

Using new and innovative data sources for statistics on container transport

- Statistics Netherlands -

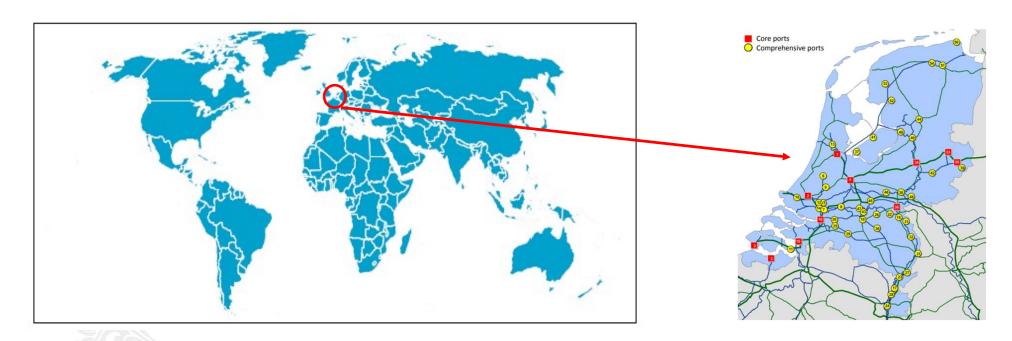






Statistics Netherlands











	Port	Volume 2021 (Million TEU)
1	Shanghai, China	47.03
2	Singapore	37.49
3	Ningbo-Zhoushan, China	31.07
4	Shenzhen, China	28.77
5	Guangzhou Harbor, China	24.18
6	Busan, South Korea	22.71
7	Qingdao, China	23.71
8	Hong Kong, S.A.R, China	17.8
9	Tianjin, China	20.27
10	Rotterdam, The Netherlands	15.3

15 million containers continue their journey through Netherlands

- Road transport
- Inland Waterways
- Rail transport





Policy making and decisión making

• Infrastructure policy (by the Dutch Government)

 Monitoring modal shift containers (European Green Deal sustainable transportation)

→ container Project → Container chains





'If things go well for the port of Rotterdam, the European economy will do well.'

URSULA VON DER LEYEN, President of the European Commission





The need: insights into multimodal container chains



Before 2018

Starting point



Import Control System data Export Control system data - Custom data -



IVS Next (AIS and Lock data)



ProRail (rail infra) Rail operators data



Road transport sample survey







2018

Eurostat grant constructing container chains: Combine registrations and collected data sources at micro level

- Issues with coverage data
- Detail of the data in different modals

Conclusion: Too many gaps







2020

Pilot adding private data:

Add 10 private data sources from different modalities in open format



Data sources:

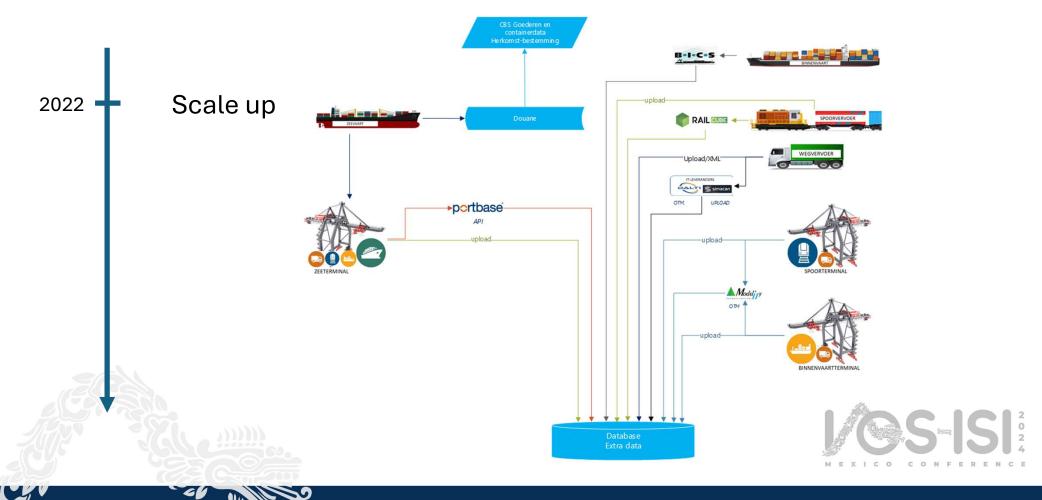
- Sea terminal
- Inland container terminals
- Rail terminal

Data collection and preparation feasible; added value!



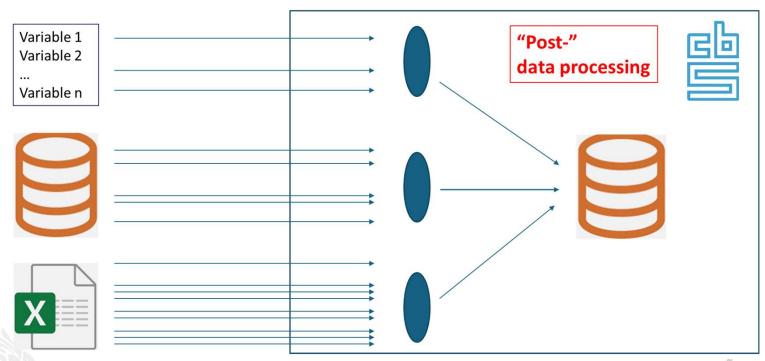








Data collection strategy







Innovative data collection

- Private data
 - Voluntary
- Open data format
 - Extract from traffic management systems
- Different formats
 - JSON
 - XML
 - Excel / csv
 - API
 - PDF





DATA PROCESSING





Challenges with input data

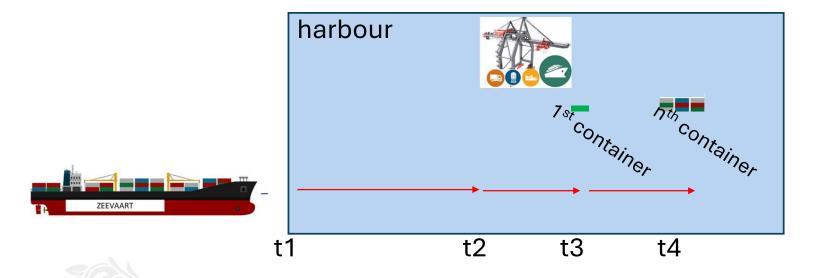
- Data from carriers and from terminals
- Different input data formats
- Different variables/columns
- Different level of detail

1 terminal, equipment_number, size, timestamp





Challenges with definitions

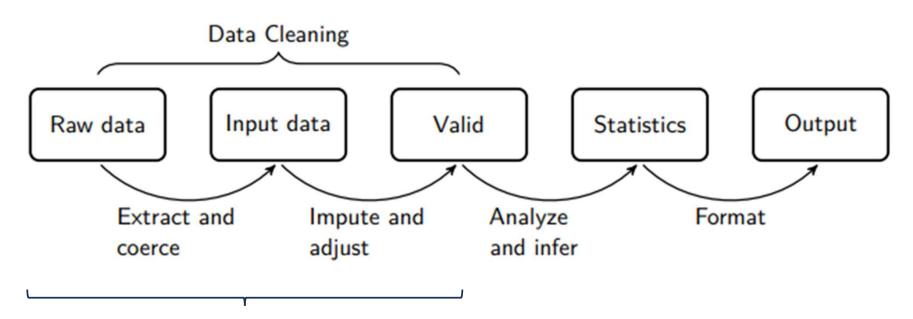


actual time of arrival?





Statistical value chain



- Harmonize data formats
- Standardize variables





Standardizations

- Standardize all variables, column names and data types.
- Locations:
 - Use geo-coding software to get lat/lon and UN/LO codes.
 - Use routing software to get the travelled distance.

Input location	Standardized
Mexico city	coordinates = [-99.07, 19.43]
	UN/LO = MXMEX





Standardizations (2)

- Good descriptions:
 - Use text classification with cosine similarity to get NST2007 classification.

Raw text

1764 CARTONS
PALLETIZED WITH
26460 KG NET
WEIGHT OF FROZEN
HALF CHICKEN
BREAST BONELESS
SKINLESS WITHOUT
INNERFILLET SALTED

Cleaned text

FROZEN HALF
CHICKEN BREAST
BONELESS
SKINLESS WITHOUT
INNERFILLET SALTED

Classification

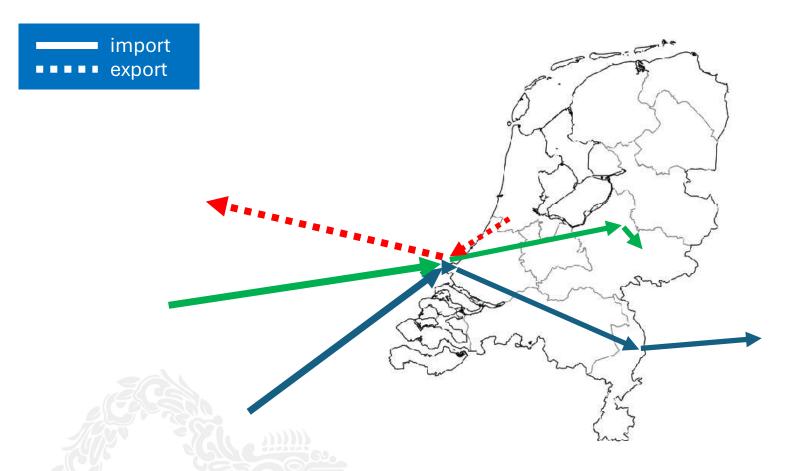
NST2007 = 04.1 (Meat, raw hides and skins and meat products)



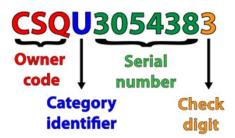




Container number essential







→ Unique 'tracking' id





How to create container chains?

- A chain starts most of the time abroad (maritime/rail) and ends with road transport to the consumption location in NL or abroad (or vice versa).
- Merge all different standardized data sources together.
- Select one container number and sort by date and time:
 - If two actions are consecutive and both in the data, then this is part of the chain.
 - Missing actions can sometimes be imputed:
 - Within X hours
 - And use same UN/LO code





Challenges

- What to do with inconsistencies between two data sources?
- How to create an estimation method?
 - Correct for missing input data
 - Impute missing parts of the chain
 - Using statistics per transportation mode as total
 - Work in progress



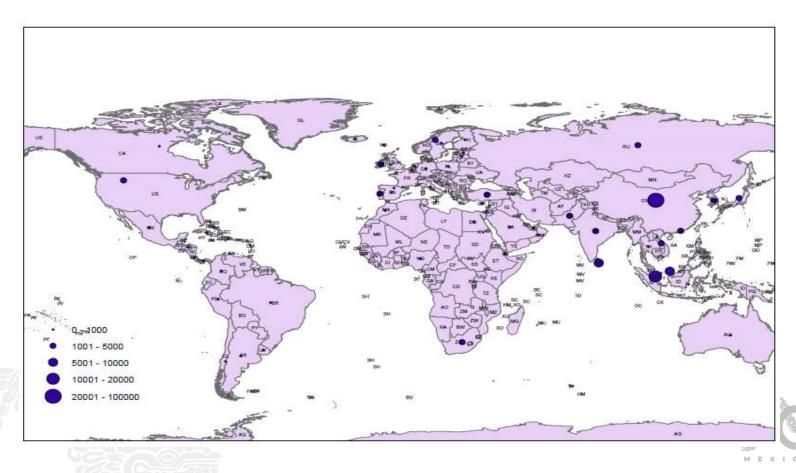


First experimental results

Modal shift for containers per month from the port of Rotterdam to the inland

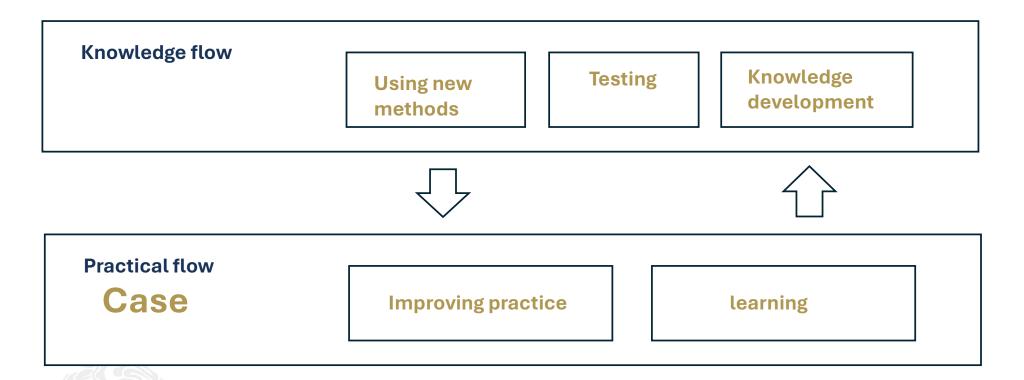


Future output





Developing method descriptions for the use of new and innovative data











Contact details

For detailed questions on the method, please contact our researchers:

• <u>MultimodalTransport@cbs.nl</u>





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Thank you





