age, with the user cost per quantity of assets. The user cost are the sum of the (imputed) cost to use an asset for the period of one year: the imputed interest, the consumption of fixed capital and the holding gains and losses. An exogenous interest rate is used, based on the average interest rate on outstanding bonds. Conceptually, the user cost of an asset can best be compared with an asset's rental price.

The user cost of the other types of capital inputs are estimated in a similar way as the user cost of fixed assets. For estimating the volume changes of the other types of fixed assets, a number of different methods are applied. The volume changes of the input of subsoil assets is based on the physical extraction. For inventories, the (physical) inventories by commodity are used. Volume changes of the input of land are based on the area of land, corrected for differences in quality due to differences in location of the land. Land on more popular locations is worth more. In the growth accounts, this land is therefore treated as land of a higher quality than land on less popular locations.

A different way of presenting the description of the production process is by assigning the output growth to separate inputs. The contribution of an input, for example labour, to the growth of the output is determined by examining how much output would have grown in the (hypothetical) situation that only labour input would have changed and all other circumstances would remain unchanged. The contribution of labour is thus determined by multiplying the volume change of labour input with the share of labour in the total cost of all inputs combined. The contribution of multi-factor productivity change can be interpreted as that part of output growth that can not be explained by the growth of the inputs.

Since multi-factor productivity is determined by dividing the volume index of the outputs by the volume index of all inputs combined, meaningful results can only be obtained when there are independent estimates of both outputs and inputs. When volume changes of the output are based on volume changes of the inputs, this dependency is directly recovered in the productivity changes. Since the industries general government, real estate activities and private households with employed persons have insufficiently independent volume change estimates of outputs and inputs respectively, for the time being productivity change is not calculated for these industries.

Productivity changes are cyclically sensitive. Companies often have difficulties with short term adaptations of labour or capital inputs to changes in output quantities. Adaptations of labour and capital inputs to cyclical changes are therefore often delayed. In economical downturns, productivity changes are therefore often below average, whereas in economical recovery they are often above average. For a reliable view of productivity change it is therefore advisable to look at the average productivity change over longer periods instead of looking at year-to-year changes.

### **11.3 Non-financial and financial balance sheets**

In the tables EX 2.1 to EX 2.5 full balance sheets for all sectors of the Dutch economy are presented. The balance sheets present an overview of all assets and liabilities by sector. Assets are subdivided into financial and non-financial assets. Financial assets and liabilities have been published previously as a part of the Dutch national accounts. The non-financial assets however were excluded hitherto. Besides the presentation of full balance sheets by sector, the addition of the non-financial assets enables the determination of a new and important variable: net worth. The net worth of a sector is defined as all its (financial and non-financial) assets less its liabilities.

In addition to fixed assets, which have been published in previous publications, the non-financial assets in this publication also include inventories, the Dutch oil and gas reserves, other subsoil assets (such as sand, gravel and salt), land underlying buildings and land under cultivation. However, the estimates of the non-financial assets are not fully exhaustive yet. Construction land and privately owned recreational land constitute the most important non-financial asset types that are still missing. In addition, purchased goodwill and valuables are currently not included in the non-financial balance sheets. Because of these omissions net worth is somewhat underestimated for the time being. Extension of the non-financial balance sheets with the missing asset-types is expected in the future.

Finally, an estimate of durable consumer goods is added for the sector households and for the total economy. Durable consumer goods do not constitute an official asset-type, they are only included as a memorandum item.

#### **11.4 Functional classification of general government expenditure**

In the 2010 edition of the National accounts of the Netherlands the functional classification of government expenditure has been revised. The new classification is more detailed. In the previous table D 13.2 in National accounts of the Netherlands 2009 general government expenditure was classified across 10 main functions. The current table EX 3.1 provides 69 detailed functions according to the COFOG 1999 classification. The methodology to compose the figures has been improved. This way expenditure can be more accurately assigned to functions. Because of this, figures on main functions differ from the previous table D 13.2.

Final consumption of general government is split into individual final consumption of general government and collective consumption of general government. According to the European System of Accounts this split is based on function. In other words: the function determines whether consumption is individual or collective. The figures on individual final consumption of general government across function are presented in table B 4. The functional figures in this table have been composed in another way than the figures in table EX 3.1. When composing table B 4 a functional distribution was used that was directly derived from the industries and product groups of general government. However, product groups and industries actually are not univocally linkable to functions. Table EX 3.1, on the other hand, is mainly based on detailed functional sources. The figures on individual final consumption of general government by function are therefore not comparable to the figures in table EX 3.1. When revision takes place table B 4 will be attuned to table EX 3.1.

**TABLE EX 1.1**  
**(Consolidated) output based multi-factor productivity change by industry**

NACE Rev. 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>% changes</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.2	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.3	0.2	1.7
Mining and quarrying	-6.8	0.0	-0.3	-1.2	0.6	1.4	-0.5
Manufacturing	1.3	1.0	1.4	-0.6	-1.7	2.1	1.0
Electricity and gas supply	3.9	0.1	-1.0	-0.4	1.0	0.9	-1.3
Water supply and waste management	-1.7	1.2	0.4	0.8	-0.9	0.4	0.6
Construction	1.0	0.2	1.6	0.4	-1.9	-4.3	2.5
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	2.5	2.6	1.6	-0.6	-3.2	2.1	0.8
Information and communication	1.1	1.5	1.5	-0.4	-1.1	1.7	-0.6
Financial institutions	1.4	0.9	2.0	4.6	-0.2	3.3	1.1
Real estate activities							
Business services 1)	0.8	1.2	0.5	-0.5	-2.5	0.2	-0.6
Government and care 2)	-0.2	-0.5	0.4	1.4	1.6	0.1	0.1
Culture, recreation, other services 3)	0.1	0.5	-0.2	-2.3	-2.1	-1.3	0.0
<b>Multi-factor productivity change 4)</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-2.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.7</b>
<i>indices (2005=100)</i>							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	100.0	101.4	102.5	104.0	105.3	105.5	107.2
Mining and quarrying	100.0	100.0	99.7	98.5	99.1	100.5	100.0
Manufacturing	100.0	101.0	102.4	101.8	100.1	102.3	103.3
Electricity and gas supply	100.0	100.1	99.2	98.7	99.7	100.6	99.3
Water supply and waste management	100.0	101.2	101.6	102.4	101.5	101.9	102.4
Construction	100.0	100.2	101.8	102.2	100.2	95.9	98.3
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	100.0	102.6	104.2	103.7	100.4	102.5	103.4
Information and communication	100.0	101.5	103.0	102.7	101.5	103.2	102.6
Financial institutions	100.0	100.9	102.9	107.6	107.4	110.9	112.1
Real estate activities							
Business services 1)	100.0	101.2	101.7	101.2	98.6	98.9	98.3
Government and care 2)	100.0	99.5	99.9	101.3	103.0	103.1	103.2
Culture, recreation, other services 3)	100.0	100.5	100.3	98.0	95.9	94.6	94.7
<b>Multi-factor productivity change 4)</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>101.6</b>	<b>103.3</b>	<b>103.3</b>	<b>101.2</b>	<b>102.7</b>	<b>103.4</b>

1) Excluding renting and leasing of tangible goods.

2) Excluding public administration and services, and education.

3) Excluding households with domestic personnel.

4) Contains the total economy excluding public administration and services, education, real estate activities, renting and leasing of tangible goods, and households with domestic personnel.

**TABEL EX 1.2**  
**Contributions to the growth of the (consolidated) output 1)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
<i>% volume changes</i>							
(Consolidated) Output	2.3	4.4	4.2	1.7	-4.6	2.3	1.4
<i>percentage point</i>							
Contribution labour	0.2	1.0	1.2	0.9	-0.7	-0.6	0.5
Contribution capital	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	-0.1	0.3	-0.3
Contribution intermediate consumption	0.4	1.7	1.1	0.1	-1.8	1.2	0.5
Energy	-0.1	0.4	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.3	-0.2
Materials	0.2	0.7	0.8	-0.4	-1.1	0.5	0.7
Services	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.4	-0.3	0.4	0.1
Contribution multi-factor productivity change	1.6	1.7	1.7	0.1	-2.0	1.4	0.7

1) Contains the total economy excluding public administration and services, education, real estate activities, renting and leasing of tangible goods, and households with domestic personnel.

**TABLE EX 1.3**  
**Contributions to the growth of the (consolidated) output by industry, average 2003-2009\***

NACE Rev. 2	(Consolidated) Output	Contribution labour	Contribution capital	Contribution intermediate consumption	Contribution multi-factor productivity change
<i>% volume changes</i>					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.0	-0.3	0.0	0.3	1.0
Mining and quarrying	-0.3	-0.1	-0.5	1.2	-1.0
Manufacturing	1.0	-0.2	0.0	0.6	0.7
Electricity and gas supply	1.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
Water supply and waste management	1.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.1
Construction	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.4	-0.1
Trade, transport, hotels, catering	1.7	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.8
Information and communication	1.5	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.5
Financial institutions	3.0	-0.1	-0.3	1.6	1.9
Real estate activities					
Business services 1)	1.3	1.1	0.1	0.3	-0.1
Government and care 2)	3.5	1.7	0.3	1.0	0.4
Culture, recreation, other services 3)	0.6	0.9	0.2	0.3	-0.8

1) Excluding renting and leasing of tangible goods.

2) Excluding public administration and services and education.

3) Excluding households with domestic personnel.

**TABLE EX 2.1**  
**Balance sheets: Non-financial and financial of the total economy**

	2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	Opening balance sheet	Closing balance sheet								
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD (NON-FINANCIAL)										
Fixed assets	1485.6	1553.0	1599.9	1651.5	1728.6	1798.7	1888.3	1949.5	1989.9	1975.2
Dwellings	686.0	729.6	765.1	800.9	849.2	886.7	931.4	972.1	991.2	959.8
Non-residential buildings	296.4	306.1	312.9	321.2	333.4	344.7	361.6	378.6	386.4	386.6
Civil engineering works	247.7	261.7	265.5	270.6	281.3	294.0	310.8	314.2	327.6	341.3
Transport equipment	42.7	43.5	44.0	44.4	45.7	47.0	48.5	47.2	46.1	46.1
passenger cars and other vehicles	24.5	24.3	24.8	25.1	25.9	27.2	27.7	25.4	23.6	23.8
trains and trams	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.2	5.4	5.3
ships	9.1	9.4	9.1	9.1	9.5	9.9	10.7	10.8	11.3	11.8
aircraft	5.8	6.2	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.9	5.3
Machinery and equipment	147.3	145.8	145.4	146.2	148.2	152.4	158.6	160.8	162.4	164.1
Computers	10.1	10.6	11.3	11.4	11.8	12.6	12.5	12.4	12.3	12.1
Other tangible fixed assets	22.8	23.2	23.7	24.2	24.9	26.4	28.3	28.7	28.4	28.6
Software	11.7	11.6	11.8	12.4	13.4	14.6	15.9	15.6	15.4	15.2
Other intangible fixed assets	17.8	17.6	17.2	17.0	17.8	17.0	17.5	16.9	17.1	18.0
Cultivated assets	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.3
Inventories	71.8	71.2	70.0	73.0	76.4	86.5	89.0	87.4	95.1	99.7
Land	903.8	932.0	984.7	1036.9	1097.5	1180.4	1231.9	1145.5	1104.6	1098.6
Land underlying dwellings	714.6	743.3	791.8	838.9	892.9	957.3	991.5	910.2	871.1	875.5
Land underlying non-residential buildings	116.8	122.4	132.2	138.2	143.2	153.5	158.0	148.4	146.3	137.6
Land under cultivation	72.4	66.3	60.7	59.7	61.5	69.6	82.5	86.8	87.2	85.5
Subsoil assets	100.3	102.9	99.2	109.6	133.1	149.0	177.4	175.0	171.6	161.1
Oil and gas reserves	93.8	95.7	92.0	103.1	127.4	143.8	172.0	168.8	163.9	151.9
Other subsoil assets	6.4	7.2	7.1	6.4	5.6	5.1	5.4	6.2	7.6	9.3
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>2561.5</b>	<b>2659.0</b>	<b>2753.7</b>	<b>2870.9</b>	<b>3035.6</b>	<b>3214.5</b>	<b>3386.6</b>	<b>3357.4</b>	<b>3361.1</b>	<b>3334.6</b>
FINANCIAL ASSETS										
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8.9	8.3	8.0	9.7	9.9	11.5	12.4	20.4	26.4	29.6
Currency	18.2	18.8	21.9	23.3	27.0	31.2	35.7	37.3	39.8	41.9
Transferable deposits	183.3	194.7	214.2	248.8	330.8	357.9	330.7	352.8	363.1	358.2
Savings deposits (in euro's)	164.0	183.2	197.7	210.7	221.7	239.3	259.0	276.9	287.9	302.5
Other deposits	389.2	436.0	449.8	522.3	583.1	719.6	694.2	619.9	594.8	676.7
Bills and short term bonds	14.6	19.6	28.3	30.4	30.9	31.7	30.6	32.5	31.7	29.2
Long terms bonds	560.1	596.9	654.0	730.4	758.5	866.4	883.8	990.3	1001.8	1017.8
Financial derivatives	- 13.8	- 7.6	- 3.4	- 5.6	4.9	26.3	39.4	14.3	17.3	54.3
Short term loans	509.1	466.8	470.9	516.8	594.9	670.3	717.3	728.1	767.8	987.3
Long term loans	1190.8	1316.8	1382.0	1510.4	1614.7	1932.1	2014.0	1978.7	2103.3	2125.8
Shares and other equities	1339.4	1476.7	1607.3	1879.3	2173.3	2390.6	2232.1	2768.8	3042.4	3104.4
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reser	628.6	679.0	744.3	851.6	906.2	953.0	832.7	942.4	1048.3	1116.6
Other Insurance technical reserves	27.5	29.8	31.8	35.9	33.2	30.9	35.7	36.0	37.6	40.8
Other accounts receivable and payable	328.5	339.6	324.7	361.6	376.5	393.0	384.0	414.9	398.3	387.8
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>5348.4</b>	<b>5758.6</b>	<b>6131.5</b>	<b>6925.7</b>	<b>7665.5</b>	<b>8653.7</b>	<b>8501.5</b>	<b>9213.3</b>	<b>9760.4</b>	<b>10273.0</b>
LIABILITIES										
Currency	18.1	21.1	23.2	23.9	24.4	24.2	24.5	23.0	21.7	19.8
Transferable deposits	211.6	232.7	226.6	253.2	299.2	315.9	280.2	330.1	382.5	429.9
Savings deposits (in euro's)	164.0	183.2	197.7	210.7	221.7	239.3	259.0	276.9	287.9	302.5
Other deposits	460.2	466.8	542.7	610.9	711.1	840.2	823.4	759.5	759.0	895.4
Bills and short term bonds	52.6	54.2	55.0	50.1	51.3	62.6	139.8	142.1	146.5	160.2
Long terms bonds	834.3	881.0	937.3	1039.4	1101.8	1247.4	1320.5	1421.2	1512.1	1551.6
Short term loans	348.0	356.6	367.6	425.1	479.7	599.1	652.3	561.8	521.3	570.9
Long term loans	1027.1	1125.0	1169.5	1302.7	1350.8	1562.5	1593.1	1557.0	1684.0	1676.2
Shares and other equities	1265.0	1333.3	1358.9	1618.7	1892.0	2125.0	1872.2	2325.0	2553.9	2612.9
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reser	634.8	685.8	752.7	860.8	915.7	962.5	840.1	949.8	1055.8	1125.0
Other Insurance technical reserves	27.5	29.8	31.8	35.9	33.2	30.9	35.7	36.0	37.5	40.8
Other accounts receivable and payable	309.3	317.1	311.9	353.6	377.4	384.9	383.7	429.4	414.8	458.3
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>5352.5</b>	<b>5686.7</b>	<b>5974.9</b>	<b>6785.0</b>	<b>7458.4</b>	<b>8394.5</b>	<b>8224.6</b>	<b>8811.7</b>	<b>9377.0</b>	<b>9843.4</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>- 4.1</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>156.6</b>	<b>140.7</b>	<b>207.2</b>	<b>259.2</b>	<b>276.9</b>	<b>401.5</b>	<b>383.4</b>	<b>429.5</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>2557.3</b>	<b>2730.9</b>	<b>2910.4</b>	<b>3011.5</b>	<b>3242.8</b>	<b>3473.7</b>	<b>3663.5</b>	<b>3758.9</b>	<b>3744.5</b>	<b>3764.2</b>
MEMORANDUM										
Durable consumer goods	143.4	145.5	145.7	146.5	149.4	154.1	158.0	156.7	156.0	155.6
Textiles and clothing	16.4	15.8	15.5	15.5	16.0	16.9	17.2	17.3	17.6	17.8
Leather goods and footwear	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9
Home furnishing	36.3	37.2	37.0	37.0	37.3	38.0	39.0	38.9	38.2	37.9
Household appliances	19.4	19.7	19.5	19.6	20.1	21.0	21.9	22.0	22.2	22.2
Household articles	11.7	11.9	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.1	13.0	13.1
Vehicles	33.6	35.1	35.9	36.5	37.2	38.0	38.2	37.4	37.4	37.2
Other durable consumer goods	22.1	22.1	21.9	22.1	22.6	23.7	24.8	24.2	23.8	23.5

**TABLE EX 2.2**  
**Balance sheets: Non-financial and financial of the sector non-financial corporations**

	2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	Opening balance sheet	Closing balance sheet								
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD (NON-FINANCIAL)										
Fixed assets	597.6	612.5	624.6	637.7	658.7	679.1	707.8	725.8	736.6	733.1
Dwellings	168.4	175.5	180.8	185.8	193.0	196.9	203.6	211.5	214.7	206.7
Non-residential buildings	160.1	166.5	171.4	177.7	185.3	192.7	203.1	212.8	217.6	216.3
Civil engineering works	64.2	66.2	65.8	66.1	68.2	70.6	73.6	73.3	75.4	78.8
Transport equipment	32.2	33.1	35.5	35.8	37.0	38.0	39.1	38.0	37.2	37.3
Machinery and equipment	131.7	130.4	129.9	130.6	132.2	135.7	141.1	143.0	144.6	146.2
Computers	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.8
Other tangible fixed assets	14.9	14.7	15.1	15.2	15.6	16.4	17.5	17.4	17.2	17.4
Software	6.8	6.7	6.8	7.2	7.8	8.6	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.4
Other intangible fixed assets	13.1	13.0	12.9	12.9	13.3	13.4	13.7	13.8	14.0	14.4
Cultivated assets	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Inventories	64.9	64.2	63.0	65.8	69.0	78.3	80.5	79.0	86.3	90.7
Land	244.6	253.7	270.1	285.3	301.8	325.2	338.8	315.0	305.4	301.9
Land underlying dwellings	174.1	181.3	193.5	205.6	219.1	235.4	244.1	224.1	214.9	215.9
Land underlying non-residential buildings	57.7	60.7	65.8	69.1	71.8	77.4	80.0	75.3	75.0	71.0
Land under cultivation	12.8	11.7	10.7	10.6	10.9	12.4	14.7	15.7	15.5	14.9
Subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oil and gas reserves	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>907.1</b>	<b>930.4</b>	<b>957.7</b>	<b>988.8</b>	<b>1029.5</b>	<b>1082.6</b>	<b>1127.1</b>	<b>1119.9</b>	<b>1128.4</b>	<b>1125.7</b>
FINANCIAL ASSETS										
Currency	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.5
Transferable deposits	82.0	81.8	91.9	94.0	102.7	97.5	95.4	112.7	118.8	111.2
Other deposits	52.1	68.6	75.7	76.4	98.6	116.8	129.1	123.5	121.1	123.7
Bills and short term bonds	7.1	7.1	9.2	10.6	10.6	10.4	10.1	10.7	10.5	10.6
Long terms bonds	12.8	11.8	13.5	14.4	13.3	15.7	12.9	13.9	13.9	13.6
Financial derivatives	-12.5	-4.8	0.0	0.3	-1.0	-1.0	-3.5	-0.2	-3.2	-5.3
Short term loans	86.5	59.2	55.3	69.9	66.3	75.4	70.3	70.5	88.3	100.2
Long term loans	107.8	140.9	134.5	148.2	155.9	168.1	188.6	203.0	191.1	197.2
Shares and other equities	146.1	163.0	188.2	212.0	260.8	283.7	312.9	362.9	439.3	493.2
Other Insurance technical reserves	5.3	5.7	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	7.3	7.6	7.1	7.8
Other accounts receivable and payable	147.6	151.2	155.7	162.1	174.5	191.6	197.6	191.5	197.4	212.8
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>635.8</b>	<b>685.5</b>	<b>731.9</b>	<b>795.8</b>	<b>889.6</b>	<b>966.1</b>	<b>1022.7</b>	<b>1098.1</b>	<b>1186.3</b>	<b>1266.5</b>
LIABILITIES										
Bills and short term bonds	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.4
Long terms bonds	56.4	44.7	40.3	41.0	37.5	37.3	35.9	41.7	51.1	49.7
Short term loans	124.0	124.3	133.1	126.3	150.0	145.6	135.0	132.8	139.3	145.6
Long term loans	284.3	298.1	294.1	320.7	317.8	339.5	363.7	371.4	364.2	374.2
Shares and other equities	490.3	504.0	520.5	645.3	705.8	775.7	605.5	725.6	795.4	813.6
Other accounts receivable and payable	145.2	140.4	145.8	154.3	162.8	163.2	165.4	159.5	151.5	147.9
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1100.1</b>	<b>1111.9</b>	<b>1134.0</b>	<b>1287.7</b>	<b>1374.2</b>	<b>1461.3</b>	<b>1305.6</b>	<b>1431.0</b>	<b>1502.1</b>	<b>1531.4</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-464.3</b>	<b>-426.3</b>	<b>-402.1</b>	<b>-491.9</b>	<b>-484.6</b>	<b>-495.3</b>	<b>-282.9</b>	<b>-332.9</b>	<b>-315.8</b>	<b>-264.9</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>442.8</b>	<b>504.1</b>	<b>555.5</b>	<b>496.9</b>	<b>544.9</b>	<b>587.3</b>	<b>844.2</b>	<b>787.0</b>	<b>812.6</b>	<b>860.8</b>

**TABLE EX 2.3**  
**Balance sheets: Non-financial and financial of the sector financial corporations**

	2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	Opening balance sheet	Closing balance sheet								
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD (NON-FINANCIAL)										
Fixed assets	44.8	44.0	40.8	38.3	38.0	35.8	35.7	35.3	32.2	32.8
Dwellings	13.3	13.4	12.7	11.4	11.1	9.9	9.6	10.0	8.3	8.1
Non-residential buildings	17.7	16.7	16.3	15.2	14.6	13.9	13.7	14.1	13.4	14.4
Civil engineering works	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Transport equipment	3.0	3.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3
Machinery and equipment	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6
Computers	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.2
Other tangible fixed assets	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4
Software	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0
Other intangible fixed assets	4.5	4.5	4.2	3.9	4.3	3.5	3.6	2.9	2.9	3.3
Cultivated assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inventories	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land	24.7	24.2	23.7	22.5	22.2	21.7	22.0	20.9	17.7	17.1
Land underlying dwellings	15.6	15.4	14.8	13.6	13.2	12.2	11.7	10.6	8.3	8.3
Land underlying non-residential buildings	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.5	4.6	3.9
Land under cultivation	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	4.5	4.8	4.9	4.8
Subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oil and gas reserves	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>68.2</b>	<b>64.5</b>	<b>60.8</b>	<b>60.2</b>	<b>57.5</b>	<b>57.7</b>	<b>56.2</b>	<b>49.9</b>	<b>49.9</b>
FINANCIAL ASSETS										
Monetary gold and special drawing rights	8.9	8.3	8.0	9.7	9.9	11.5	12.4	20.4	26.4	29.6
Currency	2.6	2.5	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.7	2.2	2.0	3.1
Transferable deposits	44.3	57.3	66.9	94.6	165.6	193.6	170.1	172.1	178.2	178.2
Other deposits	303.3	336.4	343.7	410.4	454.6	566.7	528.2	462.5	440.5	518.9
Bills and short term bonds	7.4	12.5	19.0	19.7	20.1	20.6	19.8	21.6	21.0	17.9
Long terms bonds	501.5	539.8	594.1	664.6	695.1	800.6	825.7	908.2	921.0	943.6
Financial derivatives	- 1.5	- 3.1	- 4.1	- 6.6	5.8	28.5	40.9	14.7	18.5	50.3
Short term loans	402.5	385.9	394.7	424.6	508.1	569.5	581.3	620.2	646.5	854.7
Long term loans	1050.4	1145.6	1217.9	1330.3	1427.1	1730.8	1781.3	1725.7	1863.8	1872.3
Shares and other equities	952.1	1060.1	1158.1	1392.9	1632.2	1815.4	1654.7	2103.9	2288.2	2326.6
Other Insurance technical reserves	4.8	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.0	5.5	7.7	7.4	8.0	10.0
Other accounts receivable and payable	123.9	122.8	107.9	136.7	128.5	133.2	126.9	159.4	131.4	103.9
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>3400.3</b>	<b>3673.1</b>	<b>3913.3</b>	<b>4483.8</b>	<b>5054.3</b>	<b>5878.2</b>	<b>5751.6</b>	<b>6218.1</b>	<b>6545.5</b>	<b>6909.1</b>
LIABILITIES										
Currency	17.4	20.3	22.5	23.3	23.8	23.6	23.9	22.5	21.2	19.3
Transferable deposits	211.6	232.7	226.6	253.2	299.2	315.9	280.2	330.1	382.5	429.9
Savings deposits (in euro's)	164.0	183.2	197.7	210.7	221.7	239.3	259.0	276.9	287.9	302.5
Other deposits	460.2	466.8	542.7	610.9	711.1	840.2	823.4	759.5	759.0	895.4
Bills and short term bonds	36.6	33.7	37.1	32.0	37.3	45.9	55.9	84.5	92.6	116.4
Long terms bonds	592.5	643.1	686.4	782.0	862.1	1017.5	1074.1	1155.2	1201.5	1203.2
Short term loans	178.7	184.5	186.4	245.8	277.3	393.7	450.8	383.8	315.3	354.8
Long term loans	277.5	315.2	329.1	380.4	384.7	533.0	493.7	407.9	522.4	489.1
Shares and other equities	774.7	829.3	838.5	973.4	1186.2	1349.3	1266.7	1599.4	1758.5	1799.3
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserv	634.8	685.8	752.7	860.8	915.7	962.5	840.1	949.8	1055.8	1125.0
Other Insurance technical reserves	27.5	29.8	31.8	35.9	33.2	30.9	35.7	36.0	37.5	40.8
Other accounts receivable and payable	126.6	134.7	126.3	160.2	172.9	178.4	172.0	206.9	189.3	227.5
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>3501.9</b>	<b>3759.3</b>	<b>3977.7</b>	<b>4568.5</b>	<b>5125.2</b>	<b>5930.3</b>	<b>5775.6</b>	<b>6212.4</b>	<b>6623.5</b>	<b>7003.2</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>- 101.7</b>	<b>- 86.2</b>	<b>- 64.4</b>	<b>- 84.8</b>	<b>- 70.9</b>	<b>- 52.1</b>	<b>- 24.0</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>- 78.0</b>	<b>- 94.0</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>- 32.2</b>	<b>- 18.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>- 24.0</b>	<b>- 10.7</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>- 28.1</b>	<b>- 44.2</b>

**TABLE EX 2.4**  
**Balance sheets: Non-financial and financial of the sector general government (consolidated)**

	2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	Opening balance sheet	Closing balance sheet								
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
<b>TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD (NON-FINANCIAL)</b>										
Fixed assets	273.6	289.0	295.2	302.6	315.6	329.8	348.4	357.6	371.8	382.5
Dwellings	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.2
Non-residential buildings	79.1	81.9	83.2	84.9	88.3	91.2	95.3	99.8	102.3	102.8
Civil engineering works	180.0	191.8	196.0	200.8	209.4	219.5	233.0	236.6	247.8	258.0
Transport equipment	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9
Machinery and equipment	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
Computers	2.0	2.3	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.1
Other tangible fixed assets	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.4	5.4	5.4
Software	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9
Other intangible fixed assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cultivated assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inventories	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Land	45.9	47.3	50.2	52.1	54.0	58.2	60.5	57.6	56.8	53.9
Land underlying dwellings	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.4
Land underlying non-residential buildings	38.7	40.5	43.6	45.4	47.0	50.3	51.6	48.4	47.7	44.8
Land under cultivation	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.4	5.4	5.8	5.9	5.8
Subsoil assets	100.3	102.9	99.2	109.6	133.1	149.0	177.4	175.0	171.6	161.1
Oil and gas reserves	93.8	95.7	92.0	103.1	127.4	143.8	172.0	168.8	163.9	151.9
Other subsoil assets	6.4	7.2	7.1	6.4	5.6	5.1	5.4	6.2	7.6	9.3
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>420.2</b>	<b>439.7</b>	<b>445.2</b>	<b>464.8</b>	<b>503.2</b>	<b>537.4</b>	<b>586.8</b>	<b>590.7</b>	<b>600.6</b>	<b>598.1</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>										
Currency	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transferable deposits	4.4	4.5	4.6	6.1	6.7	8.0	8.0	10.3	8.8	8.9
Other deposits	6.9	6.4	6.8	11.5	5.6	10.8	11.0	6.9	4.9	5.0
Bills and short term bonds	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.4
Long terms bonds	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.9	21.9	21.6	20.0
Financial derivatives	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.3	-0.9	1.9	-0.2	2.0	9.3
Short term loans	19.9	21.5	20.6	22.0	20.1	24.6	64.8	3.4	3.1	3.1
Long term loans	30.7	28.2	27.7	29.7	29.1	30.6	41.3	45.3	44.2	45.5
Shares and other equities	42.6	42.5	42.8	48.6	43.4	48.6	89.3	88.3	87.2	83.8
Other accounts receivable and payable	34.5	41.9	40.1	38.3	41.3	39.8	46.4	41.9	47.0	47.8
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>140.9</b>	<b>146.8</b>	<b>144.4</b>	<b>158.3</b>	<b>147.8</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>264.3</b>	<b>217.7</b>	<b>218.9</b>	<b>223.8</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Currency	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5
Bills and short term bonds	16.0	20.2	17.7	17.9	13.8	16.6	83.7	57.5	53.1	43.3
Long terms bonds	185.5	193.2	210.6	216.3	202.2	192.5	210.5	223.1	258.2	297.3
Short term loans	28.6	28.8	25.2	27.5	24.2	33.7	41.3	12.1	14.0	19.8
Long term loans	39.4	39.5	39.7	41.5	41.3	40.9	52.6	66.5	63.6	65.1
Other accounts receivable and payable	33.0	37.2	35.0	34.0	36.4	38.0	35.8	27.9	32.2	31.2
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>303.2</b>	<b>319.7</b>	<b>328.9</b>	<b>338.0</b>	<b>318.5</b>	<b>322.3</b>	<b>424.6</b>	<b>387.7</b>	<b>421.6</b>	<b>457.2</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>-162.3</b>	<b>-172.9</b>	<b>-184.4</b>	<b>-179.7</b>	<b>-170.7</b>	<b>-159.3</b>	<b>-160.3</b>	<b>-170.0</b>	<b>-202.8</b>	<b>-233.4</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>257.9</b>	<b>266.9</b>	<b>260.7</b>	<b>285.1</b>	<b>332.5</b>	<b>378.2</b>	<b>426.5</b>	<b>420.7</b>	<b>397.9</b>	<b>364.7</b>

**TABLE EX 2.5**  
**Balance sheets: Non-financial and financial of the sectors households and non-profit institutions serving households**

	2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	Opening balance sheet	Closing balance sheet								
<i>1 000 mln euro</i>										
TYPE OF CAPITAL GOOD (NON-FINANCIAL)										
Fixed assets	569.6	607.4	639.2	672.8	716.3	754.0	796.3	830.8	849.3	826.8
Dwellings	502.1	538.4	569.2	601.3	642.5	677.2	715.3	747.5	765.0	741.8
Non-residential buildings	39.5	41.0	42.0	43.4	45.2	46.9	49.5	51.9	53.1	53.1
Civil engineering works	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0
Transport equipment	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6
Machinery and equipment	10.8	10.6	10.5	10.4	10.5	11.1	11.9	12.0	12.0	12.2
Computers	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9
Other tangible fixed assets	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3
Software	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
Other intangible fixed assets	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cultivated assets	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.7
Inventories	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.9	7.7	8.0	7.9	8.2	8.5
Land	588.6	606.7	640.7	677.0	719.4	775.3	810.7	752.0	724.7	725.7
Land underlying dwellings	522.3	543.9	580.6	616.8	657.4	706.2	732.2	672.2	644.7	647.8
Land underlying non-residential buildings	15.1	15.8	17.1	17.9	18.6	19.9	20.6	19.3	19.0	17.9
Land under cultivation	51.2	46.9	43.0	42.2	43.5	49.1	58.0	60.5	61.0	60.0
Subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oil and gas reserves	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other subsoil assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total non-financial assets</b>	<b>1164.6</b>	<b>1220.6</b>	<b>1286.4</b>	<b>1356.5</b>	<b>1442.6</b>	<b>1536.9</b>	<b>1615.0</b>	<b>1590.7</b>	<b>1582.2</b>	<b>1561.0</b>
FINANCIAL ASSETS										
Currency	14.4	15.2	18.2	19.2	22.8	27.1	30.9	33.1	35.9	37.3
Transferable deposits	52.6	51.0	50.7	54.1	55.8	58.8	57.3	57.7	57.2	59.9
Savings deposits (in euro's)	164.0	183.2	197.7	210.7	221.7	239.3	259.0	276.9	287.9	302.5
Other deposits	26.9	24.6	23.6	24.1	24.4	25.3	25.9	27.0	28.3	29.1
Bills and short term bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Long terms bonds	44.3	44.0	45.3	50.3	49.1	49.2	44.3	45.2	43.9	39.1
Financial derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Short term loans	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9
Long term loans	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	9.4
Shares and other equities	198.6	211.1	218.2	225.8	236.9	243.0	175.1	213.8	227.7	200.8
Net equity of households in life insurance and pension funds reserv	628.6	679.0	744.3	851.6	906.2	953.0	832.7	942.4	1048.3	1116.6
Other Insurance technical reserves	17.3	19.0	20.7	25.0	22.1	19.4	20.8	21.1	22.4	23.0
Other accounts receivable and payable	22.5	23.7	21.1	24.6	32.2	28.3	13.2	12.6	12.7	13.6
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>1171.5</b>	<b>1253.1</b>	<b>1341.9</b>	<b>1487.8</b>	<b>1573.9</b>	<b>1646.4</b>	<b>1462.9</b>	<b>1633.3</b>	<b>1768.0</b>	<b>1832.1</b>
LIABILITIES										
Short term loans	16.8	19.0	22.9	25.6	28.2	26.2	25.2	24.2	23.7	22.1
Long term loans	426.0	472.2	506.6	560.1	606.9	649.0	683.1	709.0	732.3	746.3
Other accounts receivable and payable	4.6	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.4	10.6	25.6	32.0	41.9
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>447.4</b>	<b>495.9</b>	<b>534.2</b>	<b>590.7</b>	<b>640.5</b>	<b>680.6</b>	<b>718.8</b>	<b>758.8</b>	<b>788.0</b>	<b>810.3</b>
<b>Financial net worth</b>	<b>724.2</b>	<b>757.2</b>	<b>807.6</b>	<b>897.0</b>	<b>933.4</b>	<b>965.9</b>	<b>744.1</b>	<b>874.5</b>	<b>980.0</b>	<b>1021.8</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>1888.8</b>	<b>1977.8</b>	<b>2094.0</b>	<b>2253.5</b>	<b>2376.0</b>	<b>2502.8</b>	<b>2359.1</b>	<b>2465.2</b>	<b>2562.2</b>	<b>2582.8</b>
MEMORANDUM										
Durable consumer goods	143.4	145.5	145.7	146.5	149.4	154.1	158.0	156.7	156.0	155.6
Textiles and clothing	16.4	15.8	15.5	15.5	16.0	16.9	17.2	17.3	17.6	17.8
Leather goods and footwear	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9
Home furnishing	36.3	37.2	37.0	37.0	37.3	38.0	39.0	38.9	38.2	37.9
Household appliances	19.4	19.7	19.5	19.6	20.1	21.0	21.9	22.0	22.2	22.2
Household articles	11.7	11.9	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.1	13.0	13.1
Vehicles	33.6	35.1	35.9	36.5	37.2	38.0	38.2	37.4	37.4	37.2
Other durable consumer goods	22.1	22.1	21.9	22.1	22.6	23.7	24.8	24.2	23.8	23.5



**TABLE EX 3.1**  
**Expenditure of general government across function (consolidated)**

COFOG 1999	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011*
	<i>mln euro</i>						
1. General public services	31 233	31 594	32 549	34 423	32 814	34 882	33 475
1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, extern	11 979	12 095	12 172	12 751	10 745	13 153	12 725
1.2 Foreign economic aid	3 722	4 116	4 213	4 608	5 107	5 600	4 161
1.3 General services	869	974	1 118	1 181	1 306	1 398	1 413
1.4 Basic research	1 583	1 696	1 741	1 863	1 948	1 991	2 016
1.5 R&D General public services	64	73	78	84	90	77	62
1.6 General public services n.e.c.	266	273	273	278	151	130	156
1.7 Public debt transactions	12 750	12 367	12 954	13 658	13 467	12 533	12 942
1.8 Transfers of a general character between different levels of govern	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Defence	7 391	7 914	8 038	8 184	8 627	8 325	8 174
2.1 Military defence	5 708	5 980	5 636	5 436	5 754	5 585	5 631
2.2 Civil defence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Foreign military aid	232	312	394	411	426	396	249
2.4 R&D Defence	98	108	112	92	91	91	100
2.5 Defence n.e.c.	1 353	1 514	1 896	2 245	2 356	2 253	2 194
3. Public order and safety	9 488	10 392	11 161	11 833	12 502	12 389	12 456
3.1 Police services	4 065	4 543	4 791	5 066	5 312	5 045	5 120
3.2 Fire-protection services	1 376	1 579	1 591	1 621	1 739	1 847	1 778
3.3 Law courts	1 535	1 570	1 707	1 738	1 878	1 936	2 007
3.4 Prisons	1 714	1 902	2 158	2 421	2 538	2 466	2 440
3.5 R&D Public order and safety	55	53	57	61	59	60	59
3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c.	743	745	857	926	976	1 035	1 052
4. Economic affairs	24 871	25 637	27 951	30 508	35 624	35 613	32 760
4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs	6 248	5 872	6 955	7 264	10 497	9 229	7 746
4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	1 086	1 220	1 180	1 265	1 408	1 424	1 433
4.3 Fuel and energy	406	806	654	510	879	860	883
4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction	67	- 68	- 49	202	655	689	657
4.5 Transport	12 855	13 507	14 595	16 153	16 294	17 454	15 857
4.6 Communication	122	98	78	84	106	86	50
4.7 Other industries	1 291	1 495	1 684	1 968	2 184	2 076	2 314
4.8 R&D Economic affairs	2 206	2 267	2 394	2 630	3 155	3 404	3 434
4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c.	590	440	460	432	446	391	386
5. Environmental protection	8 525	8 711	9 662	9 928	10 705	10 400	10 010
5.1 Waste management	2 909	3 175	3 254	3 322	3 533	3 494	3 320
5.2 Waste water management	2 992	2 768	3 231	3 287	3 469	3 399	3 294
5.3 Pollution abatement	1 799	1 875	2 107	2 104	2 219	2 129	2 066
5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape	537	608	753	892	1 071	1 025	1 007
5.5 R&D Environmental protection	107	109	112	123	133	133	120
5.6 Environmental protection n.e.c.	181	176	205	200	280	220	203
6. Housing and community amenities	2 320	2 427	2 496	3 432	5 166	4 141	3 465
6.1 Housing development	890	985	984	1 667	3 178	2 285	1 810
6.2 Community development	901	873	974	1 192	1 412	1 326	1 258
6.3 Water supply	3	4	3	2	2	1	1
6.4 Street lighting	78	91	93	102	112	115	109
6.5 R&D Housing and community amenities	166	161	164	167	166	166	175
6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c.	282	313	278	302	296	248	112
7. Health	29 366	38 886	41 601	43 331	47 412	48 978	50 966
7.1 Medical products, appliances and equipment	4 293	5 997	6 522	6 393	7 122	7 411	7 552
7.2 Outpatient services	9 746	10 608	11 232	11 583	13 212	13 417	14 200
7.3 Hospital services	12 792	19 766	20 539	21 715	23 112	24 053	24 974
7.4 Public health services	750	802	856	893	971	1 015	1 013
7.5 R&D Health	898	908	963	1 037	1 067	1 099	1 148
7.6 Health n.e.c.	887	805	1 489	1 710	1 928	1 983	2 079
8. Recreation, culture and religion	9 049	9 227	9 443	10 035	10 718	10 810	10 505
8.1 Recreational and sporting services	3 119	3 301	3 480	3 670	3 994	3 943	3 749
8.2 Cultural services	2 929	2 994	2 956	3 158	3 229	3 345	3 263
8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services	996	913	947	1 059	1 059	1 063	1 091
8.4 Religious and other community services	362	370	401	459	501	522	499
8.5 R&D Recreation, culture and religion	111	148	113	131	141	144	154
8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c.	1 532	1 501	1 546	1 558	1 794	1 793	1 749
9. Education	27 982	28 895	30 470	32 404	33 828	34 319	34 734
9.1 Pre-primary and primary education	9 872	10 047	10 526	11 192	11 641	11 779	11 868
9.2 Secondary education	10 784	11 419	11 958	12 503	13 058	13 368	13 448
9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.4 Tertiary education	5 590	5 726	6 332	6 923	7 192	7 150	7 464
9.5 Education not definable by level	203	193	216	292	329	374	387
9.6 Subsidiary services to education	1 026	959	984	980	1 055	1 063	1 033
9.7 R&D Education	75	92	89	99	102	109	107
9.8 Education n.e.c.	432	459	365	415	451	476	427
10. Social protection	79 740	82 345	85 472	90 703	97 386	101 356	103 383
10.1 Sickness and disability	24 218	23 398	23 895	25 259	25 461	26 063	27 099
10.2 Old age	30 423	31 784	33 689	35 561	37 871	40 341	41 492
10.3 Survivors	1 646	1 611	1 589	1 507	1 478	1 329	1 206
10.4 Family and children	4 197	4 591	5 844	7 466	7 920	7 435	7 695
10.5 Unemployment	10 456	9 508	8 456	7 956	11 062	11 344	10 732
10.6 Housing	1 713	2 049	2 179	2 182	2 165	2 249	2 332
10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c.	6 632	8 946	9 367	10 315	10 948	12 133	12 336
10.8 R&D Social protection	143	156	169	185	198	205	208
10.9 Social protection n.e.c.	312	302	284	272	283	257	283
Total expenditure	229 965	246 028	258 843	274 781	294 782	301 213	299 928

## 12. Annexes

### 12.1 Detailed classification by industry on StatLine

This annex gives the relation between de industry classification in chapter 3 (P-serie) of this publication and the most detailed classification in 76 industries on StatLine, the electronic databank of Statistics Netherlands.

SBI 2008	P-serie	SBI 2008	StatLine
01-03	<b>Agriculture, forestry and fishing</b>	01	Agriculture and related service activities
		02	Forestry and logging
		03	Fishing and aquaculture
06-39	<b>Industry (no construction), energy</b>		
06-09	Mining and quarrying	06	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
		08	Mining and quarrying (no oil and gas)
10-12	Manufacture of food and beverages	10	Manufacture of food products
		11	Manufacture of beverages
		12	Manufacture of tobacco products
13-15	Manufacture of textile-, leatherproducts	13-15	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leatherproducts
16-18	Manufacture of paper-, wood products, printing	16	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture
		17	Manufacture of paper and paper products
		18	Printing and reproduction of recorded media
19	Manufacture of coke and petroleum	19	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
20	Manufacture of chemicals	20	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products
21	Manufacture of pharmaceuticals	21	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical
22-23	Manufacture of plastic and building material	22	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products
		23	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products
24-25		24	Manufacture of basic metals
		25	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment
26	Manufacture of electronic products	26	Manufacture of computers, electronic and optical products
27	Manufacture of electric equipment	27	Manufacture of electrical equipment
28	Manufacture of machinery n.e.c.	28	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
29-30	Transport equipment	29	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers
		30	Manufacture of other transport equipment
31-33	Other manufacturing and repair	31	Manufacture of furniture
		32	Manufacture of other products n.e.c.
		33	Repair and installation of machinery and equipment
35	Electricity and gas supply	35	Electricity and gas supply
36-39	Water supply and waste management	36	Water collection and distribution
		37-39	Waste management
41-43	<b>Construction</b>		
41	Construction buildings, development	41	Construction of buildings and development of building projects
42	Civil engineering	42	Civil engineering
43	Specialised construction activities	43	Specialised construction activities
45-56	<b>Trade, transport, hotels, catering</b>		
45	Sale and repair of motor vehicles	45	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and trailers
46	Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles)	46	Wholesale trade (no motor vehicles and motorcycles)
47	Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)	47	Retail trade (not in motor vehicles)
49	Land transport	49	Land transport
50	Water transport	50	Water transport
51	Air transport	51	Air transport

SBI 2008	P-serie	SBI 2008	StatLine
52-53	Warehousing, transport-, postal services etc.	52	Warehousing and support activities for transportation
		53	Postal and courier activities
55-56	Accommodation and food serving	55	Accommodation
		56	Food and beverage service activities
58-63	<b>Information and communication</b>		
58-60	Publishing, movie, radio and tv	58	Publishing
		59-60	Movie, radio and tv
61	Telecommunications	61	Telecommunications
62-63	IT- and information services	62	Support activities in the field of information technology
		63	Information service activities
64-66	Financial institutions		
64	Financial institutions, no insurance	64	Financial institutions, except insurance and pension funding
65	Insurance and pension funding	65	Insurance and pension funding (no compulsory social security)
66	Other financial services	66	Other financial services
68	<b>Real estate activities</b>	68	Renting, buying, selling real estate
69-82	<b>Business services</b>		
69-71	Management, technical consultancy	69	Legal services, accounting, tax consultancy, administration
		70	Holding companies (not financial)
		71	Architects, engineers and technical design and consultancy; testing and
72	Research and development	72	Research and development
73-75	Advertising, design and other services	73	Advertising and market research
		74	Industrial design, photography, translation and other consultancy
		75	Veterinary activities
77	Renting and leasing of tangible goods	77	Renting and leasing of motor vehicles, consumer goods, machines and
78	Employment activities	78	Employment placement, provision of temporary employment and payrolling
79	Travel agencies, tour operators etc.	79	Travel agencies, tour operators, tourist information and reservation
80	Security and investigation	80	Security and investigation
81	Facility management	81	Facility management
82	Other business services	82	Other business services
84-88	<b>Government and care</b>		
84	Public administration and services	84	Public administration and services
85	Education	85	Education
86	Human health activities	86	Human health activities
87-88	Care and social work	87-88	Care and social work
90-97	<b>Culture, recreation, other services</b>		
90-93	Culture, sports and recreation	90-92	Arts, culture and lotteries
		93	Sports and recreation
94-96	Other service activities	94	World view and political organizations, interest and ideological
		95	Repair of computers and consumer goods
		96	Wellness and other services; funeral activities
97	Households with domestic personnel	97	Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel

## 12.2 Transition from SBI '93 to SBI 2008

### Transition from SBI '93 to SBI 2008

In the creation of the SBI 2008 new economic activities and activities which were of little importance when introducing the previous classification (SBI '93) have been newly introduced or placed higher in the hierarchical classification. On the other hand, economic activities disappeared or were placed lower in the hierarchical classification. As a result the figures for some SBI-groups have changed. Below the effects for the highest hierarchical level of the national accounts, the main groups, are discussed. For the total of all economic activity nothing changes.

The old classification had ten main groups, the new one has fourteen. However, this includes one subtotal 'Industry (no construction) and energy' which is disregarded here. Apart from the subtotal there are three new main groups: 'Water supply and waste management', 'Information and communication' and 'Real estate activities'. Water supply and waste management includes parts of the old main groups 'Electricity, gas and water supply' and 'Manufacturing' and the economic activity sewage and refuse disposal services (formerly part of 'Care and other service activities'). Information and communication includes publishing (formerly in manufacturing), telecommunications (formerly one group with post) and the services of information and information technology (formerly part of the business activities). Real estate activities comes from the old main group 'Financial and business activities'.

**Table 1. Transition from SBI '93 to SBI 2008**

SBI 2008	SBI '93									
	1 Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2 Mining and quarrying	3 Manufacturing	4 Electricity, gas and water supply	5 Construction	6 Trade, hotels, restaurants and repair	7 Transport, storage and communication	8 Financial and business activities	9 General government	10 Care and other service activities
1 Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 Mining and quarrying	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Manufacturing	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Electricity and gas supply	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Water supply and waste management	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	15
6 Construction	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	10	-	-
7 Trade, transport and hotels, restaurants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Information and communication	-	-	4	-	-	-	7	11	-	16
9 Financial and insurance activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
10 Real estate activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
11 Business activities	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	17
12 General government, education, health and social work activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
13 Other service activities	-	-	5	-	-	6	-	14	-	19

The numbers refer to the following groups:

- 1 Landscape service activities
- 2 Manufacture of food grade salt
- 3 Materials recovery
- 4 Publishing
- 5 Repair of communication equipment repair and upholstering of furniture
- 6 Repair of consumer goods (motor vehicles and motorcycles)
- 7 Telecommunications
- 8 Travel agencies, tour operators, tourist information and reservation services
- 9 Installation and repair of office machines

- 10 Development of building projects
- 11 Support activities in the field of information technology
- 12 Financial institutions
- 13 Renting and buying and selling of real estate
- 14 Repair of computers
- 15 Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities
- 16 Motion picture and television programme production and distribution
- 17 Veterinary activities
- 18 Culture, sports and recreation, Other service activities

Table 1 shows the relation between the new classification (SBI 2008) and the old one (SBI '93). The shaded field indicates the core of the transition. Where groups shift is indicated by a number, the economic activity involved is given under the table. Table 2 shows the amounts of the transitions for the output at basic prices in 2007.

**Table 2. Transition output (basic prices) from SBI '93 to SBI 2008 (mln euro), 2007**

SBI 2008	SBI '93										Total
	1 Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2 Mining and quarrying	3 Manufacturing	4 Electricity, gas and water supply	5 Construction	6 Trade, hotels, restaurants and repair	7 Transport, storage and communication	8 Financial and business activities	9 General government	10 Care and other service activities	
1 Agriculture, forestry and fishing	25 368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25 368
2 Mining and quarrying	-	20 716	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 716
3 Manufacturing	-	28	268 624	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	268 666
4 Electricity and gas supply	-	-	-	33 271	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 271
5 Water supply and waste management	-	-	1 151	1 604	-	-	-	-	-	8 187	10 942
6 Construction	-	-	-	-	78 211	-	-	2 243	-	-	80 454
7 Trade, transport, hotels, restaurants	-	-	-	-	-	135 955	52 458	-	-	-	188 413
8 Information and communication	-	-	7 976	-	-	-	20 249	19 070	-	5 867	53 162
9 Financial and insurance activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61 648	-	-	61 648
10 Real estate activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57 249	-	-	57 249
11 Business activities	1 710	-	-	-	-	-	5 288	102 301	-	1 252	110 551
12 General government, education, health and social work activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89 559	61 550	151 109
13 Other service activities	-	-	336	-	-	312	-	194	-	23 130	23 972
<b>Total</b>	<b>27 078</b>	<b>20 744</b>	<b>278 087</b>	<b>34 875</b>	<b>78 211</b>	<b>136 267</b>	<b>77 995</b>	<b>242 719</b>	<b>89 559</b>	<b>99 986</b>	<b>1 085 521</b>

With the publication of the figures from the national accounts according to the SBI 2008 time series from 1988 onwards become available. In the second half of 2011 the time series will be extended backwards until 1969. Published figures based on the SBI '93 remain available in the archives of StatLine.

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ISBN: 978-90-357-2081-7; ISSN: 0303-6448.

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285 pp., € 22.45 (excluding postage).  
ISBN: 978-90-357-1690-2; ISSN: 1877-461X (september 2011)

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